

MS-98I6

(v1.x) Industrial Computer Board



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Trademarks

All trademarks are the properties of their respective owners.

Revision History

Revision	Date
V1.0	2017/10

Technical Support

If a problem arises with your system and no solution can be obtained from the user's manual, please contact your place of purchase or local distributor. Alternatively, please try the following help resources for further guidance.

Visit the MSI website for technical guide, BIOS updates, driver updates and other information, or contact our technical staff via <http://www.msi.com/support/>

Safety Instructions

- Always read the safety instructions carefully.
- Keep this User's Manual for future reference.
- Keep this equipment away from humidity.
- Lay this equipment on a reliable flat surface before setting it up.
- The openings on the enclosure are for air convection hence protects the equipment from overheating. **DO NOT COVER THE OPENINGS.**
- Make sure the voltage of the power source and adjust properly 110/220V before connecting the equipment to the power inlet.
- Place the power cord such a way that people can not step on it. Do not place anything over the power cord.
- Always Unplug the Power Cord before inserting any add-on card or module.
- All cautions and warnings on the equipment should be noted.
- Never pour any liquid into the opening that could damage or cause electrical shock.
- If any of the following situations arises, get the equipment checked by service personnel:
 - The power cord or plug is damaged.
 - Liquid has penetrated into the equipment.
 - The equipment has been exposed to moisture.
 - The equipment does not work well or you can not get it work according to User's Manual.
 - The equipment has dropped and damaged.
 - The equipment has obvious sign of breakage.
- **DO NOT LEAVE THIS EQUIPMENT IN AN ENVIRONMENT UNCONDITIONED, STORAGE TEMPERATURE ABOVE 60°C (140°F), IT MAY DAMAGE THE EQUIPMENT.**

警告使用者:

這是甲類資訊產品，在居住的環境中使用時，可能會造成無線電干擾，在這種情況下，使用者會被要求採取某些適當的對策。

Chemical Substances Information

In compliance with chemical substances regulations, such as the EU REACH Regulation (Regulation EC No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and the Council), MSI provides the information of chemical substances in products at:

http://www.msi.com/html/popup/csr/evmtprrt_pcm.html

Battery Information



European Union:

Batteries, battery packs, and accumulators should not be disposed of as unsorted household waste. Please use the public collection system to return, recycle, or treat them in compliance with the local regulations.



廢電池請回收

Taiwan:

For better environmental protection, waste batteries should be collected separately for recycling or special disposal.



California, USA:

The button cell battery may contain perchlorate material and requires special handling when recycled or disposed of in California.

For further information please visit:

<http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate/>

Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.

CE Conformity

Hereby, Micro-Star International CO., LTD declares that this device is in compliance with the essential safety requirements and other relevant provisions set out in the European Directive.



FCC-B Radio Frequency Interference Statement



This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the measures listed below:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for help.

Notice 1

The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Notice 2

Shielded interface cables and AC power cord, if any, must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and
- 2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
- 3)

WEEE Statement

Under the European Union ("EU") Directive on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment, Directive 2002/96/EC, which takes effect on August 13, 2005, products of "electrical and electronic equipment" cannot be discarded as municipal waste anymore and manufacturers of covered electronic equipment will be obligated to take back such products at the end of their useful life. MSI will comply with the product take back requirements at the end of life of MSI-branded products that are sold into the EU. You can return these products to local collection points.



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1 Overview



Thank you for choosing the MS-98I6, an excellent industrial computer board.

Based on the innovative Intel® Apollo Lake & Apollo Lake-I Series SoC for optimal system efficiency, the MS-98I6 supports 4GB of onboard LPDDR4 memory and allows connection to 3 or 2 independent displays with HDMI, Mini-DP and LVDS outputs.

With compact design and versatile I/O interfaces, the MS-98I6 provides a low power fanless solution for a wide variety of industrial applications.

Motherboard Specifications

Processor (Optional)

- Apollo Lake Series
 - Intel® Pentium® Processor N4200 (QC 1.5GHz/2.5GHz for Burst/TDP-6W)
 - Intel® Celeron® Processor N3350 (DC 1.1GHz/2.3GHz for Burst/TDP-6W)
- Apollo Lake-I Series
 - Intel® Atom® Processor X5-E3940 (QC 1.6/1.8GHz for Burst/TDP-9.5W)
 - Intel® Atom® Processor X5-E3930 (DC 1.3/1.8GHz for Burst/TDP-6.5W)

Memory

- Dual-channel LPDDR4
- Onboard 4GB
- Apollo 2400 MHz , Apollo-I 2133 MHz

LAN

- Apollo Lake Series
 - 2 x Intel® I211-AT Gigabit Fast Ethernet Controller
- Apollo Lake-I Series
 - 2 x Intel® I210-IT Gigabit Fast Ethernet Controller

SATA

- 1 x SATA 6Gb/s Port

Audio

- Realtek® ALC887-VD2-CG HD Audio Codec

Graphics

- HD Graphics integrated in Intel® processor
- LVDS up to 1920 x 1080 @ 60 Hz
- HDMI 1.4b up to 3840 x 2160 @ 30 Hz
- Mini-DP 1.2 up to 4096×1600 @ 60 Hz

Rear Panel I/O

- 1 x USB 3.0 Ports
- 2 x RJ45 GbE LAN Port
- 1 x HDMI Port
- 1 x Mini DisplayPort

Onboard Headers/ Connectors/ Jumpers

- 1 x SATA 6Gb/s Port
- 1 x 8-pin USB 2.0 Header (2 ports)
- 1 x LVDS Connector
- 1 x LVDS Inverter Connector
- 1 x RS232/422/485 Serial Port Connector (2 ports)
- 1 x 4-pin DC Power Connector
- 1 x 2-pin SATA Power Connector
- 1 x Front Panel Connector
- 1 x Front Audio Connector
- 1 x GPIO Connector
- 1 x SMBUS/I2C Connector
- 1 x 1*40-pin Connector for Single MIPI-CSI 2.0 (2M Camera)
- 1 x NANO SIM-Holder
- 1 x TPM Connector
- 1 x Clear CMOS Jumper
- 1 x AT/ATX Select Jumper
- 1 x ME Jumper
- 2 x LAN NVM Jumpers
- 1 x LVDS Power Jumper
- 1 x LVDS Inverter Power Jumper
- 1 x COM Port Power Jumper
- 1 x DNX FW Jumper

Slot

- 1 x Half-size Mini-PCle Slot (Co-lay mSATA)
- 1 x Full-size Mini-PCle Slot (With NANO SIM-Holder)

Form Factor

- Pico-ITX: 101 x 73 mm

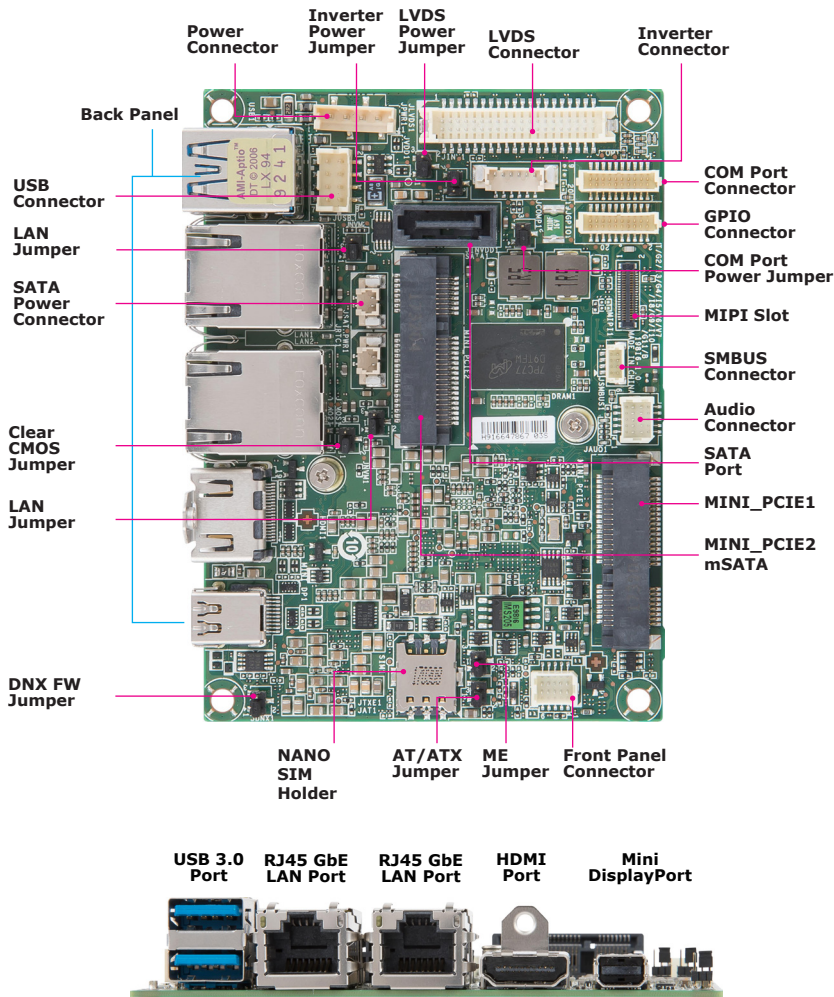
Power Solution

- Power DC: DC-in 12V

Environmental

- Apollo Lake Series
 - Operating Temperature: -10 ~ 60°C
 - Storage Temperature: -20 ~ 80°C
 - Humidity: 10 ~ 90% RH, non-condensing
- Apollo Lake-I Series
 - Operating Temperature: -40 ~ 85°C
 - Storage Temperature: -40 ~ 85°C
 - Humidity: 10 ~ 90% RH, non-condensing

Motherboard Layout



2 Hardware Setup



This chapter provides you with the information about hardware setup procedures. While doing the installation, be careful in holding the components and follow the installation procedures. For some components, if you install in the wrong orientation, the components will not work properly.

Use a grounded wrist strap before handling computer components. Static electricity may damage the components.

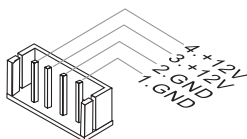
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Power Supply

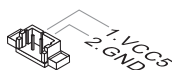
DC-In Power Connector: JPWR1

This connector is used to provide power to the motherboard.



SATA Power Connector: JSATAPWR1

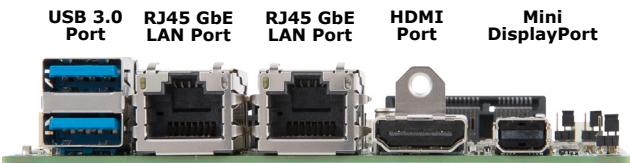
This connector is used to provide power to SATA devices.



Important

Make sure that all power connectors are connected to the power supply to ensure stable operation of the motherboard.

Rear Panel I/O

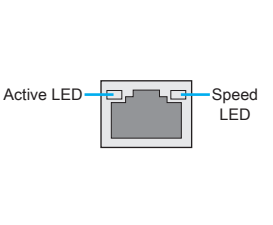


➤ USB 3.0 Port

The USB 3.0 port is backward-compatible with USB 2.0 devices and supports data transfer rate up to 5 Gbit/s (SuperSpeed).

➤ RJ45 GbE LAN Port

The standard single RJ45 LAN jack is provided for connection to the Local Area Network (LAN). You can connect a network cable to it.

	LED	LED Status	Description
	Active LED	Off	No link
		Yellow	Linked
		Blinking	Data activity
	Speed LED	Off	10 Mbps connection
		Green	100 Mbps connection
		Orange	1 Gbps connection

➤ HDMI Port **HDMI** HIGH-DEFINITION MULTIMEDIA INTERFACE

The High-Definition Multimedia Interface (HDMI) is an all-digital audio/video interface capable of transmitting uncompressed streams. HDMI supports all TV format, including standard, enhanced, or high-definition video, plus multi-channel digital audio on a single cable.

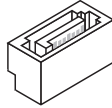
➤ Mini DisplayPort

Mini DisplayPort is a digital display interface standard. This connector is used to connect a monitor with DisplayPort inputs.

Connector

Serial ATA Connector: SATA1

This connector is a high-speed Serial ATA interface port. Each connector can connect to one Serial ATA device.

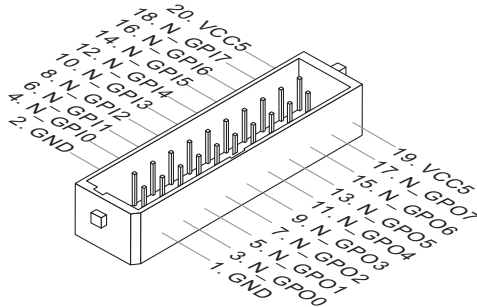


Important

Please do not fold the SATA cable into a 90-degree angle. Otherwise, data loss may occur during transmission.

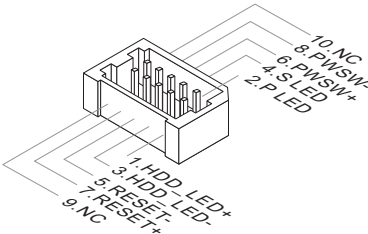
GPIO Connector: JGPIO1

This connector is provided for the General-Purpose Input/Output (GPIO) peripheral module.



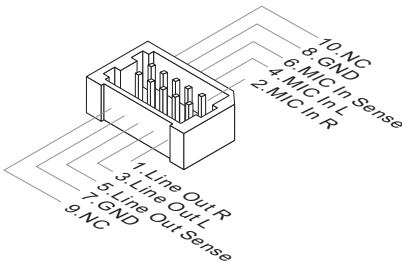
Front Panel Connector: JFP1

This front panel connector is provided for electrical connection to the front panel switches & LEDs and is compliant with Intel Front Panel I/O Connectivity Design Guide.



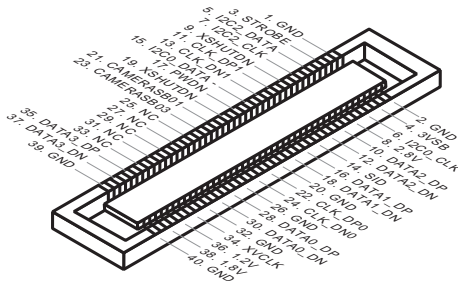
Front Audio Connector: JAUDIO1

This connector allows you to connect the front panel audio.



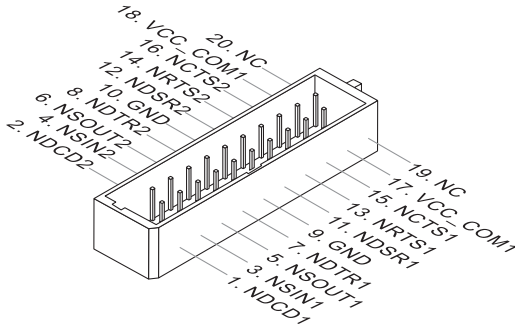
MIPI-CSI 2.0 Connector

This connector is connecting the flat MIPI-CSI cable.



RS232/422/485 Serial Port Connector: JCOM1

This connector is a 16550A high speed communications port that sends/receives 16 bytes FIFOs. You can attach serial devices to it through the optional serial port bracket.



RS232

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	2	DCD Data Carrier Detect
3	4	SIN Signal In
5	6	SOUT Signal Out
7	8	DTR Data Terminal Ready
9	10	GND Signal Ground
11	12	DSR Data Set Ready
13	14	RTS Request To Send
15	16	CTS Clear To Send
17	18	VCC_COM1 Voltage select setting by jumper

RS422

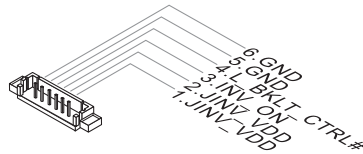
PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	2	422 TXD- Transmit Data, Negative
3	4	422 TXD+ Transmit Data, Positive
5	6	422 RXD+ Receive Data, Positive
7	8	422 RXD- Receive Data, Negative
9	10	GND Signal Ground
11	12	NC No Connection
13	14	NC No Connection
15	16	NC No Connection
17	18	NC No Connection

RS485

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	2	485 TXD- Transmit Data, Negative
3	4	485 TXD+ Transmit Data, Positive
5	6	NC No Connection
7	8	NC No Connection
9	10	GND Signal Ground
11	12	NC No Connection
13	14	NC No Connection
15	16	NC No Connection
17	18	NC No Connection

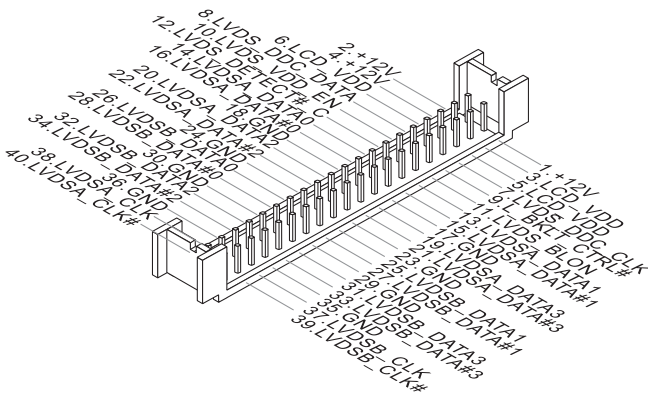
LVDS Inverter Connector: JINV1

The connector is provided for LCD backlight options.



LVDS Connector: JLVDS1

The LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signal) connector provides a digital interface typically used with flat panels. After connecting an LVDS interface flat panel to the JLVDS1, be sure to check the panel datasheet and set the LVDS jumper to proper power voltage.

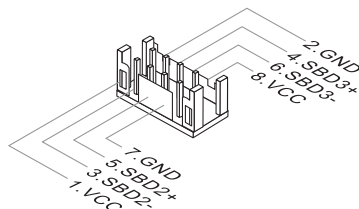


Important

Pin 12 is a detect pin. When using a customized LVDS cable, pin 12 should be a signal ground with a low impedance. Otherwise, LVDS will not function.

USB 2.0 Header: JUSB1

This connector, compliant with Intel I/O Connectivity Design Guide, is ideal for connecting high-speed USB interface peripherals such as USB HDD, digital cameras, MP3 players, printers, modems and the like.

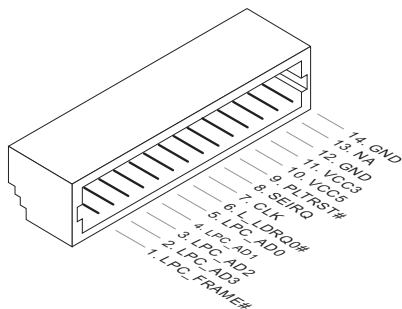


Important

Note that the pins of VCC and GND must be connected correctly to avoid possible damage.

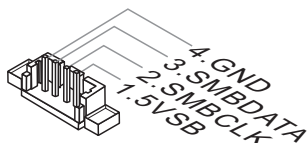
LPC Debug Port Connector: JTPM1

This connector works as LPC debug port and supports TPM modules through an adapter.



I2C Bus Connector: JSMBUS1

This connector, known as I2C, is for users to connect System Management Bus (SMBus) interface.



Jumper

Important

Avoid adjusting jumpers when the system is on; it will damage the motherboard.

Clear CMOS Jumper: JCMOS1

There is a CMOS RAM onboard that has a power supply from an external battery to keep the data of system configuration. With the CMOS RAM, the system can automatically boot OS every time it is turned on. If you want to clear the system configuration, set the jumper to clear data.



Normal



Clear CMOS

Important

You can clear CMOS by shorting 2-3 pin while the system is off. Then return to 1-2 pin position. Avoid clearing the CMOS while the system is on; it will damage the motherboard.

AT/ATX Select Jumper: JAT1

This jumper allows users to select between AT and ATX power.



ATX



AT

Serial Port Power Jumper: JCOMP1

The jumper specifies the operation voltage of the specified serial port.



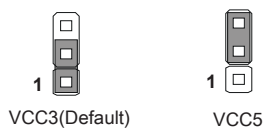
VCC5(Default)



+12V

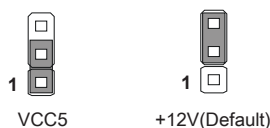
LVDS Power Jumper: JVDD1

Use this jumper to specify the operation voltage of the LVDS display.



LVDS Inverter Power Jumper: JINVDD1

Use this jumper to specify the operation voltage of the LVDS inverter.



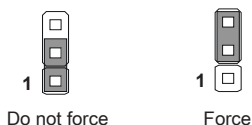
TXE F/W Jumper: JTXE1

This jumper is used to enable/disable the Intel TXE F/W.



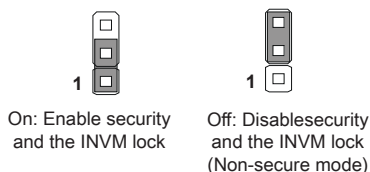
DNX F/W Jumper: JDNX1

This jumper is used to enable/disable the Intel DNX F/W.



LAN NVM Jumpers: JNVM1, JNVM2

Use this jumper to specify the operation of LAN.

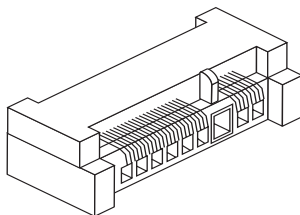


Slot

Mini-PCle (Peripheral Component Interconnect Express) Slot

The Mini-PCle slot is provided for WiFi modules, Bluetooth modules, TV tuner cards and other Mini-PCle cards.

- **MINI_PCIE1** supports **Mini-PCle** and **Nano-SIM** card.
- **MINI_PCIE2** supports **Mini-PCle** and **mSATA** cards.

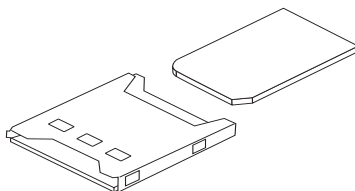


Important

When adding or removing expansion cards, make sure that you unplug the power supply first. Meanwhile, read the documentation for the expansion card to configure any necessary hardware or software settings for the expansion card, such as jumpers, switches or BIOS configuration.

Nano SIM-Holder

This holder is for inserting the Nano-SIM card.



3 BIOS Setup

This chapter provides information on the BIOS Setup program and allows users to configure the system for optimal use.

Users may need to run the Setup program when:

- An error message appears on the screen at system startup and requests users to run SETUP.
- Users want to change the default settings for customized features.

Important

- *Please note that BIOS update assumes technician-level experience.*
- *As the system BIOS is under continuous update for better system performance, the illustrations in this chapter should be held for reference only.*

Entering Setup

Power on the computer and the system will start POST (Power On Self Test) process. When the message below appears on the screen, press or <F2> key to enter Setup.

Press or <F2> to enter SETUP

If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system by turning it OFF and On or pressing the RESET button. You may also restart the system by simultaneously pressing <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Delete> keys.

Important

The items under each BIOS category described in this chapter are under continuous update for better system performance. Therefore, the description may be slightly different from the latest BIOS and should be held for reference only.

Control Keys

← →	Select Screen
↑ ↓	Select Item
Enter	Select
+ -	Change Option
F1	General Help
F7	Previous Values
F9	Optimized Defaults
F10	Save & Exit
Esc	Exit

Getting Help

After entering the Setup menu, the first menu you will see is the Main Menu.

Main Menu

The main menu lists the setup functions you can make changes to. You can use the arrow keys (↑ ↓) to select the item. The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

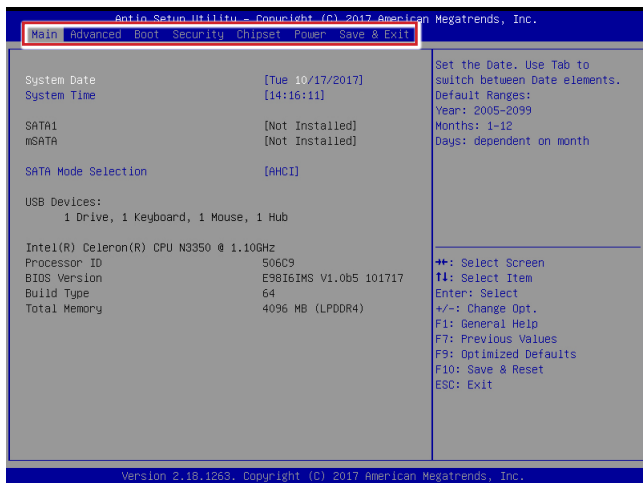
Sub-Menu

If you find a right pointer symbol appears to the left of certain fields that means a sub-menu can be launched from this field. A sub-menu contains additional options for a field parameter. You can use arrow keys (↑ ↓) to highlight the field and press <Enter> to call up the sub-menu. Then you can use the control keys to enter values and move from field to field within a sub-menu. If you want to return to the main menu, just press the <Esc>.

General Help <F1>

The BIOS setup program provides a General Help screen. You can call up this screen from any menu by simply pressing <F1>. The Help screen lists the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. Press <Esc> to exit the Help screen.

The Menu Bar



► Main

Use this menu for basic system configurations, such as time, date, etc.

► Advanced

Use this menu to set up the items of special enhanced features.

► Boot

Use this menu to specify the priority of boot devices.

► Security

Use this menu to set supervisor and user passwords.

► Chipset

This menu controls the advanced features of the onboard chipsets.

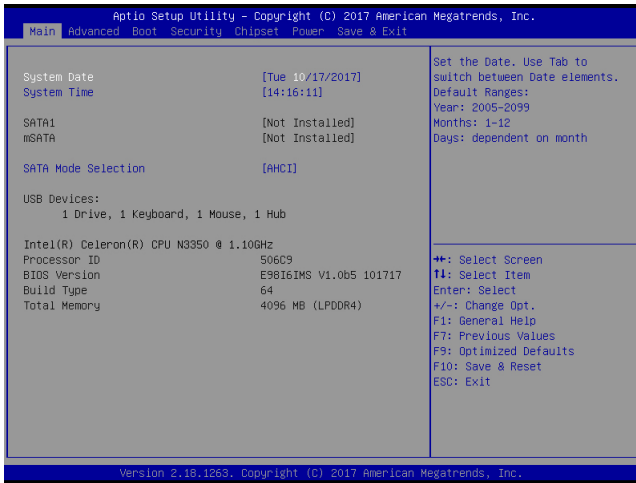
► Power

Use this menu to specify your settings for power management.

► Save & Exit

This menu allows you to load the BIOS default values or factory default settings into the BIOS and exit the BIOS setup utility with or without changes.

Main



► System Date

This setting allows you to set the system date. The date format is <Day>, <Month> <Date> <Year>.

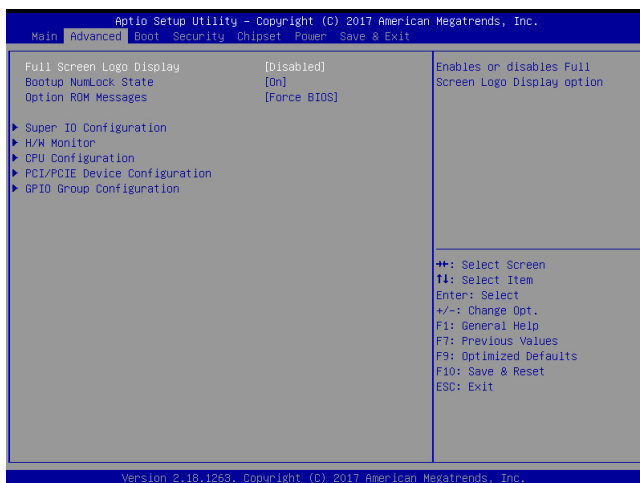
► System Time

This setting allows you to set the system time. The time format is <Hour> <Minute> <Second>.

► SATA Mode Selection

This setting specifies the SATA controller mode.

Advanced



► Full Screen Logo Display

This BIOS feature determines if the BIOS should hide the normal POST messages with the motherboard or system manufacturer's full-screen logo.

When it is enabled, the BIOS will display the full-screen logo during the boot-up sequence, hiding normal POST messages.

When it is disabled, the BIOS will display the normal POST messages, instead of the full-screen logo.

Please note that enabling this BIOS feature often adds 2-3 seconds of delay to the booting sequence. This delay ensures that the logo is displayed for a sufficient amount of time. Therefore, it is recommended that you disable this BIOS feature for a faster boot-up time.

► Bootup NumLock State

This setting is to set the Num Lock status when the system is powered on. Setting to [On] will turn on the Num Lock key when the system is powered on. Setting to [Off] will allow users to use the arrow keys on the numeric keypad.

► Option ROM Messages

This item is used to determine the display mode when an optional ROM is initialized during POST. When set to [Force BIOS], the display mode used by AMI BIOS is used. Select [Keep Current] if you want to use the display mode of optional ROM.

► Super IO Configuration



► Serial Port 1 / 2

This setting enables/disables the specified serial port.

► Change Settings

This setting is used to change the address & IRQ settings of the specified serial port.

► Mode Select

Select an operation mode for the specified serial port.

► FIFO Mode

This setting controls the FIFO data transfer mode.

► Shared IRQ Mode

This setting provides the system with the ability to share interrupts among its serial ports.

► Watch Dog Timer

You can enable the system watch-dog timer, a hardware timer that generates a reset when the software that it monitors does not respond as expected each time the watch dog polls it.

► H/W Monitor

These items display the current status of all monitored hardware devices/ components such as voltages, temperatures and all fans' speeds.

Advanced	
PC Health Status	
CPU temperature	: +33 C
System temperature	: +34 C
VCC_CORE	: +0.952 V
VCC5	: +5.003 V
+12V	: +11.792 V
VCC3V	: +3.280 V
VSB3V	: +3.296 V
VSB5V	: +4.896 V
VBAT	: +3.056 V

► CPU Configuration

Advanced	
CPU Configuration	
Intel(R) Celeron(R) CPU N3350 @ 1.10GHz	
Processor ID	506C9
Microcode Patch	2C
Max CPU Speed	1100 MHz
Processor Cores	2
64-bit	Supported
L2 Cache	1024 kB x 2
L3 Cache	Not Present
Intel Virtualization Technology	[Enabled]
EIST	[Enabled]
C-States	[Enabled]

► Intel Virtualization Technology

Virtualization enhanced by Intel Virtualization Technology will allow a platform to run multiple operating systems and applications in independent partitions. With virtualization, one computer system can function as multiple “Virtual” systems.

► EIST

EIST (Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology) allows the system to dynamically adjust processor voltage and core frequency, which can result in decreased average power consumption and decreased average heat production. When disabled, the processor will return the actual maximum CPUID input value of the processor when queried.

► C-States

This setting controls the C-States (CPU Power states).

► PCI/PCIE Device Configuration**► Legacy USB Support**

Set to [Enabled] if you need to use any USB 1.1/2.0 device in the operating system that does not support or have any USB 1.1/2.0 driver installed, such as DOS and SCO Unix.

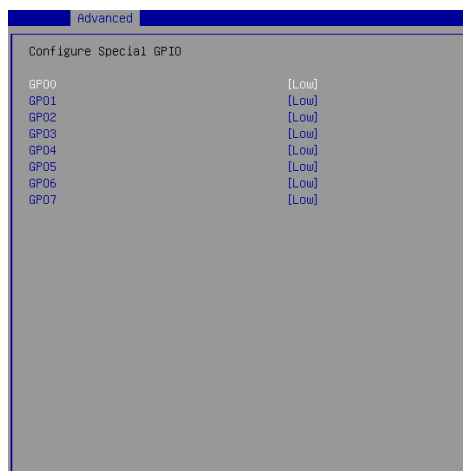
► Audio Controller

This setting enables/disables the onboard audio controller.

► Launch OnBoard LAN OpROM

These settings enable/disable the initialization of the onboard/onchip LAN Boot ROM during bootup. Selecting [Disabled] will speed up the boot process.

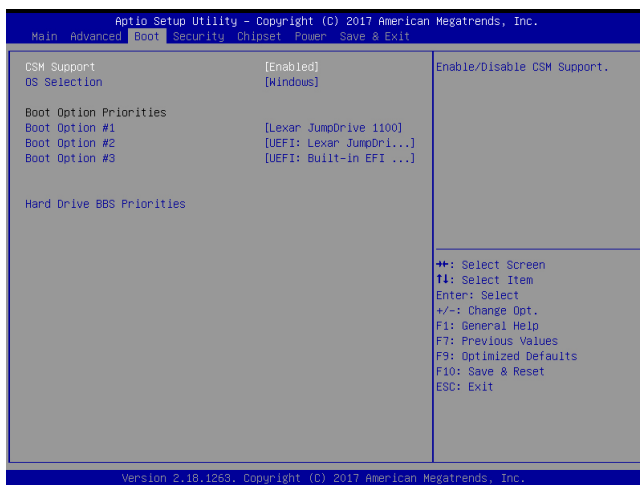
► GPIO Group Configuration



► GP00 ~ GP07

These settings control the operation mode of the specified GPIO.

Boot



► CSM Support

This setting enables/disables the support for Compatibility Support Module, a part of the Intel Platform Innovation Framework for EFI providing the capability to support legacy BIOS interfaces.

► OS Selection

This setting allows users to select the Operating System.

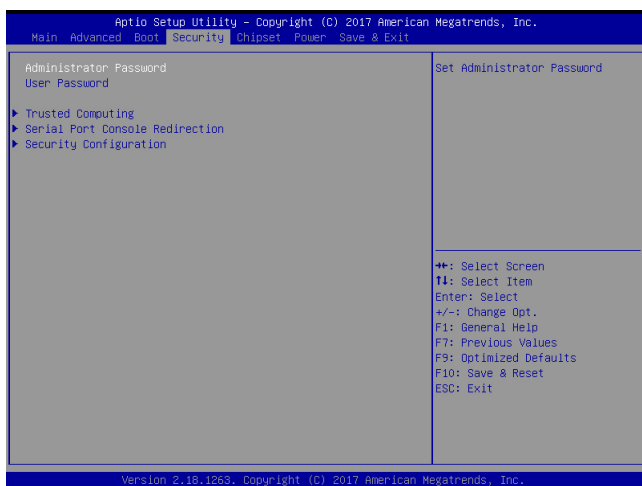
► Boot Option Priorities

This setting allows users to set the sequence of boot devices where BIOS attempts to load the disk operating system.

► Hard Drive BBS Priorities

This setting allows users to set the priority of the specified devices. First press <Enter> to enter the sub-menu. Then you may use the arrow keys (↑↓) to select the desired device, then press <+>, <-> or <PageUp>, <PageDown> key to move it up/down in the priority list.

Security

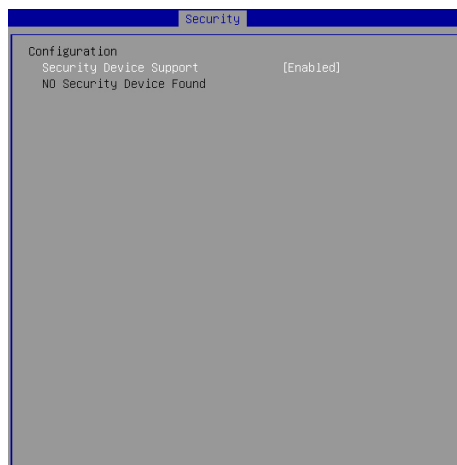


► Administrator Password

Administrator Password controls access to the BIOS Setup utility.

► User Password

User Password controls access to the system at boot and to the BIOS Setup utility.

► Trusted Computing**► Security Device Support**

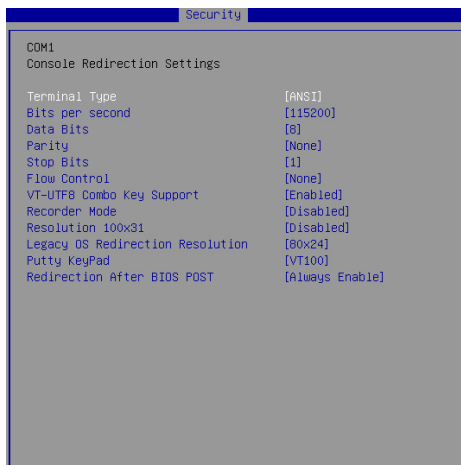
This setting enables/disables BIOS support for security device. When set to [Disable], the OS will not show security device. TCG EFI protocol and INT1A interface will not be available.

► Serial Port Console Redirection**► Console Redirection**

Console Redirection operates in host systems that do not have a monitor and keyboard attached. This setting enables/disables the operation of console re-

direction. When set to [Enabled], BIOS redirects and sends all contents that should be displayed on the screen to the serial COM port for display on the terminal screen. Besides, all data received from the serial port is interpreted as keystrokes from a local keyboard.

► Console Redirection Settings



► Terminal Type

To operate the system's console redirection, you need a terminal supporting ANSI terminal protocol and a RS-232 null modem cable connected between the host system and terminal(s). This setting specifies the type of terminal device for console redirection.

► Bits per second, Data Bits, Parity, Stop Bits

This setting specifies the transfer rate (bits per second, data bits, parity, stop bits) of Console Redirection.

► Flow Control

Flow control is the process of managing the rate of data transmission between two nodes. It's the process of adjusting the flow of data from one device to another to ensure that the receiving device can handle all of the incoming data. This is particularly important where the sending device is capable of sending data much faster than the receiving device can receive it.

► VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

This setting enables/disables the VT-UTF8 combination key support for ANSI/VT100 terminals.

► Recorder Mode, Resolution 100x31

These settings enable/disable the recorder mode and the resolution 100x31.

► **Legacy OS Redirection Resolution**

This setting specifies the redirection resolution of legacy OS.

► **Putty Keypad**

PuTTY is a terminal emulator for Windows. This setting controls the numeric keypad for use in PuTTY.

► **Redirection After BIOS POST**

This setting determines whether or not to keep terminals' console redirection running after the BIOS POST has booted.

► **Security Configuration**



► **TXE FW Version**

The setting shows the firmware information of the Intel Trusted Execution Engine (TXE).

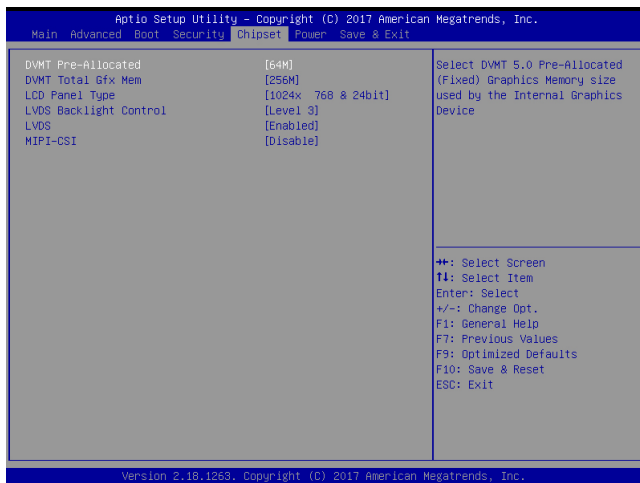
► **TXE HMRFPD**

The setting enables/disables TXE HMRFPD (Host ME Region Flash Protection Override).

► **TXE EOP Message**

This setting determines whether or not to send EOP (Exchange Online Protection) message before entering OS.

Chipset



► DVMT Pre-Allocated

This setting defines the DVMT pre-allocated memory. Pre-allocated memory is the small amount of system memory made available at boot time by the system BIOS for video. Pre-allocated memory is also known as locked memory. This is because it is "locked" for video use only and as such, is invisible and unable to be used by the operating system.

► DVMT Total Gfx Mem

This setting specifies the memory size for DVMT.

► LCD Panel Type

This setting specifies the LCD panel type.

► LVDS Backlight Control

This setting controls the intensity of the LVDS backlight.

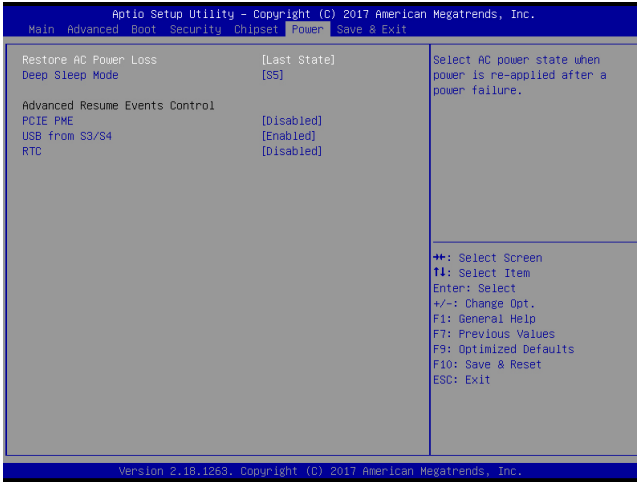
► LVDS

The setting enables/disables LVDS interface.

► MIPI-CSI

The setting enables/disables MIPI-CSI.

Power



► Restore AC Power Loss

This setting specifies whether your system will reboot after a power failure or interrupt occurs. Available settings are:

[Power Off]	Leaves the computer in the power off state.
[Power On]	Leaves the computer in the power on state.
[Last State]	Restores the system to the previous status before power failure or interrupt occurred.

► Deep Sleep Mode

The setting enables/disables the Deep S5 power saving mode. S5 is almost the same as G3 Mechanical Off, except that the PSU still supplies power, at a minimum, to the power button to allow return to S0. A full reboot is required. No previous content is retained. Other components may remain powered so the computer can "wake" on input from the keyboard, clock, modem, LAN, or USB device.

** Advanced Resume Events Control **

► PCIE PME

This field specifies whether the system will be awakened from power saving modes when activity or input signal of onboard PCIE PME is detected.

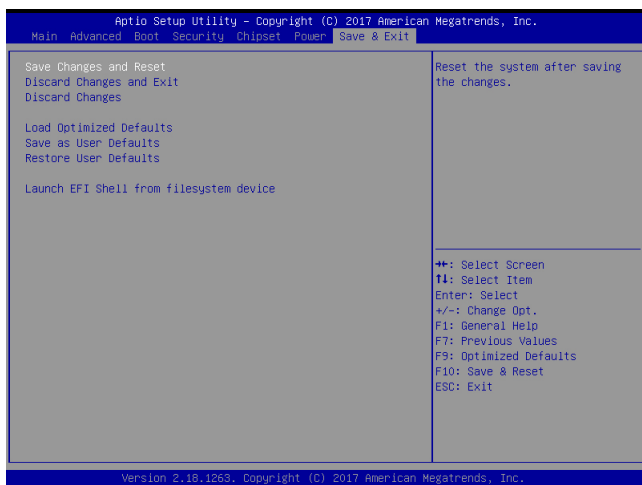
► USB from S3/S4

The item allows the activity of the USB device to wake up the system from S3/S4 sleep state.

► RTC

When [Enabled], you can set the date and time at which the RTC (real-time clock) alarm awakens the system from suspend mode.

Save & Exit



► Save Changes and Reset

Save changes to CMOS and reset the system.

► Discard Changes and Exit

Abandon all changes and exit the Setup Utility.

► Discard Changes

Abandon all changes.

► Load Optimized Defaults

Use this menu to load the default values set by the motherboard manufacturer specifically for optimal performance of the motherboard.

► Save as User Defaults

Save changes as the user's default profile.

► Restore User Defaults

Restore the user's default profile.

► Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device

This setting helps to launch the EFI Shell application from one of the available file system devices.

Appendix

WDT & GPIO



This appendix provides the sample codes of WDT (Watch Dog Timer) and GPIO (General Purpose Input/ Output).

WDT Sample Code

```

SIO_INDEX_Port    equ 04Eh
SIO_DATA_Port     equ 04Fh
SIO_UnLock_Value  equ 087h
SIO_Lock_Value    equ 0AAh
WatchDog_LDN      equ 007h
WDT_UNIT          equ 60h    ;60h=second, 68h=minute, 40h=Disabled watchdog timer
WDT_Timer         equ 30     ;ex. 30 seconds

```

Sample code:

```

;Enable config mode
    mov     dx, SIO_INDEX_Port
    mov     al, SIO_UnLock_Value
    out     dx, al
    jmp     short $+2          ;Io_delay
    jmp     short $+2          ;Io_delay
    out     dx, al
;Change to WDT
    mov     dx, SIO_INDEX_Port
    mov     al, 07h
    out     dx, al
    mov     dx, SIO_DATA_Port
    mov     al, WatchDog_LDN
    out     dx, al
;Active WDT
    mov     dx, SIO_INDEX_Port
    mov     al, 30h
    out     dx, al
    mov     dx, SIO_DATA_Port
    in      al, dx
    or      al, 01h
    out     dx, al
;set timer
    mov     dx, SIO_INDEX_Port
    mov     al, 0F6h
    out     dx, al
    mov     dx, SIO_DATA_Port
    mov     al, WDT_Timer
    out     dx, al
;set UINIT
    mov     dx, SIO_INDEX_Port
    mov     al, 0F5h
    out     dx, al
    mov     dx, SIO_DATA_Port
    mov     al, WDT_UNIT
    out     dx, al
;enable reset
    mov     dx, SIO_INDEX_Port
    mov     al, 0FAh
    out     dx, al
    mov     dx, SIO_DATA_Port
    in      al, dx
    or      al, 01h
    out     dx, al
;close config mode
    mov     dx, SIO_INDEX_Port
    mov     al, SIO_Lock_Value
    out     dx, al

```

GPIO Sample Code

- GPIO 0 ~ GPIO 7

	GPIO 0	GPIO 1	GPIO 2	GPIO 3	GPIO 4	GPIO 5	GPIO 6	GPIO 7
IO Address								
SIO_GPIO_Register	A2h	A2h	A2h	A2h	A2h	A2h	A2h	A2h
Bit	3	4	5	6	0	7	2	1
Sample code	#1							

- GPIO 0 ~ GPIO 7

	GPO 0	GPO 1	GPO 2	GPO 3	GPO 4	GPO 5	GPO 6	GPO 7
IO Address								
SIO_GPIO_Register	B1h	B1h	B1h	B1h	B1h	B1h	B1h	B1h
Bit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Sample code	#2							

```

SIO_INDEX_Port      equ    04Eh
SIO_DATA_Port       equ    04Fh
SIO_UnLock_Value    equ    087h
SIO_Lock_Value      equ    0AAh
SIO_LDN_GPIO        equ    06h
SIO_GPIO_Data       equ    0B1h
SIO_GPIO_Status     equ    0A2h
GPIO_0              equ    00001000b
GPO_0               equ    00000001b

```

Sample Code:

#1 : Get GPIO 0 status

; Enable config mode

```

mov    dx, SIO_INDEX_Port
mov    al, SIO_UnLock_Value
out    dx, al
jmp    short $+2          ;Io_delay
jmp    short $+2          ;Io_delay
out    dx, al

```

; Switch GPIO Configuration for SIO LDN 0x06

```

mov    dx, SIO_INDEX_Port
mov    al, 07h
out    dx, al
mov    dx, SIO_DATA_Port
mov    al, SIO_LDN_GPIO
out    dx, al

```

; Get GPIO 0 Pin Status Register

```

mov    dx, SIO_INDEX_Port
mov    al, SIO_GPIO_Status
out    dx, al
mov    dx, SIO_DATA_Port
in     al, dx                ;al bit3 = GPI 0 status

```

; Exit SIO

```

mov    dx, SIO_INDEX_Port
mov    al, SIO_Lock_Value
out    dx, al

```

#2 : Set GPO 0 to high

; Enable config mode

```

mov    dx, SIO_INDEX_Port
mov    al, SIO_UnLock_Value
out    dx, al
jmp    short $+2            ;Io_delay
jmp    short $+2            ;Io_delay
out    dx, al

```

; Switch GPIO Configuration for SIO LDN 0x06

```

mov    dx, SIO_INDEX_Port
mov    al, 07h
out    dx, al
mov    dx, SIO_DATA_Port
mov    al, SIO_LDN_GPIO
out    dx, al

```

; Set GPO 0 Register

```

mov    dx, SIO_INDEX_Port
mov    al, SIO_GPIO_Data
out    dx, al
mov    dx, SIO_DATA_Port
in     al, dx
and    al, not GPO_0
or     al, GPO_0
out    dx, al

```

; Exit SIO

```

mov    dx, SIO_INDEX_Port
mov    al, SIO_Lock_Value
out    dx, al

```