



# EC510/511/520/521-HD Modular-Designed Embedded System User's Manual

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# **Trademarks**

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# FCC and DOC Statement on Class A

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio TV technician for help.

### **Notice:**

- The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.
- 2. Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

# **Table of Contents**

Copyright2
Trademarks2
FCC and DOC Statement on Class A2
About this Manual4
Warranty4
Static Electricity Precautions4
Safety Measures4
Safety Precautions5
About the Package5
Chapter 1 - Introduction6
Overview
Chapter 2 - Getting Started
Preparing the system
Chapter 3 - Installing the Devices13
Removing the Chassis Cover
Chapter 4 - Jumper Settings24
Jumper Setting - System Board       24         Clear CMOS Data       24         USB Power Select       24         Auto Power-on Select       25         PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse Power Select       25         COM 1/COM 2 RS232/422/485 Select       26         COM 1/COM 2 RS232/Power Select       27         Mini PCIe Signal Select       27         Mini PCIe Power Select       28
Jumper Setting - I/O Board (for EC510/EC511-HD) USB Power Select

Digital I/O Power Select	2
Chapter 5 - Ports and Connectors	
•	
Front Panel I/O Ports	
VGA Port	
RJ45 LAN Ports	
COM (Serial) Ports	
USB Ports	
DC-in	
8-bit GPIO	3
I/O Connectors	
Power Connector	
Parallel Connector	
Front Panel Connector	
SMBus Connector	
Chassis Intrusion Connector	
SATA (Serial ATA) Connectors	
SATA (Serial ATA) Power Connectors	
PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse Connector	
Expansion Slots	
Standby Power LED	
Battery	
Chapter 6 - Mounting Options	4
Wall Mount	/
Wall Ploute	٦
Chapter 7 - BIOS Setup	4
Overview	4
AMI BIOS Setup Utility	
Main	
Advanced	
Chipset	
Boot	
Security	
Save & ExitUpdating the BIOS	0
Netiter DIOS CDI DOM	0
Notice: BIOS SPI ROM	6
Chapter 8 - Supported Software	6
Chapter 9 - Digital I/O Programming Guide	8
Appendix A - Watchdog Sample Code	
Appendix B - System Error Message	9
Appendix C - Troubleshooting	
Appendix C - iroudieshooting	9

# **About this Manual**

An electronic file of this manual is included in the CD. To view the user's manual in the CD, insert the CD into a CD-ROM drive. The autorun screen (Main Board Utility CD) will appear. Click "User's Manual" on the main menu.

# **Warranty**

- Warranty does not cover damages or failures that arised from misuse of the product, inability to use the product, unauthorized replacement or alteration of components and product specifications.
- 2. The warranty is void if the product has been subjected to physical abuse, improper installation, modification, accidents or unauthorized repair of the product.
- Unless otherwise instructed in this user's manual, the user may not, under any circumstances, attempt to perform service, adjustments or repairs on the product, whether in or out of warranty. It must be returned to the purchase point, factory or authorized service agency for all such work.
- 4. We will not be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequencial damages to the product that has been modified or altered.

# **Static Electricity Precautions**

It is quite easy to inadvertently damage your PC, system board, components or devices even before installing them in your system unit. Static electrical discharge can damage computer components without causing any signs of physical damage. You must take extra care in handling them to ensure against electrostatic build-up.

- To prevent electrostatic build-up, leave the system board in its anti-static bag until you are ready to install it.
- 2. Wear an antistatic wrist strap.
- 3. Do all preparation work on a static-free surface.
- 4. Hold the device only by its edges. Be careful not to touch any of the components, contacts or connections.
- 5. Avoid touching the pins or contacts on all modules and connectors. Hold modules or con nectors by their ends.



### Important:

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your processor, disk drive and other components. Perform the upgrade instruction procedures described at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

# **Safety Measures**

To avoid damage to the system:

Use the correct AC input voltage range.

To reduce the risk of electric shock:

 Unplug the power cord before removing the system chassis cover for installation or servicing. After installation or servicing, cover the system chassis before plugging the power cord.

### Battery:

- Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommend by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to local ordinance.

# **Safety Precautions**

- Use the correct DC input voltage range.
- Unplug the power cord before removing the system chassis cover for installation or servicing. After installation or servicing, cover the system chassis before plugging the power cord.
- Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommend by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to local ordinance.
- · Keep this system away from humidity.
- Place the system on a stable surface. Dropping it or letting it fall may cause damage.
- The openings on the system are for air ventilation to protect the system from overheating.
   DO NOT COVER THE OPENINGS.
- Place the power cord in such a way that it will not be stepped on. Do not place anything on top of the power cord. Use a power cord that has been approved for use with the system and that it matches the voltage and current marked on the system's electrical range label.
- If the system will not be used for a long time, disconnect it from the power source to avoid damage by transient overvoltage.
- If one of the following occurs, consult a service personnel:
  - The power cord or plug is damaged.
  - Liquid has penetrated the system.
  - The system has been exposed to moisture.
  - The system is not working properly.
  - The system dropped or is damaged.
  - The system has obvious signs of breakage.
- The unit uses a three-wire ground cable which is equipped with a third pin to ground the unit and prevent electric shock. Do not defeat the purpose of this pin. If your outlet does not support this kind of plug, contact your electrician to replace the outlet.
- Disconnect the system from the DC outlet before cleaning. Use a damp cloth. Do not use liquid or spray detergents for cleaning.

# **About the Package**

The package contains the following items. If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your dealer or sales representative for assistance.

- 1 system unit
- 1 CD disk includes: Drivers/Manual
- 1 Ouick Installation Guide

# **Optional Items**

- Wall Mount kit
- Power Cord
- Power Adapter: 120W, 19V/6.31A

The board and accessories in the package may not come similar to the information listed above. This may differ in accordance to the sales region or models in which it was sold. For more information about the standard package in your region, please contact your dealer or sales representative.

# **Chapter 1 - Introduction**

# **Overview**



Front View (EC510/EC511-HD)



Front View (EC520/EC521-HD)

# **Key Features**

<b>Model Name</b>	EC510/EC511/EC520/EC521-HD		
Processor	4th Generation Intel <sup>®</sup> Core <sup>™</sup> processors		
Chipset	Intel® H81 Express Chipset		
LAN	EC510/EC511-HD: 5 LAN ports EC520/EC521-HD: 2 LAN ports		
СОМ	6 COM ports		
Display	1 VGA		
USB	2 Type A USB 2.0 ports, 2 Type A USB 3.0 ports		
Power	9~36V DC-in		

# **Specifications (EC510/EC511-HD)**

Processor System	- 4th Generation Intel® Core™ processors (22nm process technology) : Intel® Core™ i7-4770TE (8M Cache, up to 3.3 GHz); 45W : Intel® Core™ i5-4590T (6M Cache, up to 3.0 GHz); 35W : Intel® Core™ i5-4570TE (4M Cache, up to 3.3 GHz); 35W : Intel® Core™ i3-4350T (4M Cache, 3.1 GHz); 35W : Intel® Core™ i3-4340TE (4M Cache, 2.6 GHz); 35W : Intel® Core™ i3-4340TE (4M Cache, 2.4 GHz); 35W : Intel® Pentium® G3320TE (3M Cache, 2.3 GHz); 35W : Intel® Celeron® G1820TE (2M Cache, 2.2 GHz); 35W
Chipset	• Intel® H81 Express chipset
Memory	<ul> <li>Two 204-pin DDR3 SODIMM sockets</li> <li>Supports DDR3 1333/1600MHz</li> <li>Supports up to 16GB system memory</li> <li>Supports dual channel memory interface</li> </ul>
Graphics	<ul> <li>Intel® HD Graphics</li> <li>Display ports: 1 VGA</li> <li>VGA: 24-bit, resolution up to 1920x1200 @ 60Hz</li> </ul>
Storage	<ul> <li>2 2.5" SATA drive bays</li> <li>SATA 3.0 port with data transfer rate up to 6Gb/s</li> <li>Supports 1 mSATA module via the mini PCIe socket</li> </ul>
Ethernet	1 Intel® I210 PCI Express Gigabit Ethernet controller 1 Intel® I217 Gigabit Ethernet Phy 3 Intel® WG82574L PCI Express Gigabit Ethernet controllers Integrated 10/100/1000 transceiver Fully compliant with IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u, IEEE 802.3ab
Expansion	EC510     1 PCI slot     1 Mini PCIe slot     Supports USB and PCIe signals     Supports mSATA, Wi-Fi or 3G*     Supports half size or full size Mini PCIe card     EC511     1 PCIe x16 slot     1 Mini PCIe slot     Supports USB and PCIe signals     Supports mSATA, Wi-Fi or 3G*     Supports half size or full size Mini PCIe card

Front Panel I/O Ports	<ul> <li>1 power button with LED</li> <li>1 reset button</li> <li>1 Status LED</li> <li>1 HDD LED</li> <li>1 VGA port</li> <li>5 RJ45 LAN ports</li> <li>2 Type A USB 2.0 ports</li> <li>2 Type A USB 3.0 ports</li> <li>4 DB-9 RS232/422/485 serial ports (with power)</li> <li>2 DB-9 RS232 serial ports</li> <li>1 9~36V DC-in 3-pole terminal block</li> <li>2 8-bit GPIO 9-pole terminal blocks</li> </ul>			
Power	• Power input voltage: 9~36V DC-in			
Environment	<ul> <li>Temperature         <ul> <li>Operating: 0°C ~ 45°C</li> <li>Storage: -20°C ~ 85°C</li> </ul> </li> <li>Operating Vibration         <ul> <li>IEC68-2-64</li> </ul> </li> <li>Operating Shock         <ul> <li>Half sine wave 3G, 11ms, 3 shock per axis</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			
Construction	• Aluminum + SGCC			
Mounting	Wall mount     Mounting brackets and screws* (optional)			
Dimensions	• 235mm x 102.5mm x 222mm (W x H x D)			
Weight	• TBD			
OS Support	<ul> <li>Windows XP (32-bit) (<u>limited function</u>), Windows 7, WES 7, WESS</li> <li>Linux (Distribution available upon request)</li> </ul>			
Other Features	Watchdog timeout programmable via software from 1 to 255 seconds			
Certification	CE FCC Class A ROHS			



**Note:**\*Optional and is not supported in standard model. Please contact your sales representative for more information.

# **Specifications (EC520/EC521-HD)**

Processor System	- 4th Generation Intel® Core™ processors (22nm process technology) : Intel® Core™ i7-4770TE (8M Cache, up to 3.3 GHz); 45W : Intel® Core™ i5-4590T (6M Cache, up to 3.0 GHz); 35W : Intel® Core™ i5-4570TE (4M Cache, up to 3.3 GHz); 35W : Intel® Core™ i3-4350T (4M Cache, 3.1 GHz); 35W : Intel® Core™ i3-4340TE (4M Cache, 2.6 GHz); 35W : Intel® Core™ i3-4340TE (4M Cache, 2.4 GHz); 35W : Intel® Pentium® G3320TE (3M Cache, 2.3 GHz); 35W : Intel® Celeron® G1820TE (2M Cache, 2.2 GHz); 35W
Chipset	• Intel® H81 Express chipset
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Graphics	<ul> <li>Intel® HD Graphics</li> <li>Display ports: 1 VGA</li> <li>VGA: 24-bit, resolution up to 1920x1200 @ 60Hz</li> </ul>
Storage	<ul> <li>2 2.5" SATA drive bays</li> <li>SATA 3.0 port with data transfer rate up to 6Gb/s</li> <li>Supports 1 mSATA module via the mini PCIe socket</li> </ul>
Ethernet	<ul> <li>1 Intel® I210 PCI Express Gigabit Ethernet controller</li> <li>1 Intel® I217 Gigabit Ethernet Phy</li> <li>Integrated 10/100/1000 transceiver</li> <li>Fully compliant with IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u, IEEE 802.3ab</li> </ul>
Expansion	EC520  2 PCI slots  1 Mini PCIe slot  Supports USB and PCIe signals  Supports mSATA, Wi-Fi or 3G*  Supports half size or full size Mini PCIe card  EC521  1 PCI slot  1 PCIe x16 slot  1 Mini PCIe slot  Supports USB and PCIe signals  Supports mSATA, Wi-Fi or 3G*  Supports half size or full size Mini PCIe card

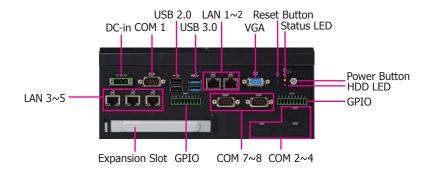
Front Panel I/O Ports	<ul> <li>1 power button with LED</li> <li>1 reset button</li> <li>1 Status LED</li> <li>1 HDD LED</li> <li>1 VGA port</li> <li>2 RJ45 LAN ports</li> <li>2 Type A USB 2.0 ports</li> <li>2 Type A USB 3.0 ports</li> <li>2 Type A USB 3.0 ports</li> <li>4 DB-9 RS232/422/485 serial ports (with power)</li> <li>4 DB-9 RS232 serial ports</li> <li>1 9~36V DC-in 3-pole terminal block</li> </ul>			
Power	• Power input voltage: 9~36V DC-in			
Environment	<ul> <li>Temperature <ul><li>Operating: 0°C ~ 45°C</li><li>Storage: -20°C ~ 85°C</li></ul> </li> <li>Operating Vibration <ul><li>IEC68-2-64</li></ul> </li> <li>Operating Shock <ul><li>Half sine wave 3G, 11ms, 3 shock per axis</li></ul> </li> </ul>			
Construction	• Aluminum + SGCC			
Mounting	Wall mount     Mounting brackets and screws* (optional)			
Dimensions	• 235mm x 102.5mm x 222mm (W x H x D)			
Weight	• TBD			
OS Support	<ul> <li>Windows XP (32-bit) (<u>limited function</u>), Windows 7, WES 7, WESS</li> <li>Linux (Distribution available upon request)</li> </ul>			
<b>Other Features</b>	Watchdog timeout programmable via software from 1 to 255 seconds			
Certification	CE FCC Class A ROHS			



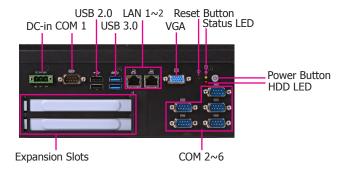
**Note:**\*Optional and is not supported in standard model. Please contact your sales representative for more information.

# Getting to Know the EC510/EC511/EC520/EC521-HD

# Front View (EC510/EC511-HD)



# Front View (EC520/ECC521-HD)





### USB Ports

Used to connect USB 2.0/1.1 devices.

### COM Ports

Used to connect serial devices.

### VGA Port

Used to connect a VGA device.

### LAN Ports

Used to connect the system to a local area network.

### DC-ir

Used to plug a power adapter.

### **GPIO**

Supports 16-bit digital output and input.

### Expansion slots

Supports to add riser cards.

### Power button

Press to power-on or power-off the system.

### Reset Button

Press to reset the system.

### HDD LED

Indicates the status of the hard drive.

### Status LED

Indicates the status as below.

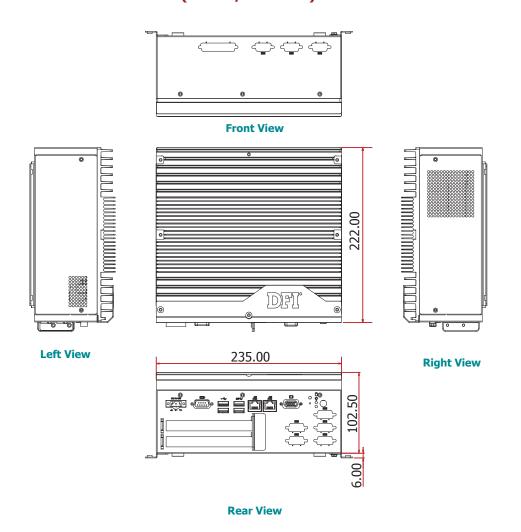
Status LED				
Suspend Mode	S0	S1	<b>S3</b>	S4, S5
LED Action	Always ON	Quick Blink (cycle 1 sec)	Slow Blink (cycle >1 sec)	OFF

# **Mechanical Dimensions**

# **Chassis Dimensions (EC510/EC511-HD)**

# **Front View Left View** 235.00 **Rear View**

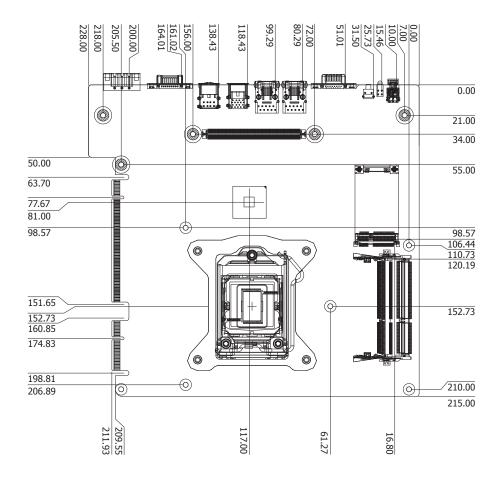
# **Chassis Dimensions (EC520/C521-HD)**



10

**Right View** 

# **Motherboard Dimensions**



# **Chapter 2 - Getting Started**

# **Preparing the System**

Before you start using the system, you need the following items:

- SATA hard drive
- AC power adapter
- CD-ROM drive (for installing software/drivers)
- Memory module

# **Installing Devices**

The following are devices that can be installed in the system.

- Memory module
- SATA hard drive
- Mini PCIe card

# **Configuring the BIOS**

To get you started, you may need to change configurations such as the date, time and the type of hard disk drive.

- 1. Power-on the system.
- After the memory test, the message "Press DEL to run setup" will appear on the screen. Press the Delete key to enter the AMI BIOS setup utility.

# **Installing the Operating System**

Most operating system software are provided in a CD therefore you need to install a CD-ROM drive in order to use the CD.

Make sure a 2.5" SATA drive is already installed.

- Refer to the following chapters for information on connecting a CD-ROM drive and installing a SATA drive.
- 2. Refer to your operating system manual for instructions on installing the operating system.

# **Installing the Drivers**

The system package includes a CD disk. The CD includes drivers that must be installed to provide the best system performance. Refer to the Supported Software chapter for instructions on installing the drivers.

Chapter 2 Getting Started www.dfi.com

# **Chapter 3 - Installing the Devices**

# **Removing the Chassis Cover**

- 1. Make sure the system and all other peripheral devices connected to it have been powered-off.
- 2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
- 3. The 6 mounting screws on the left side, right side and the bottom of the system are used to secure the cover to the chassis. Remove these screws and then put them in a safe place for later use.



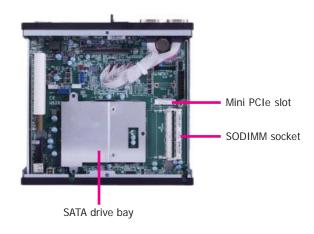


4. After removing these mounting screws, lift the cover upward.



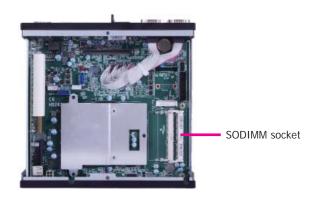
Lift the Cover Upward

5. The SODIMM sockets, Mini PCIe slot and SATA drive bay are readily accessible after removing the chassis cover.

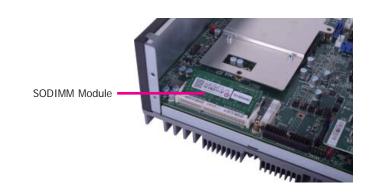


# **Installing the SODIMM**

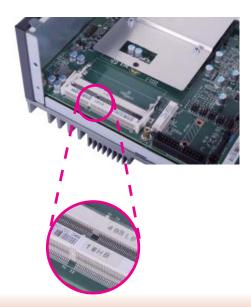
1. The SODIMM sockets are located on the system board.



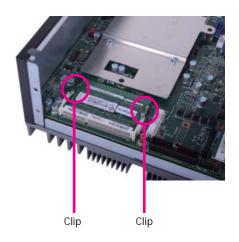
Grasping the module by its edges, align the module into the socket at an approximately 30 degrees angle. Apply firm even pressure to each end of the module until it slips down into the socket. The contact fingers on the edge of the module will almost completely disappear inside the socket.



2. Note the key on the socket. The key ensures the module can be plugged into the socket in one direction only.



4. Push the module down until the clips at each end of the socket lock into the position. You will hear a distinctive "click", indicating the module is correctly locked into the position.



# Installing the 2.5" SATA Drive

1. The SATA drive bay is located on the system board.

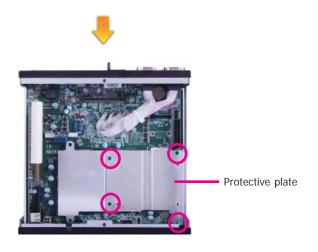


2. Use the 4 provided mounting screws to secure the protective plate in place on the system board.

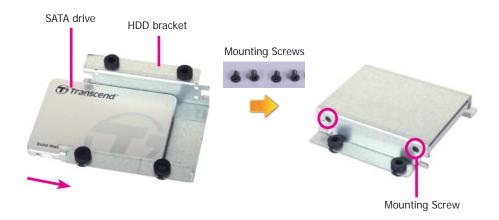


Mounting Screws

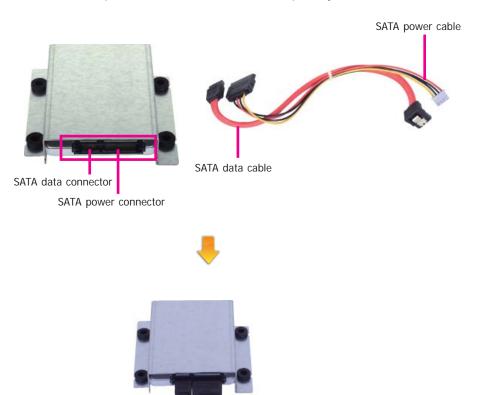




3. Insert the SATA drive into the HDD bracket and secure it in place with the provided mounting screws.

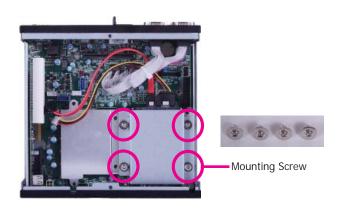


4. Connect one end of the SATA data cable and the SATA power cable to a SATA data connector and a SATA power connector on the SATA drive respectively.

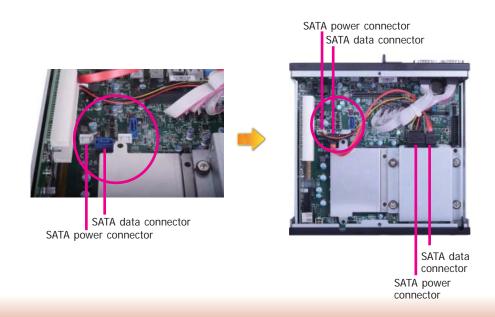


SATA power cable

5. Place the SATA drive with the HDD bracket into the system. Align the mounting holes on the HDD bracket with the mounting holes on the protective plate and then use the provided mounting screws to secure the drive in place.



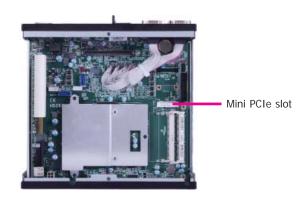
6. Connect the other end of the SATA data cable and the SATA power cable to a SATA data connector and a SATA power connector on the system board respectively.



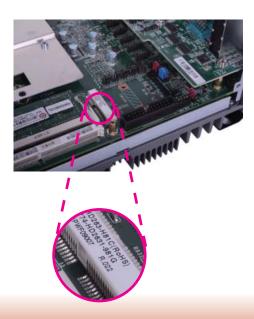
SATA data cable

# Installing the Mini PCIe and/or mSATA Card

1. The Mini PCIe slot is located on the system board.



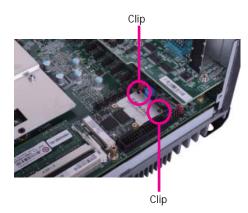
2. The system board is equipped with 1 Mini PCIe slot. The Mini PCIe slot supports a half length or a full length Mini PCIe card. Note the key on the slot. The key ensures the Mini PCIe card can be plugged into the slot in one direction only.



Grasping the Mini PCIe card by its edges, align the card into the slot at an approximately 30 degrees angle. Apply firm even pressure to each end of the card until it slips down into the slot. The contact fingers on the edge of the card will almost completely disappear inside the slot.

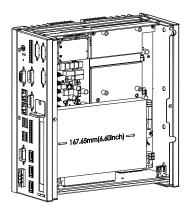


4. Push the Mini PCIe card down until the clips at each end of the latch lock into position. You will hear a distinctive "click", indicating the card is correctly locked into position.

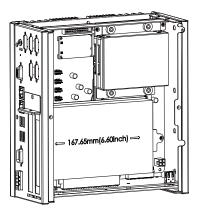


# **Installing the PCI and PCIe Expansion Cards**

Important:
When inserting expansion cards into the system unit, please select a standard card within 190mm (as the following pictures show) in order to fit expansion slots.



Mechanical Drawing for Expansion Card (EC510/EC511-HD)



Mechanical Drawing for Expansion Cards (EC520/EC521-HD)

1. PCI slots and PCIe x16 slots on the riser cards are used to install the expansion cards. To install the expansion cards, you need to remove the brackets from the chassis.

### EC510/EC511-HD



EC510-HD



H320-1P for EC510-HD



EC511-HD



H120-1E for EC511-HD

### EC520/EC521-HD



EC520-HD



H320-2P for EC520-HD



EC521-HD



H320-1P1E for EC521-HD

2. To remove the brackets, the mounting screw on the front chassis has to be removed first.

### EC510/EC511-HD



### EC520/EC521-HD



3. Insert one expansion card with a bracket into PCIe slots and PCI slots respectively that are on the riser card and secure the bracket in place.

### EC520-HD



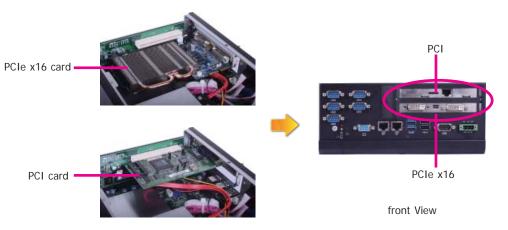




### EC521-HD







# Installing the CPU

- Make sure the system and all other peripheral devices connected to it have been poweredoff.
- 2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
- 3. Before installing the Intel CPU, remove the 8 mounting screws on the top side of the system unit and then put them in a safe place for later use.

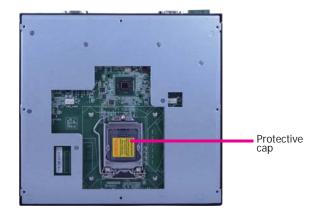


4. The system board is equipped with a surface mount LGA 1150 socket. This socket is exclusively designed for installing a LGA 1150 packaged Intel CPU.

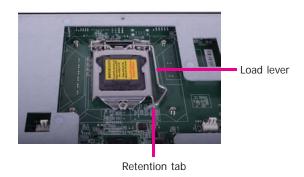


### Important:

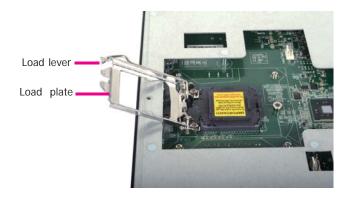
- Before you proceed, make sure (1) the LGA 1150 socket comes with a protective cap, (2) the cap is not damaged and (3) the socket's contact pins are not bent. If the cap is missing or the cap and/or contact pins are damaged, contact your dealer immediately.
- 2. Make sure to keep the protective cap. RMA requests will be accepted and processed only if the LGA 1150 socket comes with the protective cap.



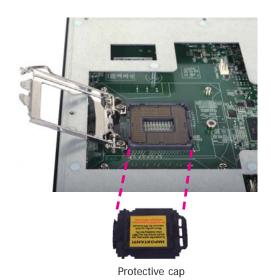
5. Unlock the socket by pushing the load lever down, moving it sideways until it is released from the retention tab; then lift the load lever up.



6. Lifting the load lever will at the same time lift the load plate and lift the load lever up to the angle as the photo shown below.



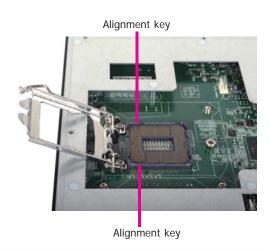
7. Remove the protective cap from the CPU socket. The cap is used to protect the CPU socket against dust and harmful particles. Remove the protective cap only when you are about to install the CPU.



8. Insert the CPU into the socket. The gold triangular mark on the CPU must align with the corner of the CPU socket as the photo shown below.

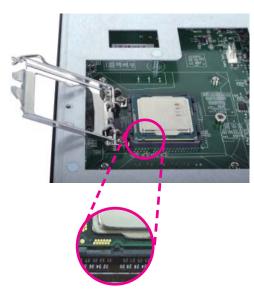


The CPU's notch will at the same time fit into the socket's alignment key.



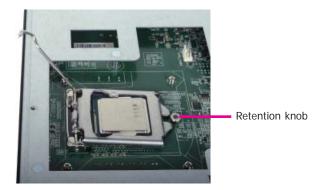


Important:
The CPU will fit in only one orientation and can easily be inserted without exerting any force.

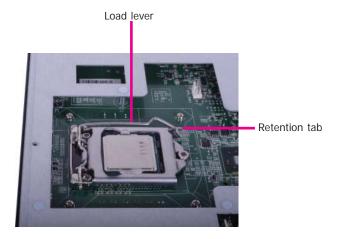


9. Close the load plate then push the load lever down.

While closing the load plate, make sure the front edge of the load plate slides under the retention knob.



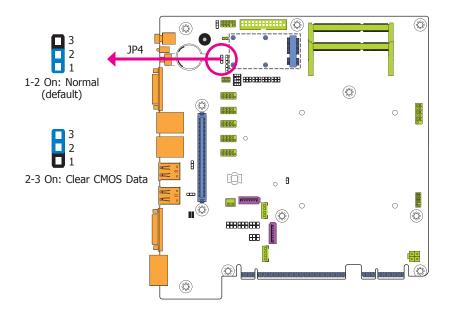
10. Hook the load lever under the retention tab.



# **Chapter 4 - Jumper Settings**

# **Jumper Settings - System Board**

### **Clear CMOS Data**



If you encounter the following,

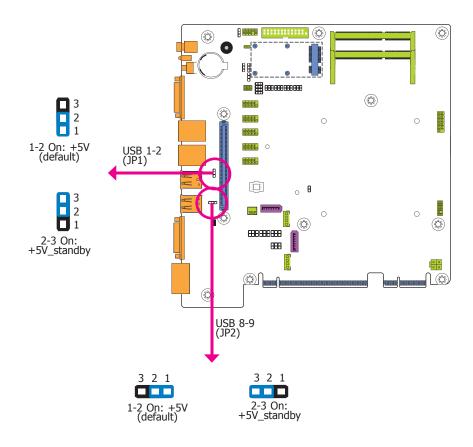
- a) CMOS data becomes corrupted.
- b) You forgot the supervisor or user password.

you can reconfigure the system with the default values stored in the ROM BIOS.

To load the default values stored in the ROM BIOS, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Power-off the system and unplug the power cord.
- 2. Set JP4 pins 2 and 3 to On. Wait for a few seconds and set JP4 back to its default setting, pins 1 and 2 On.
- 3. Now plug the power cord and power-on the system.

### **USB Power Select**



JP1 and JP2 are used to select the power of the USB ports. Selecting +5V\_standby will allow you to use a USB device to wake up the system.

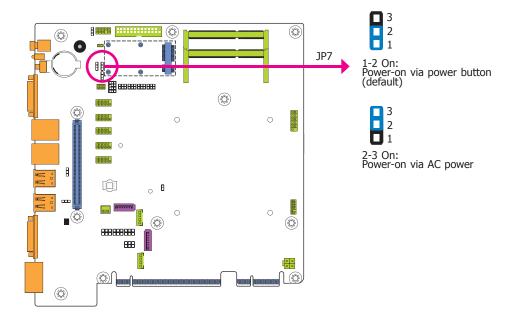


### Important:

If you are using the Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function for 2 USB ports, the +5V\_standby power source of your power supply must support  $\geq 1.5A$ . For 3 or more USB ports, the +5V\_standby power source of your power supply must support  $\geq 2A$ .

Chapter 4 Jumper Settings www.dfi.com

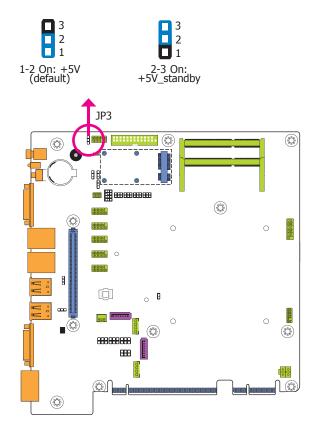
### **Auto Power-on Select**



JP7 is used to select the method of powering on the system. If you want the system to power-on whenever AC power comes in, set JP7 pins 2 and 3 to On. If you want to use the power button, set pins 1 and 2 to On.

When using the JP7 "Power On" feature to power the system back on after a power failure occurs, the system may not power on if the power lost is resumed within 5 seconds (power flicker).

# PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse Power Select

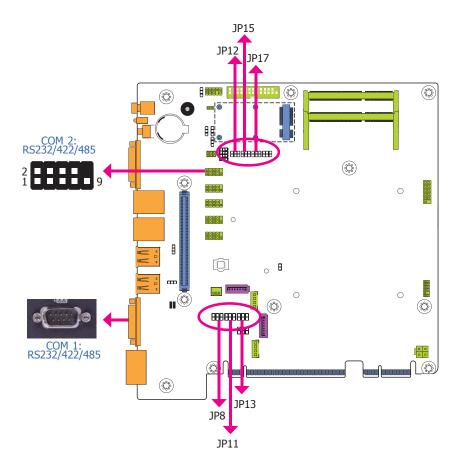


JP3 is used to select the power of the PS/2 keyboard/mouse port. Selecting +5V\_standby will allow you to use the PS/2 keyboard or PS/2 mouse to wake up the system.

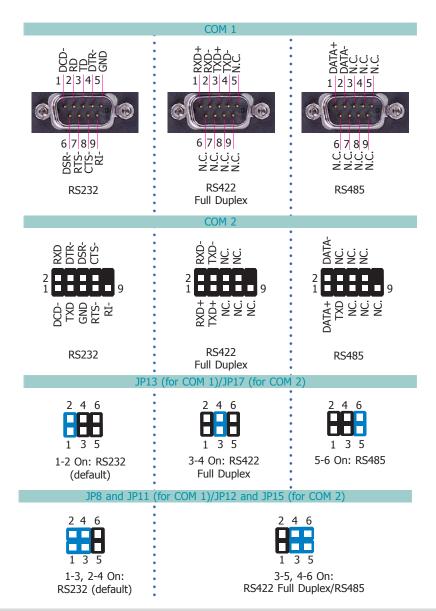


25 Chapter 4 Jumper Settings www.dfi.com

### COM 1/COM 2 RS232/422/485 Select



These jumpers allow you to configure the Serial COM ports to RS232, RS422 (Full Duplex) or RS485. JP8, JP11 and JP13 are used to configure the Serial COM port 1. JP12, JP15 and JP17 are used to configure the Serial COM port 2. The pin functions of Serial COM port 1 and COM port 2 will vary according to these jumpers' setting.

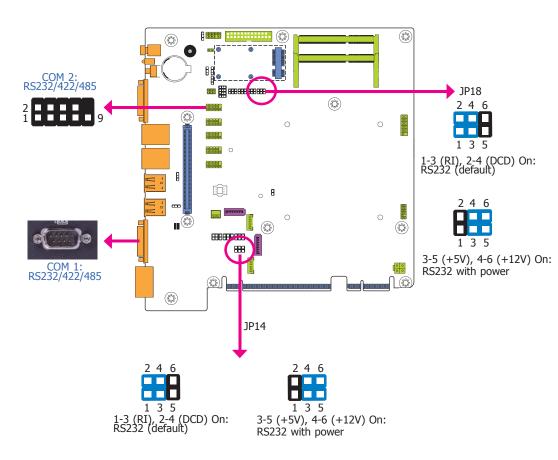


### Note:

When COM 1 RS232/422/485 is selected, JP8 and JP11 must be set in accordance to JP13. And when COM 2 RS232/422/485 is selected, JP12 and JP15 must be set in accordante to JP17.

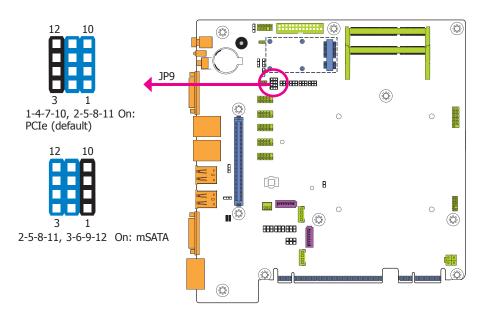
Chapter 4 Jumper Settings www.dfi.com

### COM 1/COM 2 RS232/Power Select



JP14 (for COM 1) and JP18 (for COM 2) are used to configure Serial COM ports to pure RS232 or RS232 with power. The pin functions of COM 1 and COM 2 will vary according to JP14's and JP18's setting respectively.

# Mini PCIe Signal Select

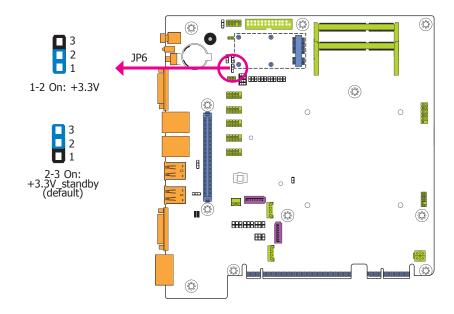


JP9 is used to select the Mini PCIe signal: PCIe or mSATA.

Chapter 4 Jumper Settings www.dfi.com

28

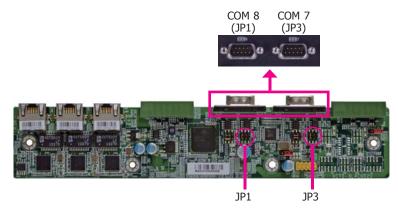
### Mini PCIe Power Select



JP6 is used to select the power supplied with the Mini PCIe.

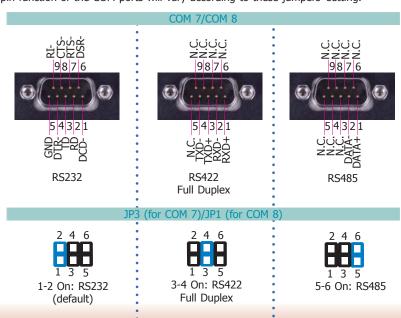
# Jumper Settings - I/O Board (for EC510/EC511-HD)

COM 7/COM 8 RS232/RS422/RS485 Select

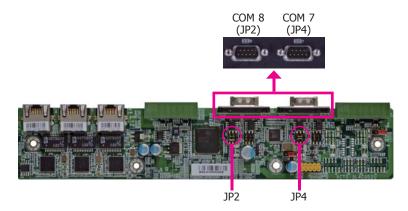


JP1 (for COM 8) and JP3 (for COM 7) are used to configure the COM ports to RS232, RS422 (Full Duplex) or RS485.

The pin function of the COM ports will vary according to these jumpers' setting.

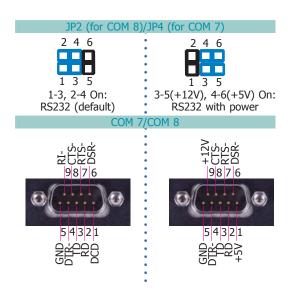


## COM 7/COM 8 RS232/Power Select

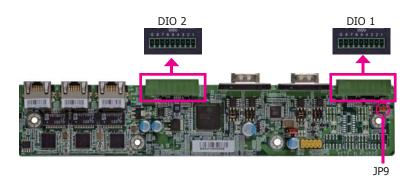


JP4 (for COM 8) and JP2 (for COM 7) are used to configure the COM ports to pure RS232 or RS232 with power.

The pin function of COM 7 and COM 8 will vary according to JP2's and JP4's setting respectively.

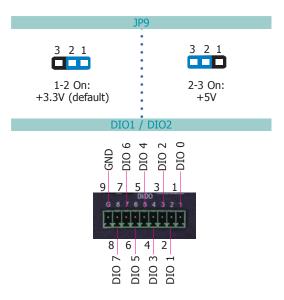


# **Digital I/O Power Select**



JP9 is used to configure DIO to signal voltage select.

The pin function of DIO port will vary according to the jumper's setting respectively.

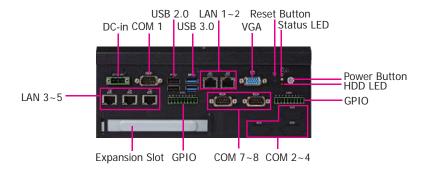


29

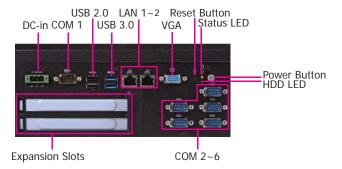
# **Chapter 5 - Ports and Connectors**

# Front Panel I/O Ports

EC510/EC511-HD



### EC520/EC521-HD





The front panel I/O ports consist of the followings:

### EC510/EC511-HD

- 1 Power button with LED
- 1 Reset button
- 1 Status LED
- 1 HDD LED
- 1 VGA port
- 5 RJ45 LAN ports
- 2 Type A USB 2.0 ports
- 2 Type A USB 3.0 ports
- 4 DB-9 RS232/422/485 Serial COM ports (with power)
- 2 DB-9 RS232 Serial COM ports
- 1 9~36V DC-in 3-pole terminal block
- 2 8-bit GPIO 9-pole terminal blocks

### EC520/EC521-HD

- 1 Power button with LED
- 1 Reset button
- 1 Status LED
- 1 HDD LED
- 1 VGA port
- 2 RJ45 LAN ports
- 2 Type A USB 2.0 ports
- 2 Type A USB 3.0 ports
- 2 DB-9 RS232/422/485 Serial COM ports (with power)
- 4 DB-9 RS232 Serial COM ports
- 1 9~36V DC-in 3-pole terminal block

### **VGA Port**





The VGA port is used for connecting a VGA monitor. Connect the monitor's 15-pin D-shell cable connector to the VGA port. After you plug the monitor's cable connector into the VGA port, gently tighten the cable screws to hold the connector in place.

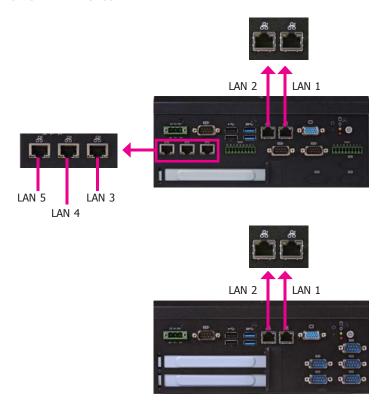
### **BIOS Setting**

Configure the display device in the Chipset menu ("System Agent Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 7 for more information.

### **Driver Installation**

Install the graphics driver. Refer to chapter 8 for more information.

### **RJ45 LAN Ports**



### **Features**

- 1 Intel® I210 PCI Express Gigabit Ethernet Controller
- 1 Intel® I217 Gigabit Ethernet Phy
- 3 Intel® WG82574L PCI Express Gigabit Ethernet Controllers (for EC510/EC511-HD only)

The LAN ports allow the system board to connect to a local area network by means of a network hub.

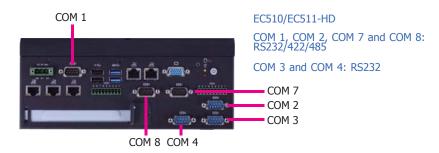
### **BIOS Setting**

Configure the onboard LAN in the Chipset menu ("PCH-IO Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 7 for more information.

### **Driver Installation**

Install the LAN drivers. Refer to chapter 8 for more information.

# **COM (Serial) Ports**





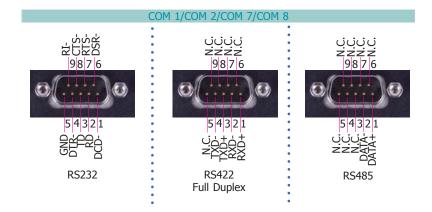
The serial ports are asynchronous communication ports with 16C550A-compatible UARTs that can be used with modems, serial printers, remote display terminals, and other serial devices.

### **Connecting External Serial Ports**

Your COM port may come mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis then insert the serial port cable to the COM connector. Make sure the colored stripe on the ribbon cable is aligned with pin 1 of the COM connector.

### BIOS Setting

Configure the serial ports in the Advanced menu ("Super IO Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 7 for more information.



### **USB Ports**





The USB device allows data exchange between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals. The system board is equipped with 2 USB 3.0 ports and 6 USB 2.0 ports.

### BIOS Setting

Configure the onboard USB in the Advanced menu ("USB Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 7 for more information.

### Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse

The Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function allows you to use a USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up a system from the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state. To use this function:

### Jumper Setting

JP1 and JP2 must be set to "2-3 On: +5V\_standby". Refer to "USB Power Select" in chapter 4 for more information.

# \*

### Important:

If you are using the Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function for 2 USB ports, the +5V\_standby power source of your power supply must support  $\geq 1.5A$ . For 3 or more USB ports, the +5V\_standby power source of your power supply must support  $\geq 2A$ .

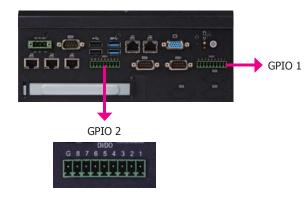
### DC-in





This jack is considered a low power solution. Connect a DC power cord to this jack. Using a voltage higher than the recommended one may fail to boot the system or cause damage to the system board.

### 8-bit GPIO

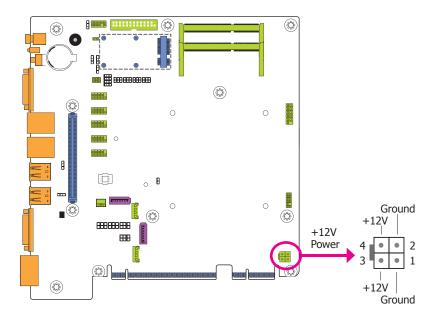


The Digital I/O connector provides powering-on function to an external device that is connected to this connector.

Pins	Digital Output/Input Pin Assignment
1	DIO0
2	DIO1
3	DIO2
4	DIO3
5	DIO4
6	DIO5
7	DIO6
8	DIO7
9	GND

# I/O Connectors

### **Power Connector**



Use a power supply that complies with the ATX12V Power Supply Design Guide Version 1.1. An ATX12V power supply unit has a standard 4-pin ATX main power connector that must be inserted into the 4-pin connector.

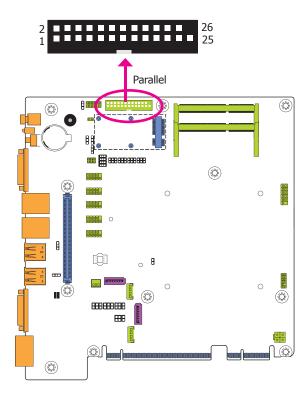
The power connector from the power supply unit are designed to fit the 4-pin connector in only one orientation. Make sure to find the proper orientation before plugging the connectors.



### Important:

Insufficient power supplied to the system may result in instability or the add-in boards and peripherals not functioning properly. Calculating the system's approximate power usage is important to ensure that the power supply meets the system's consumption requirements.

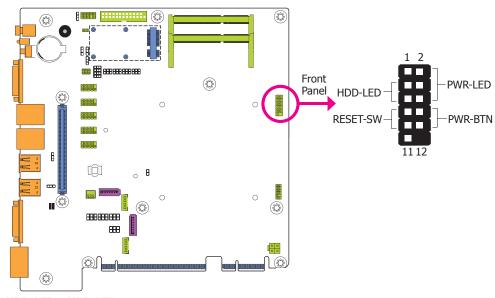
### **Parallel Connector**



The 25-pin connector is used to connect an external parallel port. The parallel port connects your PC to a parallel printer. It supports SPP, ECP and EPP.

SPP (Standard Parallel Port)	Allows normal speed operation but in one direction only.
ECP (Extended Capabilities Port)	Allows parallel port to operate in bidirectional mode and at a speed faster than the SPP's data transfer rate.
EPP (Enhanced Parallel Port)	Allows bidirectional parallel port operation at maximum speed.

### **Front Panel Connector**



### **HDD-LED - HDD LED**

This LED will light when the hard drive is being accessed.

### **RESET SW - Reset Switch**

This switch allows you to reboot without having to power off the system.

### **PWR-BTN - Power Switch**

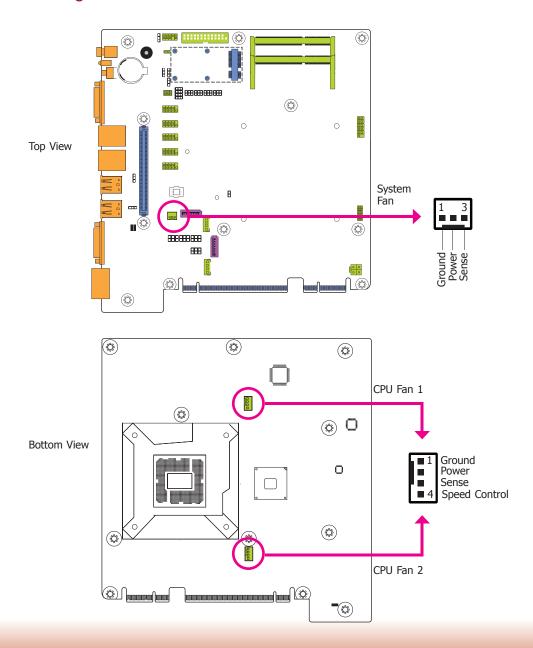
This switch is used to power on or off the system.

### PWR-LED - Power/Standby LED

When the system's power is on, this LED will light. When the system is in the S1 (POS - Power On Suspend) state, it will blink every second. When the system is in the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state, it will blink every 4 seconds.

	Pin	Pin Assignment		Pin	Pin Assignment
	3	HDD Power		2	LED Power
HDD-LED	5 Signal PWR-LED	PWR-LED	4	LED Power	
	7 Ground	6	Signal		
RESET SW	9	RST Signal	PWR-BTN	8	Ground
	11	N.C.		10	Signal

# **Cooling Fan Connectors**

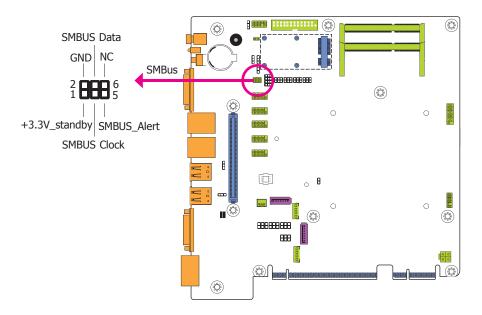


The fan connectors are used to connect cooling fans. The cooling fans will provide adequate airflow throughout the chassis to prevent overheating the CPU and system board components.

### **BIOS Setting**

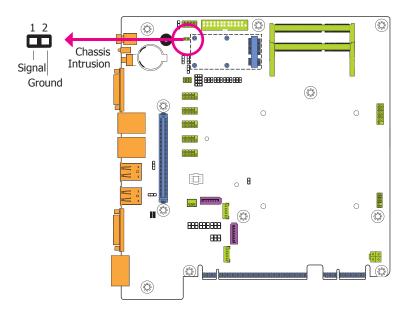
The Advanced menu ("PC Health Status" submenu) of the BIOS will display the current speed of the cooling fans. Refer to chapter 7 for more information.

# **SMBus Connector**



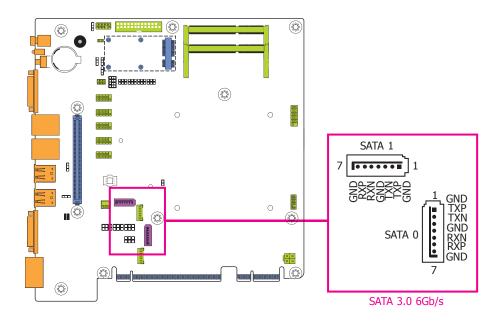
The SMBus (System Management Bus) connector is used to connect SMBus devices. It is a multiple device bus that allows multiple chips to connect to the same bus and enable each one to act as a master by initiating data transfer.

# **Chassis Intrusion Connector**



The board supports the chassis intrusion detection function. Connect the chassis intrusion sensor cable from the chassis to this connector. When the system's power is on and a chassis intrusion occurred, an alarm will sound. When the system's power is off and a chassis intrusion occurred, the alarm will sound only when the system restarts.

# **SATA (Serial ATA) Connectors**



# **Features**

- 2 Serial ATA 3.0 ports
  - SATA port 0 and 1 with data transfer rate up to 6Gb/s
- Integrated Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) controller

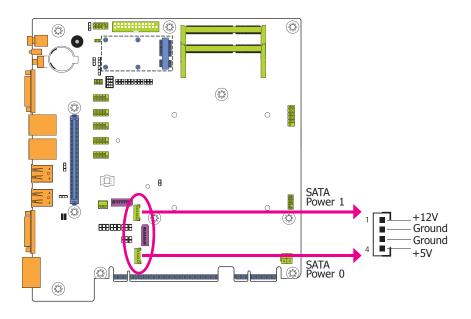
The Serial ATA connectors are used to connect the Serial ATA device. Connect one end of the Serial ATA data cable to a SATA connector on the system board and the other end to your Serial ATA device.

The power cable must be connected from the system board's Serial ATA power connector to the SATA drive's power connector in order to provide power to the drive.

# **BIOS Setting**

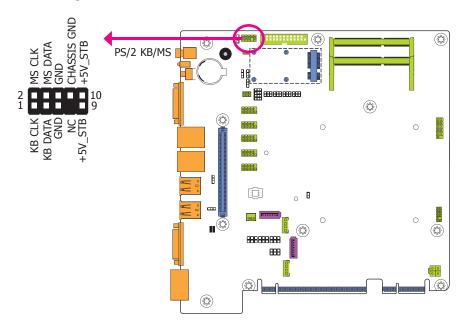
Configure the Serial ATA drives in the Advanced submenu ("SATA Configuration" section) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 7 for more information.

# **SATA (Serial ATA) Power Connectors**



These SATA power connectors supply power to the SATA drive. Connect one end of the provided power cable to the SATA power connector and the other end to your storage device.

# **PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse Connector**



The Keyboard/Mouse connector is used to connect PS/2 keyboard and PS/2 mouse by means of a PS/2 cable. Connect one end of the cable to the Keyboard/Mouse connector. The other ends are used to connect a PS/2 keyboard and a PS/2 mouse.



Wake-On-PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse

The Wake-On-PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse function allows you to use the PS/2 keyboard or PS/2 mouse to power-on the system. To use this function:

# Jumper Setting

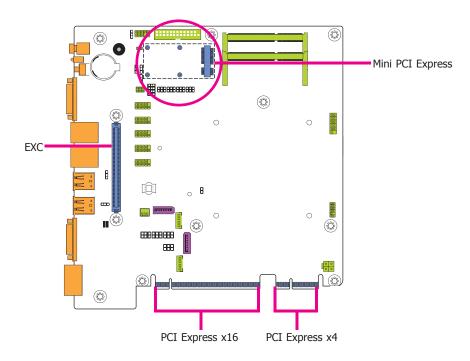
JP3 must be set to "2-3 On: 5V\_standby". Refer to "PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse Power Select" in chapter 4 for more information.



# Important:

The 5V\_standby power source of your power supply must support ≥720mA.

# **Expansion Slots**



## Mini PCIe Slot

The Mini PCIe socket is used to install a Mini PCIe card. Mini PCIe card is a small form factor PCI card with the same signal protocol, electrical definitions, and configuration definitions as the conventional PCI.

# PCI Express x16 Slot

Install PCI Express x16 graphics card, that comply to the PCI Express specifications, into the PCI Express x16 slot. To install a graphics card into the x16 slot, align the graphics card above the slot then press it down firmly until it is completely seated in the slot. The retaining clip of the slot will automatically hold the graphics card in place.

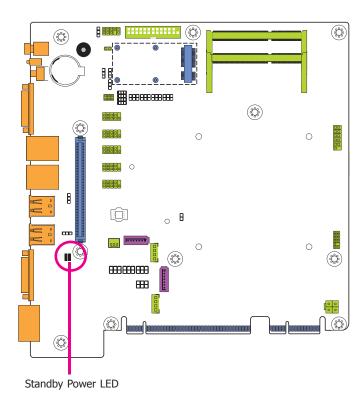
# **PCI Express x4 Slot**

Install PCI Express cards such as network cards or other cards that comply to the PCI Express specifications into the PCI Express x4 slot.

## **EXC Slot**

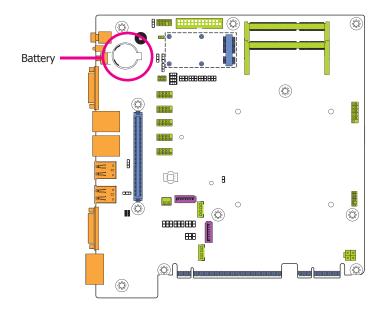
The EXC interface is used to install an EXC card for I/O expansion.

# **Standby Power LED**



This LED will lit red when the system is in the standby mode. It indicates that there is power on the system board. Power-off the PC and then unplug the power cord prior to installing any devices. Failure to do so will cause severe damage to the motherboard and components.

# **Battery**



The lithium ion battery powers the real-time clock and CMOS memory. It is an auxiliary source of power when the main power is shut off.

# **Safety Measures**

- Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommend by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to local ordinance.

# **Chapter 6 - Mounting Options**

# **Wall Mount**

The wall mount kit includes the following:

- 2 Wall mount brackets
- 4 Bracket screws

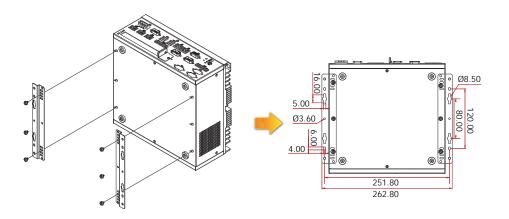


1. The wall mounting holes are located on the bottom side of the system unit.



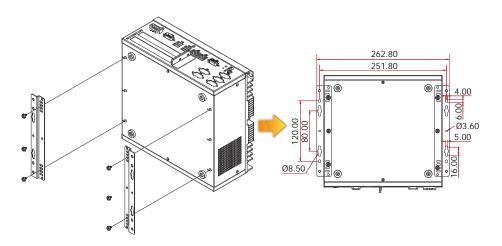
2. Use the provided mounting screws to secure the wall mount brackets on each side of the system unit.





EC510/EC511-HD

Chapter 6 Mounting Options www.dfi.com



EC520/EC521-HD

# **Chapter 7 - BIOS Setup**

# Overview

The BIOS is a program that takes care of the basic level of communication between the CPU and peripherals. It contains codes for various advanced features found in this system board. The BIOS allows you to configure the system and save the configuration in a battery-backed CMOS so that the data retains even when the power is off. In general, the information stored in the CMOS RAM of the EEPROM will stay unchanged unless a configuration change has been made such as a hard drive replaced or a device added.

It is possible that the CMOS battery will fail causing CMOS data loss. If this happens, you need to install a new CMOS battery and reconfigure the BIOS settings.



#### Note:

The BIOS is constantly updated to improve the performance of the system board; therefore the BIOS screens in this chapter may not appear the same as the actual one. These screens are for reference purpose only.

# **Default Configuration**

Most of the configuration settings are either predefined according to the Load Optimal Defaults settings which are stored in the BIOS or are automatically detected and configured without requiring any actions. There are a few settings that you may need to change depending on your system configuration.

# **Entering the BIOS Setup Utility**

The BIOS Setup Utility can only be operated from the keyboard and all commands are keyboard commands. The commands are available at the right side of each setup screen.

The BIOS Setup Utility does not require an operating system to run. After you power up the system, the BIOS message appears on the screen and the memory count begins. After the memory test, the message "Press DEL to run setup" will appear on the screen. If the message disappears before you respond, restart the system or press the "Reset" button. You may also restart the system by pressing the <Ctrl> <Alt> and <Del> keys simultaneously.

# Legends

Keys	Function	
Right and Left arrows	Moves the highlight left or right to select a menu.	
Up and Down arrows	Moves the hightlight up or down between submenu or fields.	
<esc></esc>	Exit to the BIOS Setup Utility.	
+ (plus key)	Scrolls forward through the values or options of the highlighted field.	
- (minus key)	Scrolls backward through the values or options of the highlighted field.	
Tab	Select a field.	
<f1></f1>	Displays General Help	
<f2></f2>	Pervious values	
<f3></f3>	Optimized defaults	
<f4></f4>	Saves and resets the setup program	
<enter></enter>	Press <enter> to enter the highlighted submenu.</enter>	

# Scroll Bar

When a scroll bar appears to the right of the setup screen, it indicates that there are more available fields not shown on the screen. Use the up and down arrow keys to scroll through all the available fields.

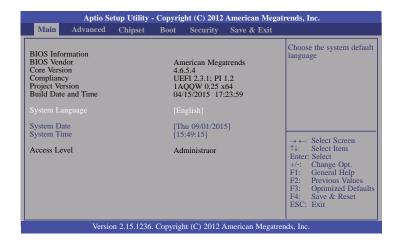
# Submenu

When " $\blacktriangleright$ " appears on the left of a particular field, it indicates that a submenu which contains additional options are available for that field. To display the submenu, move the highlight to that field and press <Enter>.

# **AMI BIOS Setup Utility**

# Main

The Main menu is the first screen that you will see when you enter the BIOS Setup Utility.



#### **System Date**

The date format is <day>, <month>, <date>, <year>. Day displays a day, from Sunday to Saturday. Month displays the month, from January to December. Date displays the date, from 1 to 31. Year displays the year, from 1980 to 2099.

## **System Time**

The time format is <hour>, <minute>, <second>. The time is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Hour displays hours from 00 to 23. Minute displays minutes from 00 to 59. Second displays seconds from 00 to 59.

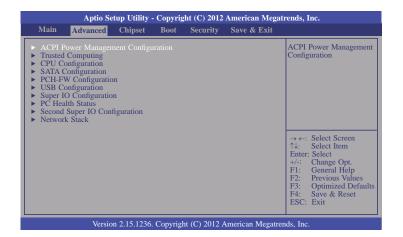
# **Advanced**

The Advanced menu allows you to configure your system for basic operation. Some entries are defaults required by the system board, while others, if enabled, will improve the performance of your system or let you set some features according to your preference.



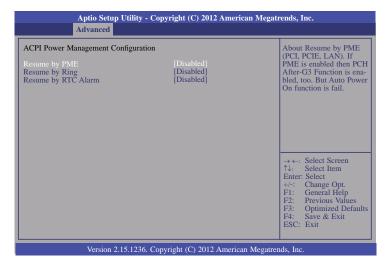
## Important:

Setting incorrect field values may cause the system to malfunction.



# **ACPI Power Management Configuration**

This section is used to configure the ACPI power management.



# Resume by PME

Enables this field to use the PME signal to wake up the system.

## Resume by Ring

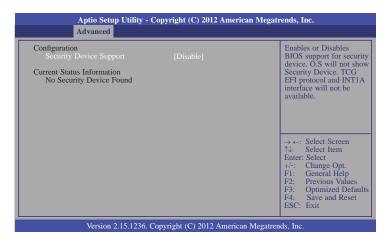
Enables this field to use the Ring signal to wake up the system.

## Resume by RTC Alarm

When Enabled, the system uses the RTC to generate a wakeup event.

# **Trusted Computing**

This section configures settings relevant to Trusted Computing innovations.

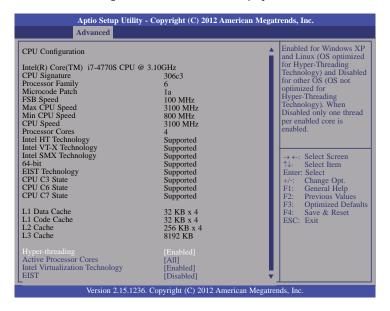


# **Security Device Support**

This field is used to enable or disable BIOS supporting for the security device. O.S will not show the security device. TCG EFI protocol and INT1A interface will not be available.

# **CPU Configuration**

This section is used to configure the CPU. It will also display the detected CPU information.



## Hyper-threading

Enables this field for Windows XP and Linux which are optimized for Hyper-Threading technology. Select disabled for other OSes not optimized for Hyper-Threading technology. When disabled, only one thread per enabled core is enabled.

#### **Active Processor Cores**

Number of cores to enable in each processor package.

# **Intel Virtualization Technology**

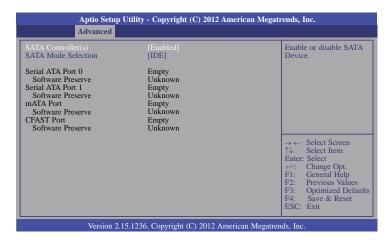
When this field is set to Enabled, the VMM can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Vanderpool Technology.

#### **EIST**

This field is used to enable or disable the Intel Enhanced SpeedStep Technology.

## **SATA Configuration**

This section is used to configure the settings of Serial ATA devices.



# SATA Controller(s)

This field is used to enable or disable the Serial ATA devices.

#### **SATA Mode Selection**

The mode selection determines how the SATA controller(s) operates.

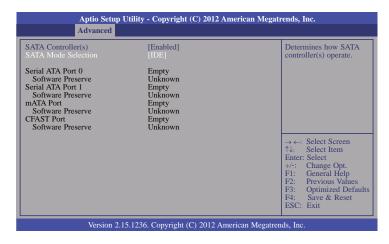
#### IDE Mode

This option configures the Serial ATA drives as Parallel ATA storage devices.

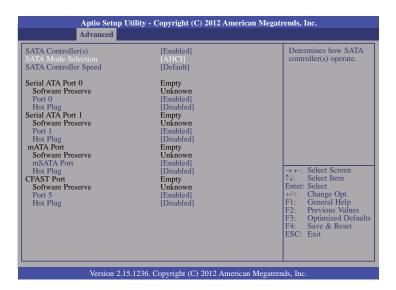
#### AHCI Mode

This option allows the Serial ATA devices to use AHCI (Advanced Host Controller Interface).

When IDE mode is selected in the SATA Mode Selection, it will display the following information:



When AHCI mode is selected in the SATA Mode Selection, it will display the following information:



## **SATA Controller Speed**

Indicates the maximum speed that the Serial ATA controller can support.

# Port 0, Port 1, mSATA Port, Port 5

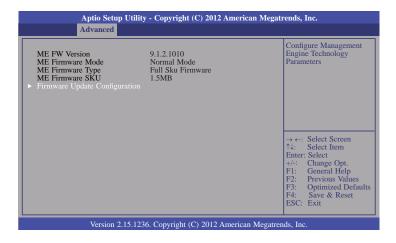
Enables or disables these Serial ATA ports.

## **Hot Plug**

Designates the serial ATA port as hot pluggable.

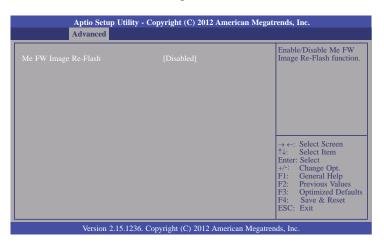
# **PCH-FW Configuration**

This section is used to configure the parameters of Management Engine Technology.



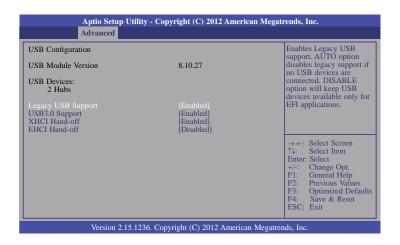
## **Firmware Update Configuration**

Enables or disables the Me FW Image Re-Flash function.



# **USB** Configuration

This section is used to configure USB.



# **Legacy USB Support**

## **Enabled**

Enables legacy USB.

## Auto

Disables support for legacy when no USB devices are connected.

#### Disabled

Keeps USB devices available only for EFI applications.

#### **USB3.0 Support**

Enable or disable the support of the USB 3.0 (XHCI) controller.

#### XHCI Hand-off

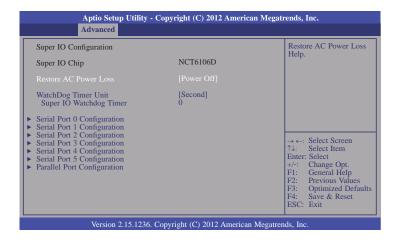
This is a workaround for OSes without the support of XHCI hand-off. The change of XHCI ownership should be claimed by the XHCI driver.

#### **EHCI Hand-off**

This is a workaround for OSes without the support of EHCI hand-off. The change of EHCI ownership should be claimed by the EHCI driver.

# **Super IO Configuration**

This section is used to configure the I/O functions supported by the onboard Super I/O chip.



#### **Restore AC Power Loss**

#### Power Off

When power returns after an AC power failure, the system's power is off. You must press the Power button to power-on the system.

## Power On

When power returns after an AC power failure, the system will automatically power-on.

#### **Last State**

When power returns after an AC power failure, the system will return to the state where you left off before power failure occurs. If the system's power is off when AC power failure occurs, it will remain off when power returns. If the system's power is on when AC power failure occurs, the system will power-on when power returns.

## **Watchdog Timer Unit**

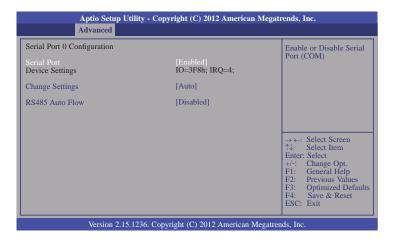
Selects the watchdog timer unit: second or minute.

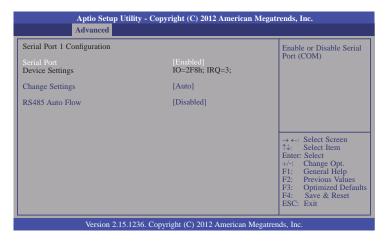
## Super IO Watchdog Timer

Sets the timeout value of the super IO watchdog timer. 0 means disabled.

# Serial Port 0 Configuration and Serial Port 5 Configuration

Sets parameters of serial port 0 (COM A) and serial port 5 (COM F).





Serial Port 2 Configuration		Enable or Disable Serial
Serial Port Device Settings	[Enabled] IO=3E8h; IRQ=7;	Port (COM)
Change Settings	[Auto]	
		→ ←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaul

Aptio Setup Utility Advanced	- Copyright (C) 2012 American M	legatrends, Inc.
Serial Port 3 Configuration Serial Port Device Settings Change Settings	[Enabled] IO=2E8h; IRQ=7; [Auto]	Enable or Disable Serial Port (COM)
		→ ←: Select Screen  ↑↓: Select Item  Enter: Select  +/-: Change Opt.  F1: General Help  F2: Previous Values  F3: Optimized Defaults  F4: Save & Reset  ESC: Exit
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		

	o Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Mo nced	egatrends, Inc.
Serial Port 4 Configu Serial Port Device Settings	[Enabled] IO=2E0h; IRQ=10;	Enable or Disable Serial Port (COM)
Change Settings	[Auto]	→ ←: Select Screen  ↑↓: Select Item  Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt.  F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Reset  ESC: Exit
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.  Advanced				
Serial Port 5 Configuration Serial Port Device Settings Change Settings	[Enabled] IO=2F0h; IRQ=10; [Auto]	Enable or Disable Serial Port (COM)		
		→←: Select Screen  ↑↓: Select Item  Enter: Select  +/-: Change Opt.  F1: General Help  F2: Previous Values  F3: Optimized Defaults  F4: Save & Reset  ESC: Exit		
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.				

#### Serial Port

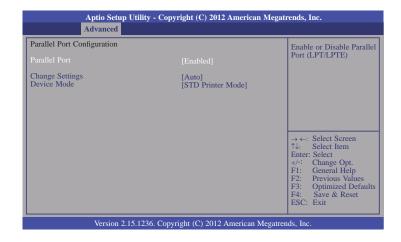
Enables or disables the serial port (COM).

## **Change Settings**

Selects the IO/IRQ settings for the super I/O device.

## **RS485 Auto Flow**

Sets the RS485 auto flow for the serial port.



#### Parallel Port

Enables or disables the parallel port (LPT/LPTE).

## **Change Settings**

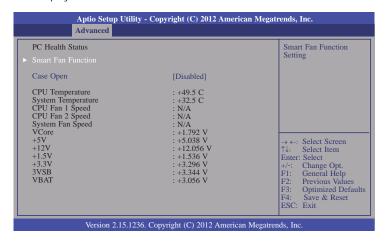
Selects the IO/IRQ settings for the super I/O device.

#### **Device Mode**

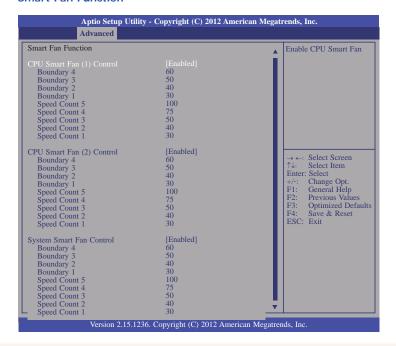
Selects the device mode for the parallel port.

#### **PC Health Status**

This section displays the hardware health monitor.



## **Smart Fan Function**



#### **CPU Smart Fan Control**

When this feature is set to Automatic, the CPU's fan speed will rotate according to the CPU's temperature. The higher the temperature, the faster the speed of rotation.

## System Smart Fan Control

When this feature is set to Automatic, the System's fan speed will rotate according to the System's temperature. The higher the temperature, the faster the speed of rotation

# Boundary 1 to Boundary 4

The range is 0-127.

# Speed Count 1 to Speed Count 5

The range is 1-100%.

## Case Open

Sets this field to Enabled to allow the system to alert you of a chassis intrusion event.

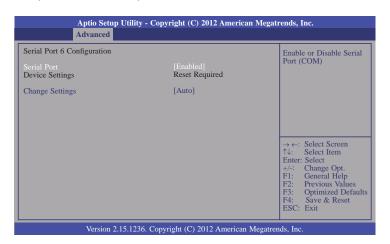
# **Second Super IO Configuration**

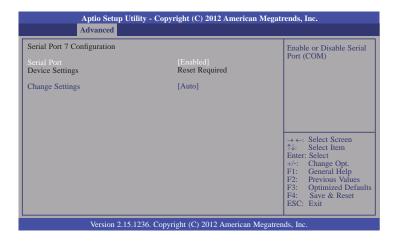
This section is used to configure the parameters of the system second super I/O chip.



## Serial Port 6 Configuration and Serial Port 7 Configuration

Sets parameters of serial port 6 and 7.





## **Serial Port**

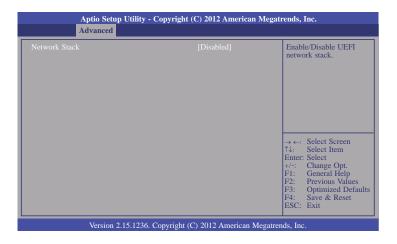
Enables or disables the serial port (COM).

# **Change Settings**

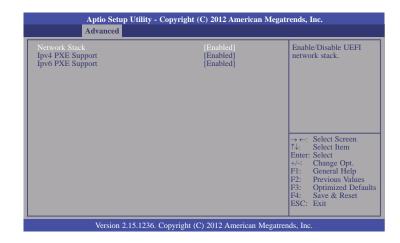
Selects the IO/IRQ settings for the super I/O device.

#### **Network Stack**

This section is used to enable or disable UEFI network stack.



When Network Stack is enabled, it will display the following information:



# **Ipv4 PXE Support**

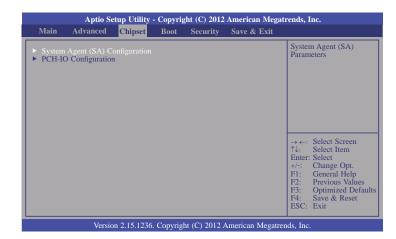
When enabled, Ipv4 PXE boot supports. When disabled, Ipv4 PXE boot option will not be created.

# **Ipv6 PXE Support**

When enabled, Ipv6 PXE boot supports. When disabled, Ipv6 PXE boot option will not be created.

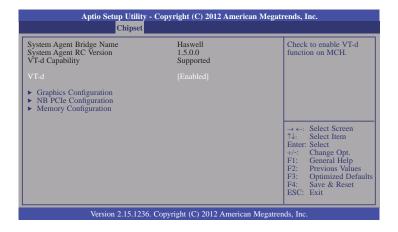
# Chipset

This section configures relevant chipset functions.



# System Agent (SA) Configuration

This section is used to configure the parameters of System Agent.

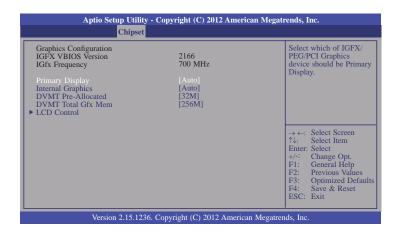


## VT-d

Checks to enable VT-d function on MCH.

# **Graphics Configuration**

This field configures the graphics settings.



# **Primary Display**

Auto When the system boots, it will auto detects the display device.

**IGFX** When the system boots, it will first initialize the onboard VGA.

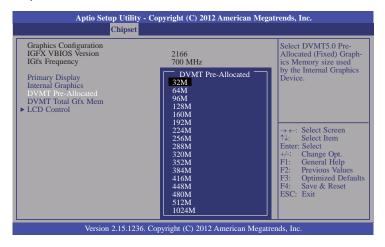
PEG When the system boots, it will first initialize the PCI Express x16 graphics card.

## **Internal Graphics**

Keeps IGD enabled based on the setup options.

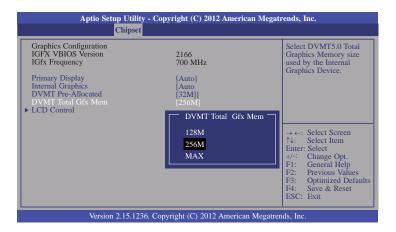
#### **DVMT Pre-Allocated**

Selects DVMT 5.0 Pre-Allocated (Fixed) Graphics Memory size used by the Internal Graphics Device. Please refer to the information below.



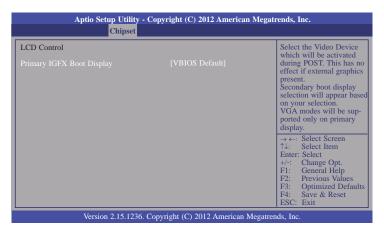
#### **DVMT Total Gfx Mem**

Selects DVMT 5.0 total graphics memory size used by the internal graphics device. Please refer to the information below.

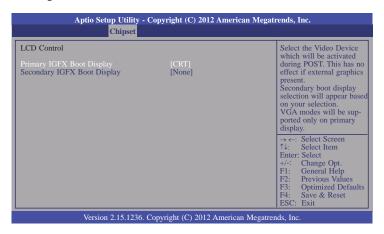


#### **LCD Control**

This field configures the LCD control.



When any device is selected in the Primary IGFX Boot Display, it will display the following information:

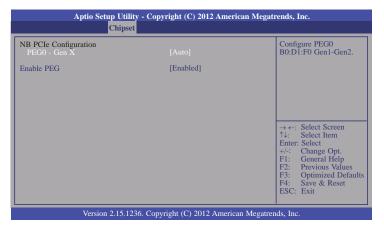


#### Secondary IGFX Boot Display

Selects the secondary display device.

# **NB PCIe Configuration**

This field is used to configure the settings of NB PCI Express.

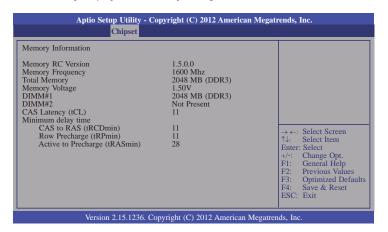


## **Enable PEG**

Enables or disables the PEG.

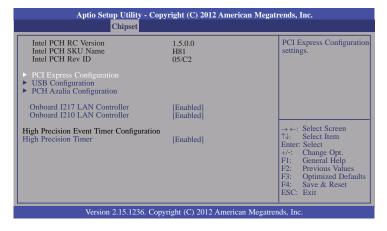
# **Memory Configuration**

This field only displays the memory configuration.



# **PCH-IO Configuration**

This section illustrates the PCH parameters.



#### **Onboard I217 LAN Controller**

Enables or disables the onboard 1217 LAN controller.

## **Onboard I210 LAN Controller**

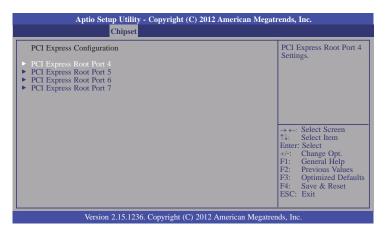
Enables or disables the onboard I210 LAN controller

# **High Precision Timer**

Enables or disables the High Precision Event Timer.

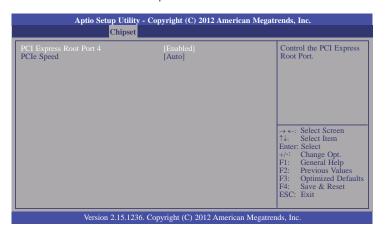
# **PCI Express Configuration**

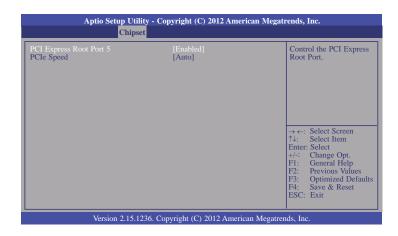
This field is used to configure the PCI Express settings.

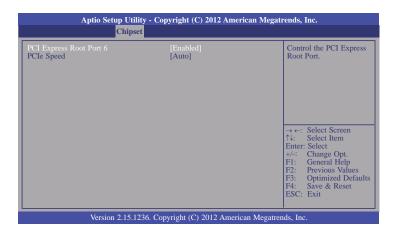


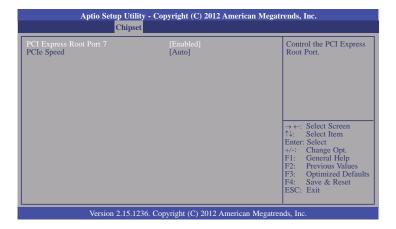
# PCI Express Root Port 4 to PCI Express Root Port 7

Enables or disables the PCI Express Root Port.







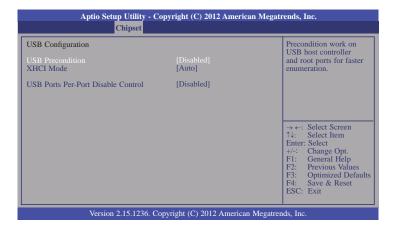


# **PCIe Speed**

Selects the speed of PCI Express port: Auto, Gen 1 or Gen 2.

# **USB** Configuration

This field is used to configure the USB settings.

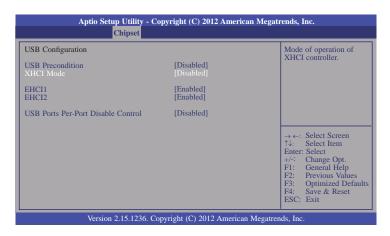


#### **USB Precondition**

Precondition works on USB host controller and root ports for faster enumeration.

## **XHCI Mode**

Selects the operation mode of XHCI controller. These options are Auto, Enabled, and Disabled. When Disabled is selected in the XHCI Mode, it will display the following information:

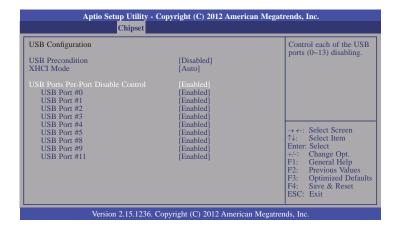


## EHCI 1 and EHCI 2

These fields are used to control the functions of USB EHCI (USB 2.0) controllers. One EHCI controller must always be enabled.

#### **USB Ports Per-Port Disable Control**

This field is used to control each of the USB ports  $(0\sim13)$  disabling. When enabled, it will display the following information:

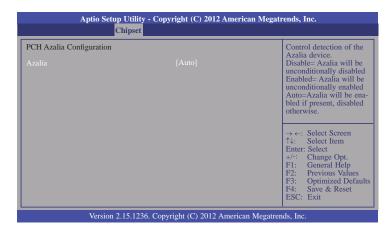


## USB Port #0/1/2/3/4/5/8/9/11

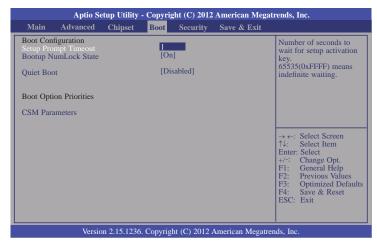
Enables or disables these USB ports.

# **PCH Azalia Configuration**

This field is used to configure the PCH Azalia settings.



# **Boot**



## **Setup Prompt Timeout**

Selects the number of seconds to wait for the setup activation key. 65535(0xFFFF) denotes indefinite waiting.

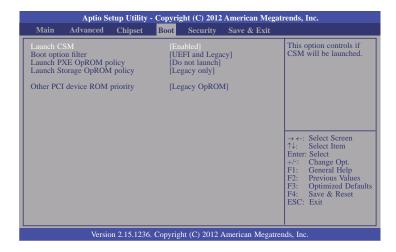
## **Bootup NumLock State**

This allows you to determine the default state of the numeric keypad. By default, the system boots up with NumLock on wherein the function of the numeric keypad is the number keys. When set to Off, the function of the numeric keypad is the arrow keys.

#### **Quiet Boot**

Enables or disables the quiet boot function.

#### **CSM Parameters**



## Launch CSM

This option controls if CSM will be launched.

## **Boot option filter**

This option controls what devices system can be boot to.

# Launch PXE OpROM policy

Controls the execution of UEFI and legacy PXE OpROM.

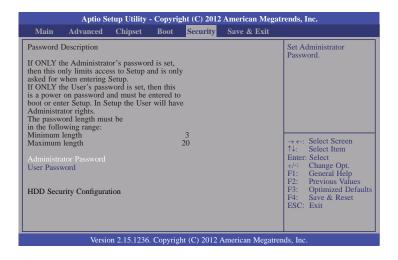
## Launch Storage OpROM policy

Controls the execution of UEFI and legacy storage OpROM.

## Other PCI device ROM priority

For PCI devices other than Network, Mass Storage, or Video defines which OpROM to launch.

# Security



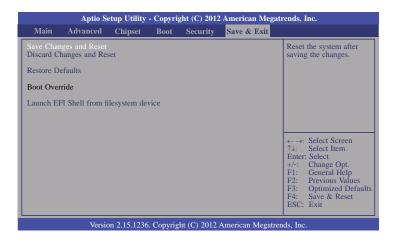
#### **Administrator Password**

Sets the administrator password.

#### **User Password**

Sets the user password.

# Save & Exit



# Save Changes and Reset

To save the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system after saving all changes made.

# **Discard Changes and Reset**

To discard the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system setup without saving any changes.

#### **Restore Defaults**

To restore and load the optimized default values, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to restore the default values of all the setup options.

## Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device

Attempts to Launch EFI Shell application (Shellx64.efi) from one of the available file-system devices.

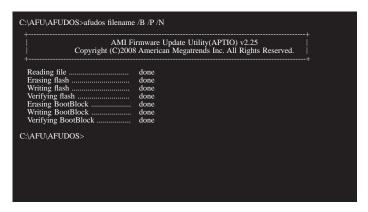
# **Updating the BIOS**

To update the BIOS, you will need the new BIOS file and a flash utility, AFUDOS. EXE. Please contact technical support or your sales representative for the files.

To execute the utility, type:

A:> AFUDOS BIOS\_File\_Name /b /p /n

then press <Enter>.



# **Notice: BIOS SPI ROM**

- The Intel® Management Engine has already been integrated into this system board. Due to the safety concerns, the BIOS (SPI ROM) chip cannot be removed from this system board and used on another system board of the same model.
- 2. The BIOS (SPI ROM) on this system board must be the original equipment from the factory and cannot be used to replace one which has been utilized on other system boards.
- 3. If you do not follow the methods above, the Intel® Management Engine will not be updated and will cease to be effective.

# 推

#### Note:

- a. You can take advantage of flash tools to update the default configuration of the BIOS (SPI ROM) to the latest version anytime.
- b. When the BIOS IC needs to be replaced, you have to populate it properly onto the system board after the EEPROM programmer has been burned and follow the technical person's instructions to confirm that the MAC address should be burned or not

# **Chapter 8 - Supported Software**

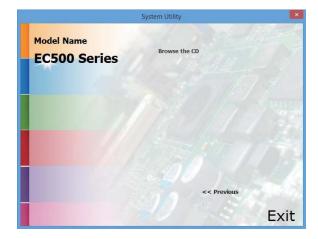
The CD that came with the system board contains drivers, utilities and software applications required to enhance the performance of the system board.

Insert the CD into a CD-ROM drive. The autorun screen (Mainboard Utility CD) will appear. If after inserting the CD, "Autorun" did not automatically start (which is, the Mainboard Utility CD screen did not appear), please go directly to the root directory of the CD and double-click "Setup".

# **Auto Run Page (For Windows 8)**

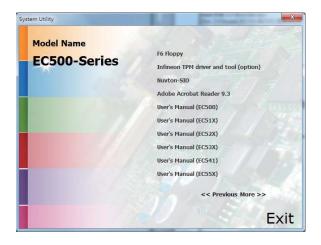






# **Auto Run Page (For Windows 7)**







# **Auto Run Pages (For Windows XP)**





# Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5 (For Windows XP)



#### Note:

Before installing Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5, make sure you have updated your Windows XP operating system to Service Pack 3.

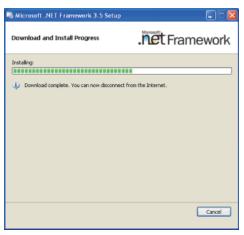
To install the driver, click "Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5" on the main menu.

Read the license agreement carefully.

Click "I have read and accept the terms of the License Agree ment" then click Install.



2. Setup is now installing the driver.



3. Click Exit.



# **Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility**

The Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility is used for updating Windows® INF files so that the Intel chipset can be recognized and configured properly in the system.

To install the utility, click "Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility" on the main menu.

1. Setup is ready to install the utility. Click Next.



2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



 Go through the readme document for more installation tips then click Next.



4. Click Finish to exit setup.



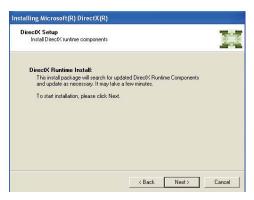
# Microsoft DirectX 9.0C (For Windows XP)

To install the utility, click "Microsoft DirectX 9.0C Driver" on the main menu.

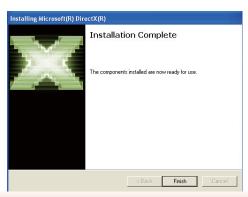
1. Click "I accept the agreement" then click Next.



2. To start installation, click Next.



Click Finish. Reboot the system for DirectX to take effect.



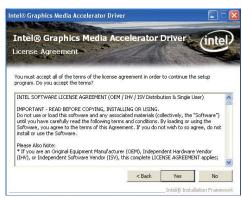
# **Intel HD Graphics Drivers (For Windows XP)**

To install the driver, click "Intel HD Graphics Drivers" on the main menu.

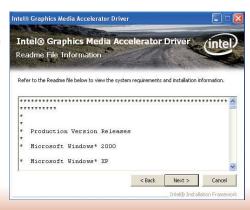
1. To start installation, click Next.



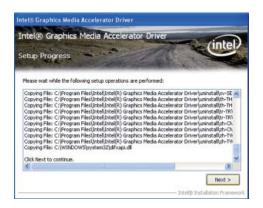
2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



 Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips then click Next.



4. Setup is now installing the driver. Click Next to continue.



Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now" then click Finish.

Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



# Intel HD Graphics Drivers (For Windows 7 and Windows 8)

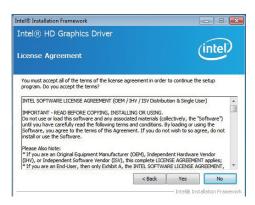
To install the driver, click "Intel HD Graphics Drivers" on the main menu.

 Setup is now ready to install the graphics driver. Click Next.



By default, the "Automatically run WinSAT and enable the Windows Aero desktop theme" is enabled. With this enabled, after installing the graphics driver and the system rebooted, the screen will turn blank for 1 to 2 minutes (while WinSAT is running) before the Windows Vista desktop appears. The "blank screen" period is the time Windows is testing the graphics performance.

2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



3. Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips then click Next.





Refer to the Readme file below to view the system requirements and installation information.

< Back Next >

(1)These operating systems supported for embedded designs and usage

(intel

Intel® Installation Framework

Intel® HD Graphics Driver

Readme File Information

Production Version Releases

Driver Revision: 15.26.3.2639 February 8, 2012

Microsoft Windows\* 7 Microsoft Windows\* Embedded Standard 7(1)

Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now" then click Finish.

Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



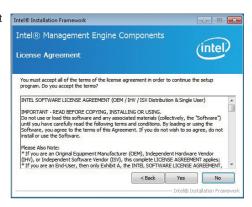
# Intel Management Engine Drivers (For Windows 7 and Windows 8)

To install the driver, click "Intel Management Engine Drivers" on the main menu.

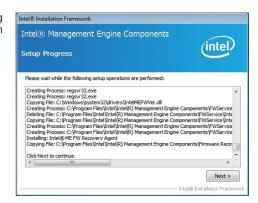
1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Next.



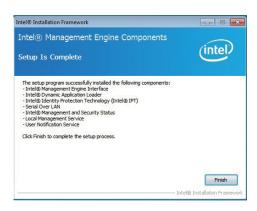
2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



 Setup is currently installing the driver. After installation has completed, click Next.



4. After completing installation, click Finish.



#### **Audio Drivers**

To install the driver, click "Audio Drivers" on the main menu.

Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Next.



 Click "Yes, I want to restart my computer now" then click Finish.

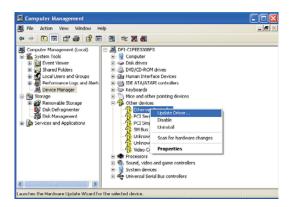
Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



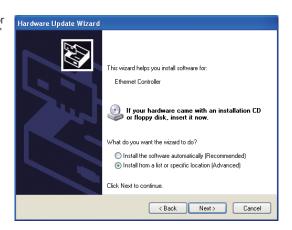
## **Intel LAN Drivers (For Windows XP)**

The LAN drivers for Windows XP supporting on the Haswell system board has to be installed manually. When you want to install the LAN driver for Windows XP, please follow the steps below to accomplish the installation.

1. Launch the Hardware Update Wizard for the selected device. Select "Update Driver."



2. Choose "Install from a list or specific location (Advanced)" and click "Next" to continue the installation.



Insert the installation disk and make sure the selected drive is correct.



(For 32-bit, the file name is "e1d5132.inf".)

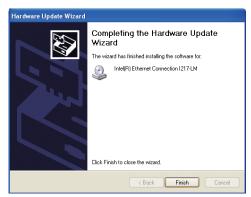
7. Select the device driver you want to install for this hardware and then click "Next."



8. Check the software you are installing, Then, click "Continue Anyway" to start the installation.



9. Click "Finish" to close the wizard. Hardware Update Wizard



10. After completing the installation, the Network adapters "Intel(R) Ethernet Connection 1217LM" will appear on the computer management list.



# **Intel LAN Drivers (For Windows 7 and Windows 8)**

To install the driver, click "Intel LAN Drivers" on the main menu.

1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Next.



Click "I accept the terms in the license agreement" then click "Next".



Select the program featuers you want installed then click Next.



4. Click Install to begin the installation.



5. After completing installation, click Finish.



# **HW Utility**

DFI Utility provides information about the board, Watchdog, and DIO. To access the utility, click "HW Utility" on the main menu.



#### Note:

If you are using Windows 7, you need to access the operating system as an administrator to be able to install the utility.

1. Setup is ready to instal the DFI Utility driver Click "Next".



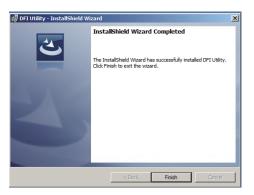
2. Click "I accept the terms in the license agreement" then click "Next".



3. Click "Install" to begin the installation.



4. After completing installa tion, click "Finish".



The DFI Utility icon will appear on the desktop. Double-click the icon to open the utility.



Information



HW Health



HW Health Set



WatchDog

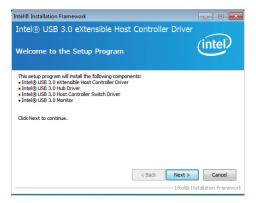


DIO

# Intel USB 3.0 Drivers (For Windows 7)

To install the driver, click "Intel USB 3.0 Driver" on the main menu.

 Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Next.



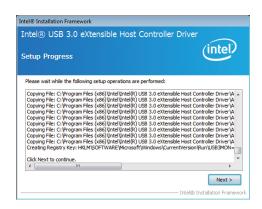
2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



 Go through the readme document for more installation tips then click Next.



 Setup is currently installing the driver. After installation has completed, click Next.



5. After completing installation, click Finish.



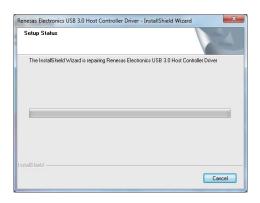
# Intel USB 3.0 Host Drivers (For Windows 7 and Windows 8)

To install the driver, click "Intel USB 3.0 Host Drivers" on the main menu.

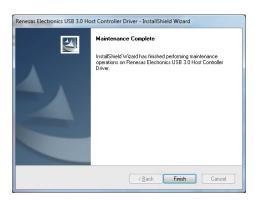
1. Click "Intel USB 3.0 Host Drivers" on the main menu to prepare the installation.



2. It indicates the setup status.



3. Click "finish" to complete the installation.



# Intel Rapid Storage Technology (For Windows 7 and Windows 8)

The Intel Rapid Storage Technology is a utility that allows you to monitor the current status of the SATA drives. It enables enhanced performance and power management for the storage subsystem.

To install the driver, click "Intel Rapid Storage Technology" on the main menu.

1. Setup is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.



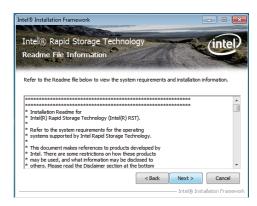
2. Read the warning then click Yes.



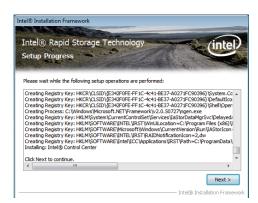
3. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



4. Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips then click Next.



5. Setup is now installing the utility. Click Next to continue.



Click "Yes, I want to restart my computer now" then click Finish.

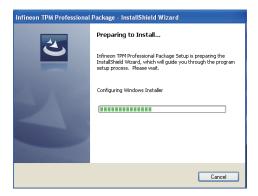
Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



# **Infineon TPM Driver and Tool (optional)**

To install the driver, click "Infineon TPM driver and tool (option)" on the main menu.

1. The setup program is preparing to install the driver.



2. The setup program is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.



3. Click "I accept the terms in the license agreement" and then click "Next".



4. Enter the necessary information and then click Next.



5. Select a setup type and then click Next.



6. Click Install.



 TPM requires installing the Microsoft Visual C++ package prior to installing the utility. Click Install.



 The setup program is currently installing the Microsoft Visual C++ package.



9. Click Finish.



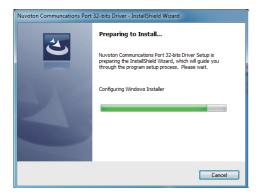
10. Click "Yes" to restart your system.



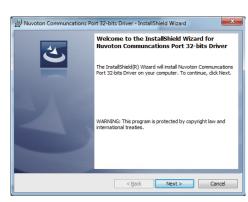
### **Nuvton-SIO**

To install the driver, click "Nuvton-SIO" on the main menu.

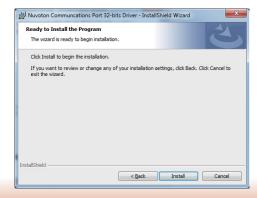
1. The setup program is preparing to install the driver.



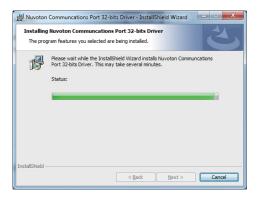
2. The setup program is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.



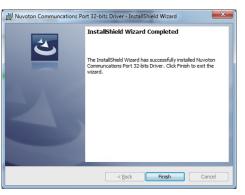
3. Click "Install" to begin the installation.



4. Installing status.



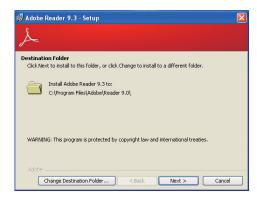
5. Click "Finish" to exit the wizard after the installation is completed.



### **Adobe Acrobat Reader 9.3**

To install the reader, click "Adobe Acrobat Reader 9.3" on the main menu.

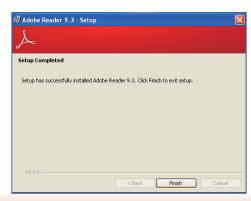
 Click Next to install or click Change Destination Folder to select another folder.



2. Click Install to begin installation.



3. Click Finish to exit installation.



# Chapter 9 - Digital I/O Programming Guide

# **Register Description**

The Input Port Register (register 0) reflects the incoming logic levels of the pins, regardless of whether the pin if defined as an input or output by the Configuration Register. They act only on the red operation. Writes to this register have no effect. The default value (X) is determined by the externally applied logic level. Before a red operation, a write transmission is sent with the command byte to indicate to the I²C device that the Input Port Regiser will be accessed next.

#### Register 0 (Input Port Register)

BIT	1-7	1-6	1-5	1-4	1-3	1-2	1-1	1-0
DEFAULT	Х	Х	X	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Χ

The Onput Port Register (register 1) shows the outgoing logic levels of the pins defined as outputs by the Configuration Register. Bit values in this register have no effect on pins defined as inputs. In turns, reads from this register reflect the value that is in the flip-flop contolling the output selection, not the actual pin value.

#### Register 1 (Onput Port Register)

BIT	0-7	0-6	O-5	0-4	0-3	0-2	0-1	0-0
DEFAULT	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

The Polarity Inversion Register (register 2) allows polarity inversion of the pins defined as inputs by the Configuration Register. If a bit in this register is set (written with 1), the corresponding port pin's polarity is inverted. If a bit in this register is clear (written with a 0), the corresponding port pin's original polarity is retained.

Register 2 (Polarity Inversion Register)

BIT	N-7	N-6	N-5	N-4	N-3	N-2	N-1	N-O
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

The Configuration Register (register 3) configures the direction of the I/O pins. If a bit in this register is set to 1, the corresponding port pin is enabled as an input with a high-impedence output driver. If a bit in this register is cleared to 0, the corresponding port is enabled as an input.

#### Register 3 (Configuration Register)

BIT	C-7	C-6	C-5	C-4	C-3	C-2	C-1	C-0
DEFAULT	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

# **Function Description**

```
I2CWriteByte(SlaveAddr, SubAddr, Data):
Write a Byte data to a specified I2C Device.

I2CReadByte(SlaveAddr, SubAddr, *Data):
Read a Byte data from a specified I2C Device.

SetBit(*Data, Bit):
Set Data bit n as "1".

CIrBit(*Data, Bit):
Set Data bit n as "0".

GetBit(Data, Bit):
Return the value of data bit n.
```

# Sample Code

# **GPIO Configuration**

```
#define SLAVE_ADDR
                               0x42
#define INPUT_PORT
                               0x00
                               0x01
#define OUTPUT PORT
                               0x02
#define INVERSION_PORT
                               0x03
#define COMFIG_PORT
GpioConfig(int PinNum, int Mode)
  BYTE TempPinNum = PinNum%8;
  //Pin0-7 Input/Output Configuration
  I2C_ReadByte(SLAVE_ADDR, CONFIG_PORT, &Data);
  if(Mode == 1){SetBit(&Data, TempPinNum);} //Input
                {ClrBit(&Data, TempPinNum);} //Output
  I2C_WriteByte(SLAVE_ADDR, CONFIG_PORT, Data);
  return 1;
```

## **GPIO Output Process**

```
#define SLAVE_ADDR
                           0x42
#define INPUT_PORT
                           0x00
#define OUTPUT PORT
                           0x01
                           0x02
#define INVERSION_PORT
#define COMFIG_PORT
                           0x03
GpioOut(int PinNum, int Level)
  BYTE Data:
  BYTE TempPinNum = PinNum%8;
  12C_ReadByte(SLAVE_ADDR, OUTPUT_PORT, &Data);
  I2C_WriteByte(SLAVE_ADDR, OUTPUT_PORT, Data);
  return 1;
```

## **GPIO Iutput Process**

```
0x42
#define SLAVE_ADDR
#define INPUT_PORT
                               0x00
                               0x01
#define OUTPUT_PORT
                               0x02
#define INVERSION PORT
                               0x03
#define COMFIG_PORT
GpioIn(int PinNum, int *Status)
   BYTE Data:
   BYTE Group = PinNum/8;
   BYTE TempPinNum = PinNum%8;
   //Pin0-7
   I2C_ReadByte(SLAVE_ADDR, INPUT_PORT, &Data);
   *Status = GetBit(Data, TempPinNum);
  return 1;
```

# **Appendix A - Watchdog Sample Code**

;Software programming example:							
;; ;(1) Enter Super IO Configuration mode :							
MOV MOV OUT	DX,4EH AL,87H DX,AL DX,AL						
;(2) Co timer)	nfiguration Logic	al Device 8, register CRF0/CRF1 (WDT Control/WDT					
MOV MOV	DX,4EH AL,07H DX,AL	;Ready to Program Logical Device					
MOV MOV OUT	DX,4FH AL,08H DX,AL	;Select Logical Device 8					
MOV MOV OUT	DX,4EH AL, F1H DX,AL	;Select watchdog timer register					
MOV MOV OUT	DX,4FH AL,10H DX,AL	;Set watchdog timer value					
MOV MOV OUT	DX,4EH AL, F0H DX,AL	;Select watchdog Control Register					
MOV MOV OUT	DX,4FH AL,02H DX,AL	;Set Watchdog Control Value					
;(1) Exit	extended function						
MOV MOV	DX,4EH AL,AAH DX,AL						

# **Appendix B - System Error Message**

When the BIOS encounters an error that requires the user to correct something, either a beep code will sound or a message will be displayed in a box in the middle of the screen and the message, PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, CTRL-ALT-ESC or DEL TO ENTER SETUP, will be shown in the information box at the bottom. Enter Setup to correct the error.

## **Error Messages**

One or more of the following messages may be displayed if the BIOS detects an error during the POST. This list indicates the error messages for all Awards BIOSes:

#### **CMOS BATTERY HAS FAILED**

The CMOS battery is no longer functional. It should be replaced.



#### Important:

Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the battery manufacturer's instructions.

#### **CMOS CHECKSUM ERROR**

Checksum of CMOS is incorrect. This can indicate that CMOS has become corrupt. This error may have been caused by a weak battery. Check the battery and replace if necessary.

#### **DISPLAY SWITCH IS SET INCORRECTLY**

The display switch on the motherboard can be set to either monochrome or color. This indicates the switch is set to a different setting than indicated in Setup. Determine which setting is correct, either turn off the system and change the jumper or enter Setup and change the VIDEO selection.

#### FLOPPY DISK(S) fail (80)

Unable to reset floppy subsystem.

#### FLOPPY DISK(S) fail (40)

Floppy type mismatch.

#### Hard Disk(s) fail (80)

HDD reset failed.

#### Hard Disk(s) fail (40)

HDD controller diagnostics failed.

#### Hard Disk(s) fail (20)

HDD initialization error.

#### Hard Disk(s) fail (10)

Unable to recalibrate fixed disk.

#### Hard Disk(s) fail (08)

Sector Verify failed.

#### Keyboard is locked out - Unlock the key

The BIOS detects that the keyboard is locked. Keyboard controller is pulled low.

#### Keyboard error or no keyboard present

Cannot initialize the keyboard. Make sure the keyboard is attached correctly and no keys are being pressed during the boot.

#### Manufacturing POST loop

System will repeat POST procedure infinitely while the keyboard controller is pull low. This is also used for the M/B burn in test at the factory.

#### BIOS ROM checksum error - System halted

The checksum of ROM address F0000H-FFFFFH is bad.

#### Memory test fail

The BIOS reports memory test fail if the memory has error(s).

# **Appendix C - Troubleshooting Checklist**

# **Troubleshooting Checklist**

This chapter of the manual is designed to help you with problems that you may encounter with your personal computer. To efficiently troubleshoot your system, treat each problem individually. This is to ensure an accurate diagnosis of the problem in case a problem has multiple causes.

Some of the most common things to check when you encounter problems while using your system are listed below.

- 1. The power switch of each peripheral device is turned on.
- 2. All cables and power cords are tightly connected.
- 3. The electrical outlet to which your peripheral devices are connected is working. Test the outlet by plugging in a lamp or other electrical device.
- 4. The monitor is turned on.
- 5. The display's brightness and contrast controls are adjusted properly.
- 6. All add-in boards in the expansion slots are seated securely.
- 7. Any add-in board you have installed is designed for your system and is set up correctly.

## Monitor/Display

#### If the display screen remains dark after the system is turned on:

- 1. Make sure that the monitor's power switch is on.
- 2. Check that one end of the monitor's power cord is properly attached to the monitor and the other end is plugged into a working AC outlet. If necessary, try another outlet.
- Check that the video input cable is properly attached to the monitor and the system's display adapter.
- 4. Adjust the brightness of the display by turning the monitor's brightness control knob.

#### The picture seems to be constantly moving.

- 1. The monitor has lost its vertical sync. Adjust the monitor's vertical sync.
- Move away any objects, such as another monitor or fan, that may be creating a magnetic field around the display.
- 3. Make sure your video card's output frequencies are supported by this monitor.

#### The screen seems to be constantly wavering.

1. If the monitor is close to another monitor, the adjacent monitor may need to be turned off. Fluorescent lights adjacent to the monitor may also cause screen wavering.

### **Power Supply**

#### When the computer is turned on, nothing happens.

- 1. Check that one end of the AC power cord is plugged into a live outlet and the other end properly plugged into the back of the system.
- 2. Make sure that the voltage selection switch on the back panel is set for the correct type of voltage you are using.
- 3. The power cord may have a "short" or "open". Inspect the cord and install a new one if necessary.

## **Floppy Drive**

#### The computer cannot access the floppy drive.

- 1. The floppy diskette may not be formatted. Format the diskette and try again.
- 2. The diskette may be write-protected. Use a diskette that is not write-protected.
- 3. You may be writing to the wrong drive. Check the path statement to make sure you are writing to the targeted drive.
- 4. There is not enough space left on the diskette. Use another diskette with adequate storage space.

#### **Hard Drive**

#### Hard disk failure.

- 1. Make sure the correct drive type for the hard disk drive has been entered in the BIOS.
- 2. If the system is configured with two hard drives, make sure the bootable (first) hard drive is configured as Master and the second hard drive is configured as Slave. The master hard drive must have an active/bootable partition.

#### Excessively long formatting period.

If your hard drive takes an excessively long period of time to format, it is likely a cable connection problem. However, if your hard drive has a large capacity, it will take a longer time to format.

#### **Serial Port**

# The serial device (modem, printer) doesn't output anything or is outputting garbled characters.

- 1. Make sure that the serial device's power is turned on and that the device is on-line.
- 2. Verify that the device is plugged into the correct serial port on the rear of the computer.
- 3. Verify that the attached serial device works by attaching it to a serial port that is working and configured correctly. If the serial device does not work, either the cable or the serial device has a problem. If the serial device works, the problem may be due to the onboard I/O or the address setting.
- 4. Make sure the COM settings and I/O address are configured correctly.

## Keyboard

#### Nothing happens when a key on the keyboard was pressed.

- 1. Make sure the keyboard is properly connected.
- 2. Make sure there are no objects resting on the keyboard and that no keys are pressed during the booting process.

# **System Board**

- 1. Make sure the add-in card is seated securely in the expansion slot. If the add-in card is loose, power off the system, re-install the card and power up the system.
- 2. Check the jumper settings to ensure that the jumpers are properly set.
- 3. Verify that all memory modules are seated securely into the memory sockets.
- 4. Make sure the memory modules are in the correct locations.
- If the board fails to function, place the board on a flat surface and seat all socketed components. Gently press each component into the socket.
- 6. If you made changes to the BIOS settings, re-enter setup and load the BIOS defaults.