



CS636-C246/Q370

ATX Industrial Motherboard User's Manual

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FCC and DOC Statement on Class B

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- · Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio TV technician for help.

Notice:

- 1. The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.
- 2. Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

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About this Manual

This manual can be downloaded from the website, or acquired as an electronic file included in the optional CD/DVD. The manual is subject to change and update without notice, and may be based on editions that do not resemble your actual products. Please visit our website or contact our sales representatives for the latest editions.

Warranty

- Warranty does not cover damages or failures that arised from misuse of the product, inability to use the product, unauthorized replacement or alteration of components and product specifications.
- 2. The warranty is void if the product has been subjected to physical abuse, improper installation, modification, accidents or unauthorized repair of the product.
- Unless otherwise instructed in this user's manual, the user may not, under any circumstances, attempt to perform service, adjustments or repairs on the product, whether in or out of warranty. It must be returned to the purchase point, factory or authorized service agency for all such work.
- 4. We will not be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequencial damages to the product that has been modified or altered.

Static Electricity Precautions

It is quite easy to inadvertently damage your PC, system board, components or devices even before installing them in your system unit. Static electrical discharge can damage computer components without causing any signs of physical damage. You must take extra care in handling them to ensure against electrostatic build-up.

- To prevent electrostatic build-up, leave the system board in its anti-static bag until you are ready to install it.
- 2. Wear an antistatic wrist strap.
- 3. Do all preparation work on a static-free surface.
- Hold the device only by its edges. Be careful not to touch any of the components, contacts or connections.
- Avoid touching the pins or contacts on all modules and connectors. Hold modules or connectors by their ends.



Important:

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your processor, disk drive and other components. Perform the upgrade instruction procedures described at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

Safety Measures

- To avoid damage to the system, use the correct AC input voltage range.
- To reduce the risk of electric shock, unplug the power cord before removing the system chassis cover for installation or servicing. After installation or servicing, cover the system chassis before plugging the power cord.

About the Package

The package contains the following items. If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your dealer or sales representative for assistance.

- One CS636-246/CS636-Q370 motherboard
- One I/O shield
- One Serial ATA data cable (Length: 500mm)
- One COM port cable (Length: 300mm)
- One M.2 standoff (M2X4L, M2.5x4.5L)
- Two M.2 screws (I-head, M2x4)
- · One Ouick Reference

The board and accessories in the package may not come similar to the information listed above. This may differ in accordance with the sales region or models in which it was sold. For more information about the standard package in your region, please contact your dealer or sales representative.

Optional Items

- USB 2.0 / USB 3.1 cable
- COM cable
- SATA cable
- Thernal Solution (Heat sink and fan)
- · DP-to-HDMI dongle

The board and accessories in the package may not come similar to the information listed above. This may differ in accordance with the sales region or models in which it was sold. For more information about the standard package in your region, please contact your dealer or sales representative.

Before Using the System Board

When installing the system board in a new system, you will need at least the following internal components.

- CPU
- Memory module
- Storage device such as hard disk drive, CD-ROM, etc.
- Power adaptor

External system peripherals may also be required for navigation and display, including at least a keyboard, a mouse and a video display monitor.

Chapter 1 - Introduction

▶ Specifications

SYSTEM	Processor	LGA 1151 Socket 8th Generation Intel® Processors: Xeon® E-2176G (6 Cores, 12M Cache, up to 4.7 GHz); 80W Xeon® E-2124G (4 Cores, 8M Cache, up to 4.5 GHz); 71W Core™ i7-8700K (6 Cores, 12M Cache, up to 4.7 GHz); 95W Core™ i7-8700T (6 Cores, 12M Cache, up to 4.6 GHz); 65W Core™ i7-8700T (6 Cores, 12M Cache, up to 4.0 GHz); 35W Core™ i5-8500 (6 Cores, 9M Cache, up to 4.1 GHz); 65W Core™ i5-8500T (6 Cores, 9M Cache, up to 3.5 GHz); 35W Core™ i3-8100T (4 Cores, 6M Cache, 3.6 GHz); 65W Core™ i3-8100T (4 Cores, 6M Cache, 3.1 GHz); 35W Pentium® G5400 (2 Cores, 4M Cache, 3.1 GHz); 35W Pentium® G5400T (2 Cores, 2M Cache, 3.1 GHz); 35W Celeron® G4900 (2 Cores, 2M Cache, 3.1 GHz); 54W Celeron® G4900T (2 Cores, 2M Cache, 2.9 GHz); 35W 9th Generation Intel® Processors: Xeon® E-2278GE (8 Cores, 16M Cache, up to 4.7 GHz); 80W Xeon® E-2278GEL (8 Cores, 16M Cache, up to 3.9 GHz); 35W Core™ i9-9900K (8 Cores, 12M Cache, up to 4.6 GHz); 80W Core™ i9-9900K (8 Cores, 12M Cache, up to 4.9 GHz); 95W Core™ i7-9700E (8 Cores, 12M Cache, up to 4.4 GHz); 65W Core™ i7-9700TE (8 Cores, 12M Cache, up to 4.4 GHz); 65W Core™ i7-9700TE (8 Cores, 12M Cache, up to 4.4 GHz); 65W Core™ i7-9700TE (8 Cores, 12M Cache, up to 3.8 GHz); 35W Core™ i7-9700TE (8 Cores, 9M Cache, up to 3.8 GHz); 35W Core™ i7-9700TE (8 Cores, 9M Cache, up to 3.6 GHz); 35W Core™ i3-9100TE (4 Cores, 6M Cache, up to 3.2 GHz); 65W Core™ i3-9100TE (4 Cores, 6M Cache, up to 3.2 GHz); 35W Note: Xeon® processors only for C246 SKU
	Chipset	Intel® Q370/C246 Chipset
	Memory	Four 288-pin DIMM up to 64GB Dual Channel DDR4 2400/2666MHz ECC only supported by C246
	BIOS	SPI 128Mbit
GRAPHICS	Controller	Intel® HD Gen 9 Graphics
	Feature	OpenGL 5.0, DirectX 12, OpenCL 2.1 HW Decode: AVC/H.264, MPEG2, VC1/WMV9, JPEG/MJPEG, HEVC/H265, VP8, VP9 HW Encode: MPEG2, AVC/H264, JPEG, HEVC/H265, VP8, VP9
	Display	1 x VGA, resolution up to 1920x1200 @ 60Hz 2 x DP++, resolution up to 4096x2160 @ 60Hz
	Triple Displays	VGA + DP++ + DP++

EXPANSION	Interface	1 PCIe x16 or 2 PCIex8 (Gen 3) 2 x PCIe x4 (Gen 3) 3 x PCIe x1 (Gen 3) 1 x M.2 2242/2260/2280 M key (PCIe x4 NVMe, Intel Optane Memory Support) 1 x M.2 2230 E key (PCIe x2 NVMe, USB 2.0)
AUDIO	Audio Codec	Realtek ALC888
ETHERNET	Controller	1 x Intel® I211AT PCIe (10/100/1000Mbps) 1 x Intel® I219LM PCIe with iAMT12.0 (10/100/1000Mbps) (only Xeon Core/ i7/i5 supports iAMT)
REAR I/O	Ethernet	2 x GbE (RJ-45)
	USB	2 x USB 3.1 Gen1 4 x USB 3.1 Gen2
	Serial	1 x RS-232/422/485 (RS-232 w/ power) (DB-9) 1 x RS-232
	Display	1 x VGA 2 x DP++
	Audio	1 x Line-out, 1 x Mic-in, 1 x Line-in (opt.)
INTERNAL I/O	Serial	3 x RS-232 (2.54mm pitch) 1 x RS-232/422/485
	USB	2 x USB 3.1 Gen1 (Box header) 4 x USB 2.0 (2.54mm pitch) (4 x Pin Header)
	Audio	1 x S/PDIF, 1 x Front Audio Header
	SATA	4 x SATA 3.0 (2 for double stack connector; 2 for 7 pin SATA connectors with power) RAID 0/1/5/10
	DIO	1 x 8-bit DIO
	SMBus	1 x SMBus
WATCHDOG TIMER	Output & Interval	System Reset, Programmable via Software from 1 to 255 Seconds
SECURITY	TPM	TPM 2.0 (opt., MOQ required)
POWER	Type	ATX
	Connector	8-pin ATX 12V power 24-pin ATX power
	RTC Battery	CR2032 Coin Cell
OS SUPPORT		Windows 10 IoT Enterprise 64-bit Linux
ENVIRON- MENT	Temperature	Operating: 0 to 60°C Storage: -30 to 60°C with RTC Battery; -40 to 85°C without RTC Battery
	Humidity	Operating: 5 to 90% RH; Storage: 5 to 90% RH
MECHANICAL	Dimensions	ATX Form Factor: 305mm (12") x 244mm (9.6")

▶ Features

Watchdog Timer

The Watchdog Timer function allows your application to regularly "clear" the system at the set time interval. If the system hangs or fails to function, it will reset at the set time interval so that your system will continue to operate.

DDR4

DDR4 delivers increased system bandwidth and improves performance. The advantages of DDR4 provide an extended battery life and improve the performance at a lower power than DDR3/DDR2.

Graphics

The integrated Intel® HD graphics engine delivers an excellent blend of graphics performance and features to meet business needs. It provides excellent video and 3D graphics with outstanding graphics responsiveness. These enhancements deliver the performance and compatibility needed for today's and tomorrow's business applications.

Serial ATA

Serial ATA is a storage interface that is compliant with SATA 1.0a specification. With speed of up to 6Gb/s (SATA 3.0), it improves hard drive performance faster than the standard parallel ATA whose data transfer rate is 100MB/s.

Gigabit LAN

Two Intel® Gigabit LAN controllers (Intel® I211AT and Intel® I219LM PCI Express Gigabit Ethernet controllers) support up to 1Gbps data transmission.

Audio

The Realtek ALC888 audio codec provides high-performance of 7.1+2 channel High Definition audio output.

Wake-On-LAN

This feature allows the network to remotely wake up a Soft Power Down (Soft-Off) PC. It is supported via the onboard LAN port or via a PCI LAN card that uses the PCI PME (Power Management Event) signal. However, if your system is in the Suspend mode, you can power-on the system only through an IRQ or DMA interrupt.

Wake-On-USB

This function allows you to use a USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up a system from the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state.

PCI Express

PCI Express is a high bandwidth I/O infrastructure that possesses the ability to scale speeds by forming multiple lanes. The x4 PCI Express lane supports transfer rate of 4 Gigabyte per second (2 directions). The PCI Express architecture also supports high performance graphics infrastructure by enhancing the capability of a PCIe x16 Gen 3 at 16GB/s bandwidth (8GB/s in each direction).

ACPI STR

The system board is designed to meet the ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) specification. ACPI has energy saving features that enables PCs to implement Power Management and Plug-and-Play with operating systems that support OS Direct Power Management. ACPI when enabled in the Power Management Setup will allow you to use the Suspend to RAM function.

With the Suspend to RAM function enabled, you can power-off the system at once by pressing the power button or selecting "Standby" when you shut down Windows® without having to go through the sometimes tiresome process of closing files, applications and operating system. This is because the system is capable of storing all programs and data files during the entire operating session into RAM (Random Access Memory) when it powers-off. The operating session will resume exactly where you left off the next time you power-on the system.

Power Failure Recovery

When power returns after an AC power failure, you may choose to either power-on the system manually or let the system power-on automatically.

USB

The system board supports the new USB 3.1 Gen 2. It is capable of running at a maximum transmission speed of up to 10 Gbit/s (1.2 GB/s) and is faster than USB 3.1 Gen 1 (5 Gbit/s, or 625 MB/s), USB 2.0 (480 Mbit/s, or 60 MB/s) and USB 1.1 (12Mb/s). USB 3.1 reduces the time required for data transmission, reduces power consumption, and is backward compatible with USB 2.0. It is a marked improvement in device transfer speeds between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

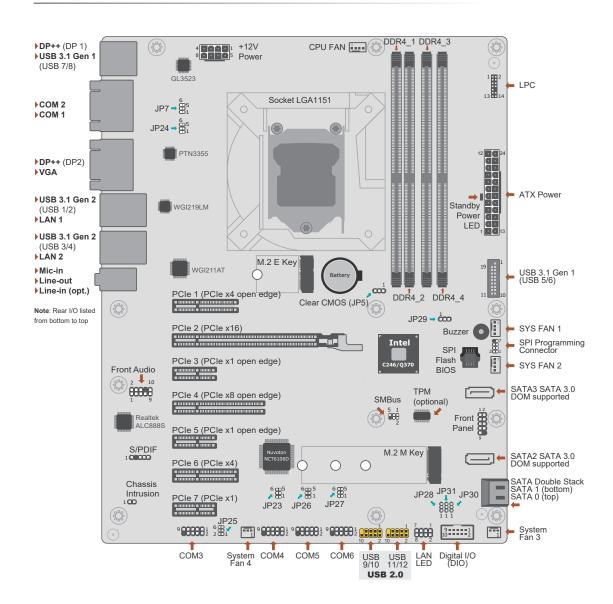
RTC Timer

The Real Time Clock (RTC) installed on the system board allows your system to automatically power-on on the set date and time.

HARDWARE INSTALLATION

Chapter 2 - Hardware Installation

▶ Board Layout





Note:

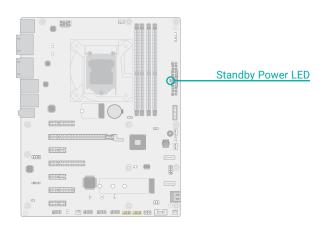
Some components are optional and only available upon request.



Important:

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your board, processor, disk drives, add-in boards, and other components. Perform installation procedures at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

▶ Standby Power LED

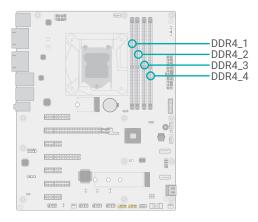




Important:

When the Standby Power LED lit red, it indicates that there is power on the system board. Power-off the PC then unplug the power cord prior to installing any devices. Failure to do so will cause severe damage to the motherboard and components.

System Memory



The system board supports the following memory interface.

Single Channel (SC)

Data will be accessed in chunks of 64 bits from the memory channels.

Dual Channel (DC)

Data will be accessed in chunks of 128 bits from the memory channels. Dual channel provides better system performance because it doubles the data transfer rate.

Single Channel DIMMs are on the same channel. DIMMs in a channel can be identical or completely different. However, we highly recommend using

identical DIMMs. Not all slots need to be populated.

identical blivings. Not all slots fleed to be populated.

Dual Channel DIMMs of the same memory configuration are on different channels.

Features

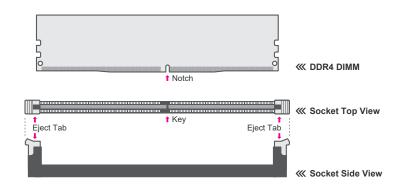
- CS636-C246: Four 288-pin ECC/Non-ECC DIMM up to 64GB
- CS636-Q370: Four 288-pin Non-ECC DIMM up to 64GB
- Dual Channel DDR4 2400/2666 MHz

System Memory

Installing the DIMM Module

Before installing the memory module, please make sure that the following safety cautions are well-attended.

- Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to it has been powered down.
- 2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
- 3. Locate the DIMM socket on the system board
- 4. Make sure the notch on memory card is aligned to the key on the socket.



Please follow the steps below to install the memory card into the socket.

Step 1:

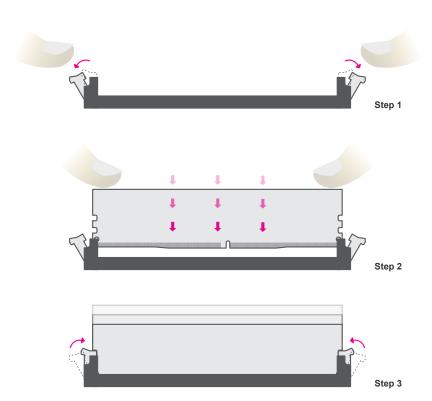
Press the eject tabs at both ends of the socket outward and downward to release them from the locked position.

Step 2:

Insert the memory card into the slot while making sure the notch and the key are aligned. Press the card down firmly with fingers while applying and maintaining even pressure on both ends.

Step 3:

The tabs snap automatically to the edges of the card and lock the card in place.



System Memory

Removing the DIMM Module

Please follow the steps below to remove the memory card from the socket.

Step 1:

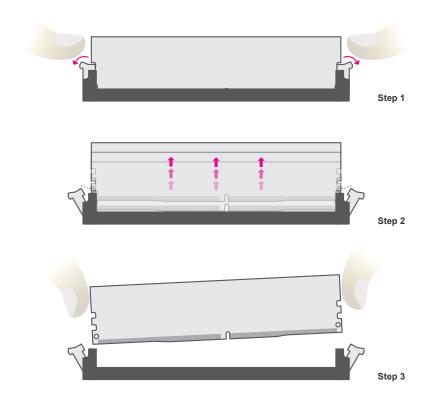
Press the eject tabs at both ends of the socket outward and downward to release them from the locked position.

Step 2:

The memory card ejects from the slot automatically.

Step 3:

Hold the card by its edges and remove it from the slot.



▶ CPU

The system board is equipped with a surface mount LGA 1151 socket. This socket is exclusively designed for installing a LGA 1151 packaged Intel CPU.



Important:

- 1. Before you proceed, make sure (1) the LGA 1151 socket comes with a protective cap, (2) the cap is not damaged and (3) the socket's contact pins are not bent. If the cap is missing or the cap and/or contact pins are damaged, contact your dealer immediately.
- 2. Make sure to keep the protective cap. RMA requests will be accepted and processed only if the LGA 1151 socket comes with the protective cap.



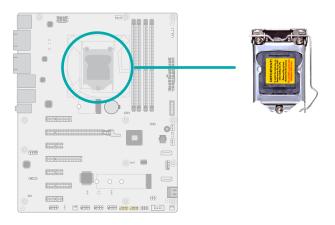


Note:

The system board used in the following illustrations may not resemble the actual board. These illustrations and photos are for reference only.

Installing the CPU

- Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to it have been powered down.
- 2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.



3. Locate the LGA 1151 CPU socket on the system board.



Important:

The CPU socket must not come in contact with anything other than the CPU. Avoid unnecessary exposure. Remove the protective cap only when you are about to install the CPU.

 Unlock the socket by pressing the load lever down, moving it sideways until to escape the retention tab. Lift the load lever up when it's released.



HARDWARE INSTALLATION

► CPU ► Installing the CPU

 Lift the load lever and the load plate all the way up as shown in the photo.



 Remove the protective cap from the CPU socket. The cap is used to protect the CPU socket against dust and harmful particles. Remove the protective cap only when you are about to install the CPU.



7-1.Insert the CPU into the socket. The gold triangular mark on the CPU must align with the chamfer corner of the CPU socket shown in the photo.



Protective cap

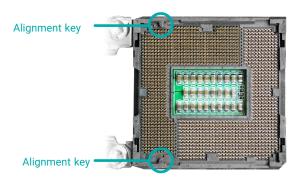
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Important:

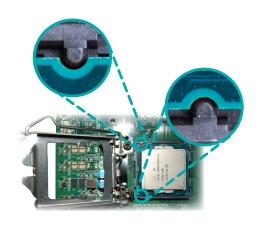
The CPU will fit in only one orientation and can easily be seated without exerting any force.

► CPU ► Installing the CPU

7-2. Two keys on the socket and notches on the CPU also facilitate alignment.



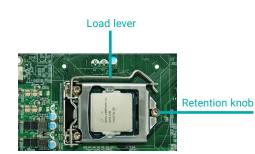
7-3.The CPU's notch will fit into the socket's alignment key when it's seated in the correct orientation.



8. Close the load plate then push the load lever down.

While closing the load plate, make sure the front edge of the load plate slides under the retention knob.

9. Press down the load lever and hook it under the retention tab.



Installing the Fan and Heat Sink

The CPU must be kept cool by using a CPU fan with heat sink. Without sufficient air circulation across the CPU and heat sink, the CPU will overheat damaging both the CPU and system board.



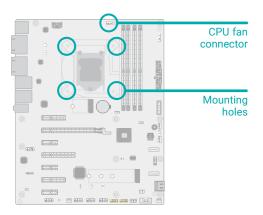
Note:

A boxed Intel® processor already includes the CPU fan and heat sink assembly. If your CPU was purchased separately, make sure to only use Intel®-certified fan and heat sink.

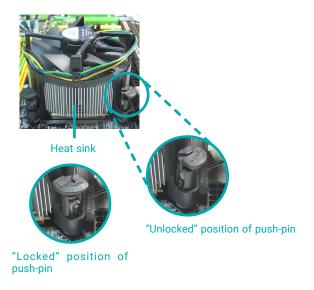
 Before you install the fan / heat sink, you must apply a thermal paste onto the top of the CPU. The thermal paste is usually supplied when you purchase the fan / heat sink assembly. Do not spread the paste all over the surface. When you later place the heat sink on top of the CPU, the compound will disperse evenly.

Some heat sinks come with a patch of pre-applied thermal paste. Do not apply thermal paste if the fan / heat sink already has a patch of thermal paste on its underside. Peel the strip that covers the paste before you place the fan / heat sink on top of the CPU.

- 2. Place the heat sink on top of the CPU. The 4 spring screws around the heat sink, which are used to secure the heat sink onto the system board, must match the 4 mounting holes around the socket.
- 3. Orient the heat sink so that the CPU fan's cable is nearest the CPU fan connector.



4. Screw tight two of the spring screws at opposite corners into the mounting holes. And then proceed with the other two spring screws.

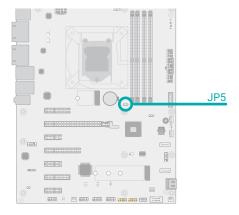


5. Connect the CPU fan's cable to the CPU fan connector on the system board.

HARDWARE INSTALLATION

▶ Jumper Settings

Clear CMOS

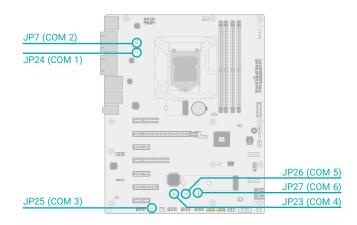


If any anomaly of the followings is encountered -

- a) CMOS data is corrupted;
- b) you forgot the supervisor or user password;
- c) failure to start the system due to BIOS mis-configuration
- it is suggested that the system be reconfigured with default values stored in the ROM BIOS. To load the default values stored in the ROM BIOS, please follow the steps below.
 - 1. Power-off the system and unplug the power cord.
 - 2. Put a jumper cap on pin 2 and pin 3. Wait for a few seconds and set it back to its default setting, i.e. jumper cap on pin 1 and pin 2.
 - 3. Plug the power cord and power-on the system.



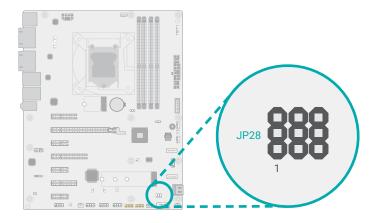
RS232 Power Select



All the six COM ports support the three power configurations — Standard RS232 (default), RS232 with 5V power, RS232 with 12V power. These power modes are configured via jumper settings as illustrated. Each of the 6-pin jumpers corresponds to one of the COM ports — JP24 (COM1), JP7 (COM2), JP25 (COM3), JP23 (COM4), JP26 (COM5), JP27 (COM6).



Digital I/O (DIO) Power Select



JP28 is used to select the power of Digital I/O: +5VDU (default) or +5V.



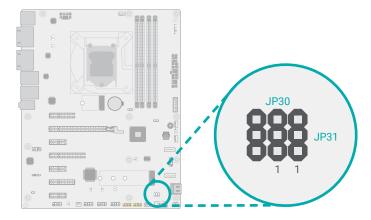




■ 2-3 On: +5V

▶ Jumper Settings

Digital I/O (DIO) Power Supply



The Digital I/O can be configured to use the power bus of the Digital I/O connector for power supply or not. JP30 is used to select for DIO0~DIO3. JP31 is used to select for DIO4~DIO7.

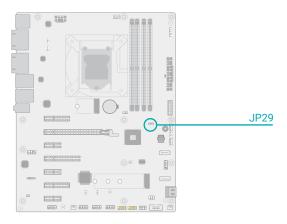


■ 1-2 On: DIO power used (default)



■ 2-3 On: GND

PCIE2 Signal Select

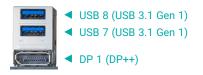


The PCle x16 channel can be configured as one PCle x16 slot or two PCle x8 slots via a jumper, i.e. JP29. The configurations are listed and illustrated below.



Graphics Display



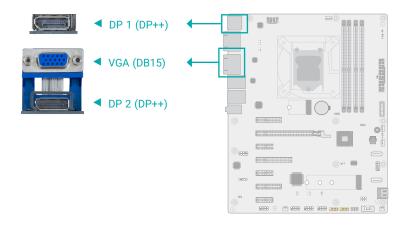












The display ports consist of the following:

- 1 VGA port
- 2 DP++ ports

VGA Port

The VGA port is used for connecting a VGA monitor. Connect the monitor's 15-pin D-shell cable connector to the VGA port. After you plug the monitor's cable connector into the VGA port, gently tighten the cable screws to hold the connector in place.

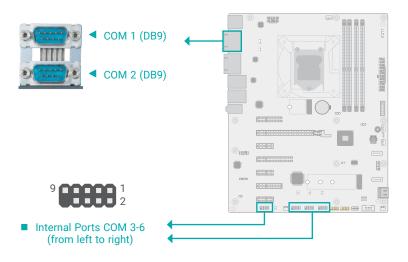
DP++ Port

The DP++ port which carries both digital audio and video signals is used to connect a LCD monitor or a digital TV that has the DP++ port.

Driver Installation

Install the graphics driver. Refer to the chapter 4 for more information.

COM (Serial) ports



The serial ports are asynchronous communication ports with 16C550A-compatible UARTs that can be used with modems, serial printers, remote display terminals, and other serial devices.

COM 1 (Rear Port) and COM 3 (Internal Port) support three serial modes, i.e. RS232, RS422, and RS485. COM 2 (Rear Port) and COM 4 - 6 (Internal Ports) support only RS232 as summarized in the table below. Serial modes of all the COM ports are configured via BIOS settings as instructed in the BIOS chapter.

COM Port's Serial Mode Availability

COM Port	RS232	RS422	RS485
1	0	0	0
2	0	Χ	Χ
3	0	0	0
4	0	Χ	Χ
5	0	Χ	Χ
6	0	Χ	Χ

The pin assignment of each mode mentioned above is listed below.

COM Port Pin Assignment

	RS232	2 Standard	RS232 wit	h +5V/+12V	RS	6422	RS	8485
Pin	DB9	Box header	DB9	Box header	DB9	Box header	DB9	Box header
1	DCD	DCD	DCD	DCD	TX-	TX-	D-	D-
2	SIN	DSR	SIN	DSR	TX+	N.C.	D+	N.C.
3	SOUT	SIN	SOUT	SIN	RX+	TX+	N.C.	D+
4	DTR	RTS	DTR	RTS	RX-	N.C.	N.C.	N.C.
5	GND	SOUT	GND	SOUT	GND	RX+	GND	N.C.
6	DSR	CTS	DSR	CTS	N.C.	N.C.	N.C.	N.C.
7	RTS	DTR	RTS	DTR	N.C.	RX-	N.C.	N.C.
8	CTS	RI	CTS	+5V/+12V	N.C.	N.C.	N.C.	N.C.
9	RI	GND	+5V/+12V	GND	N.C.	GND	N.C.	GND

When set to RS232, power supply modes — standard RS232, RS232 with +5V, or RS232 +12V — can be configured via jumper settings as instructed in previous sections in this chapter.

Connecting External Serial Ports

Your COM port may come mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis then insert the serial port cable to the COM connector. Make sure the colored stripe on the ribbon cable is aligned with pin 1 of the COM connector.

BIOS Setting

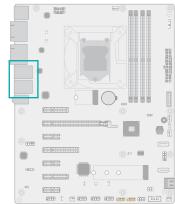
Configure the serial COM ports in the Advanced menu ("NCT6116D Super IO Configuration" > "Serial Port Configuration") on the BIOS. Refer to the chapter 3 for more information.

Jumper Setting

RS232 with or without power can be configured via jumper settings as previously instructed in the RS232 Power Select section.

RJ45 LAN Ports





The LAN port allows the system board to connect to a local area network (LAN) by means of a network hub.

BIOS Setting

Configure the onboard LAN ports in the Chipset menu ("PCH-IO Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to the chapter 3 for more information.

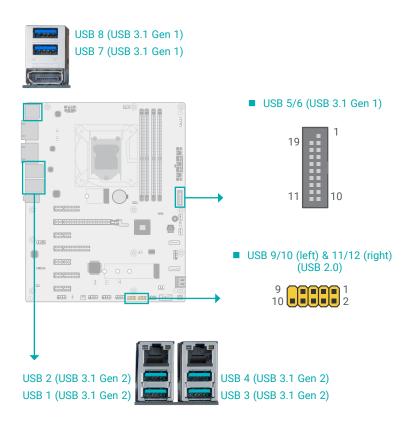
Driver Installation

Install the LAN drivers. Refer to the chapter 4 for more information.

Features

- LAN1: Intel® I219LM LAN Phy with iAMT12.0 (only supported by Core i7/i5)
- LAN2: Intel® I211AT PCIe

USB Ports



The USB device allows data exchange between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals. The system board is equipped with multiple USB ports as listed below:

- 4 x USB 2.0 internal ports, pin headers (USB 9/10 & 11/12)
- 2 x USB 3.1 Gen 1 rear ports (USB 7/8)
- 2 x USB 3.1 Gen 1 internal ports, box headers (USB 5/6)
- 4 x USB 3.1 Gen 2 rear ports (USB 1/2/3/4)

■ USB 2.0 Box Headers

Assignment	Pin	Assignment
VCC	2	VCC
D-	4	D-
D+	6	D+
GND	8	GND
KEY	10	N.C.
	VCC D- D+ GND	VCC 2 D- 4 D+ 6 GND 8

■ USB 3.1 Box Headers

	Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
	1	PWR	11	D2+
-	2	SSRX1-	12	D2-
-	3	SSRX1+	13	GND
_	4	GND	14	SSTX2+
_	5	SSTX1-	15	SSTX2-
	6	SSTX1+	16	GND
-	7	GND	17	SSRX2+
-	8	D1-	18	SSRX2-
	9	D1+	19	PWR
_	10	N.C.	20	Key

The internal USB ports may be mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis and then insert the USB port cables to a connector.

Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse

The Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function allows you to use a USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up a system from the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state.



Important:

If you are using the Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function for 2 USB ports, the +5V_standby power source of your power supply must support $\geq 1.5A$. For 3 or more USB ports, the +5V_standby power source of your power supply must support $\geq 2A$.

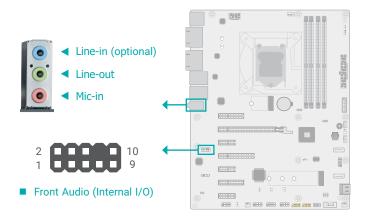
BIOS Settino

Configure these onboard USB devices in the Advanced menu ("USB Configuration" submenu) of the BIOS. Refer to the chapter 3 for more information.

Driver Installation

You may need to install the proper drivers in your system operation to use the USB device. Refer to your operating system's manual or documentation for more information.

Audio



Rear Audio

The system board is equipped with 3 rear audio jacks (Line-in, Line-out, and Mic-in) as introduced below.

· Line-in Jack (Light Blue), optional

This jack is used to connect any audio devices such as Hi-fi set, CD player, tape player, AM/FM radio tuner, synthesizer, etc. This jack is only available upon request.

Line-out Jack (Lime)

This jack is used to connect a headphone or external speakers.

· Mic-in Jack (Pink)

This jack is used to connect an external microphone.

Front Audio

The Front Audio internal connector allows you to connect to the second line-out and mic-in jacks that are at the front panel of your system. The pin assignments are listed below.

■ Front Audio Pin Assignment

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	Mic2-L	2	GND
3	Mic2-R	4	ACZ_DET#
5	Line2-Out-R	6	Mic2-JD (sense)
7	GND	8	KEY
9	Line2-Out-L	10	Line2-JD (sense)

BIOS Setting

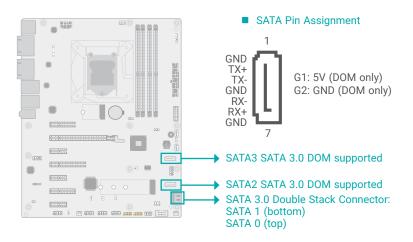
Configure these Audio devices in the Chipset menu ("PCH-IO Configuration" > "HD Audio Configuration") of the BIOS. Refer to the chapter 3 for more information.

Driver Installation

Install the audio driver. Refer to the chapter 4 for more information.

► Internal I/O Connectors

SATA (Serial ATA)



The Serial ATA (SATA) connectors are used to connect the Serial ATA device. SATA 3.0 is supported by the five SATA ports and provides data rate up to 6Gb/s. Connect one end of the Serial ATA cable to a SATA connector and the other end to your Serial ATA device.

BIOS Setting

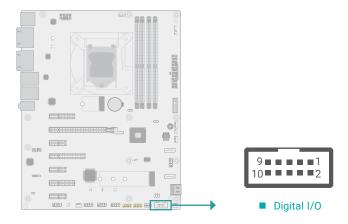
Configure the Serial ATA drives in the Chipset menu ("PCH-IO Configuration" > "SATA And RST Configuration") of the BIOS. Refer to the chapter 3 for more information.

Features

- 4 x Serial ATA 3.0 internal ports, two of which support disk on module (DOM)
- SATA 3.0 data transfer rate up to 6Gb/s
- Integrated Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) controller
- Intel® Smart Response Technology
- RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5, RAID 10

Internal I/O Connectors

Digital I/O



The 8-bit Digital I/O (DIO) connector allows for input/output signals of digital logical states defined by voltage levels.

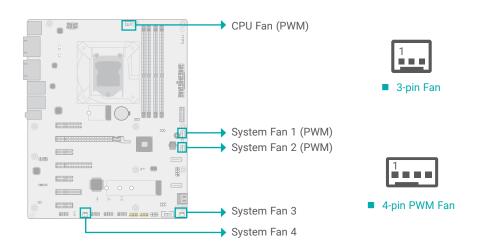
Jumper Setting

Digital I/O power supply can be configured via jumper settings as instructed in the previous sections.

■ Digital I/O Pin Assignment

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	DIOO	2	DIO1
3	DIO2	4	DIO3
5	DIO4	6	DIO5
7	DIO6	8	DIO7
9	GND	10	5V/5VDU

Cooling Fan Connectors



These fan connectors are used to connect cooling fans. The cooling fans will provide adequate airflow throughout the chassis to prevent overheating the CPU and system board components. The 4-pin fan provides PWM to modulate fan speed whereas the 3-pin fans modulate fan speed via voltage modulation.

BIOS Setting

Configure the fan connectors in the "NCT6116D HW Monitor" submenu of the Advanced menu of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

■ 3-pin Fan Pin Assignment

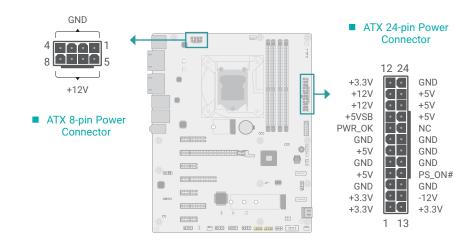


■ 4-pin Fan Pin Assignment

Pin	Assignment
1	Ground
2	Power
3	Sense
4	Speed Control

Internal I/O Connectors

Power Connector



Use a power supply that complies with the ATX12V Power Supply Design Guide Version 1.1. An ATX12V power supply unit has a standard 24-pin ATX main power connector that must be inserted into the 24-pin connector. The 8-pin +12V power connector enables the delivery of more +12VDC current to the processor's Voltage Regulator Module (VRM).

The power connectors from the power supply unit are designed to fit the 24-pin and 8-pin connectors in only one orientation. Make sure to find the proper orientation before plugging the connectors.

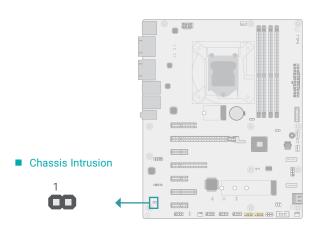
The system board requires a minimum of 300 Watt power supply to operate. Your system configuration (CPU power, amount of memory, add-in cards, peripherals, etc.) may exceed the minimum power requirement. To ensure that adequate power is provided, we strongly recommend that the system is supplied with a minimum of 400 Watt power.

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Important

Insufficient power supplied to the system may result in instability or malfunction of the add-in boards and peripherals. Calculating the system's approximate power usage is important to ensure that the power supply meets the system's consumption requirements.

Chassis Intrusion



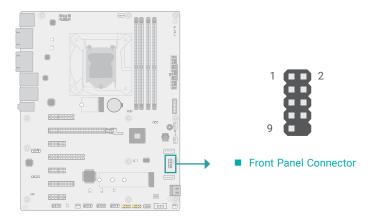
The board supports the chassis intrusion detection function. Connect the chassis intrusion sensor cable from the chassis to this connector. When the system's power is on and a chassis intrusion occurred, an alarm will sound. When the system's power is off and a chassis intrusion occurred, the alarm will sound only when the system restarts.

■ Chassis Intrusion Pin Assignment

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment	
1	Signal	2	GND	

Internal I/O Connectors

Front Panel



■ Front Panel Pin Assignment

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	3V3	2	3V3SB
3	HDD LED	4	Power LED
5	Reset	6	Power Button
7	GND	8	GND
9	5VDU	10	

HDD LED - Hard Disk Drive LED

Lighting of the LED indicates that the hard drive is being accessed.

RESET - Reset Switch

This switch allows you to reboot without having to power off the system.

Power/Standby LED

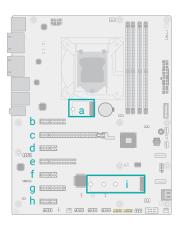
When the system's power is on, this LED will light up. When the system is in the S1 (POS - Power On Suspend) state, it will blink at 1-second intervals. When the system is in the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state, it will blink at 4-second intervals.

Power Button

This button is used to switch the system's power on or off.

Expansion Slots

- a M.2 2230 E Key
- b PCIe 1 (PCIe x4 Open Edge)
- c PCIe 2 (1 x PCIe x16 or 1 x PCIe x8 Note)
- d PCIe 3 (PCIe x1 Open Edge)
- e PCIe 4 (PCIe x8 Open Edge Note)
- f PCIe 5 (PCIe x1 Open Edge)
- q PCIe 6 (PCIe x4)
- h PCIe 7 (PCIe x1)
- i M.2 2242/2260/2280 M Key



PCI Express x16 Slot

Install a PCI Express x16 graphics card that complies to the PCI Express specifications into the PCI Express x16 slot. To install a graphics card into the x16 slot, align the graphics card to the socket and perpendicularly to the board, be cautious in aligning the locations of notch and key, and then press the card down firmly until it is completely seated. The retaining clip of the slot will close up automatically to hold the graphics card in place.

PCI Express x1, x4, x8 Slots

Install PCI Express cards such as network cards, drives, or other cards that comply to the PCI Express specifications into the PCI Express slots.

M.2 Socket

The M.2 socket is the Next Generation Form Factor (NGFF) which is designed to support multiple modules and make the M.2 more suitable in application for solid-state storage.

Jumper Setting

The PCIe 2 socket can be switched between one x16 lane or two x8 lanes via jumper settings as instructed in the PCIE2 Signal Select section.



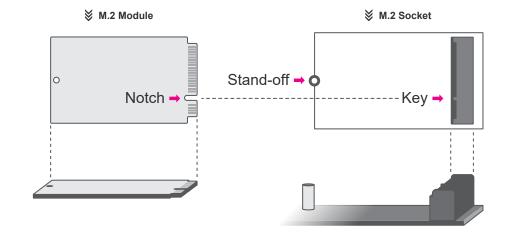
The PCle x16 bandwidth is shared by PCle 2 and PCle 4 in the manners below:

- 1. When PCIe 2 is set to x16 bandwidth, PCIe 4 is disabled.
- 2. When PCle 2 is set to x8 bandwidth, PCle 4 also supports x8 bandwidth.

Installing the M.2 Module

Before installing the M.2 module into the M.2 socket, please make sure that the following safety cautions are well-attended.

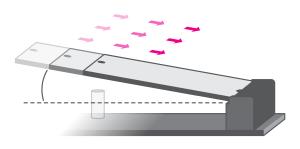
- 1. Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to it has been powered
- 2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
- 3. Locate the M.2 socket on the system board
- 4. Make sure the notch on card is aligned to the key on the socket.
- 5. Make sure the standoff screw is removed from the standoff.



► Internal I/O Connectors

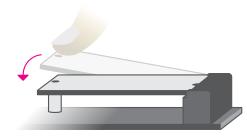
S/PDIF

Please follow the steps below to install the card into the socket.



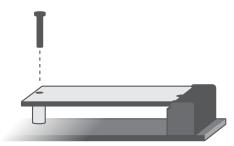
Step 1:

Insert the card into the socket at an angle while making sure the notch and key are perfectly aligned.



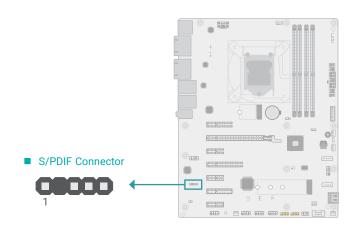
Step 2:

Press the end of the card far from the socket down until against the stand-off.



Step 3:

Screw tight the card onto the stand-off with a screw driver and a stand-off screw until the gap between the card and the stand-off closes up. The card should be lying parallel to the board when it's correctly mounted.

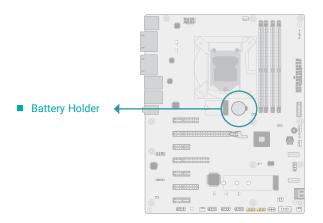


The Sony/Philips Digital Interface (S/PDIF) connector is for audio output to external audio equipment. The S/PDIF port may be mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis then connect the audio cable to the S/PDIF connector. Make sure pin 1 of the audio cable is aligned with pin 1 of the S/PDIF connector.

■ S/PDIF Pin Assignment

Pin	Assignment
1	+5V
2	
3	SPDIF Out
4	GND
5	SPDIF In

Battery



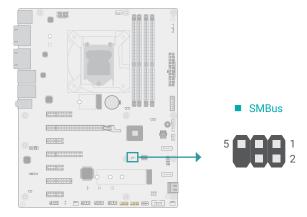
The lithium ion battery addendum supplies power to the real-time clock and CMOS memory as an auxiliary source of power when the main power is shut off. Insert a coin cell battery into the holder and make sure the polarities are correctly oriented — the cap side (rimmed rounded edge) is negative and sould be facing the holder; the flat side with a + mark is positive and should be facing away from the holder.

Safety Measures

- There exists explosion hazard if the battery is incorrectly installed.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to local ordinances.

Internal I/O Connectors

SMBus

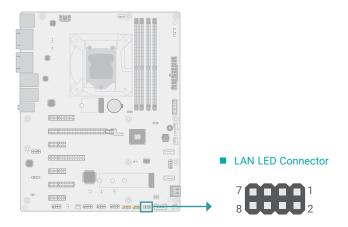


The SMBus (System Management Bus) connector is used to connect the SMBus device. It is a multiple device bus that allows multiple chips to connect to the same bus and enable each one to act as a master by initiating data transfer.

■ SMBus Pin Assignment

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	3V3SB	2	GND
3	SMBus_Clock	4	SMBus_DATA
5	SMBus_Alert	6	

LAN LED



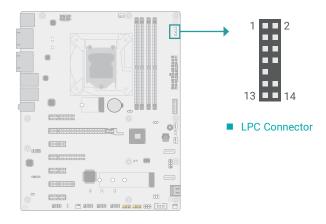
The LAN LED connector is used to detect the connection state of RJ45 LAN ports when the connection is made to an active network via a cable. The pin functions of the LAN LED connector are listed below.

■ LAN LED Pin Assignment

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	GBE(LAN1)_1000	2	GBE(LAN1)_100
3	GBE(LAN1)_LED_LINK_ACT	4	3V3DU
5	LINK(LAN2)_1000	6	LINK(LAN2)_100
7	LINK(LAN2)_ACTIVITY	8	3V3DU

► Internal I/O Connectors

LPC



The Low Pin Count Interface was defined by Intel® Corporation to facilitate the industry's transition towards legacy free systems. It allows the integration of low-bandwidth legacy I/O components within the system, which are typically provided by a Super I/O controller. Furthermore, it can be used to interface firmware hubs, Trusted Platform Module (TPM) devices and embedded controller solutions. Data transfer on the LPC bus is implemented over a 4 bit serialized data interface, which uses a 33MHz LPC bus clock. For more information about LPC bus, refer to the Intel® Low Pin Count Interface Specification Revision 1.1'. Pin assignments of the LPC connector are listed in the table below.

■ LPC Pin Assignment

F	Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
	1	L_CLK	2	L_LAD1
	3	L_RST#	4	L_LAD0
	5	L_FRAME#	6	3.3V
	7	L_LAD3	8	GND
	9	L_LAD2	10	
_	11	SERIRQ	12	GND
-	13	5VSB	14	5V

Chapter 3 - BIOS Settings

Overview

The BIOS is a program that takes care of the basic level of communication between the CPU and peripherals. It contains codes for various advanced features found in this system board. The BIOS allows you to configure the system and save the configuration in a battery-backed CMOS so that the data retains even when the power is off. In general, the information stored in the CMOS RAM of the EEPROM will stay unchanged unless a configuration change has been made such as a hard drive replaced or a device added.

It is possible that the CMOS battery will fail causing CMOS data loss. If this happens, you need to install a new CMOS battery and reconfigure the BIOS settings.



Note

The BIOS is constantly updated to improve the performance of the system board; therefore the BIOS screens in this chapter may not appear the same as the actual one. These screens are for reference purpose only.

Default Configuration

Most of the configuration settings are either predefined according to the Load Optimal Defaults settings which are stored in the BIOS or are automatically detected and configured without requiring any actions. There are a few settings that you may need to change depending on your system configuration.

Entering the BIOS Setup Utility

The BIOS Setup Utility can only be operated from the keyboard and all commands are keyboard commands. The commands are available at the right side of each setup screen.

The BIOS Setup Utility does not require an operating system to run. After you power up the system, the BIOS message appears on the screen and the memory count begins. After the memory test, the message "Press DEL to run setup" will appear on the screen. If the message disappears before you respond, restart the system or press the "Reset" button. You may also restart the system by pressing the <Ctrl> <Alt> and keys simultaneously.

Legends

Keys	Function
Right / Left arrow	Move the highlight left or right to select a menu
Up / Down arrow	Move the highlight up or down between submenus or fields
<enter></enter>	Enter the highlighted submenu
+ (plus key)/F6	Scroll forward through the values or options of the highlighted field
- (minus key)/F5	Scroll backward through the values or options of the highlighted field
<f1></f1>	Display general help
<f2></f2>	Display previous values
<f9></f9>	Optimized defaults
<f10></f10>	Save and Exit
<esc></esc>	Return to previous menu

Scroll Bar

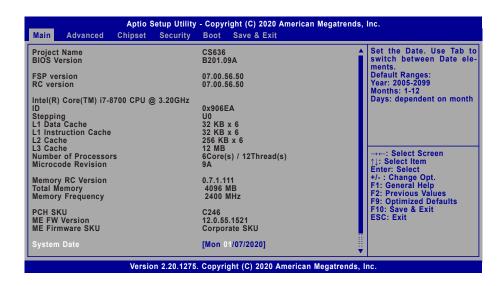
When a scroll bar appears to the right of the setup screen, it indicates that there are more available fields not shown on the screen. Use the up and down arrow keys to scroll through all the available fields.

Submenu

When "▶" appears on the left of a particular field, it indicates that a submenu which contains additional options are available for that field. To display the submenu, move the highlight to that field and press <Enter>.

▶ Main

The Main menu is the first screen that you will see when you enter the BIOS Setup Utility. Basic hardware information is displayed.



System Date

The date format is <month>, <date>, <year>. Press "Tab" to switch to the next field and press "-" or "+" to modify the value.

System Time

The time format is <hour>, <minute>, <second>. The time is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Hour displays hours from 00 to 23. Minute displays minutes from 00 to 59. Second displays seconds from 00 to 59.

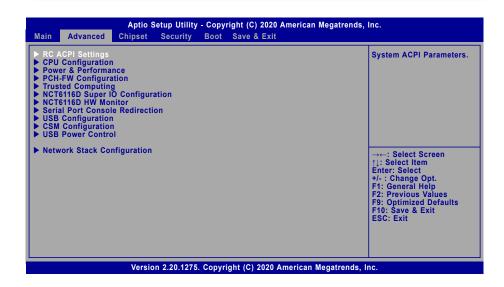
Advanced

The Advanced menu allows you to configure your system for basic operation. Some entries are defaults required by the system board, while others, if enabled, will improve the performance of your system or let you set some features according to your preference.

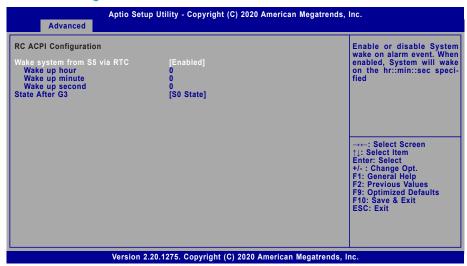


mportant:

Setting incorrect field values may cause the system to malfunction.



RC ACPI Configuration



Wake system from S5 via RTC

When Enabled, the system will automatically power up at a designated time every day. Once it's switched to [Enabled], please set up the time of day — hour, minute, and second — for the system to wake up.

State After G3

Select between S0 State, Last State, and S5 State. This field is used to specify what state the system is set to return to when power is re-applied after a power failure (G3 state).

SO State The system automatically por	owers on after power failure.
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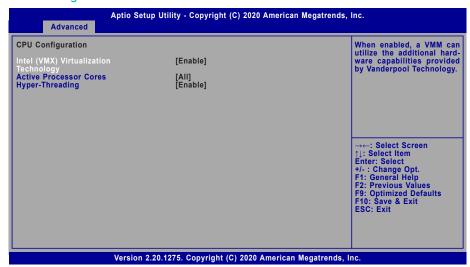
S5 State The system enter soft-off state after power failure. Power-on signal input is

required to power up the system.

Last State The system returns to the last state right before power failure.

Advanced

CPU Configuration



Intel (VMX) Virtualization Technology

When this field is set to Enabled, the VMM can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Vanderpool Technology.

Active Processor Cores

Select number of cores to enable in each processor package: all or 1~7. The number of cores may differ according to the actual CPU equipped.

Hyper-threading

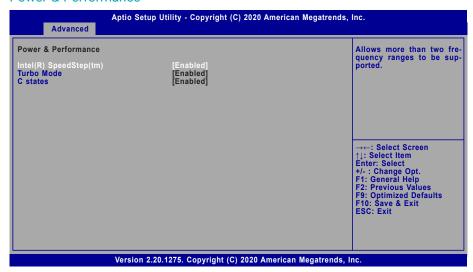
Enables this field for Windows XP and Linux which are optimized for Hyper-Threading technology. Select disabled for other OSes not optimized for Hyper-Threading technology. When disabled, only one thread per enabled core is enabled.



Note:

Some of the fields may not be available when the features are not supported by the equipped CPU.

Power & Performance



Intel(R) SpeedStep(tm)

This field is used to enable or disable the Intel SpeedStep® Technology, which helps optimize the balance between system's power consumption and performance. After it is enabled in the BIOS, EIST features can then be enabled via the operating system's power management.

Turbo Mode

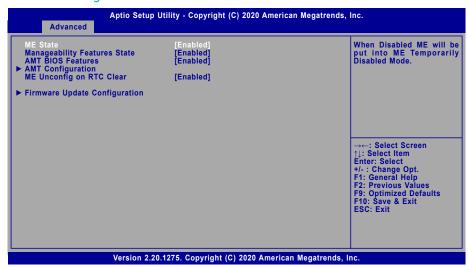
Enable or disable turbo mode of the processor. This field will only be displayed when EIST is enabled.

C states

Enable or disable CPU Power Management. It allows CPU to enter "C states" when it's idle and nothing is executing.

Advanced

PCH-FW Configuration



ME State

When this field is set to Disabled, ME will be put into ME Temporarily Disabled Mode.

Manageability Features State

Enable or disable Intel(R) Manageability features. This option disables/enables Manageability Features support in FW. To disable, support platform must be in an unprovisioned state first.

AMT BIOS Features

When disabled, AMT BIOS features are no longer supported and user is no longer able to access MEBx Setup. This option does not disable manageability features in FW.

ME Unconfig on RTC Clear

When disabled, ME will not be unconfigured on RTC Clear.



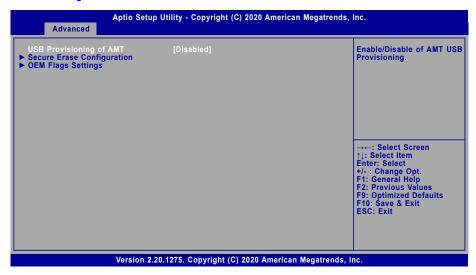
Note

The sub-menus are detailed in following sections.

Advanced

► PCH-FW Configuration

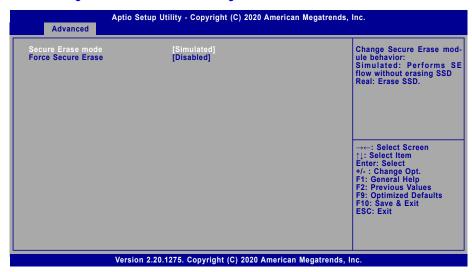
► AMT Configuration



USB Provisioning of AMT

Enable or disable AMT USB Provisioning.

- ► Advanced ► PCH-FW Configuration
- ► AMT Configuration ► Secure Erase Configuration



Secure Erase Mode

Select Secure Erase module behavior: Simulated or Real.

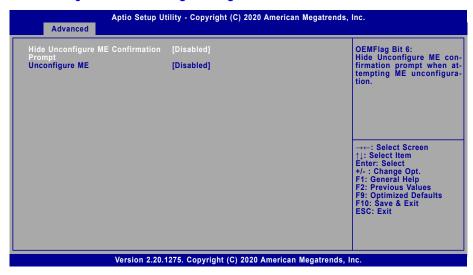
Force Secure Erase

Enable or disable Force Secure Erase on next boot.

Advanced

► PCH-FW Configuration

► AMT Configuration ► OEM Flags Settings



Hide Unconfigure ME Confirmation Prompt

Enable or disable to hide unconfigure ME confirmation prompt when attempting ME unconfiguration.

Unconfigure ME

Enable or disable to unconfigure ME with resetting MEBx password to default.

Advanced PCH-FW Configuration



Me FW Image Re-Flash

This field is used to enable or disable the ME FW Image Re-Flash function, which allows the user to update the ME firmware.

Trusted Computing



Security Device Support

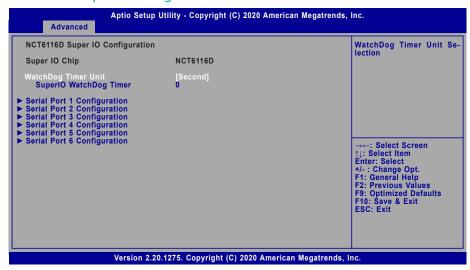
This field is used to enable or disable BIOS support for the security device such as an TPM 2.0 to achieve hardware-level security via cryptographic keys.

Pending operation

To clear the existing TPM encryption, select "TPM Clear" and restart the system. This field is not available when "Security Device Support" is disabled.

Advanced

NCT6116D Super IO Configuration



WatchDog Timer Unit

Select WatchDog Timer Unit — Second or Minute.

SuperIO WatchDog Timer

Set SuperIO WatchDog Timer Timeout value. The range is from 0 (disabled) to 255.



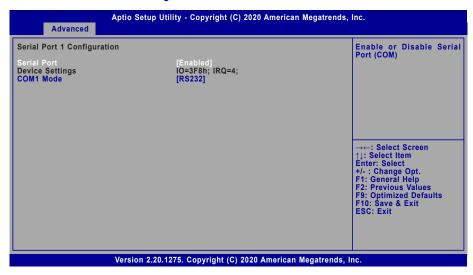
Note

The sub-menus are detailed in following sections.

Advanced

► NCT6116D Super IO Configuration

► Serial Port 1/2/3/4/5/6 Configuration



Serial Port

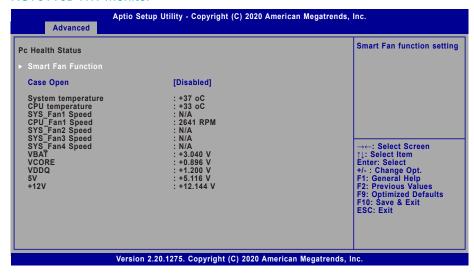
Enable or disable the current serial COM port.

COM 1/3 Mode

Select the serial mode for COM1 and COM3 - RS232, RS485, or RS422. This field is only for Serial Port 1 and Serial Port 3.

Advanced

NCT6116D HW Monitor



This section displays the system's health information, i.e. voltage readings, CPU and system temperatures, and fan speed readings.

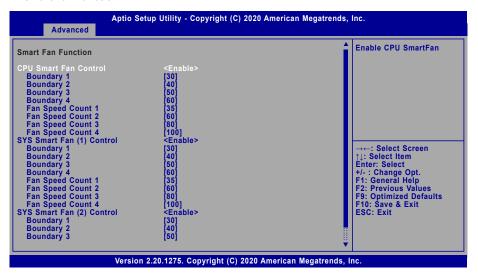
Case Open

Enable or disable the case open detection function.

Advanced

► NCT6116D HW Monitor

▶ Smart Fan Function



Smart Fan is a fan speed moderation strategy dependent on the current system temperature. When the system temperature goes higher than the Boundary setting, the fan speed will be turned up to the setting of the Fan Speed Count that bears the same index as the Boundary field.

▼ SYS Smart Fan/CPU Smart Fan Control = [Enabled]

Boundary 1 to Boundary 4

Set the boundary temperatures that determine the fan speeds accordingly, the value ranging from 0-127°C. For example, when the system temperature reaches Boundary 1 setting, the fan speed will be turned up to the designated speed of the Fan Speed Count 1 field.

Fan Speed Count 1 to Fan Speed Count 4

Set the fan speed, the value ranging from 1-100%, 100% being full speed. The fans will operate according to the specified boundary temperatures above-mentioned.

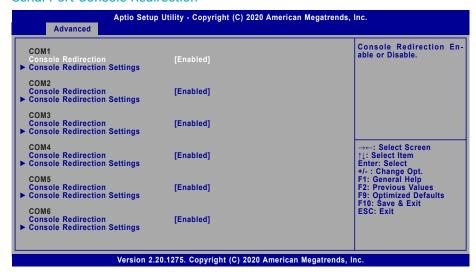
▼ SYS Smart Fan/CPU Smart Fan Control = [Disabled]

Fix Fan Speed Count

Set the fan speed, the value ranging from 1-100%, 100% being full speed. The fans will always operate at the specified speed regardless of gauged temperatures.

Advanced

Serial Port Console Redirection



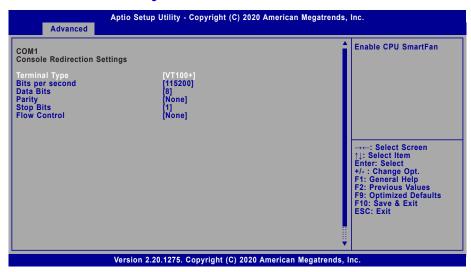
Console Redirection

By enabling Console Redirection of a COM port, the sub-menu of console redirection settings will become available for configuration as detailed in the following.

Advanced

Serial Port Console Redirection

▶ Console Redirection Settings



Configure the serial settings of the current COM port.

Terminal Type

Select terminal type: VT100, VT100+, VT-UTF8 or ANSI.

Bits per second

Select serial port transmission speed: 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 or 115200.

Data Bits

Select data bits: 7 bits or 8 bits.

Parity

Select parity bits: None, Even, Odd, Mark or Space.

Stop Bits

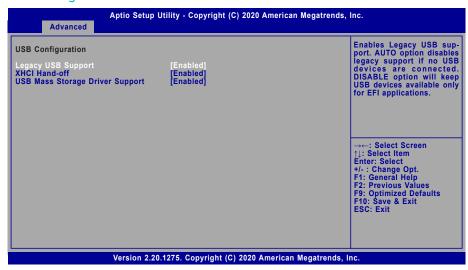
Select stop bits: 1 bit or 2 bits.

Flow Control

Select flow control type: None or Hardware RTS/CTS.

Advanced

USB Configuration



Legacy USB Support

Enabled Enable Legacy USB support.

Disabled Keep USB devices available only for EFI applications.

Auto Disable Legacy support if no USB devices are connected.

XHCI Hand-off

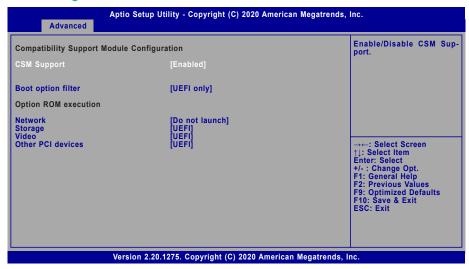
Enable or disable XHCI Hand-off.

USB Mass Storage Driver Support

Enable or disable USB Mass Storage Driver Support.

39

CSM Configuration



CSM Support

This section is used to enable or disable CSM Support. The following fields are only available when "CSM Support" is enabled.

Boot option filter

This field controls Legacy/UEFI ROMs priority.

Network

This field controls the execution of UEFI and Legacy Network OpROM.

Storage

This field controls the execution of UEFI and Legacy Storage OpROM.

Video

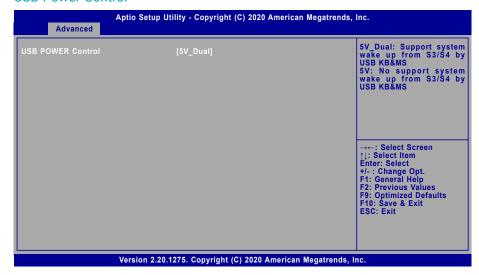
This field controls the execution of UEFI and Legacy Video OpROM.

Other PCI devices

This field determines OpROM execution policy for devices other than Network, Storage or Video.

Advanced

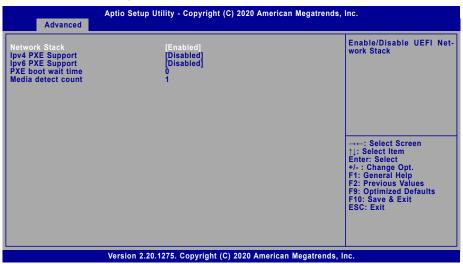
USB Power Control



USB POWER Control

Select between 5V_Dual (5VDU) and 5V for the USB power channel. To support Wake-on-USB, please select 5V_Dual.

Network Stack Configuration



Network Stack

Enable or disable UEFI network stack. The following fields will appear when this field is enabled.

Ipv4 PXE Support

Enable or disable IPv4 PXE boot support. If disabled, IPv4 PXE boot support will not be available.

Ipv6 PXE Support

Enable or disable IPv6 PXE boot support. If disabled, IPv6 PXE boot support will not be available.

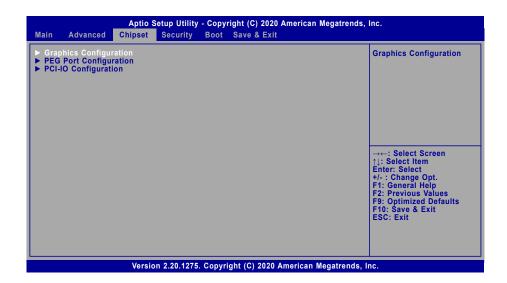
PXE boot wait time

Set the wait time in seconds to press ESC key to abort the PXE boot. Use either +/- or numeric keys to set the value.

Media detect count

Set the number of times the presence of media will be checked. Use either +/- or numeric keys to set the value.

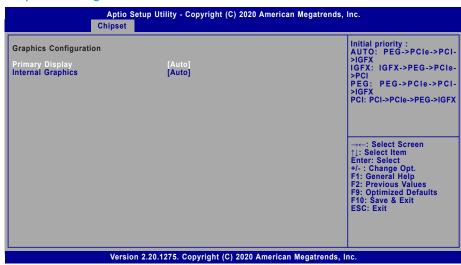
▶ Chipset



Please select a submenu and press Enter. The submenus are detailed in the following pages.

Chipset

Graphics Configuration



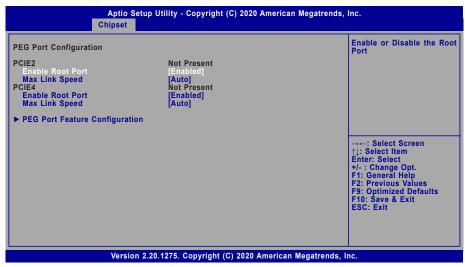
Primary Display

Select which of IGFX/PEG/PCI Graphics device to be the primary display, or select Auto for auto-detection.

Internal Graphics

Keep IGFX enabled/disabled based on the setup options, or select Auto for auto-detection.

PEG Port Configuration



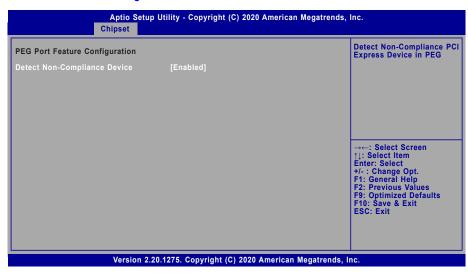
Enable Root Port

Enable or disable the root port, or select Auto for auto-detection.

Max Link Speed

Configure PCIE2/PCIE4 port's Max Speed: Auto, Gen1, Gen2 or Gen3.

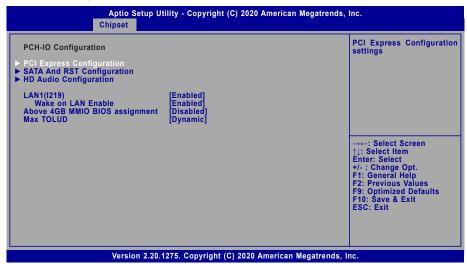
▶ PEG Port Feature Configuration



Detect Non-Compliance Device

Enable or disable this field to detect non-compliance PCIe devices in the PEG.

PCH-IO Configuration



LAN1(1219)

Enable or disable the onboard NIC for LAN1 (I219).

Wake on LAN Enable

Enable or disable integrated LAN to wake the system.

Above 4GB MMIO BIOS assignment

Enable/Disable above 4GB MemoryMappedIO BIOS assignment. This is enabled automatically when Aperture Size is set to 2048MB.

Max TOLUD

Assign the maximum value of Top Of Lower Usable DRAM (TOLUD). Select to specify a fixed value, or select "Dynamic" so that the assignment would adjust TOLUD automatically based on largest MMIO length of installed graphic controller.

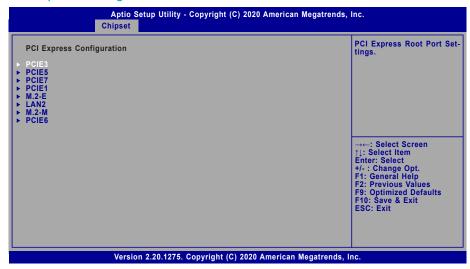


Note

The sub-menus are detailed in following sections.

► Chipset ► PCH-IO Configuration

PCI Express Configuration



Select one of the PCI Express channels and press enter to configure the following settings.

PCIE3/PCIE5/PCIE7/PCIE1/M.2-E/LAN2/M.2-M/PCIE6

Enable or disable the PCI Express Root Port. The following fields are only available when the PCIe root port is enabled.

PCIe Speed

Select PCIe Speed of the current port — AUTO, Gen1, Gen 2, or Gen3. This field may not appear when the speed of the port is not configurable.

Hot Plug

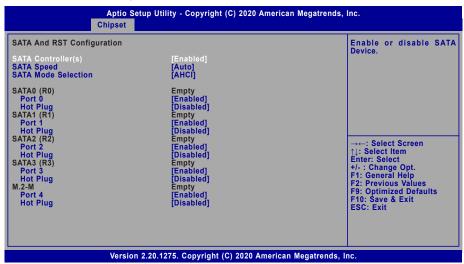
Enable or disable hot plug function of the port. This field may not appear when the port does not support hot plug.

Detect Non-Compliance Device

Enable or disable this field to detect non-compliance PCIe devices in the PEG. This field is only supported by PCIE1 and PCIE6.

▶ PCH-IO Configuration

SATA And RST Configuration



SATA Controller(s)

This field is used to enable or disable the Serial ATA controller.

SATA Speed

This field is used to select SATA speed generation limit: Auto, Gen1, Gen2 or Gen3.

SATA Mode Selection

The mode selection determines how the SATA controller(s) operates.

AHCI This option allows the Serial ATA controller(s) to use AHCI (Advanced Host Controller Interface).

Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration This option allows you to create RAID or Intel Rapid Storage configuration along with Intel® Optane™ system acceleration on Serial ATA devices.

Use RST Legacy OROM

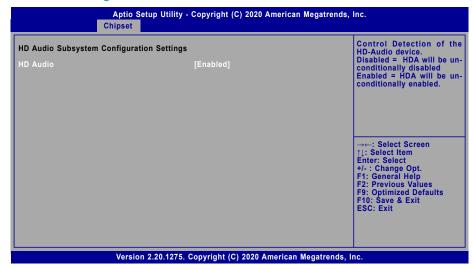
This field shows up when SATA Mode Selection is set to Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration. Enable or disable to use RST Legacy OROM when CSM is enabled.

Port 0/1/2/3/4/ and Hot Plug

Enable or disable the Serial ATA port and its hot plug function.

► Chipset ► PCH-IO Configuration

HD Audio Configuration



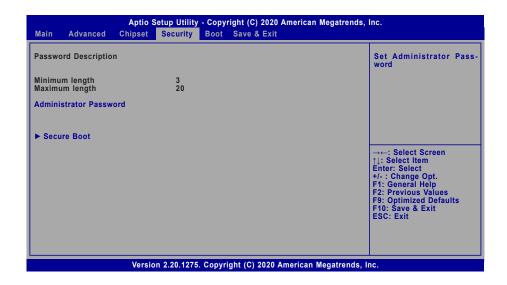
HD Audio

Control the detection of the HD Audio device.

Disabled HDA will be unconditionally disabled.

Enabled HDA will be unconditionally enabled.

Security



Administrator Password

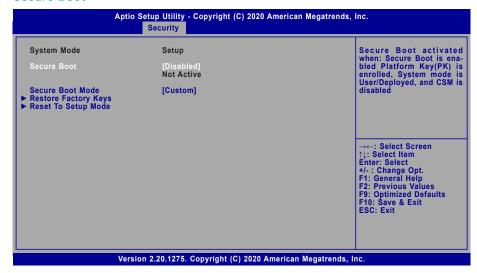
Set the administrator password. To clear the password, input nothing and press enter when a new password is asked. Administrator Password will be required when entering the BIOS.

User Password

Set the user password. To clear the password, input nothing and press enter when a new password is asked. User Password will be required when powering up the system.

Security

Secure Boot



Secure Boot

The Secure Boot store a database of certificates in the firmware and only allows the OSes with authorized signatures to boot on the system. To activate Secure Boot, please make sure that "Secure Boot" is "[Enabled]", Platform Key (PK) is enrolled, "System Mode" is "User", and CSM is disabled. After enabling/disabling Secure Boot, please save the configuration and restart the system. When configured and activated correctly, the Secure Boot status will be "Active".

Secure Boot Customization

Select the secure boot mode — Standard or Custom. When set to Custom, the following fields will be configurable for the user to manually modify the key database.

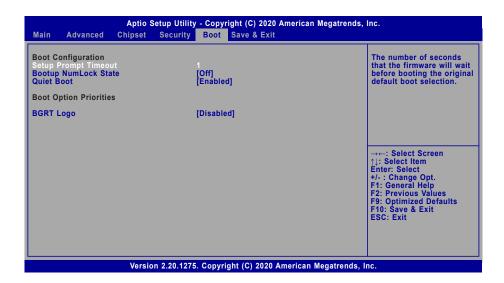
Restore Factory Keys

Force system to User Mode. Load OEM-defined factory defaults of keys and databases onto the Secure Boot. Press Enter and a prompt will show up for you to confirm.

Reset To Setup Mode

Clear the database from the NVRAM, including all the keys and signatures installed in the Key Management menu. Press Enter and a prompt will show up for you to confirm.

▶ Boot



Setup Prompt Timeout

Set the number of seconds to wait for the setup activation key. 65535 (0xFFFF) denotes indefinite waiting.

Bootup NumLock State

Select the keyboard NumLock state: On or Off.

Quiet Boot

This section is used to enable or disable quiet boot option.

Boot Option Priorities

Rearrange the system boot order of available boot devices. Please enable the devices that you wish to set as boot devices in the "Advanced > CSM Configuration" submenu.

BGRT Logo

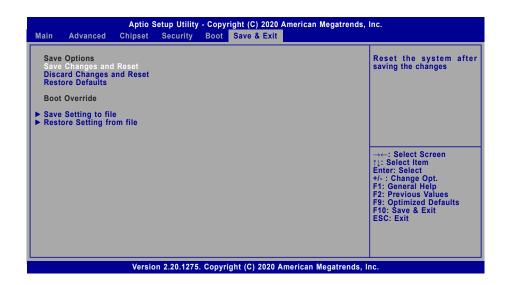
It is used to enable or disable the support of display logo with ACPI BGRT table.



Note:

If "Boot option filter" of "CSM Configuration" is set to "UEFI and Legacy" or "UEFI only", and "Quiet Boot" is set to enabled, "BGRT Logo" will show up for configuration. Refer to the Advanced > CSM Configuration submenu for more information.

▶ Save & Exit



Save Changes and Reset

To save the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system after saving all changes made.

Discard Changes and Reset

To discard the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system setup without saving any changes.

Restore Defaults

To restore and load the optimized default values, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to restore the default values of all the setup options.

Boot Override

Move the cursor to an available boot device and press Enter, and then the system will immediately boot from the selected boot device. The Boot Override function will only be effective for the current boot. The "Boot Option Priorities" configured in the Boot menu will not be changed.

► Save Setting to file

Select this option to save BIOS configuration settings to a USB flash device.

► Restore Setting from file

This field will appear only when a USB flash device is detected. Select this field to restore setting from the USB flash device.

▶ Updating the BIOS

To update the BIOS, you will need the new BIOS file and a flash utility. Please contact technical support or your sales representative for the files and specific instructions about how to update BIOS with the flash utility. For updating AMI BIOS in UEFI mode, you may refer to the how-to video at https://www.dfi.com/Knowledge/Video/5.

► Notice: BIOS SPI ROM

- 1. The Intel® Management Engine has already been integrated into this system board. Due to the safety concerns, the BIOS (SPI ROM) chip cannot be removed from this system board and used on another system board of the same model.
- The BIOS (SPI ROM) on this system board must be the original equipment from the factory and cannot be used to replace one which has been utilized on other system boards.
- 3. If you do not follow the methods above, the Intel® Management Engine will not be updated and will cease to be effective.



Note

- a. You can take advantage of flash tools to update the default configuration of the BIOS (SPI ROM) to the latest version anytime.
- b. When the BIOS IC needs to be replaced, you have to populate it properly onto the system board after the EEPROM programmer has been burned and follow the technical person's instructions to confirm that the MAC address should be burned or not.

Chapter 4 - Intel AMT Settings

Overview

Intel Active Management Technology (Intel® AMT) combines hardware and software solution to provide maximum system defense and protection to networked systems.

The hardware and software information are stored in non-volatile memory. With its built-in manageability and latest security applications, Intel® AMT provides the following functions.

Discover

Allows remote access and management of networked systems even while PCs are powered off; significantly reducing desk-side visits.

Repair

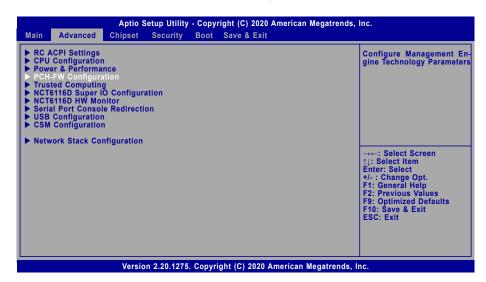
Remotely repair systems after OS failures. Alerting and event logging help detect problems quickly to reduce downtime.

Protect

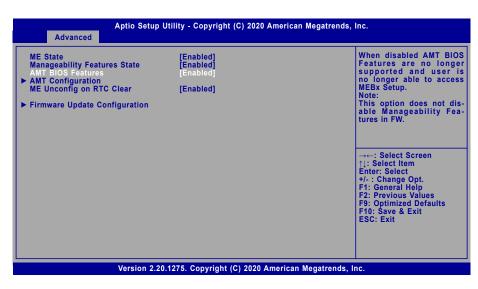
Intel AMT's System Defense capability remotely updates all systems with the latest security software. It protects the network from threats at the source by proactively blocking incoming threats, reactively containing infected clients before they impact the network, and proactively alerting when critical software agents are removed.

► Enable Intel® AMT in the AMI BIOS

- 1. Power-on the system then press to enter the main menu of the AMI BIOS.
- 2. In the Advanced menu, select PCH-FW Configuration.



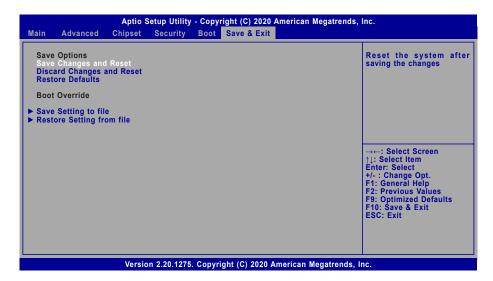
Set the AMT BIOS Features field to Enabled.



INTEL AMT SETTINGS

► Enable Intel® AMT in the AMI BIOS

4. Press F4, or go to the Save & Exit menu, select Save Changes and Reset and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes and press Enter to reset the system after saving all changes made.



► Entering Management Engine BIOS Extension (MEBX)

When the system reboots, the following message will be displayed. Press **<Ctrl + P>** as soon as the message is displayed. This message will only be displayed very briefly.

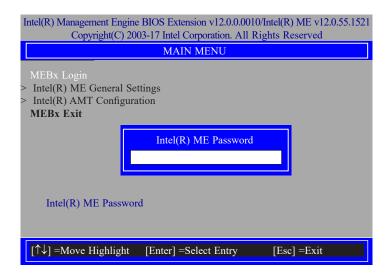


▶ MEBX

Main Menu

Select **MEBx Login** under Main Menu and press Enter. A prompt that requires password input will show up.

1. Enter the default password "admin".

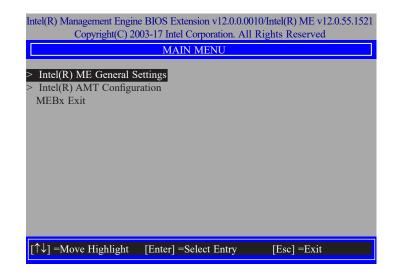


- 2. Enter a new password and then press Enter. The password must include
 - 8-32 characters;
 - Strong 7-bit ASCII characters excluding:, and "characters;
 - At least one digit character (0, 1, ...9);
 - At least one 7-bit ASCII non alpha-numeric character, above 0x20, (e.g. !, \$, ;);
 - At least one lower case and one upper case characters.
- 3. Enter the new password again to verify the new password.



Intel(R) ME General Settings

Select Intel(R) ME General Settings under Main Menu and then press Enter.



► MEBX ► Intel(R) ME General Settings

Change ME Password

If you want to change ME password, select **Change ME Password** and then press Enter. A prompt that requires password input will show up.

1. Enter the current password and then press Enter.



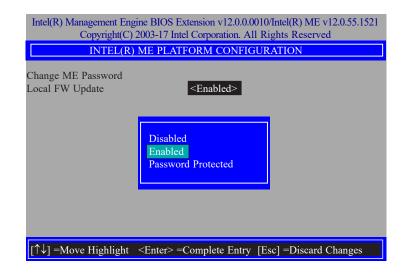
- 2. Enter a new password and then press Enter. The password must include
 - 8-32 characters;
 - Strong 7-bit ASCII characters excluding:, and "characters;
 - At least one digit character (0, 1, ...9);
 - At least one 7-bit ASCII non alpha-numeric character, above 0x20, (e.g. !, \$, ;);
 - At least one lower case and one upper case characters.
- 3. Enter the new password again to verify the new password.



MEBX Intel(R) ME General Settings

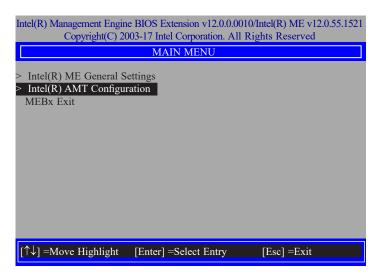
Local FW Update

Select Local FW Update then press Enter. Select Enabled or Disabled or Password Protected then press Enter.



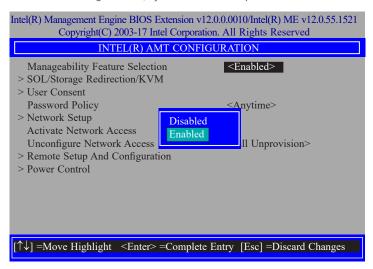
Intel(R) AMT Configuration

Select Intel(R) AMT Configuration under Main Menu and then press Enter.

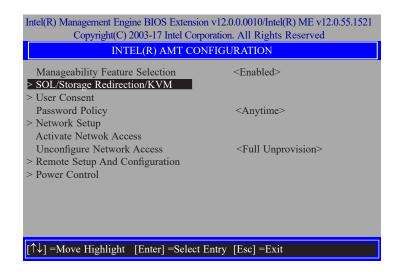


Manageability Feature Selection

Select **Enabled** or **Disabled** then press Enter. When disabled, all the following fields will be hidden. After disabling the field, system restart is required.



> SOL/Storage Redirection/KVM

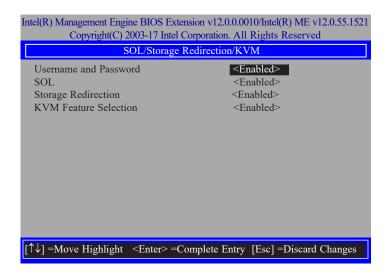


Press Enter to enter the submenu.

► Intel(R) AMT Configuration

► Intel(R) AMT Configuration

> SOL/Storage Redirection/KVM



Move the cursor to select a field and press Enter to display options.

Username and Password

Select Enabled or Disabled then press Enter.

SOL

Select Enabled or Disabled then press Enter.

Storage Redirection

Select Enabled or Disabled then press Enter.

KVM Feature Selection

Select Enabled or Disabled then press Enter.



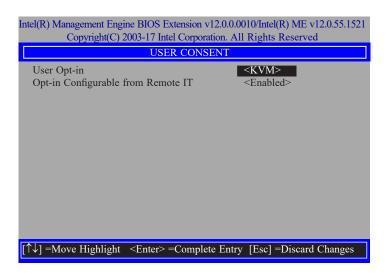
Press Enter to enter the submenu.

 $\uparrow \downarrow$ =Move Highlight [Enter] =Select Entry [Esc] =Exit

> User Consent

MEBX ► Intel(R) AMT Configuration

> User Consent



Move the cursor to select a field and press Enter to display options.

User Opt-in

Select NONE or KVM or ALL then press Enter.



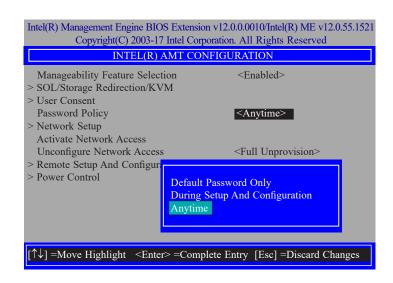
Opt-in Configurable from Remote IT

Select Enabled or Disabled then press Enter.



► MEBX ► Intel(R) AMT Configuration

Password Policy

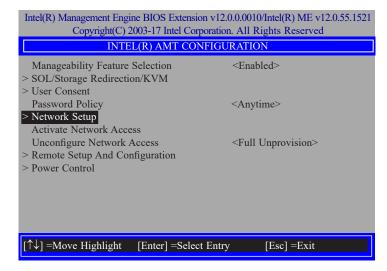


Under the Intel(R) AMT Configuration menu, select Password Policy then press Enter. You may choose to use a password only during setup and configuration or to use a password anytime the system is being accessed.

► MEBX ► Intel(R) AMT Configuration

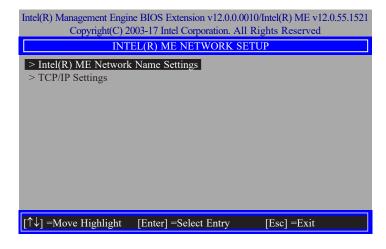
> Network Setup

Under the Intel(R) AMT Configuration menu, select Network Setup and then press Enter.

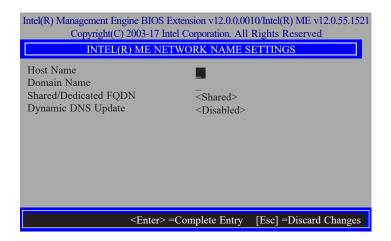


> Intel(R) ME Network Name Settings

Under the Intel(R) ME Network Setup menu, select Intel(R) ME Network Name Settings and then press Enter.



Move the cursor to select a field and press Enter to display options.



Host Name

Enter the computer's host name and then press Enter.



Domain Name

Enter the computer's domain name and then press Enter.



Shared/Dedicated FQDN

Select Shared or Dedicated and then press Enter.



Dynamic DNS Update

Select Enabled or Disabled then press Enter. When Dynamic DNS Update is Enabled, the following fields will show up.



Periodic Update Interval

Enter a value and then press Enter.



TTL

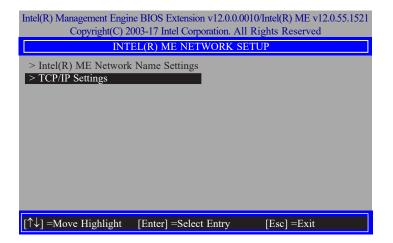
Enter a value for the Time-to-live (TTL) field and then press Enter.



► MEBX ► Intel(R) AMT Configuration ► Network Setup

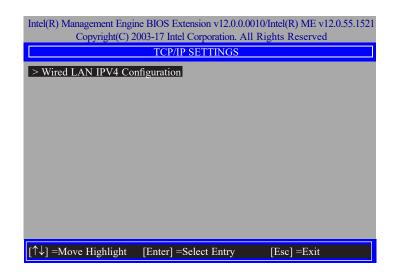
> TCP/IP Settings

Under the Intel(R) ME Network Setup menu, select TCP/IP Settings and then press Enter.



> Wired LAN IPV4 Configuration

Under TCP/IP Settings, select Wired LAN IPV4 Configuration and then press Enter.

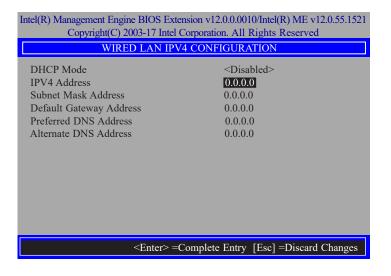


DHCP Mode

Select Enabled or Disabled then press Enter. Please make sure there is a DHCP server in the network when this field is enabled.



When DHCP is Disabled, please manually input a static route by configuring the fields as shown below.



IPv4 Address

Assign a valid and available IP address to the system. Insert a value from 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255 in IPv4 format.



Subnet Mask Address

Insert a value from 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255 in IPv4 format.



Default Gateway Address

Insert a value from 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255 in IPv4 format.



Preferred DNS Address

Insert a value from 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255 in IPv4 format.



Alternate DNS Address

Insert a value from 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255 in IPv4 format.

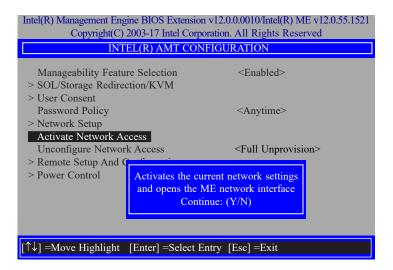


MEBX

► Intel(R) AMT Configuration

Activate Network Access

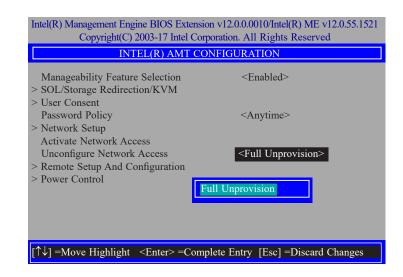
Under the Intel(R) AMT Configuration menu, select Activate Network Access and press Enter, and then press Y to activate the ME network connection with the settings configured previously, or press N to abort.



► MEBX ► Intel(R) AMT Configuration

Unconfigure Network Access

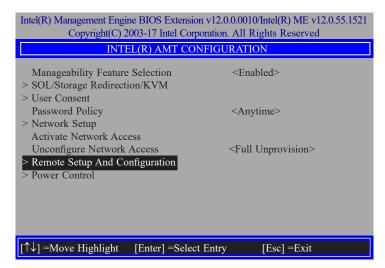
Under the Intel(R) AMT Configuration menu, select Undconfigure Network Access and press Enter, and then press Enter to fully deactivate the ME network connection and reset configuration to factory default. Press Y to confirm or N to abort.

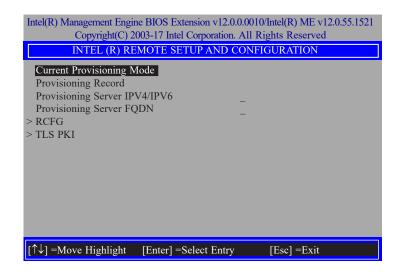


► MEBX ► Intel(R) AMT Configuration

> Remote Setup And Configuration

Under the Intel(R) AMT Configuration menu, select Remote Setup And Configuration then press Enter.





Current Provisioning Mode

The current mode — Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) — is displayed.



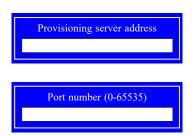
Provisioning Record

Press Enter to view the record.

Provision Record is not present

Provisioning Server IPV4/IPV6

Enter the address of the server then press Enter, and then insert the TCP/UDP port number.



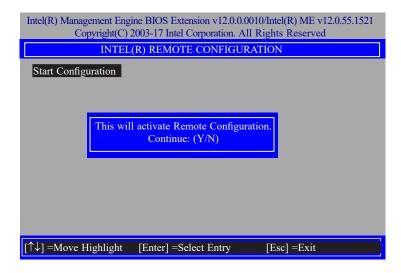
Provisioning Server FQDN

Enter the Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) of the server and then press Enter.

Enter FQDN of provisioning server

> RCFG

Press Enter, select Start Configuration, and then press Enter to activate Remote Configuration (RCFG). Press Y to confirm or N to abort.



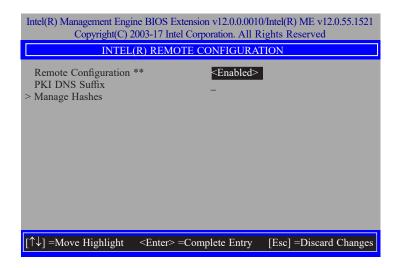
► Intel(R) AMT Configuration

MEBX

> TLS PKI

The system adopts PKI for encryption and authentication, and the TLS protocol for communication security to ensure remote configuration safety.

▶ Remote Setup And Configuration



Remote Configuration **

Select Enabled or Disabled then press Enter.



PKI DNS Suffix

Specify the DNS Suffix of the PKI server, and then press Enter.



> Manage Hashes

Select a hash name and then press the following keys to execute a function.

- enter a custom hash certificate name. Insert

Delete delete a hash

 view hash information Enter

- activate or deactivate a hash

Esc exit

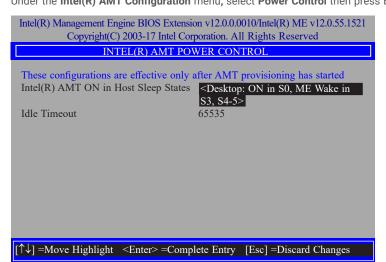
Intel(R) Management Engine BIOS Extension v12.0.0.0010/Intel(R) ME v12.0.55.1521 Copyright(C) 2003-17 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved

copyright(c) 2003 17 mer corporation. The region reserved						
INTEL(R) REMOTE CONFIGURATION						
Hash Name	Active	Default	Algorithm			
VeriSign Class 3	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256			
VeriSign Class 3	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256			
Go Daddy Class 2	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256			
Comodo AAA CA	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256			
Starfield Class 2	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256			
VeriSign Class 3	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256			
VeriSign Class 3	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256			
VeriSign Class 3	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256			
GTE CyberTrust G1	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256			
Baltimore Cyber Tr	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256			
Cyber Trust Global	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256			
Verizon Global Ro	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256			
Entrust. net CA (2	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256			
Entrust Root CA	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256			
VeriSign Universa	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256			
Go Daddy Root CA	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256			
Entrust Root CA -	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256			
Startfield Root CA	Active: [*]	Default: [*]	SHA256			
[Ins] =Add New Hash [↑↓] =Move Highlight	[Delete] =Delete Hash [Enter] =View Hash	[+] =Activate Hash [Esc] =Exit				

MEBX ► Intel(R) AMT Configuration

> Power Control

Under the Intel(R) AMT Configuration menu, select Power Control then press Enter.



Intel(R) AMT ON in Host Sleep States

Select an option and then press Enter.

Desktop: ON in S0 Desktop: ON in S0, ME Wake in S3, S4-5

Idle Timeout

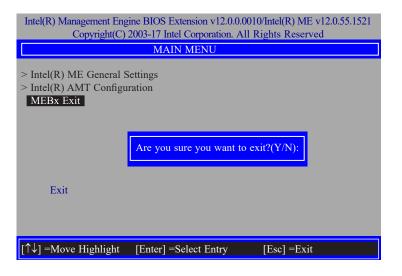
Enter a timeout value and press Enter.

Timeout Value (1-65535)

► MEBX

MEBx Exit

Under the Main Menu, select MEBx Exit and then press Enter. Press Y to confirm or N to abort.



Chapter 5 - RAID

The system board allows configuring RAID on Serial ATA drives. It supports RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5 and RAID 10.

▶ RAID Levels

RAID 0 (Striped Disk Array without Fault Tolerance)

RAID 0 uses two new identical hard disk drives to read and write data in parallel, interleaved stacks. Data is divided into stripes and each stripe is written alternately between two disk drives. This improves the I/O performance of the drives at different channel; however it is not fault tolerant. A failed disk will result in data loss in the disk array.

RAID 1 (Mirroring Disk Array with Fault Tolerance)

RAID 1 copies and maintains an identical image of the data from one drive to the other drive. If a drive fails to function, the disk array management software directs all applications to the other drive since it contains a complete copy of the drive's data. This enhances data protection and increases fault tolerance to the entire system. Use two new drives or an existing drive and a new drive but the size of the new drive must be the same or larger than the existing drive.

RAID 5

RAID 5 stripes data and parity information across hard drives. It is fault tolerant and provides better hard drive performance and more storage capacity.

RAID 10 (Mirroring and Striping)

RAID 10 is a combination of data striping and data mirroring providing the benefits of both RAID 0 and RAID 1. Use four new drives or an existing drive and three new drives for this configuration.

RAID Level	Min. Drives	Protection	Description
RAID 0	2	None	Data striping without redundancy
RAID 1	2	Single Drive Failure	Disk mirroring
RAID 5	3	Single Drive Failure	Block-level data striping with distributed parity
RAID 10	4	1 Disk Per Mirrored Stripe (not same mirror)	Combination of RAID 0 (data striping) and RAID 1 (mirroring)

▶ Setup Procedure

To enable the RAID function, the following settings are required.

- Install SATA drives.
- 2. Enable RAID in the Insyde BIOS.
- 3. Create a RAID volume.
- 4. Install the Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility.

Step 1: Install SATA Drives

Refer to chapter 2 for details on connecting the Serial ATA drives.



Important:

- Please make sure the SATA drives that you are to create a RAID volume with are connected and powered, and are able to be detected by the system. Otherwise, the RAID BIOS utility would not be accessible.
- While creating a RAID volume, please make sure the system, drives, and cables
 are perfectly steady and mounted correctly. Disturbance during creating a
 RAID volume will result in irreversible data corruption sotred on the drive.

Step 2: Enable RAID in the AMI BIOS

- 1. Power-on the system then press to enter the main menu of the AMI BIOS.
- Go to "Chipset" menu and select the "PCH-IO Configuration" menu then "SATA And RST Configuration" menu.
- 3. Change the "SATA Mode Selection" to "Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration" mode.
- 4. Press F10 to save the changes.
- 5. Reboot the system.

Step 3: Create a RAID Volume

Go to the "Advanced" menu of the AMI BIOS and select "Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology".



- 2. The screen displays all available drives. Select "Create RAID volume" to create a RAID volume".
- 3. Use the up or down arrow keys to select the RAID level and press <Enter>.
- 4. Use the up or down arrow keys to scroll through the list of hard drives and press <Enter> to select the drive.
- 5. Press <Enter>.
- 6. Use the up or down arrow keys to select the strip size and press <Enter>.
- 7. Enter the volume size and press <Enter>.
- 8. At the prompt, press <Y> to confirm volume creation.

Step 4: Install the Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility

The Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility can be installed from within Windows. It allows RAID volume management (create, delete, migrate) from within the operating system. It will also display useful SATA device and RAID volume information. The user interface, tray icon service and monitor service allow you to monitor the current status of the RAID volume and/or SATA drives. It enables enhanced performance and power management for the storage subsystem.

Chapter 6 - Supported Software

Install drivers, utilities and software applications that are required to facilitate and enhance the performance of the system board. You may acquire the software from your sales representatives, from an optional DVD included in the shipment, or from the website download page at https://www.dfi.com/DownloadCenter.

Auto-run Menu

After inserting your DVD-ROM into your optical drive or executing your DVD image, the System Utility auto-run menu may pop up. Click on the utility or driver that is to be installed on the system. Please refer to the following sections that correspond to your selection for more information.



Click "More >>" on the lower right to go to the next page of the auto-run menu, and click "<< Previous" to return to the previous menu.



Note:

This step can be ignored if the applications are downloaded standalone files.

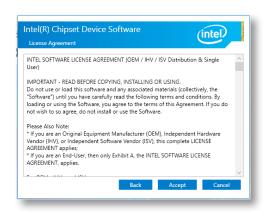
► Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility

The Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility is used for updating Windows® INF files so that the Intel chipset can be recognized and configured properly in the system.

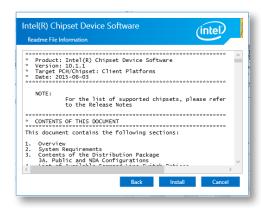
1. Setup is ready to install the utility. Click "Next".



2. Read the license agreement then click "Accept".



 Go through the readme document for more installation tips then click "Install".

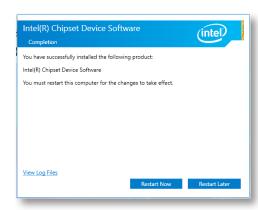


4. The step displays the installing status in the progress.



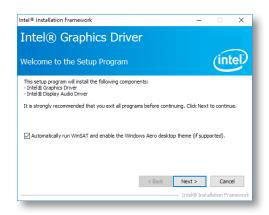
 After completing installation, click "Restart Now" to exit setup.

Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



► Intel HD Graphics Drivers

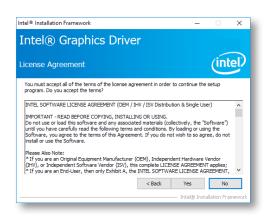
 Setup is now ready to install the graphics driver. Click "Next".



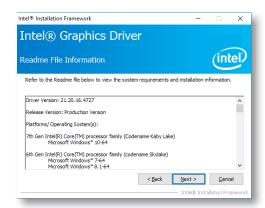
By default, the "Automatically run WinSAT and enable the Windows Aero desktop theme" is enabled. With this enabled, after installing the graphics driver and the system rebooted, the screen will turn blank for 1 to 2 minutes (while WinSAT is running) before the Windows 10 desktop appears. The "blank screen" period is the time Windows is testing the graphics performance.

We recommend that you skip this process by disabling this function then click "Next".

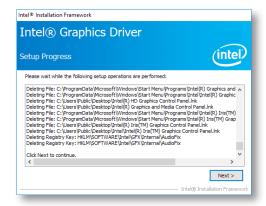
2. Read the license agreement then click "Yes".



 Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips then click "Next".

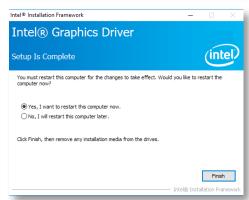


4. Setup is now installing the driver. Click "Next" to continue.



 Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now" then click "Finish".

Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



▶ Realtek Audio Drivers

 Setup is ready to install the driver. Click "Next".



Click "Yes, I want to restart my computer now" then click "Finish".

Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



► Intel LAN Driver

1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click "Next".

(intel Installs drivers, Intel(R) Network Connections, and Advanced Networking Services. WARNING: This program is protected by copyright law and international treaties. < Back Next > Cancel

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("Agreement") until you have carefully read the following terms and conditions.

(intel

Intel(R) Network Connections Install Wizard

Intel(R) Network Connections Install Wizard

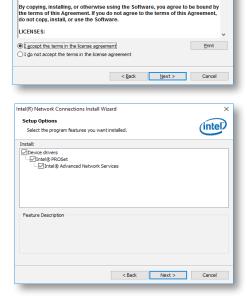
Please read the following license agreement carefully.

License Agreement

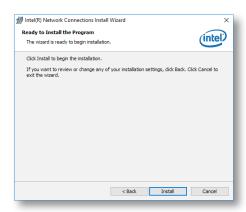
Welcome to the install wizard for Intel(R)

2. Click "I accept the terms in the license agreement" then click "Next".

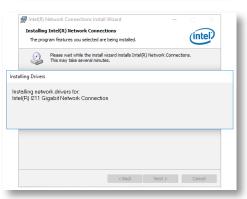
3. Select the program features you want installed then click "Next".



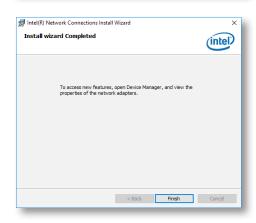
4. Click "Install" to begin the installation.



5. The step displays the installing status in the progress.



6. After completing installation, click "Finish".



► Intel ME Drivers

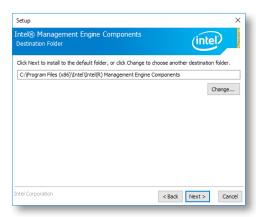
1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click "Next".



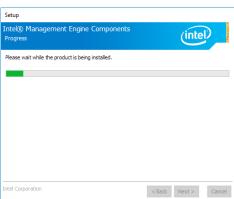
 Read the license agreement then tick "I accept the terms in the License Agreement". Click "Next".



 Click "Next" to install to the default folder, or click "Change" to choose another destination folder.



4. Please wait while the product is being installed.



5. After completing installation, click "Finish".



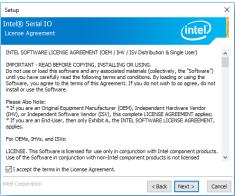
► Intel Serial IO Drivers

1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click "Next".

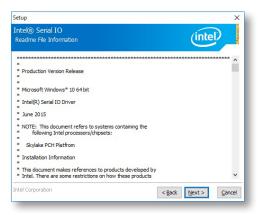


2. Read the license agreement carefully.

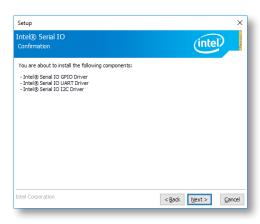
Tick "I accept the terms in the License Agreement" then click "Next".



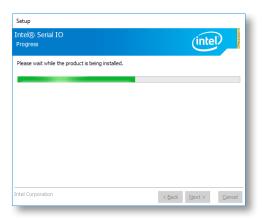
 Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips then click "Next".



4. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click "Next".



5. Setup is now installing the driver.



Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now" then click "Finish".

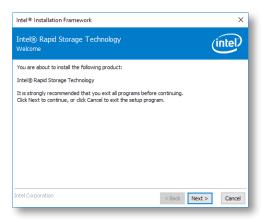
Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



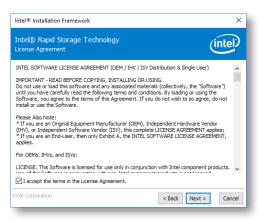
► Intel Rapid Storage Technology

The Intel Rapid Storage Technology is a utility that allows you to monitor the current status of the SATA drives. It enables enhanced performance and power management for the storage subsystem.

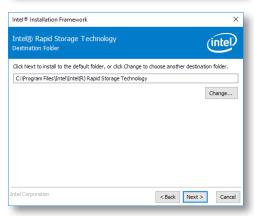
1. Setup is ready to install the utility. Click "Next".



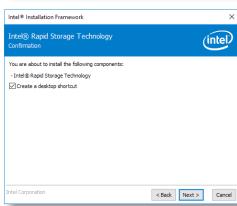
 Read the license agreement and click "I accept the terms in the License Agreement". Then, click "Next".



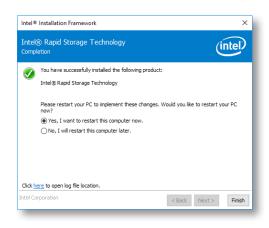
 Go through the readme document to view system requirements and installation information then click "Next". Click "Next" to install to the default folder or click "Change to choose another destination folder".



5. Confirm the installation and click "Next".

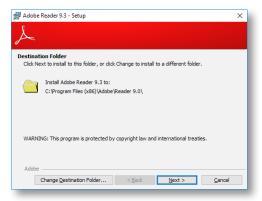


 Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now" to complete the installation and then click "Finish".

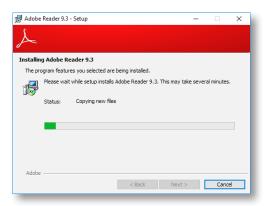


► Adobe Acrobat Reader 9.3

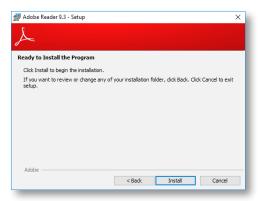
 Click "Next" to install or click "Change Destination Folder" to select another folder.



3. Setup is now installing the driver.



2. Click "Install" to begin installation.



4. Click "Finish" to exit installation.

