

# HU968

## COM Express Compact Module User's Manual

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## Trademarks

Product names or trademarks appearing in this manual are for identification purpose only and are the properties of the respective owners.

## COM Express Specification Reference

PICMG® COM Express Module™ Base Specification.

<http://www.picmg.org/>

## FCC and DOC Statement on Class B

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio TV technician for help.

### Notice:

1. The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.
2. Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

## Table of Contents

Copyright.....	2
Trademarks .....	2
FCC and DOC Statement on Class B.....	2
About this Manual .....	4
Warranty .....	4
Static Electricity Precautions.....	4
Safety Measures .....	4
About the Package.....	5
Chapter 1 - Introduction.....	6
Specifications .....	6
Features .....	7
Chapter 2 - Concept.....	8
COM Express Module Standards.....	8
Specification Comparison Table .....	9
Chapter 3 - Hardware Installation.....	10
Board Layout.....	10
Block Diagram.....	10
Mechanical Diagram.....	11
System Memory.....	12
Connectors.....	13
CPU Fan Connector.....	13
COM Express Connectors .....	13
COM Express connectors Signal Discription .....	15
Standby Power LED.....	22
Cooling Option.....	22
Installing HU968 onto a Carrier Board.....	23
Installing the COM Express Debug Card.....	26

Chapter 4 - BIOS Setup.....	29
Overview .....	29
AMI BIOS Setup Utility.....	30
Main .....	30
Advanced .....	30
Chipset .....	38
Boot.....	44
Security.....	45
Save & Exit .....	45
Updating the BIOS .....	46
Notice: BIOS SPI ROM .....	46
Chapter 5 - Supported Software .....	47
Chapter 6 - GPIO Programming Guide.....	62
Chapter 7 - RAID.....	63
RAID Levels .....	63
Settings .....	63
Chapter 8 - Intel AMT Settings.....	66
Overview.....	66
Enable Intel® AMT in the AMI BIOS.....	66
Enable Intel® AMT in the Intel® Management Engine BIOS Extension (MEBX) Screen.....	67
Appendix A - nLite and AHCI Installation Guide.....	77
nLite.....	77
AHCI .....	81
Appendix B - Watchdog Sample Code.....	83
Appendix C - System Error Message.....	84
Appendix D - Troubleshooting.....	85

## About this Manual

An electronic file of this manual is included in the CD. To view the user's manual in the CD, insert the CD into a CD-ROM drive. The autorun screen (Main Board Utility CD) will appear. Click "User's Manual" on the main menu.

## Warranty

1. Warranty does not cover damages or failures that arise from misuse of the product, inability to use the product, unauthorized replacement or alteration of components and product specifications.
2. The warranty is void if the product has been subjected to physical abuse, improper installation, modification, accidents or unauthorized repair of the product.
3. Unless otherwise instructed in this user's manual, the user may not, under any circumstances, attempt to perform service, adjustments or repairs on the product, whether in or out of warranty. It must be returned to the purchase point, factory or authorized service agency for all such work.
4. We will not be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages to the product that has been modified or altered.

## Static Electricity Precautions

It is quite easy to inadvertently damage your PC, system board, components or devices even before installing them in your system unit. Static electrical discharge can damage computer components without causing any signs of physical damage. You must take extra care in handling them to ensure against electrostatic build-up.

1. To prevent electrostatic build-up, leave the system board in its anti-static bag until you are ready to install it.
2. Wear an antistatic wrist strap.
3. Do all preparation work on a static-free surface.
4. Hold the device only by its edges. Be careful not to touch any of the components, contacts or connections.
5. Avoid touching the pins or contacts on all modules and connectors. Hold modules or connectors by their ends.



### Important:

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your processor, disk drive and other components. Perform the upgrade instruction procedures described at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

## Safety Measures

To avoid damage to the system:

- Use the correct AC input voltage range.

To reduce the risk of electric shock:

- Unplug the power cord before removing the system chassis cover for installation or servicing. After installation or servicing, cover the system chassis before plugging the power cord.

## About the Package

The package contains the following items. If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your dealer or sales representative for assistance.

- One HU968 board
- One QR (Quick Reference)
- One DVD
- Heat spreader with heat sink and fan

## Optional Items

- COM331-B carrier board kit
- Heat sink with fan

The board and accessories in the package may not come similar to the information listed above. This may differ in accordance with the sales region or models in which it was sold. For more information about the standard package in your region, please contact your dealer or sales representative.

## Before Using the System Board

Before using the system board, prepare basic system components.

If you are installing the system board in a new system, you will need at least the following internal components.

- Storage devices such as hard disk drive, CD-ROM, etc.

You will also need external system peripherals you intend to use which will normally include at least a keyboard, a mouse and a video display monitor.

## Chapter 1 - Introduction

### Specifications

<b>Processor</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4th generation Intel® Core™ processors</li> <li>4650U: Intel® Core™ i7-4650U, 4M Cache, 1.7GHz (3.3GHz), 15W</li> <li>4300U: Intel® Core™ i5-4300U, 3M Cache, 1.9GHz (2.9GHz), 15W</li> <li>4010U: Intel® Core™ i3-4010U, 3M Cache, 1.7GHz, 15W</li> <li>2980U: Intel® Celeron® 2980U, 2M Cache, 1.6GHz, 15W</li> <li>BGA 1168 packaging technology</li> <li>22nm process technology</li> </ul>
<b>System Memory</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2GB/4GB/8GB DDR3L memory down</li> <li>Supports DDR3L 1600MHz</li> <li>Supports dual channel memory interface</li> </ul>
<b>Graphics</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Intel® HD Graphics GT Series</li> <li>Supports VGA, LVDS and DDI interfaces</li> <li>VGA: Chrontel CH7517, resolution up to 1920x1200 @60Hz</li> <li>LVDS: NXP PTN3460, 24-bit, dual channel, resolution up to 1920x1200 @60Hz</li> <li>Digital Display Interface: HDMI, DVI and DP</li> <li>HDMI, DVI: resolution up to 4096x2304 @24Hz</li> <li>DP: resolution up to 3200x2000 @60Hz</li> <li>Intel® Clear Video Technology</li> <li>Intel® Advanced Vector Extensions 2.0 (Intel® AVX 2.0) Instructions</li> <li>Supports DirectX 11.1, OpenGL 4.0, OpenCL 1.2</li> </ul>
<b>Audio</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supports High Definition Audio interface</li> </ul>
<b>LAN</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Intel® I218LM with iAMT9.5 Gigabit Ethernet Phy</li> <li>Integrated 10/100/1000 transceiver</li> <li>Fully compliant with IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u, IEEE 802.3ab</li> </ul>
<b>Serial ATA</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supports 3 SATA 3.0 with data transfer rate up to 6Gb/s               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>One shares with PCIe Lane 6</li> </ul> </li> <li>Integrated Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) controller</li> <li>Supports RAID 0/1/5</li> <li>Supports Intel® Smart Response Technology</li> </ul>
<b>SSD* (optional)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2GB/4GB/8GB/16GB/32GB/64GB</li> <li>Write: 30MB/sec (max), Read: 70MB/sec (max)</li> <li>SATA to SSD onboard</li> </ul>
<b>Trusted Platform Module - TPM* (optional)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provides a Trusted PC for secure transactions</li> <li>Provides software license protection, enforcement and password protection</li> </ul>
<b>Active Management Technology - AMT</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supports iAMT9.5</li> <li>Out-of-band system access</li> <li>Remote troubleshooting and recovery</li> <li>Hardware-based agent presence checking</li> <li>Proactive alerting</li> <li>Remote hardware and software asset tracking</li> </ul>

<b>Expansion Interfaces</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supports 2 USB 3.0 interfaces</li> <li>Supports 8 USB 2.0 interfaces</li> <li>Supports 1 PCIe x4; or 2 PCIe x2; or 4 PCIe x1 interfaces</li> <li>Supports 1 PCIe x2; or 1 PCIe x1 interface</li> <li>Supports 1 PCIe x1 interface (PCIe Lane 6 shares with 1 SATA 3.0 port)</li> <li>Supports LPC interface</li> <li>Supports SMBus interface</li> <li>Supports I<sup>2</sup>C interface</li> <li>Supports 2 serial interfaces (TX/RX)</li> <li>Supports 4-bit input and 4-bit output GPIO</li> </ul>
<b>Damage Free Intelligence</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Monitors CPU temperature and overheat alarm</li> <li>Monitors CPU fan speed and failure alarm</li> <li>Monitors Vcore/1.05V/DDR voltages and failure alarm</li> <li>Watchdog timer function</li> </ul>
<b>BIOS</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>AMI BIOS               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>64Mbit SPI BIOS</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Power</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Input: 12V, VCC_RTC, 5VSB* (optional)</li> </ul>
<b>Power Consumption</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>TBD</li> </ul>
<b>WatchDog Timer</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Software programmable from 1 to 255 seconds</li> </ul>
<b>OS Support</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Windows 7 Ultimate x86 &amp; SP1 (32-bit)</li> <li>Windows 7 Ultimate x64 &amp; SP1 (64-bit)</li> <li>Windows 8 Enterprise x86 (32-bit)</li> <li>Windows 8 Enterprise x64 (64-bit)</li> <li>Windows 8.1 Enterprise x86 (32-bit)</li> <li>Windows 8.1 Enterprise x64 (64-bit)</li> </ul>
<b>Temperature</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operating: 0°C to 60°C</li> <li>Storage: -20°C to 85°C</li> </ul>
<b>Humidity</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5% to 90%</li> </ul>
<b>PCB</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dimensions               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>COM Express® Compact</li> <li>95mm (3.74") x 95mm (3.74")</li> </ul> </li> <li>Compliance               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PICMG COM Express® R2.1, Type 6</li> </ul> </li> </ul>


**Note:**

\*Optional and is not supported in standard model. Please contact your sales representative for more information.

## Features

### • Watchdog Timer

The Watchdog Timer function allows your application to regularly “clear” the system at the set time interval. If the system hangs or fails to function, it will reset at the set time interval so that your system will continue to operate.

### • DDR3L

DDR3L is a higher performance DDR3 SDRAM interface providing less voltage and higher speed successor. DDR3L supporting 1600MHz delivers increased system bandwidth and improved performance to provide its higher bandwidth and its increase in performance at a lower power.

### • Graphics

The integrated Intel® HD graphics engine delivers an excellent blend of graphics performance and features to meet business needs. It provides excellent video and 3D graphics with outstanding graphics responsiveness. These enhancements deliver the performance and compatibility needed for today's and tomorrow's business applications. It supports VGA, LVDS and DDI interfaces for 3 display outputs.

### • Serial ATA

Serial ATA is a storage interface that is compliant with SATA 1.0a specification. With speed of up to 6Gb/s (SATA 3.0), it improves hard drive performance faster than the standard parallel ATA whose data transfer rate is 100MB/s. The bandwidth of the SATA 3.0 will be limited by carrier board design.

### • Gigabit LAN

The Intel® I218LM with iAMT9.5 Gigabit LAN controller supports up to 1Gbps data transmission.

### • USB

The system board supports the new USB 3.0. It is capable of running at a maximum transmission speed of up to 5 Gbit/s (625 MB/s) and is faster than USB 2.0 (480 Mbit/s, or 60 MB/s) and USB 1.1 (12Mb/s). USB 3.0 reduces the time required for data transmission, reduces power consumption, and is backward compatible with USB 2.0. It is a marked improvement in device transfer speeds between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

## Chapter 2 - Concept

### COM Express Module Standards

The figure below shows the dimensions of the different types of COM Express modules.

HU968 is a COM Express Compact module. The dimension is 95mm x 95mm.

● Common for all Form Factors

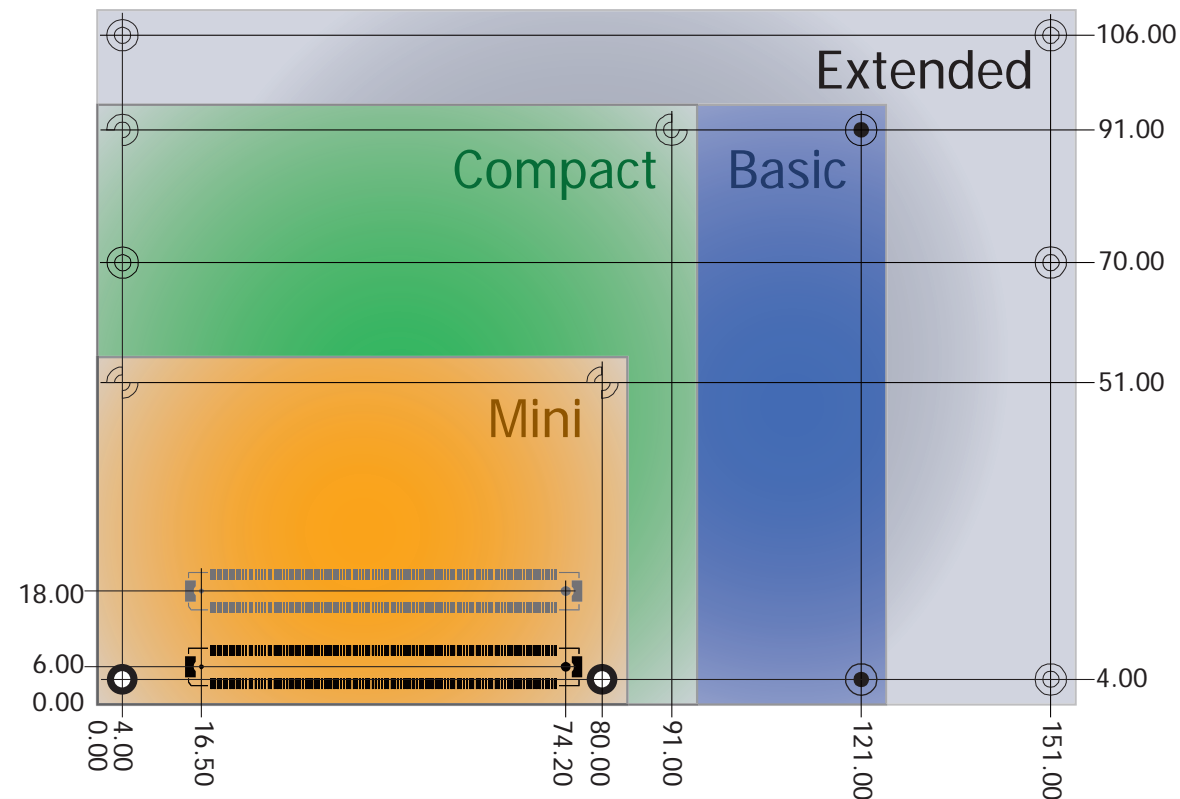
○ Extended only

● Basic only

○ Compact only

○ Compact and Basic only

○ Mini only





## Specification Comparison Table

The table below shows the COM Express standard specifications and the corresponding specifications supported on the HU968 module.

Connector	Feature	COM Express Module Base Specification Type 6 (No IDE or PCI, add DDI + USB3) Min / Max	DFI HU968 Type 6
A-B	System I/O		
A-B	PCI Express Lanes 0 - 5	1 / 6	6 (PCIe Lanes 4-5 support PCIe2 or PCIe1 only)
A-B	LVDS Channel A	0 / 1	1
A-B	LVDS Channel B	0 / 1	1
A-B	eDP on LVDS CH A pins	0 / 1	0
A-B	VGA Port	0 / 1	0/1 (Option : DDI2 or VGA)
A-B	TV-Out	NA	NA
A-B	DDI 0	NA	NA
A-B <sup>5</sup>	Serial Ports 1 - 2	0 / 2	2
A-B	CAN interface on SER1	0 / 1	0
A-B	SATA / SAS Ports	1 / 4	2/3 (Option : PCIe Lane 6 or SATA Port 2)
A-B	AC'97 / HDA Digital Interface	0 / 1	1
A-B	USB 2.0 Ports	4 / 8	8
A-B	USB Client	0 / 1	0
A-B	USB 3.0 Ports	NA	NA
A-B	LAN Port 0	1 / 1	1
A-B	Express Card Support	1 / 2	2
A-B	LPC Bus	1 / 1	1
A-B	SPI	1 / 2	1
A-B	System Management		
A-B <sup>6</sup>	SDIO (muxed on GPIO)	0 / 1	0
A-B <sup>6</sup>	General Purpose I/O	8 / 8	8
A-B	SMBus	1 / 1	1
A-B	I2C	1 / 1	1
A-B	Watchdog Timer	0 / 1	1
A-B	Speaker Out	1 / 1	1
A-B	External BIOS ROM Support	0 / 2	1
A-B	Reset Functions	1 / 1	1

- 5 Indicates 12V-tolerant features on former VCC\_12V signals.
- 6 Cells in the connected columns spanning rows provide a rough approximation of features sharing connector pins.

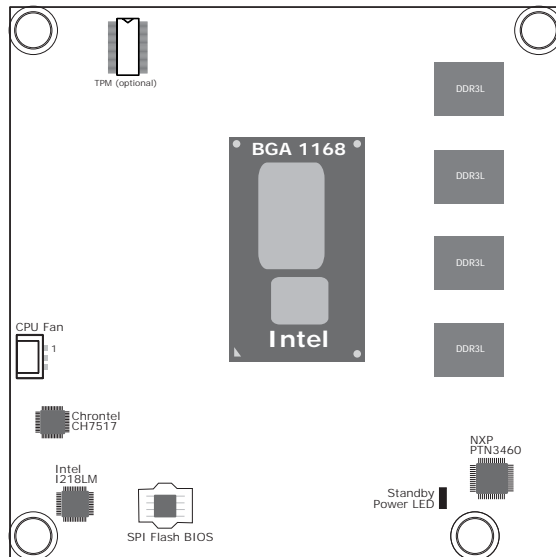
Connector	Feature	COM Express Module Base Specification Type 6 (No IDE or PCI, add DDI + USB3) Min / Max	DFI HU968 Type 6
A-B	Power Management		
A-B	Thermal Protection	0 / 1	1
A-B	Battery Low Alarm	0 / 1	1
A-B	Suspend/Wake Signals	0 / 3	1
A-B	Power Button Support	1 / 1	1
A-B	Power Good	1 / 1	1
A-B	VCC_5V_SBY Contacts	4 / 4	4
A-B <sup>5</sup>	Sleep Input	0 / 1	1
A-B <sup>5</sup>	Lid Input	0 / 1	1
A-B <sup>5</sup>	Fan Control Signals	0 / 2	2
A-B	Trusted Platform Modules	0 / 1	1
A-B	Power		
A-B	VCC_12V Contacts	12 / 12	12

Module Pin-out - Required and Optional Features C-D Connector. PICMG® COM.0 Revision 2.1

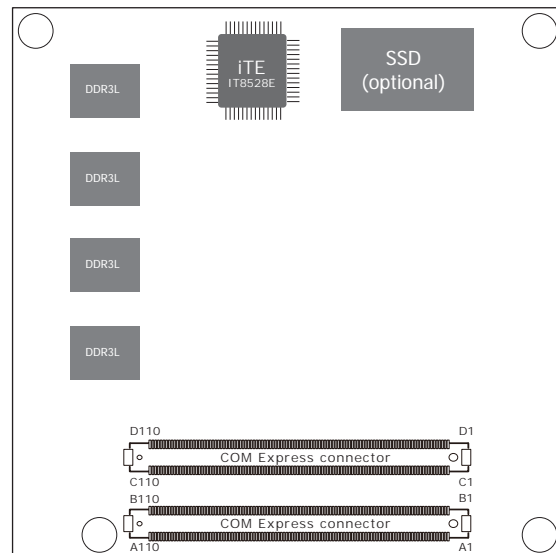
Connector	Feature	COM Express Module Base Specification Type 6 (No IDE or PCI, add DDI + USB3) Min / Max	DFI HU968 Type 6
C-D	System I/O		
C-D <sup>6</sup>	PCI Express Lanes 16 - 31	0 / 16	0
	PCI Express Graphics (PEG)	0 / 1	0
	Muxed SDVO Channels 1 - 2	NA	NA
C-D <sup>6</sup>	PCI Express Lanes 6 - 15	0 / 2	0/1 (Option : PCIe Lane 6 or SATA Port 2)
	PCI Bus - 32 Bit	NA	NA
	PATA Port	NA	NA
	LAN Ports 1 - 2	NA	NA
	DDIs 1 - 3	0 / 3	1/2 (Option : DDI2 or VGA)
	USB 3.0 Ports	0 / 4	2
C-D	Power		
C-D	VCC_12V Contacts	12 / 12	12

## Chapter 3 - Hardware Installation

### Board Layout

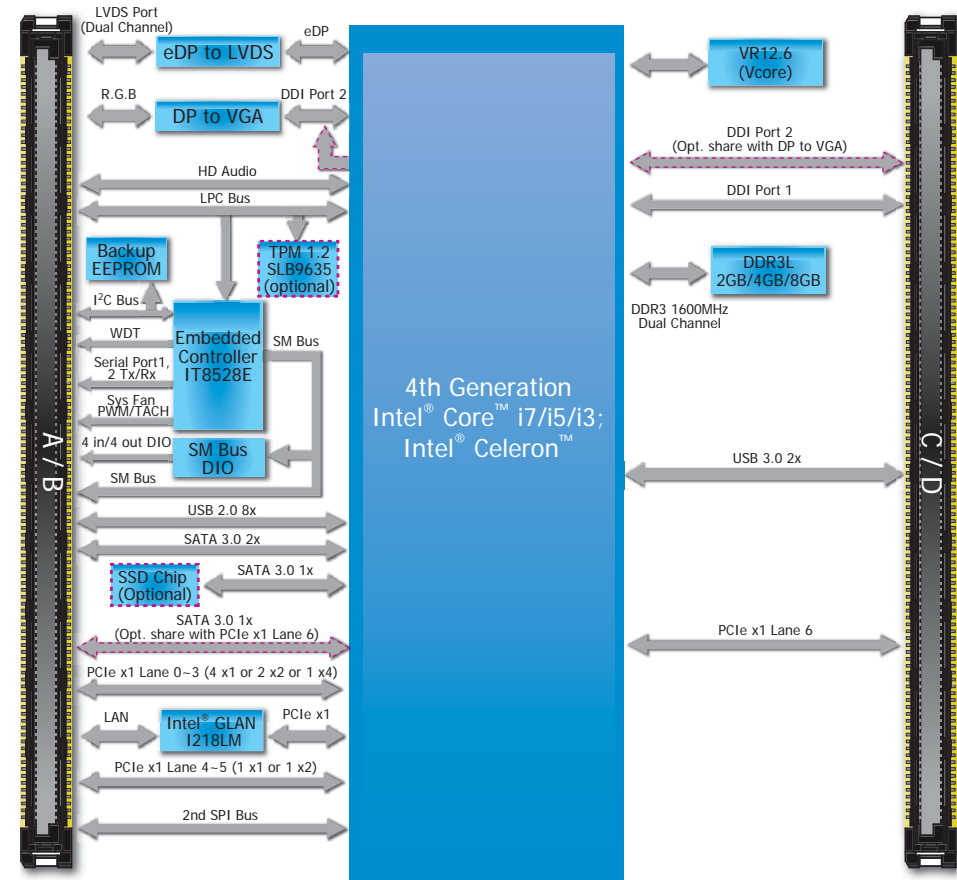


Top View



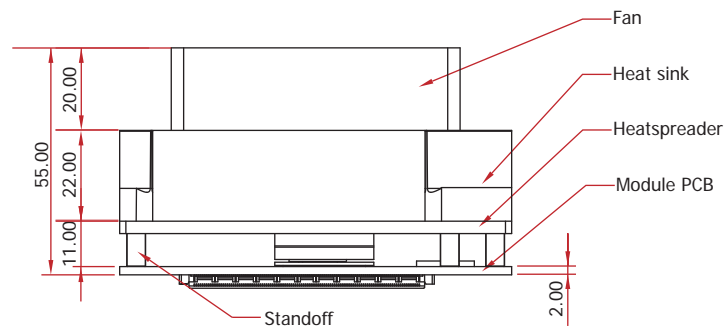
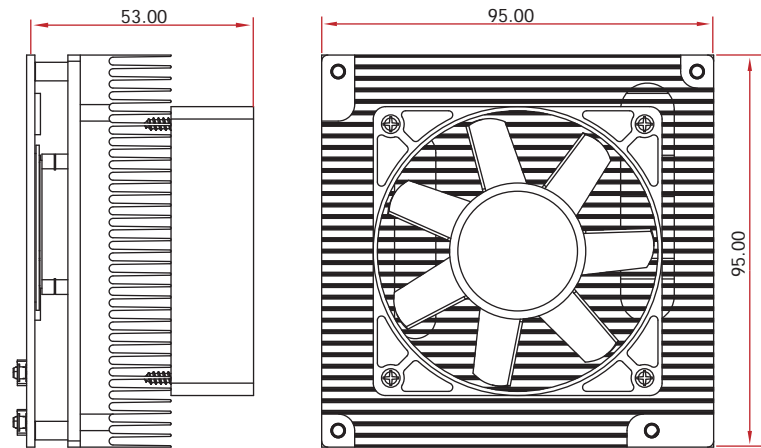
Bottom View

### Block Diagram



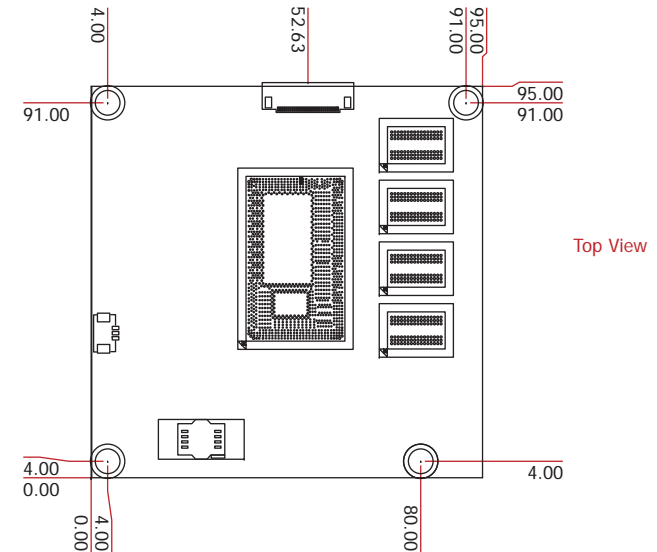
## Mechanical Diagram

HU968 Module with Heat Sink

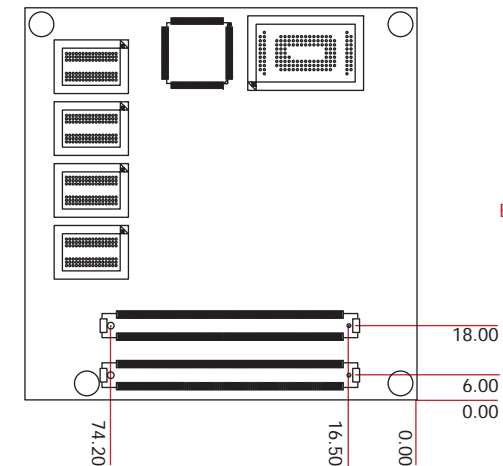


Side View of the Module with Heat Sink and Carrier Board

HU968 Module



Top View



Bottom View

**Important:**

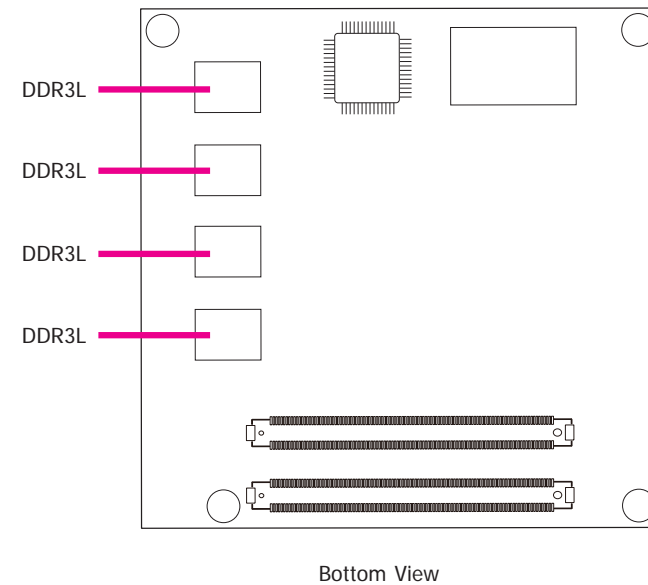
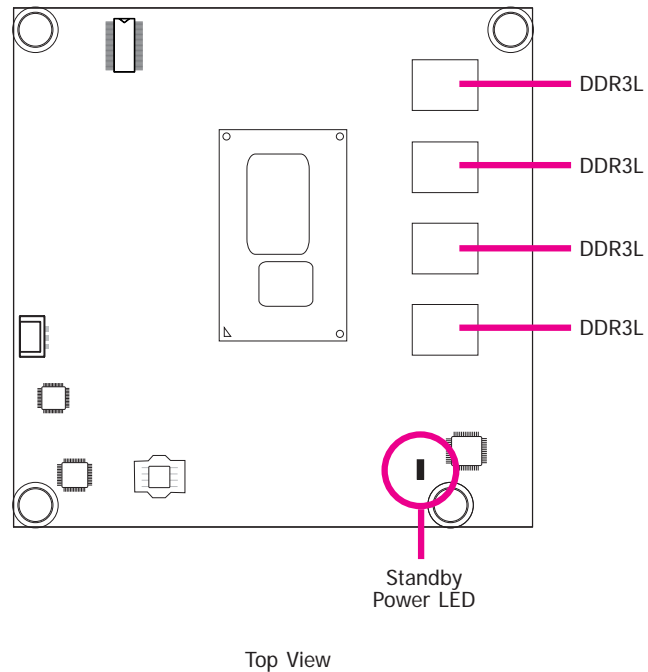
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your board, processor, disk drives, add-in boards, and other components. Perform installation procedures at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

## System Memory

The system board is equipped with 2GB/4GB/8GB DDR3L system memory onboard supporting 1600MHz, dual channel memory interface.

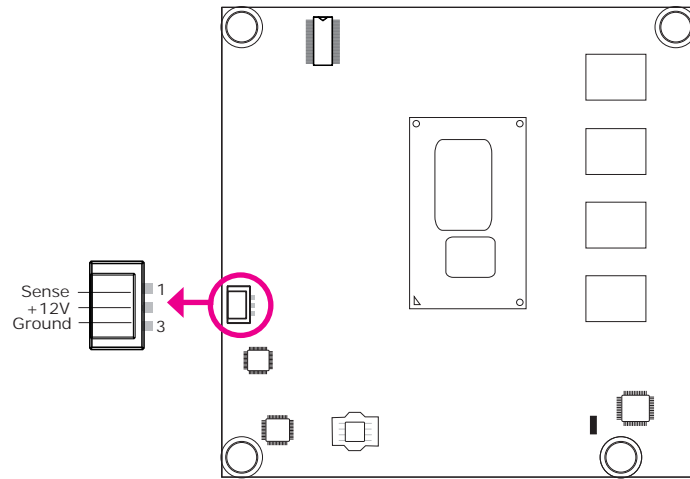
**Important:**

When the Standby Power LED lit red, it indicates that there is power on the board. Power-off the PC then unplug the power cord prior to installing any devices. Failure to do so will cause severe damage to the board and components.



## Connectors

### CPU Fan Connector



Connect the CPU fan's cable connector to the CPU fan connector on the board. The cooling fan will provide adequate airflow throughout the chassis to prevent overheating the CPU and board components.

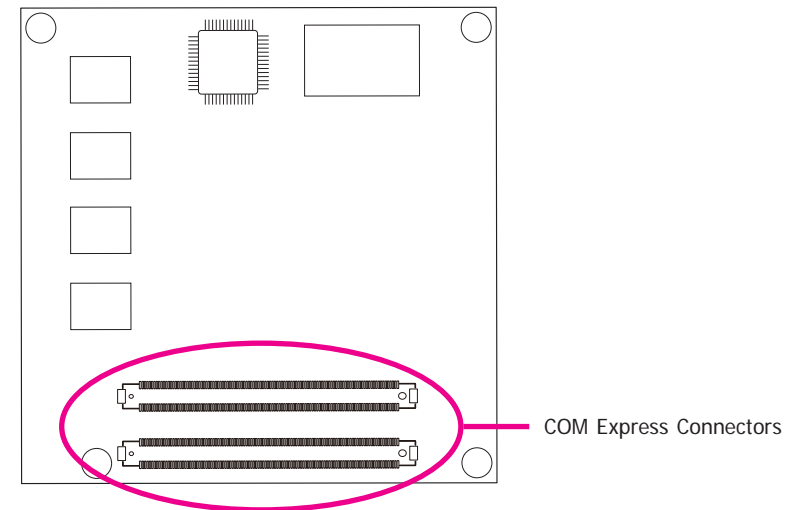
### BIOS Setting

"Module Board H/W Monitor" submenu in the Advanced menu of the BIOS will display the current speed of the cooling fan. Refer to chapter 3 of the manual for more information.

### COM Express Connectors

The COM Express connectors are used to interface the HU968 COM Express board to a carrier board. Connect the COM Express connectors (located on the solder side of the board) to the COM Express connectors on the carrier board.

Refer to the "Installing HU968 onto a Carrier Board" section for more information.



Refer to the following pages for the pin functions of these connectors.

## COM Express Connectors

Row A	Row B	Row A	Row B
A1	GND (FIXED)	B1	GND (FIXED)
A2	GBE0_MDI3-	B2	GBE0_ACT#
A3	GBE0_MDI3+	B3	LPC_FRAME#
A4	GBE0_LINK100#	B4	LPC_AD0
A5	GBE0_LINK1000#	B5	LPC_AD1
A6	GBE0_MDI2-	B6	LPC_AD2
A7	GBE0_MDI2+	B7	LPC_AD3
A8	GBE0_LINK#	B8	NA
A9	GBE0_MDI1-	B9	NA
A10	GBE0_MDI1+	B10	LPC_CLK
A11	GND (FIXED)	B11	GND (FIXED)
A12	GBE0_MDI0-	B12	PWRBTN#
A13	GBE0_MDI0+	B13	SMB_CK
A14	GBE0_CTREF	B14	SMB_DAT
A15	SUS_S3#	B15	SMB_ALERT#
A16	SATA0_TX+	B16	SATA1_TX+
A17	SATA0_TX-	B17	SATA1_TX-
A18	SUS_S4#	B18	SUS_STAT#
A19	SATA0_RX+	B19	SATA1_RX+
A20	SATA0_RX-	B20	SATA1_RX-
A21	GND (FIXED)	B21	GND (FIXED)
A22	SATA2_TX+	B22	NA
A23	SATA2_TX-	B23	NA
A24	SUS_S5#	B24	PWR_OK
A25	SATA2_RX+	B25	NA
A26	SATA2_RX-	B26	NA
A27	BATLOW#	B27	WDT
A28	(S)ATA_ACT#	B28	NA
A29	AC/HDA_SYNC	B29	AC/HDA_SDIN1
A30	AC/HDA_RST#	B30	AC/HDA_SDIN0
A31	GND (FIXED)	B31	GND (FIXED)
A32	AC/HDA_BITCLK	B32	SPKR
A33	AC/HDA_SDOUT	B33	I2C_CK
A34	BIOS_DIS0#	B34	I2C_DAT
A35	THRMTRIP#	B35	THRM#
A36	USB6-	B36	USB7-
A37	USB6+	B37	USB7+
A38	USB_6_7_OC#	B38	USB_4_5_OC#
A39	USB4-	B39	USB5-
A40	USB4+	B40	USB5+
A41	GND (FIXED)	B41	GND (FIXED)
A42	USB2-	B42	USB3-
A43	USB2+	B43	USB3+
A44	USB_2_3_OC#	B44	USB_0_1_OC#
A45	USB0-	B45	USB1-
A46	USB0+	B46	USB1+
A47	VCC_RTC	B47	EXCD1_PERST#
A48	EXCD0_PERST#	B48	EXCD1_CPPE#
A49	EXCD0_CPPE#	B49	SYS_RESET#
A50	LPC_SERIRQ	B50	CB_RESET#
A51	GND (FIXED)	B51	GND (FIXED)
A52	PCIE_TX5+	B52	PCIE_RX5+
A53	PCIE_TX5-	B53	PCIE_RX5-
A54	GPI0	B54	GPO1
A55	PCIE_TX4+	B55	PCIE_RX4+
A56	PCIE_TX4-	B56	PCIE_RX4-
A57	GND	B57	GPO2
A58	PCIE_TX3+	B58	PCIE_RX3+
A59	PCIE_TX3-	B59	PCIE_RX3-
A60	GND (FIXED)	B60	GND (FIXED)
A61	PCIE_TX2+	B61	PCIE_RX2+
A62	PCIE_TX2-	B62	PCIE_RX2-
A63	GPI1	B63	GPO3
A64	PCIE_TX1+	B64	PCIE_RX1+
A65	PCIE_TX1-	B65	PCIE_RX1-
A66	GND	B66	WAKE0#
A67	GPI2	B67	NA
A68	PCIE_TX0+	B68	PCIE_RX0+
A69	PCIE_TX0-	B69	PCIE_RX0-
A70	GND (FIXED)	B70	GND (FIXED)
A71	LVDS_A0+	B71	LVDS_B0+
A72	LVDS_A0-	B72	LVDS_B0-
A73	LVDS_A1+	B73	LVDS_B1+
A74	LVDS_A1-	B74	LVDS_B1-
A75	LVDS_A2+	B75	LVDS_B2+
A76	LVDS_A2-	B76	LVDS_B2-
A77	LVDS_VDD_EN	B77	LVDS_B3+
A78	LVDS_A3+	B78	LVDS_B3-
A79	LVDS_A3-	B79	LVDS_BKLT_EN
A80	GND (FIXED)	B80	GND (FIXED)
A81	LVDS_A_CK+	B81	LVDS_B_CK+
A82	LVDS_A_CK-	B82	LVDS_B_CK-
A83	LVDS_I2C_CK	B83	LVDS_BKLT_CTRL
A84	LVDS_I2C_DAT	B84	VCC_5V_SBY
A85	GPI3	B85	VCC_5V_SBY
A86	RSVD	B86	VCC_5V_SBY
A87	RSVD	B87	VCC_5V_SBY
A88	PCIE0_CK_REF+	B88	BIOS_DIS1#
A89	PCIE0_CK_REF-	B89	VGA_RED
A90	GND (FIXED)	B90	GND (FIXED)
A91	SPL_POWER	B91	VGA_GRN
A92	SPL_MISO	B92	VGA_BLU
A93	GPO0	B93	VGA_HSYNC
A94	SPL_CLK	B94	VGA_VSYNC
A95	SPL_MOSI	B95	VGA_I2C_CK
A96	TPM_PP	B96	VGA_I2C_DAT
A97	TYPE10#	B97	SPL_CS#
A98	SER0_TX	B98	RSVD
A99	SER0_RX	B99	RSVD
A100	GND (FIXED)	B100	GND (FIXED)
A101	SER1_TX	B101	FAN_PWMOUT
A102	SER1_RX	B102	FAN_TACHIN
A103	LID#	B103	SLEEP#
A104	VCC_12V	B104	VCC_12V
A105	VCC_12V	B105	VCC_12V
A106	VCC_12V	B106	VCC_12V
A107	VCC_12V	B107	VCC_12V
A108	VCC_12V	B108	VCC_12V
A109	VCC_12V	B109	VCC_12V
A110	GND (FIXED)	B110	GND (FIXED)

Row C	Row D	Row C	Row D
C1	GND (FIXED)	D1	GND (FIXED)
C2	GND	D2	GND
C3	USB_SSRX0-	D3	USB_SSTX0-
C4	USB_SSRX0+	D4	USB_SSTX0+
C5	GND	D5	GND (FIXED)
C6	USB_SSRX1-	D6	USB_SSTX1-
C7	USB_SSRX1+	D7	USB_SSTX1+
C8	GND	D8	GND
C9	NA	D9	NA
C10	NA	D10	NA
C11	GND (FIXED)	D11	GND (FIXED)
C12	NA	D12	NA
C13	NA	D13	NA
C14	GND	D14	GND
C15	NA	D15	DDI1_CTRLCLK_AUX+
C16	NA	D16	DDI1_CTRLCLK_AUX-
C17	RSVD	D17	RSVD
C18	RSVD	D18	RSVD
C19	PCIE_RX6+	D19	PCIE_TX6+
C20	PCIE_RX6-	D20	PCIE_TX6-
C21	GND (FIXED)	D21	GND (FIXED)
C22	NA	D22	NA
C23	NA	D23	NA
C24	DDI1_HPDP	D24	RSVD
C25	NA	D25	RSVD
C26	NA	D26	DDI1_PAIR0+
C27	RSVD	D27	DDI1_PAIR0-
C28	RSVD	D28	RSVD
C29	NA	D29	DDI1_PAIR1+
C30	NA	D30	DDI1_PAIR1-
C31	GND (FIXED)	D31	GND (FIXED)
C32	DDI2_CTRLCLK_AUX+	D32	DDI1_PAIR2+
C33	DDI2_CTRLCLK_AUX-	D33	DDI1_PAIR2-
C34	DDI2_DDC_AUX_SEL	D34	DDI1_DDC_AUX_SEL
C35	RSVD	D35	RSVD
C36	NA	D36	DDI1_PAIR3+
C37	NA	D37	DDI1_PAIR3-
C38	NA	D38	RSVD
C39	NA	D39	DDI2_PAIR0+
C40	NA	D40	DDI2_PAIR0-
C41	GND (FIXED)	D41	GND (FIXED)
C42	NA	D42	DDI2_PAIR1+
C43	NA	D43	DDI2_PAIR1-
C44	NA	D44	DDI2_HPDP
C45	RSVD	D45	RSVD
C46	NA	D46	DDI2_PAIR2+
C47	NA	D47	DDI2_PAIR2-
C48	RSVD	D48	RSVD
C49	NA	D49	DDI2_PAIR3+
C50	NA	D50	DDI2_PAIR3-
C51	GND (FIXED)	D51	GND (FIXED)
C52	NA	D52	NA
C53	NA	D53	NA
C54	TYPE0#	D54	NA
C55	NA	D55	NA
C56	PEG_RX1-	D56	PEG_TX1-
C57	TYPE1#	D57	TYPE2#
C58	NA	D58	NA
C59	NA	D59	NA
C60	GND (FIXED)	D60	GND (FIXED)
C61	NA	D61	NA
C62	NA	D62	NA
C63	RSVD	D63	RSVD
C64	RSVD	D64	RSVD
C65	NA	D65	NA
C66	NA	D66	NA
C67	RSVD	D67	GND
C68	NA	D68	NA
C69	NA	D69	NA
C70	GND (FIXED)	D70	GND (FIXED)
C71	NA	D71	NA
C72	NA	D72	NA
C73	GND	D73	GND
C74	NA	D74	NA
C75	NA	D75	NA
C76	GND	D76	GND
C77	RSVD	D77	RSVD
C78	NA	D78	NA
C79	NA	D79	NA
C80	GND (FIXED)	D80	GND (FIXED)
C81	NA	D81	NA
C82	NA	D82	NA
C83	RSVD	D83	RSVD
C84	GND	D84	GND
C85	NA	D85	NA
C86	NA	D86	NA
C87	GND	D87	GND
C88	NA	D88	NA
C89	NA	D89	NA
C90	GND (FIXED)	D90	GND (FIXED)
C91	NA	D91	NA
C92	NA	D92	NA
C93	GND	D93	GND
C94	NA	D94	NA
C95	NA	D95	NA
C96	GND	D96	GND
C97	RSVD	D97	RSVD
C98	NA	D98	NA
C99	NA	D99	NA
C100	GND (FIXED)	D100	GND (FIXED)
C101	NA	D101	NA
C102	NA	D102	NA
C103	GND	D103	GND
C104	VCC_12V	D104	VCC_12V
C105	VCC_12V	D105	VCC_12V
C106	VCC_12V	D106	VCC_12V
C107	VCC_12V	D107	VCC_12V
C108	VCC_12V	D108	VCC_12V
C109	VCC_12V	D109	VCC_12V
C110	GND (FIXED)	D110	GND (FIXED)

## COM Express Connectors Signal Description

Pin Types  
 I Input to the Module  
 O Output from the Module  
 I/O Bi-directional input / output signal  
 OD Open drain output

### AC97/HDA Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
AC/HAD_RST#	A30	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect to CODEC pin 11 RESET#	Reset output to CODEC, active low.
AC/HDA_SYNC	A29	O CMOS	3.3V/3.3V		Connect to CODEC pin 10 SYNC	Sample-synchronization signal to the CODEC(s).
AC/HDA_BITCLK	A32	I/O CMOS	3.3V/3.3V		Connect to CODEC pin 6 BIT_CLK	Serial data clock generated by the external CODEC(s).
AC/HDA_SDOUT	A33	O CMOS	3.3V/3.3V		Connect to CODEC pin 5 SDATA_OUT	Serial TDM data output to the CODEC.
AC/HDA_SDIN2	B28	I/O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	NA		
AC/HDA_SDIN1	B29	I/O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 33 Ω in series to CODEC1 pin 8 SDATA_IN	Serial TDM data inputs from up to 2 CODECs.
AC/HDA_SDINO	B30	I/O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 33 Ω in series to CODEC0 pin 8 SDATA_IN	

### Gigabit Ethernet Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
GBEO_MDIO+	A13	I/O Analog	3.3V max Suspend		Connect to Magnetics Module MDIO+/-	Gigabit Ethernet Controller 0: Media Dependent Interface Differential Pairs 0,1,2,3. The MDI can operate in 1000, 100 and 10 Mbit / sec modes. Some pairs are unused in some modes, per the following: 1000BASE-T 100BASE-TX 10BASE-T MDI[0]+/- B1_DA+/- TX+/- TX+/- MDI[1]+/- B1_DB+/- RX+/- RX+/- MDI[2]+/- B1_DC+/- MDI[3]+/- B1_DD+/-
GBEO_MDIO-	A12	I/O Analog	3.3V max Suspend			
GBEO_MD1+	A10	I/O Analog	3.3V max Suspend		Connect to Magnetics Module MD1+/-	
GBEO_MD1-	A9	I/O Analog	3.3V max Suspend			
GBEO_MD2+	A7	I/O Analog	3.3V max Suspend		Connect to Magnetics Module MD2+/-	
GBEO_MD2-	A6	I/O Analog	3.3V max Suspend			
GBEO_MD3+	A3	I/O Analog	3.3V max Suspend		Connect to Magnetics Module MD3+/-	
GBEO_MD3-	A2	I/O Analog	3.3V max Suspend			
GBEO_ACT#	B2	OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect to LED and <b>recommend</b> current limit resistor 150 Ω to 3.3VSB	Gigabit Ethernet Controller 0 activity indicator, active low.
GBEO_LINK#	A8	OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		NC	Gigabit Ethernet Controller 0 link indicator, active low.
GBEO_LINK100#	A4	OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect to LED and <b>recommend</b> current limit resistor 150 Ω to 3.3VSB	Gigabit Ethernet Controller 0 1000 Mbit / sec link indicator, active low.
GBEO_LINK1000#	A5	OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect to LED and <b>recommend</b> current limit resistor 150 Ω to 3.3VSB	Gigabit Ethernet Controller 0 1000 Mbit / sec link indicator, active low.

### SATA Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
SATA0_TX+	A16	O SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to SATA0 Conn TX pin	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 0 transmit differential pair.
SATA0_TX-	A17	O SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor		
SATA0_RX+	A19	I SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to SATA0 Conn RX pin	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 0 receive differential pair.
SATA0_RX-	A20	I SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor		
SATA1_TX+	B16	O SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to SATA1 Conn TX pin	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 1 transmit differential pair.
SATA1_TX-	B17	O SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor		
SATA1_RX+	B19	I SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to SATA1 Conn RX pin	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 1 receive differential pair.
SATA1_RX-	B20	I SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor		
SATA2_TX+	A22	O SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to SATA2 Conn TX pin	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 2 transmit differential pair.
SATA2_TX-	A23	O SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor		
SATA2_RX+	A25	I SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to SATA2 Conn RX pin	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 2 receive differential pair.
SATA2_RX-	A26	I SATA	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor		
SATA3_TX+	B22	O SATA	AC coupled on Module	NA	Connect to LED and <b>recommend</b> current limit resistor 220Ω to 3.3V	Serial ATA or SAS Channel 3 transmit differential pair.
SATA3_TX-	B23	O SATA	AC coupled on Module	NA		
SATA3_RX+	B25	I SATA	AC coupled on Module	NA		
SATA3_RX-	B26	I SATA	AC coupled on Module	NA		
ATA_ACT#	A28	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 10K to 3.3V		ATA (parallel and serial) or SAS activity indicator, active low.

### PCI Express Lanes Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
PCIE_TX0+	A68	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to PCIE device or slot	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 0
PCIE_TX0-	A69			AC Coupling capacitor		
PCIE_RX0+	B68	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module		<b>Device</b> - Connect AC Coupling cap 0.1uF <b>Slot</b> - Connect to PCIE Conn pin	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 0
PCIE_RX0-	B69					
PCIE_TX1+	A64	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to PCIE device or slot	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 1
PCIE_TX1-	A65			AC Coupling capacitor		
PCIE_RX1+	B64	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module		<b>Device</b> - Connect AC Coupling cap 0.1uF <b>Slot</b> - Connect to PCIE Conn pin	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 1
PCIE_RX1-	B65					
PCIE_TX2+	A61	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to PCIE device or slot	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 2
PCIE_TX2-	A62			AC Coupling capacitor		
PCIE_RX2+	B61	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module		<b>Device</b> - Connect AC Coupling cap 0.1uF <b>Slot</b> - Connect to PCIE Conn pin	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 2
PCIE_RX2-	B62					
PCIE_TX3+	A58	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to PCIE device or slot	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 3
PCIE_TX3-	A59			AC Coupling capacitor		
PCIE_RX3+	B58	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module		<b>Device</b> - Connect AC Coupling cap 0.1uF <b>Slot</b> - Connect to PCIE Conn pin	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 3
PCIE_RX3-	B59					
PCIE_TX4+	A55	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to PCIE device or slot	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 4
PCIE_TX4-	A56			AC Coupling capacitor		
PCIE_RX4+	B55	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module		<b>Device</b> - Connect AC Coupling cap 0.1uF <b>Slot</b> - Connect to PCIE Conn pin	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 4
PCIE_RX4-	B56					

## PCI Express Lanes Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
PCIE_TX5+	A52	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to PCIE device or slot	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 5
PCIE_TX5-	A53			AC Coupling capacitor		
PCIE_RX5+	B52	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module		<b>Device</b> - Connect AC Coupling cap 0.1uF <b>Slot</b> - Connect to PCIE Conn pin	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 5
PCIE_RX5-	B53					
PCIE_TX6+	D19	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect to PCIE device or slot	PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 6
PCIE_TX6-	D20			AC Coupling capacitor		
PCIE_RX6+	C19	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module		<b>Device</b> - Connect AC Coupling cap 0.1uF <b>Slot</b> - Connect to PCIE Conn pin	PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 6
PCIE_RX6-	C20					
PCIE_TX7+	D22	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		PCI Express Differential Transmit Pairs 7 (Optional with on board LAN, Default setting as NC)
PCIE_TX7-	D23			NA		
PCIE_RX7+	C22	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		PCI Express Differential Receive Pairs 7 (Optional with on board LAN, Default setting as NC)
PCIE_RX7-	C23			NA		
PCIE0_CK_REF+	A88	O PCIE	PCIE		Connect to PCIE device, <b>PCIe CLK Buffer</b> or slot	Reference clock output for all PCI Express and PCI Express Graphics lanes.
PCIE0_CK_REF-	A89					

## PEG Signals Descriptions

Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
PEG_TX0+	D52	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 0
PEG_TX0-	D53			NA		
PEG_RX0+	C52	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 0
PEG_RX0-	C53			NA		
PEG_TX1+	D55	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 1
PEG_TX1-	D56			NA		
PEG_RX1+	C55	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 1
PEG_RX1-	C56			NA		
PEG_TX2+	D58	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 2
PEG_TX2-	D59			NA		
PEG_RX2+	C58	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 2
PEG_RX2-	C59			NA		
PEG_TX3+	D61	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 3
PEG_TX3-	D62			NA		
PEG_RX3+	C61	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 3
PEG_RX3-	C62			NA		
PEG_TX4+	D65	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 4
PEG_TX4-	D66			NA		
PEG_RX4+	C65	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 4
PEG_RX4-	C66			NA		
PEG_TX5+	D68	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 5
PEG_TX5-	D69			NA		
PEG_RX5+	C68	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 5
PEG_RX5-	C69			NA		
PEG_TX6+	D71	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 6
PEG_TX6-	D72			NA		
PEG_RX6+	C71	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 6
PEG_RX6-	C72			NA		
PEG_TX7+	D74	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 7
PEG_TX7-	D75			NA		
PEG_RX7+	C74	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 7
PEG_RX7-	C75			NA		
PEG_TX8+	D78	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 8
PEG_TX8-	D79			NA		
PEG_RX8+	C78	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 8
PEG_RX8-	C79			NA		
PEG_TX9+	D81	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 9
PEG_TX9-	D82			NA		
PEG_RX9+	C81	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 9
PEG_RX9-	C82			NA		
PEG_TX10+	D85	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 10
PEG_TX10-	D86			NA		
PEG_RX10+	C85	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 10
PEG_RX10-	C86			NA		
PEG_TX11+	D88	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 11
PEG_TX11-	D89			NA		
PEG_RX11+	C88	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 11
PEG_RX11-	C89			NA		
PEG_TX12+	D91	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 12
PEG_TX12-	D92			NA		
PEG_RX12+	C91	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 12
PEG_RX12-	C92			NA		
PEG_TX13+	D94	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 13
PEG_TX13-	D95			NA		
PEG_RX13+	C94	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 13
PEG_RX13-	C95			NA		



**PEG Signals Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
PEG_TX14+	D98	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 14
PEG_TX14-	D99			NA		
PEG_RX14+	C98	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 14
PEG_RX14-	C99			NA		
PEG_TX15+	D101	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics transmit differential pairs 15
PEG_TX15-	D102			NA		
PEG_RX15+	C101	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		PCI Express Graphics receive differential pairs 15
PEG_RX15-	C102			NA		
PEG_LANE_RV#	D54	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	NA		PCI Express Graphics lane reversal input strap. Pull low on the Carrier board to reverse lane order.

**ExpressCard Signals Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
EXCD0_CPPE#	A49	I CMOS	3.3V /3.3V	PU 10k to 3.3V		PCI ExpressCard: PCI Express capable card request, active low, one per card
EXCD1_CPPE#	B48			PU 10k to 3.3V		
EXCD0_PERST#	A48	O CMOS	3.3V /3.3V			PCI ExpressCard: reset, active low, one per card
EXCD1_PERST#	B47					

**DDI Signals Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
DDI1_PAIR0+/SDVO1_RED+	D26	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module		Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	DDI 1 Pair 0 differential pairs/Serial Digital Video B red output differential pair
DDI1_PAIR0-/SDVO1_RED-	D27				Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	
DDI1_PAIR1+/SDVO1_GRN+	D29	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module		Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	DDI 1 Pair 1 differential pairs/Serial Digital Video B green output differential pair
DDI1_PAIR1-/SDVO1_GRN-	D30				Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	
DDI1_PAIR2+/SDVO1_BLU+	D32	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module		Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	DDI 1 Pair 2 differential pairs/Serial Digital Video B blue output differential pair
DDI1_PAIR2-/SDVO1_BLU-	D33				Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	
DDI1_PAIR3+/SDVO1_CK+	D36	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module		Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	DDI 1 Pair 3 differential pairs/Serial Digital Video B clock output differential pair.
DDI1_PAIR3-/SDVO1_CK-	D37				Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	
DDI1_PAIR4+/SDVO1_INT+	C25	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		Serial Digital Video B interrupt input differential pair.
DDI1_PAIR4-/SDVO1_INT-	C26			NA		
DDI1_PAIR5+/SDVO1_TVCLKIN+	C29	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		Serial Digital Video TVOUT synchronization clock input differential pair.
DDI1_PAIR5-/SDVO1_TVCLKIN-	C30			NA		
DDI1_PAIR6+/SDVO1_FLDSTALL+	C15	I PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		Serial Digital Video Field Stall input differential pair.
DDI1_PAIR6-/SDVO1_FLDSTALL-	C16			NA		
DDI1_CTRLCLK_AUX+/SDVO1_CTRLCLK	D15	I/O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	PD 100K to GND (S/W 1C between Rpu/PCH)	Connect to DP AUX+	DP AUX+ function if DDI1_DDC_AUX_SEL is no connect
		I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 4.7K to 3.3V, PD 100K to GND (S/W 1C between Rpu/Rpd resistor)	Connect to HDMI/DVI I2C CTRLCLK	HDMI/DVI I2C CTRLCLK if DDI1_DDC_AUX_SEL is pulled high
DDI1_CTRLCLK_AUX-/SDVO1_CTRLDATA	D16	I/O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	PU 100K to 3.3V (S/W 1C between Rpu/PCH)	Connect to DP AUX-	DP AUX- function if DDI1_DDC_AUX_SEL is no connect
		I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 4.7K to 3.3V/PU 100K to 3.3V (S/W 1C between 4.7K/100K resistor)	Connect to HDMI/DVI I2C CTRLDATA	HDMI/DVI I2C CTRLDATA if DDI1_DDC_AUX_SEL is pulled high
DDI1_HPD	C24	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		PD 1M and Connect to device Hot Plug Detect	DDI Hot-Plug Detect
DDI1_DDC_AUX_SEL	D34	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PD 1M to GND	PU 100K to 3.3V for DDC(HDMI/DVI)	Selects the function of DDI1_CTRLCLK_AUX+ and DDI1_CTRLDATA_AUX-. DDI[n]_DDC_AUX_SEL shall be pulled to 3.3V on the Carrier with a 100K Ohm resistor to configure the DDI[n]_AUX pair as the DDC channel. Carrier DDI[n]_DDC_AUX_SEL should be connected to pin 13 of the DisplayPort
DDI2_PAIR0+	D39	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module		Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	DDI 2 Pair 0 differential pairs
DDI2_PAIR0-	D40				Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	
DDI2_PAIR1+	D42	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module		Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	DDI 2 Pair 1 differential pairs
DDI2_PAIR1-	D43				Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	
DDI2_PAIR2+	D46	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module		Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	DDI 2 Pair 2 differential pairs
DDI2_PAIR2-	D47				Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	
DDI2_PAIR3+	D49	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module		Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	DDI 2 Pair 3 differential pairs
DDI2_PAIR3-	D50				Connect AC Coupling Capacitors 0.1uF to Device	
DDI2_CTRLCLK_AUX+	C32	I/O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	PD 100K to GND (S/W 1C between Rpu/PCH)	Connect to DP AUX+	DP AUX+ function if DDI2_DDC_AUX_SEL is no connect
		I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 4.7K to 3.3V, PD 100K to GND (S/W 1C between Rpu/Rpd resistor)	Connect to HDMI/DVI I2C CTRLCLK	HDMI/DVI I2C CTRLCLK if DDI2_DDC_AUX_SEL is pulled high
DDI2_CTRLCLK_AUX-	C33	I/O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	PU 100K to 3.3V (S/W 1C between Rpu/PCH)	Connect to DP AUX-	DP AUX- function if DDI2_DDC_AUX_SEL is no connect
		I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 4.7K to 3.3V/PU 100K to 3.3V (S/W 1C between 4.7K/100K resistor)	Connect to HDMI/DVI I2C CTRLDATA	HDMI/DVI I2C CTRLDATA if DDI2_DDC_AUX_SEL is pulled high
DDI2_HPD	D44	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		PD 1M and Connect to device Hot Plug Detect	DDI Hot-Plug Detect
DDI2_DDC_AUX_SEL	C34	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PD 1M to GND	PU 100K to 3.3V for DDC(HDMI/DVI)	Selects the function of DDI2_CTRLCLK_AUX+ and DDI2_CTRLDATA_AUX-. DDI[n]_DDC_AUX_SEL shall be pulled to 3.3V on the Carrier with a 100K Ohm resistor to configure the DDI[n]_AUX pair as the DDC channel. Carrier DDI[n]_DDC_AUX_SEL should be connected to pin 13 of the DisplayPort

DDI Signals Descriptions						
Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
DDI3_PAIR0+	C39	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		DDI 3 Pair 0 differential pairs
DDI3_PAIR0-	C40			NA		
DDI3_PAIR1+	C42	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		DDI 3 Pair 1 differential pairs
DDI3_PAIR1-	C43			NA		
DDI3_PAIR2+	C46	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		DDI 3 Pair 2 differential pairs
DDI3_PAIR2-	C47			NA		
DDI3_PAIR3+	C49	O PCIE	AC coupled off Module	NA		DDI 3 Pair 3 differential pairs
DDI3_PAIR3-	C50			NA		
DDI3_CTRLCLK_AUX+	C36	I/O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		DP AUX+ function if DDI3_DDC_AUX_SEL is no connect
		I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	NA		HDMI/DVI I2C CTRLCLK if DDI3_DDC_AUX_SEL is pulled high
DDI3_CTRLCLK_AUX-	C37	I/O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		DP AUX- function if DDI3_DDC_AUX_SEL is no connect
		I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	NA		HDMI/DVI I2C CTRLDATA if DDI3_DDC_AUX_SEL is pulled high
DDI3_HPD	C44	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	NA		DDI Hot-Plug Detect
DDI3_DDC_AUX_SEL	C38	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	NA		Selects the function of DDI3_CTRLCLK_AUX+ and DDI3_CTRLDATA_AUX-. DDI[n]_DDC_AUX_SEL shall be pulled to 3.3V on the Carrier with a 100K Ohm resistor to configure the DDI[n]_AUX pair as the DDC channel. Carrier DDI[n]_DDC_AUX_SEL should be connected to pin 13 of the DisplayPort

USB Signals Descriptions						
Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
USB0+	A46	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 90 $\Omega$ @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	USB differential pairs 0
USB0-	A45					
USB1+	B46	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 90 $\Omega$ @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	USB differential pairs 1
USB1-	B45					
USB2+	A43	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 90 $\Omega$ @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	USB differential pairs 2
USB2-	A42					
USB3+	B43	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 90 $\Omega$ @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	USB differential pairs 3
USB3-	B42					
USB4+	A40	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 90 $\Omega$ @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	USB differential pairs 4
USB4-	A39					
USB5+	B40	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 90 $\Omega$ @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	USB differential pairs 5
USB5-	B39					
USB6+	A37	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 90 $\Omega$ @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	USB differential pairs 6
USB6-	A36					
USB7+	B37	I/O USB	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect 90 $\Omega$ @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	USB differential pairs 7, USB7 may be configured as a USB client or as a host, or both, at the Module designer's discretion.(CR901-B default set as a host)
USB7-	B36					
USB_0_1_OC#	B44	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 10k to 3V3_DU	Connect to Overcurrent of USB Power Switch	USB over-current sense, USB channels 0 and 1. A pull-up for this line shall be present on the Module. An open drain driver from a USB current monitor on the Carrier Board may drive this line low. Do not pull this line high on the Carrier Board.
USB_2_3_OC#	A44	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 10k to 3V3_DU	Connect to Overcurrent of USB Power Switch	USB over-current sense, USB channels 2 and 3. A pull-up for this line shall be present on the Module. An open drain driver from a USB current monitor on the Carrier Board may drive this line low. Do not pull this line high on the Carrier Board.
USB_4_5_OC#	B38	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 10k to 3V3_DU	Connect to Overcurrent of USB Power Switch	USB over-current sense, USB channels 4 and 5. A pull-up for this line shall be present on the Module. An open drain driver from a USB current monitor on the Carrier Board may drive this line low. Do not pull this line high on the Carrier Board.
USB_6_7_OC#	A38	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 10k to 3V3_DU	Connect to Overcurrent of USB Power Switch	USB over-current sense, USB channels 6 and 7. A pull-up for this line shall be present on the Module. An open drain driver from a USB current monitor on the Carrier Board may drive this line low. Do not pull this line high on the Carrier Board.
USB_SSTX0+	D4	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect 90 $\Omega$ @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	Additional transmit signal differential pairs for the SuperSpeed USB data path.
USB_SSTX0-	D3			AC Coupling capacitor		
USB_SSRX0+	C4	I PCIE	AC coupled off Modul		Connect 90 $\Omega$ @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	Additional receive signal differential pairs for the SuperSpeed USB data path.
USB_SSRX0-	C3					
USB_SSTX1+	D7	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	AC Coupling capacitor	Connect 90 $\Omega$ @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	Additional transmit signal differential pairs for the SuperSpeed USB data path.
USB_SSTX1-	D6			AC Coupling capacitor		
USB_SSRX1+	C7	I PCIE	AC coupled off Modul		Connect 90 $\Omega$ @100MHz Common Choke in series and ESD suppressors to GND to USB connector	Additional receive signal differential pairs for the SuperSpeed USB data path.
USB_SSRX1-	C6					
USB_SSTX2+	D10	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		Additional transmit signal differential pairs for the SuperSpeed USB data path.
USB_SSTX2-	D9			NA		
USB_SSRX2+	C10	I PCIE	AC coupled off Modul	NA		Additional receive signal differential pairs for the SuperSpeed USB data path.
USB_SSRX2-	C9			NA		
USB_SSTX3+	D13	O PCIE	AC coupled on Module	NA		Additional transmit signal differential pairs for the SuperSpeed USB data path.
USB_SSTX3-	D12			NA		
USB_SSRX3+	C13	I PCIE	AC coupled off Modul	NA		Additional receive signal differential pairs for the SuperSpeed USB data path.
USB_SSRX3-	C12			NA		

LVDS Signals Descriptions						
Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
LVDS_A0+	A71	O LVDS	LVDS		Connect to LVDS connector	LVDS Channel A differential pairs The LVDS flat panel differential pairs (LVDS_A[0:3]+/-, LVDS_B[0:3]+/-, LVDS_A_CK+/-, LVDS_B_CK+/-) shall have 100Ω terminations across the pairs at the destination. These terminations may be on the Carrier Board if the Carrier Board implements a LVDS deserializer on-board
LVDS_A0-	A72					
LVDS_A1+	A73	O LVDS	LVDS		Connect to LVDS connector	
LVDS_A1-	A74					
LVDS_A2+	A75	O LVDS	LVDS		Connect to LVDS connector	
LVDS_A2-	A76					
LVDS_A3+	A78	O LVDS	LVDS		Connect to LVDS connector	
LVDS_A3-	A79					
LVDS_A_CK+	A81	O LVDS	LVDS		Connect to LVDS connector	LVDS Channel A differential clock
LVDS_A_CK-	A82					
LVDS_B0+	B71	O LVDS	LVDS		Connect to LVDS connector	LVDS Channel B differential pairs The LVDS flat panel differential pairs (LVDS_A[0:3]+/-, LVDS_B[0:3]+/-, LVDS_A_CK+/-, LVDS_B_CK+/-) shall have 100Ω terminations across the pairs at the destination. These terminations may be on the Carrier Board if the Carrier Board implements a LVDS deserializer on-board
LVDS_B0-	B72					
LVDS_B1+	B73	O LVDS	LVDS		Connect to LVDS connector	
LVDS_B1-	B74					
LVDS_B2+	B75	O LVDS	LVDS		Connect to LVDS connector	
LVDS_B2-	B76					
LVDS_B3+	B77	O LVDS	LVDS		Connect to LVDS connector	
LVDS_B3-	B78					
LVDS_B_CK+	B81	O LVDS	LVDS		Connect to LVDS connector	LVDS Channel B differential clock
LVDS_B_CK-	B82					
LVDS_VDD_EN	A77	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		Connect to enable control of LVDS panel power circuit	LVDS panel power enable
LVDS_BKLT_EN	B79	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		Connect to enable control of LVDS panel backlight power circuit.	LVDS panel backlight enable
LVDS_BKLT_CTRL	B83	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		Connect to brightness control of LVDS panel backlight power circuit.	LVDS panel backlight brightness control
LVDS_I2C_CK	A83	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 4.7K to 3.3V	Connect to DDC clock of LVDS panel	I2C clock output for LVDS display use
LVDS_I2C_DAT	A84	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 4.7K to 3.3V	Connect to DDC data of LVDS panel	I2C data line for LVDS display use

LPC Signals Descriptions						
Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
LPC_AD0	B4	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		Connect to LPC device	LPC multiplexed address, command and data bus
LPC_AD1	B5					
LPC_AD2	B6					
LPC_AD3	B7					
LPC_FRAME#	B3	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V			LPC frame indicates the start of an LPC cycle
LPC_DRQ0#	B8	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 10K to 3.3V	NC	LPC serial DMA request
LPC_DRQ1#	B9			PU 10K to 3.3V	NC	
LPC_SERIRQ	A50	I/O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 10K to 3.3V	Connect to LPC device	LPC serial interrupt
LPC_CLK	B10	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V			LPC clock output - 24MHz nominal

SPI Signals Descriptions						
Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
SPI_CS#	B97	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect to Carrier Board SPI Device CS# pin	Chip select for Carrier Board SPI - may be sourced from chipset SPI0 or SPI1
SPI_MISO	A92	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect a series resistor 33Ω to Carrier Board SPI Device SO pin	Data in to Module from Carrier SPI
SPI_MOSI	A95	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect a series resistor 33Ω to Carrier Board SPI Device SI pin	Data out from Module to Carrier SPI
SPI_CLK	A94	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V		Connect a series resistor 33Ω to Carrier Board SPI Device SCK pin	Clock from Module to Carrier SPI
SPI_POWER	A91	O	3.3V Suspend/3.3V			Power supply for Carrier Board SPI – sourced from Module – nominally 3.3V. The Module shall provide a minimum of 100mA on SPI_POWER. Carriers shall use less than 100mA of SPI_POWER. SPI_POWER shall only be used to power SPI devices on the Carrier
BIOS_DIS0#	A34	I CMOS	NA			Selection straps to determine the BIOS boot device. The Carrier should only float these or pull them low, please refer to COM Express Module Base Specification Revision 2.1 for strapping options of BIOS disable signals.
BIOS_DIS1#	B88					

BIOS DIS1#	BIOS DIS0#	Chipset SPI CS1# Destination	Chipset SPI CS0# Destination	Carrier SPI CS#	SPI Descriptor	Bios Entry	Ref Line
1	1	Module	Module	High	Module	SPI0/SPI1	0
1	0	Module	Module	High	Module	Carrier FWH	1
0	1	Module	Carrier	SPI0	Carrier	SPI0/SPI1	2
0	0	Carrier (Default)	Module (Default)	SPI1 (Default)	Module (Default)	SPI0/SPI1 (Default)	3

**VGA Signals Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
VGA_RED	B89	O Analog	Analog	PD 150 to GND	PD 150R,connect to VGA connector with EMI filter & ESD protect component.	Red for monitor. Analog output
VGA_GRN	B91	O Analog	Analog	PD 150 to GND	PD 150R,connect to VGA connector with EMI filter & ESD protect component.	Green for monitor. Analog output
VGA_BLU	B92	O Analog	Analog	PD 150 to GND	PD 150R,connect to VGA connector with EMI filter & ESD protect component.	Blue for monitor. Analog output
VGA_HSYNC	B93	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		Connect to VGA connector with a3.3V Buffer IC to isolate PCH & Display Device	Horizontal sync output to VGA monitor
VGA_VSYNC	B94	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V		Connect to VGA connector with a 33V Buffer IC to isolate PCH & Display Device	Vertical sync output to VGA monitor
VGA_I2C_CK	B95	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 2.2K to 3.3V	Connect to VGA connector with a 3.3V to 5V Level shift circuit.	DDC clock line (I2C port dedicated to identify VGA monitor capabilities)
VGA_I2C_DAT	B96	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 2.2K to 3.3V	Connect to VGA connector with a 3.3V to 5V Level shift circuit.	DDC data line.

**Serial Interface Signals Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
SER0_TX	A98	O CMOS	3.3V/5V		PD 4.7K to GND	General purpose serial port 0 transmitter (Recommend add Protecting Logic Level Signals on Pins Reclaimed from VCC_12V)
SER0_RX	A99	I CMOS	3.3V/5V	PU 47K to 3.3V		General purpose serial port 0 receiver (Recommend add Protecting Logic Level Signals on Pins Reclaimed from VCC_12V)
SER1_TX	A101	O CMOS	3.3V/5V		PD 4.7K to GND	General purpose serial port 1 transmitter (Recommend add Protecting Logic Level Signals on Pins Reclaimed from VCC_12V)
SER1_RX	A102	I CMOS	3.3V/5V	PU 47K to 3.3V		General purpose serial port 1 receiver (Recommend add Protecting Logic Level Signals on Pins Reclaimed from VCC_12V)

**Miscellaneous Signal Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
I2C_CK	B33	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 2.2K to 3V3_DU_EC		General purpose I2C port clock output
I2C_DAT	B34	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 2.2K to 3V3_DU_EC		General purpose I2C port data I/O line
SPKR	B32	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V			Output for audio enunciator - the "speaker" in PC-AT systems. This port provides the PC beep signal and is mostly intended for debugging purposes.
WDT	B27	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V			Output indicating that a watchdog time-out event has occurred.
FAN_PWNOUT	B101	O OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V			Fan speed control. Uses the Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) technique to control the fan's RPM. (Recommend add Protecting Logic Level Signals on Pins Reclaimed from VCC_12V)
FAN_TACHIN	B102	I OD CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 10K to 3V3		Fan tachometer input for a fan with a two pulse output. (Recommend add Protecting Logic Level Signals on Pins Reclaimed from VCC_12V)
TPM_PP	A96	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V			Trusted Platform Module (TPM) Physical Presence pin. Active high. TPM chip has an internal pull down. This signal is used to indicate Physical Presence to the TPM.

**Power and System Management Signals Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
PWRBTN#	B12	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 10K to 3V3_DU_EC	PU 4.7K to 3V3_SB	A falling edge creates a power button event. Power button events can be used to bring a system out of S5 soft off and other suspend states, as well as powering the system down.
SYS_RESET#	B49	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 10K to 3V3_DU	NC PU 4.7K to 3V3_SB	Reset button input. Active low request for Module to reset and reboot. May be falling edge sensitive. For situations when SYS_RESET# is not able to reestablish control of the system, PWR_OK or a power cycle may be used.
CB_RESET#	B50	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PD 100K to GND		Reset output from Module to Carrier Board. Active low. Issued by Module chipset and may result from a low SYS_RESET# input, a low PWR_OK input, a VCC_12V power input that falls below the minimum specification, a watchdog timeout, or may be initiated by the Module software.
PWR_OK	B24	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 10K to 3V3		Power OK from main power supply. A high value indicates that the power is good. This signal can be used to hold off Module startup to allow Carrier based FPGAs or other configurable devices time to be programmed.
SUS_STAT#	B18	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V			Indicates imminent suspend operation; used to notify LPC devices.
SUS_S3#	A15	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PD 100K to GND		Indicates system is in Suspend to RAM state. Active low output. An inverted copy of SUS_S3# on the Carrier Board may be used to enable the non-standby power on a typical ATX supply.
SUS_S4#	A18	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PD 100K to GND		Indicates system is in Suspend to Disk state. Active low output.
SUS_S5#	A24	O CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PD 100K to GND		Indicates system is in Soft Off state.
WAKE0#	B66	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 10K to 3V3_DU		PCI Express wake up signal.
WAKE1#	B67	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	NA		General purpose wake up signal. May be used to implement wake-up on PS2 keyboard or mouse activity.
BATLOW#	A27	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/ 3.3V	PU 10K to 3V3_DU		Indicates that external battery is low. This port provides a battery-low signal to the Module for orderly transitioning to power saving or power cut-off ACPI modes.
LID#	A103	I OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/12V	PU 10K to 3V3_DU_EC		LID switch. Low active signal used by the ACPI operating system for a LID switch. (Recommend add Protecting Logic Level Signals on Pins Reclaimed from VCC_12V)
SLEEP#	B103	I OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/12V	PU 10K to 3V3_DU		Sleep button. Low active signal used by the ACPI operating system to bring the system to sleep state or to wake it up again. (Recommend add Protecting Logic Level Signals on Pins Reclaimed from VCC_12V)

**Power and System Management Signals Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
THRM#	B35	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 10K to 3.3V		Input from off-Module temp sensor indicating an over-temp situation.
THRMTRIP#	A35	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 10K to 3.3V		Active low output indicating that the CPU has entered thermal shutdown.
SMB_CK	B13	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 2.2K to 3V3_DU_EC		System Management Bus bidirectional clock line.
SMB_DAT	B14	I/O OD CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V	PU 2.2K to 3V3_DU_EC		System Management Bus bidirectional data line.
SMB_ALERT#	B15	I CMOS	3.3V Suspend/3.3V			System Management Bus Alert – active low input can be used to generate an SMI# (System Management Interrupt) or to wake the system.

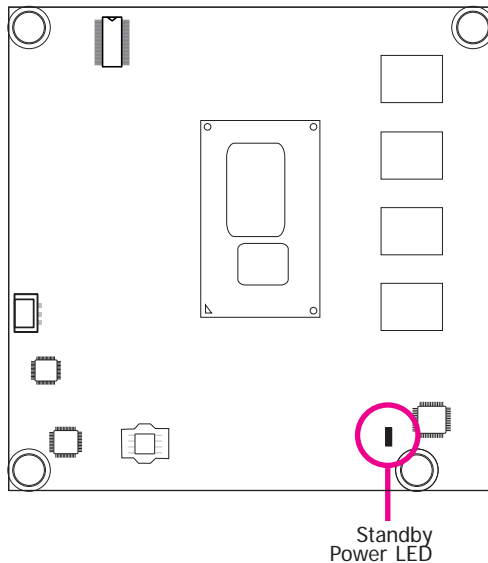
**GPIO Signals Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
GPO0	A93	O CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V			General purpose output pins. <b>Upon a hardware reset, these outputs should be low.</b>
GPO1	B54					
GPO2	B57					
GPO3	B63					
GPI0	A54	I CMOS	3.3V / 3.3V	PU 100K to 3.3V		General purpose input pins. <b>Pulled high internally on the Module.</b>
GPI1	A63			PU 100K to 3.3V		
GPI2	A67			PU 100K to 3.3V		
GPI3	A85			PU 100K to 3.3V		

**Power and GND Signal Descriptions**

Signal	Pin#	Module Pin Type	Pwr Rail /Tolerance	HU968	Carrier Board	Description
VCC_12V	A104 – A109 B104 – B109 C104 – C109 D104 – D109	Power				Primary power input: +12V nominal. All available VCC_12V pins on the connector(s) shall be used.
VCC_5V_SBY	B84 – B87	Power				Standby power input: +5.0V nominal. If VCC5_SBY is used, all available VCC_5V_SBY pins on the connector(s) shall be used. Only used for standby and suspend functions. May be left unconnected if these functions are not used in the system design.
VCC_RTC	A47	Power				Real-time clock circuit-power input. Nominally +3.0V.
GND	A1, A11, A21, A31, A41, A51, A57, A60, A66, A70, A80, A90, A100, A110, B1, B11, B21, B31, B41, B51, B60, B70, B80, B90, B100, B110, C1, C2, C5, C8, C11, C14, C21, C31, C41, C51, C60, C70, C73, C76, C80, C84, C87, C90, C93, C96, C100, C103, C110, D1, D2, D5, D8, D11, D14, D21, D31, D51, D60, D67, D70, D73, D76, D80, D84, D87, D90, D93, D96, D100, D103, D110	Power				Ground - DC power and signal and AC signal return path. All available GND connector pins shall be used and tied to Carrier Board GND plane.

## Standby Power LED



This LED will light when the system is in the standby mode.

## Cooling Option

### Heat Sink with Cooling Fan

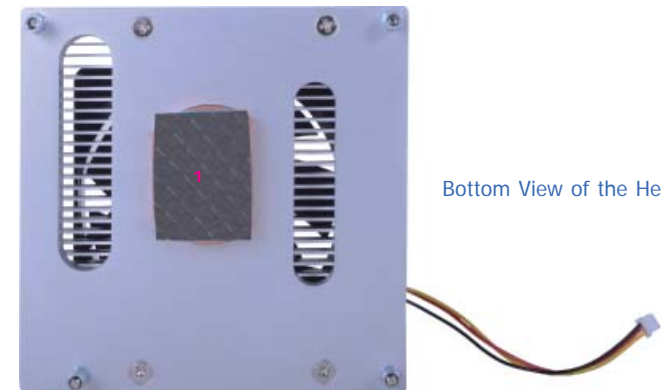


**Note:**

The system board used in the following illustrations may not resemble the actual board. These illustrations are for reference only.



Top View of the Heat Sink



Bottom View of the Heat Sink

- "1" denotes the location of the thermal pad designed to contact the corresponding components that are on HU968.



**Important:**

Remove the plastic covering from the thermal pads prior to mounting the heat sink onto HU968.

## Installing HU968 onto a Carrier Board

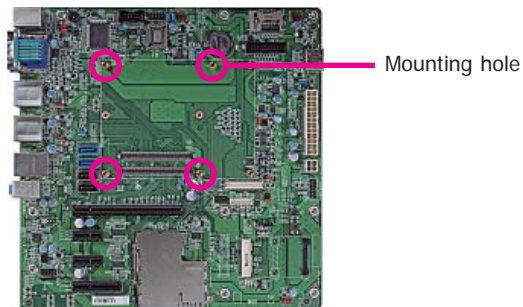


### Important:

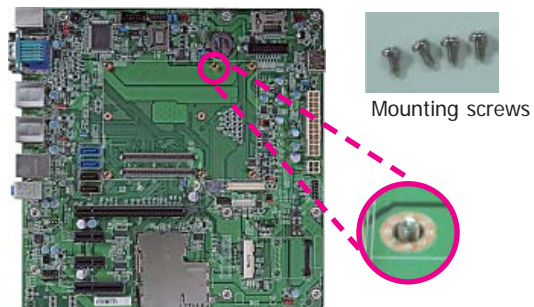
The carrier board (COM331-B) used in this section is for reference purpose only and may not resemble your carrier board. These illustrations are mainly to guide you on how to install HU968 onto the carrier board of your choice.

#### • To download COM331-B datasheet and manual

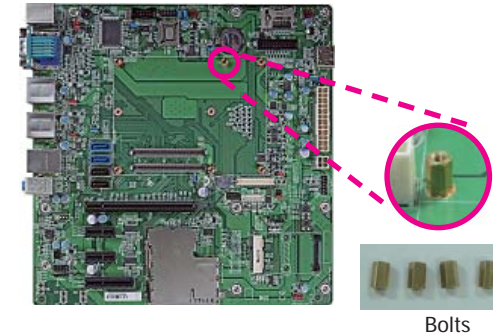
1. Now install the module and heatsink assembly onto the carrier board. The photo below shows the locations of the mounting holes on carrier board.



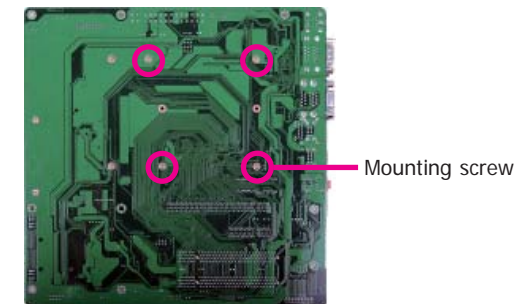
2. Insert the provided mounting screws into the mounting holes - from the bottom through the top of the carrier board.



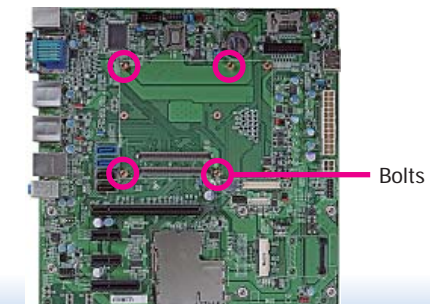
3. While supporting the mounting screw at the bottom, from the top side of the board, fasten a bolt into the screw.



4. The photo below shows the solder side of the board with the screws already fixed in place.



5. The photo below shows the component side of the board with the bolts already fixed in place.

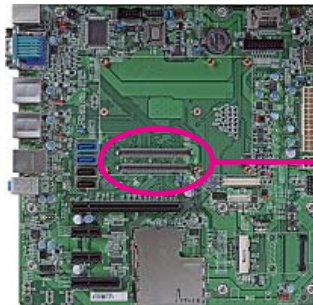




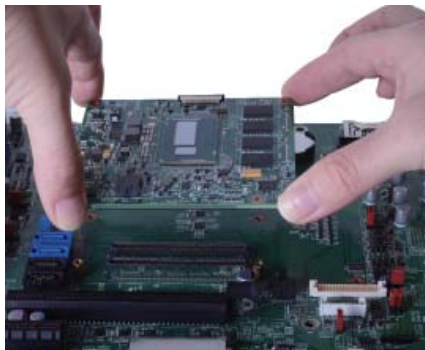
6. Grasping HU968 by its edges, position it on top of the carrier board with its mounting holes aligned with the bolts on the carrier board. This will also align the COM Express connectors of the two boards to each other.



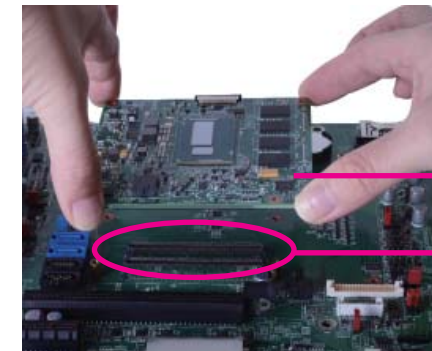
COM Express connectors  
on HU968



COM Express connectors  
on the carrier board

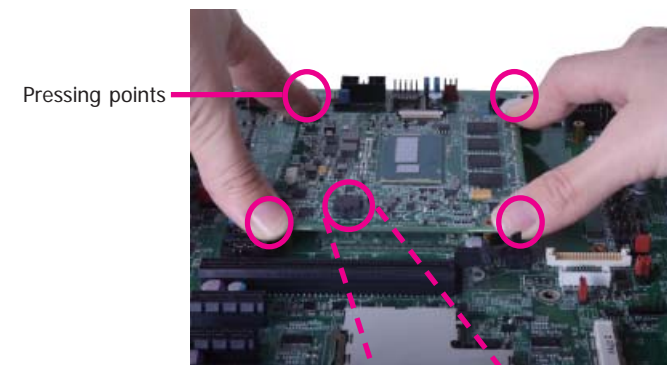


7. Press HU968 down firmly until it is completely seated on the COM Express connectors of the carrier board.

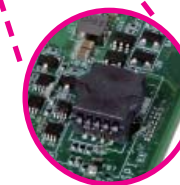


HU968

COM Express connectors  
on the carrier board



Pressing points



BIOS ROM socket

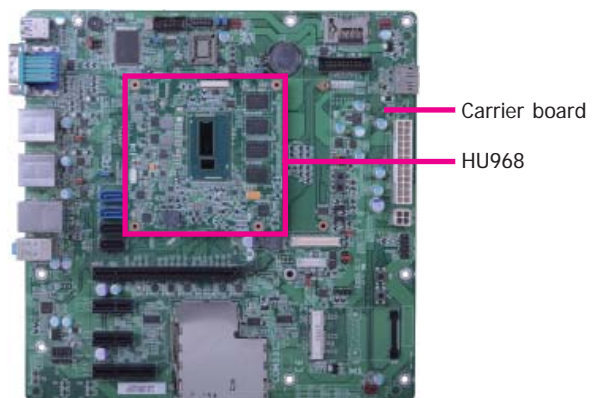
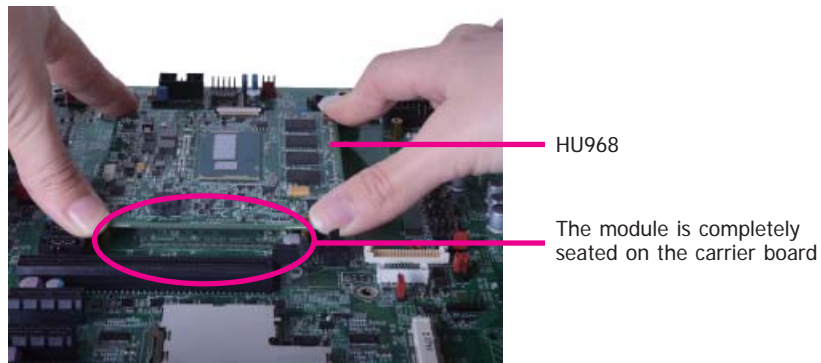


**Note:**

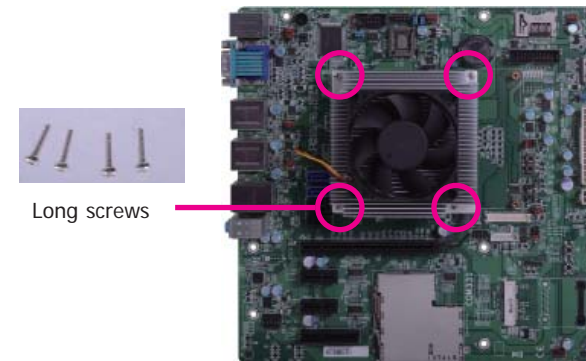
The above illustration shows the pressing points of the module onto the carrier board. Be careful when pressing the module, it may damage the socket.



8. Verify that the module is firmly seated onto the COM Express connectors of the carrier board.



9. Use the provided mounting screws to secure HU968 with heat sink to the carrier board and then connect the cooling fan's cable to the fan connector on HU968. The photo below shows the locations of the long mounting screws.



10. And then connect the cooling fan's cable to the fan connector on HU968.



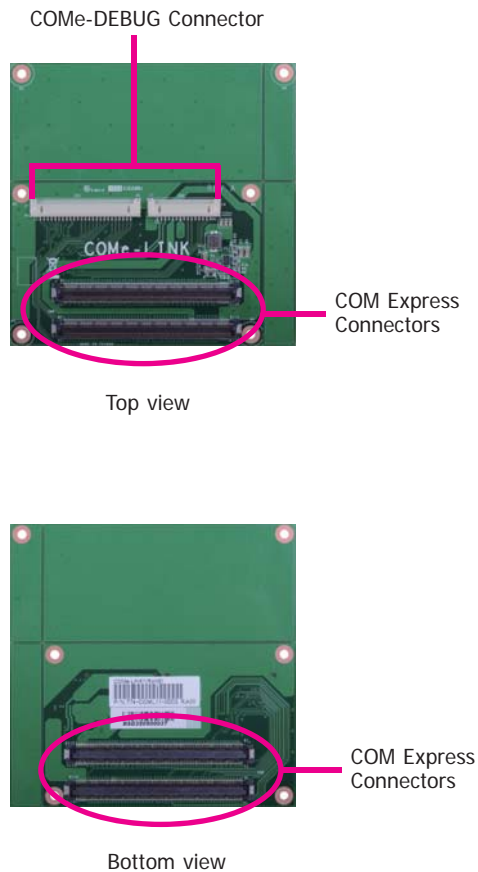
## Installing the COM Express Debug Card


**Note:**

The system board used in the following illustrations may not resemble the actual board. These illustrations are for reference only.

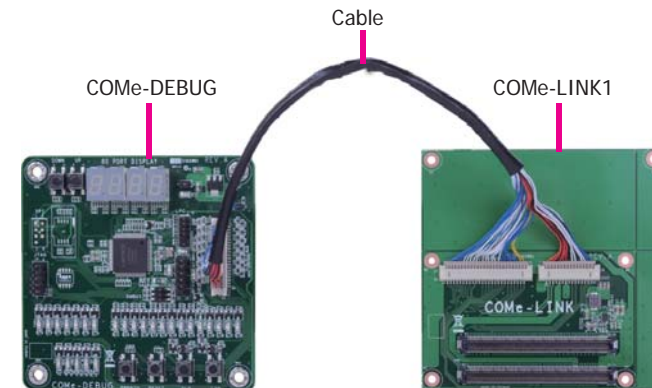
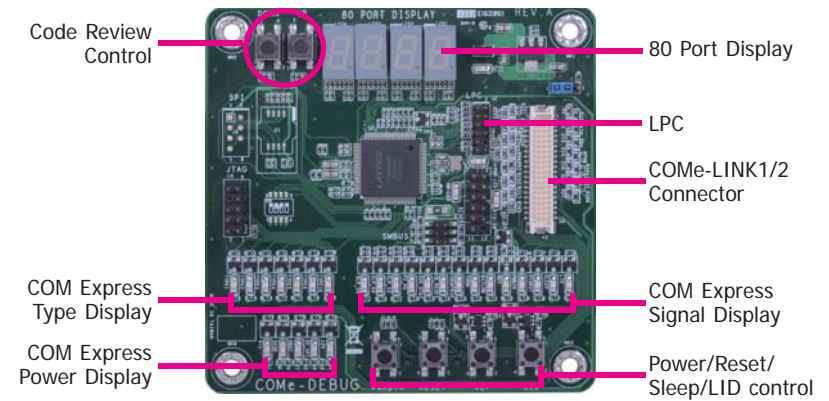
1. COMe-LINK1 is the COM Express debug card designed for COM Express Compact modules to debug and display signals and codes of COM Express modules.

### COMe-LINK1

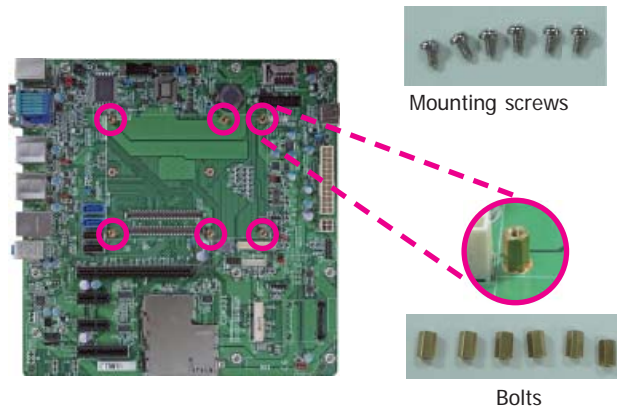


2. Connect the COMe-DEBUG card to COMe-LINK1 via a cable.

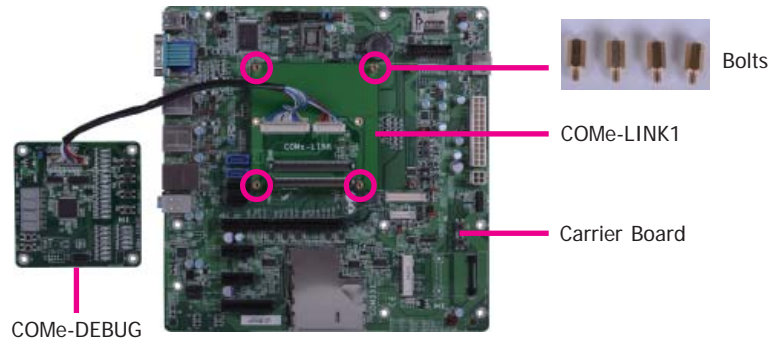
### COMe-DEBUG



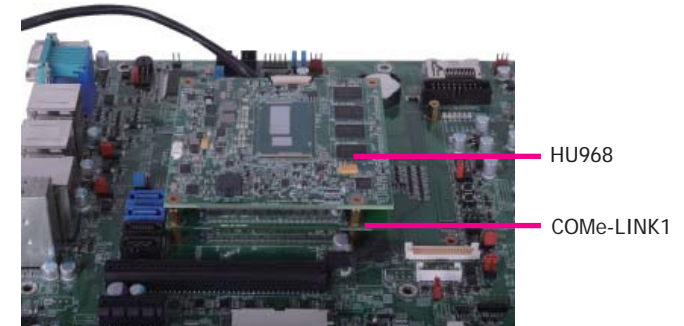
3. Fasten bolts with mounting screws through mounting holes to be fixed in place.



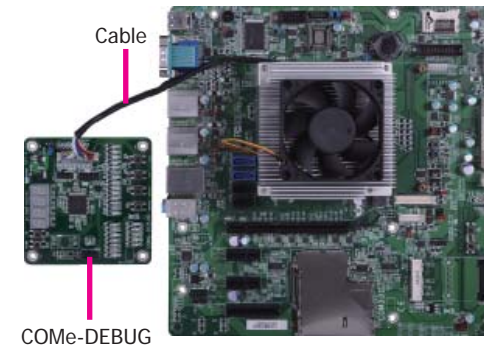
4. Use the provided bolts to fix the COMe-LINK1 debug card onto the carrier board.



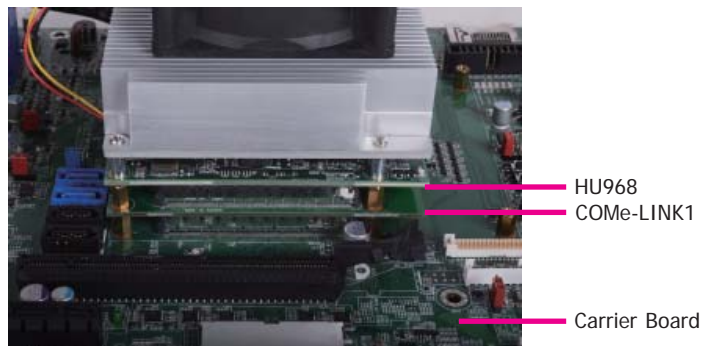
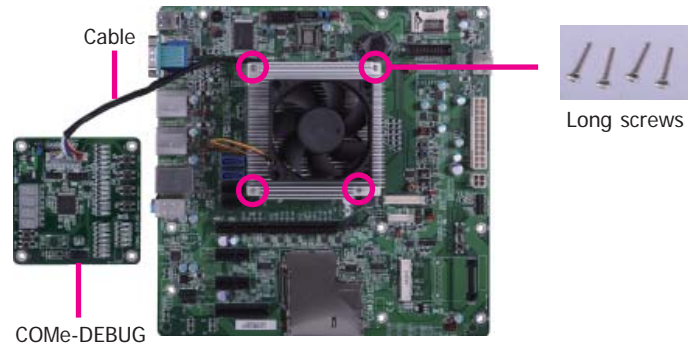
5. Grasp HU968 by its edges to press it down on the top of the COMe-LINK1 debug card.



6. Then, grasp the heat sink by its edges and position it down firmly on the top of the HU968.



7. Use the long mounting screws to secure the heat sink on the top of the HU968 and the COMe-LINK1 debug card and connect the cooling fan's cable to the fan connector on HU968. The photo below shows the locations of long mounting screws.



Side View of the Module, Debug Card and Carrier Board

## Chapter 4 - BIOS Setup

### Overview

The BIOS is a program that takes care of the basic level of communication between the CPU and peripherals. It contains codes for various advanced features found in this system board. The BIOS allows you to configure the system and save the configuration in a battery-backed CMOS so that the data retains even when the power is off. In general, the information stored in the CMOS RAM of the EEPROM will stay unchanged unless a configuration change has been made such as a hard drive replaced or a device added.

It is possible that the CMOS battery will fail causing CMOS data loss. If this happens, you need to install a new CMOS battery and reconfigure the BIOS settings.



**Note:**

The BIOS is constantly updated to improve the performance of the system board; therefore the BIOS screens in this chapter may not appear the same as the actual one. These screens are for reference purpose only.

### Default Configuration

Most of the configuration settings are either predefined according to the Load Optimal Defaults settings which are stored in the BIOS or are automatically detected and configured without requiring any actions. There are a few settings that you may need to change depending on your system configuration.

### Entering the BIOS Setup Utility

The BIOS Setup Utility can only be operated from the keyboard and all commands are keyboard commands. The commands are available at the right side of each setup screen.

The BIOS Setup Utility does not require an operating system to run. After you power up the system, the BIOS message appears on the screen and the memory count begins. After the memory test, the message "Press DEL to run setup" will appear on the screen. If the message disappears before you respond, restart the system or press the "Reset" button. You may also restart the system by pressing the <Ctrl> <Alt> and <Del> keys simultaneously.

### Legends

KEYs	Function
Right and Left Arrows	Moves the highlight left or right to select a menu.
Up and Down Arrows	Moves the highlight up or down between submenus or fields.
<Esc>	Exits to the BIOS setup utility
+ (plus key)	Scrolls forward through the values or options of the highlighted field.
- (minus key)	Scrolls backward through the values or options of the highlighted field.
<F1>	Displays general help
<F2>	Displays previous values
<F3>	Optimized defaults
<F4>	Saves and reset the setup program.
<Enter>	Press <Enter> to enter the highlighted submenu

### Scroll Bar

When a scroll bar appears to the right of the setup screen, it indicates that there are more available fields not shown on the screen. Use the up and down arrow keys to scroll through all the available fields.

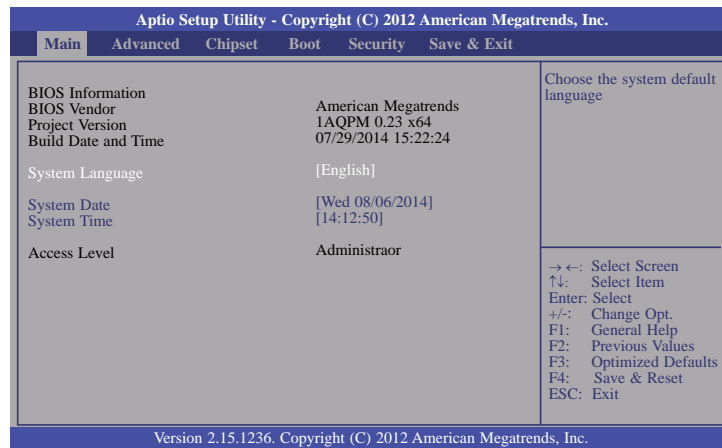
### Submenu

When "►" appears on the left of a particular field, it indicates that a submenu which contains additional options are available for that field. To display the submenu, move the highlight to that field and press <Enter>.

## AMI BIOS Setup Utility

### Main

The Main menu is the first screen that you will see when you enter the BIOS Setup Utility.



#### System Date

The date format is <day>, <month>, <date>, <year>. Day displays a day, from Sunday to Saturday. Month displays the month, from January to December. Date displays the date, from 1 to 31. Year displays the year, from 1980 to 2099.

#### System Time

The time format is <hour>, <minute>, <second>. The time is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Hour displays hours from 00 to 23. Minute displays minutes from 00 to 59. Second displays seconds from 00 to 59.

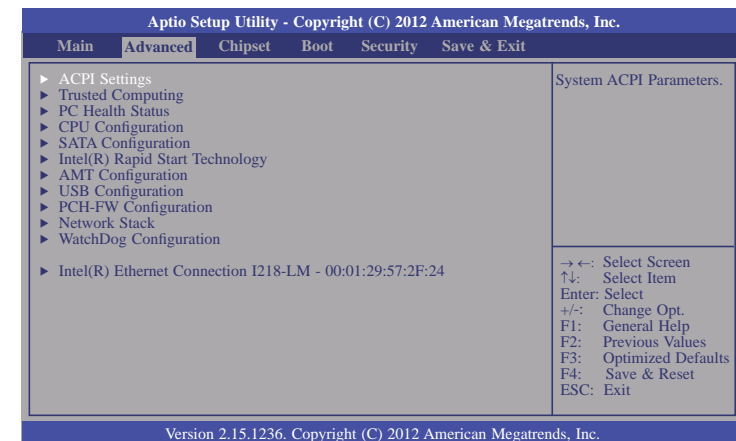
### Advanced

The Advanced menu allows you to configure your system for basic operation. Some entries are defaults required by the system board, while others, if enabled, will improve the performance of your system or let you set some features according to your preference.



#### Important:

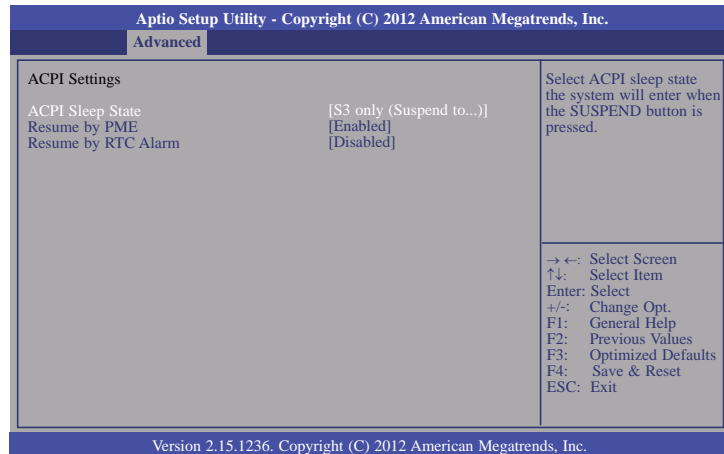
Setting incorrect field values may cause the system to malfunction.





## ACPI Settings

This section is used to configure ACPI settings.



### ACPI Sleep State

Select the ACPI sleep state that the system will enter when the Suspend button is pressed.

**S3(STR)** Enable the Suspend to RAM function.

### Resume by PME

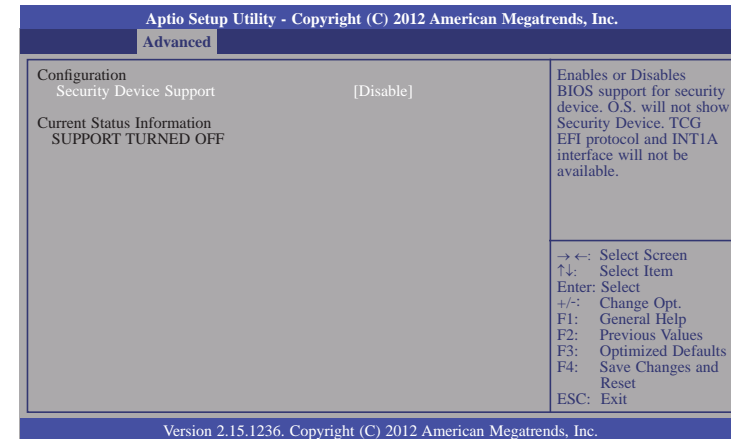
Enable this field to use the PME signal to wake up the system (via PCI, PCIE and onboard LAN).

### Resume by RTC Alarm

When Enabled, the system uses the RTC alarm to generate a wakeup event.

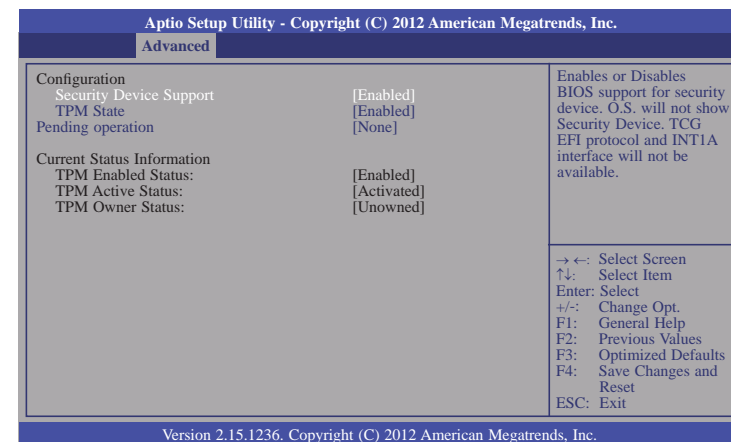
## Trusted Computing

This section configures settings relevant to Trusted Computing innovations.



### Security Device Support

Enables or Disables the BIOS support for the security device. O.S. will not show the security device. TCG EFI protocol and TNT1A interface will not be available.



### TPM State

Enable or disable the security device.


**Note:**

Your computer will reboot during restarting in order to change the device state.

### Pending Operation

Schedule an operation for the security device.


**Note:**

Your computer will reboot during restarting in order to change the security device state.

### PC Health Status

This section displays the hardware health monitor.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Advanced		
System Hardware Monitor		Enable/Disable CPU SmartFan
EC Version	2014.02.26 v1.3	
CPU Smart Fan	[Enabled]	
CPU Temperature	: +34 C	
CPU FAN Speed	: 3782 RPM	
VCore	: +1.727 V	
DDR	: +1.351 V	
1V05	: +1.082 V	
		→ ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Reset ESC: Exit
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		

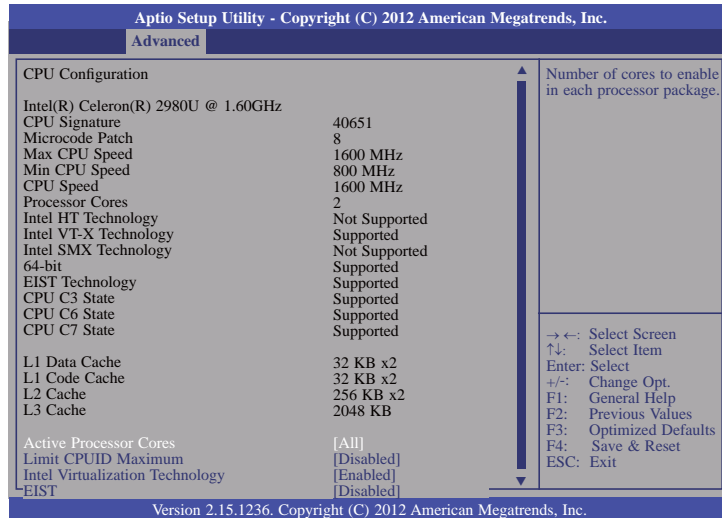
### CPU Smart Fan

Enable or disable the CPU smart fan.



## CPU Configuration

This section is used to configure the CPU. It will also display the detection of CPU information.



### Active Processor Cores

Select the number of cores in each processor package.

### Limit CPUID Maximum

The CPUID instruction of some newer CPUs will return a value greater than 3. The default is Disabled because this problem does not exist in the Windows series operating systems. If you are using an operating system other than Windows, this problem may occur. To avoid this problem, enable this field to limit the return value to 3 or less than 3.

### Intel Virtualization Technology

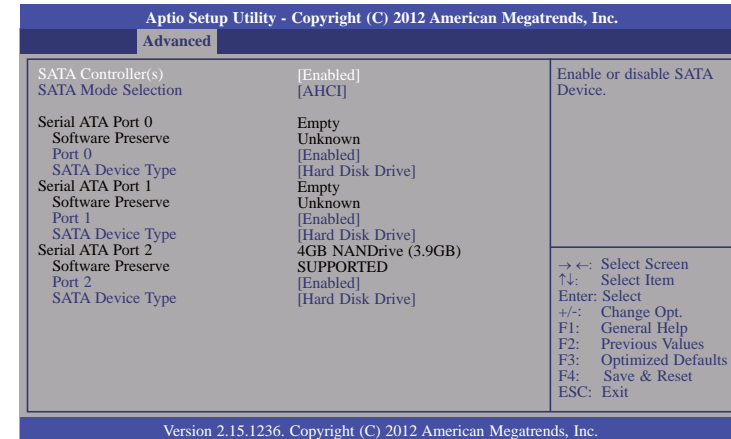
When this field is set to Enabled, the VMM can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Vanderpool Technology.

### EIST

This field is used to enable or disable the Intel Enhanced SpeedStep Technology.

## SATA Configuration

This section is used to configure settings of SATA devices.



### SATA Controller(s)

This field is used to enable or disable the Serial ATA device.

### SATA Mode Selection

Determine how the Serial ATA controller(s) operates.

### AHCI Mode

This option allows the Serial ATA devices to use AHCI (Advanced Host Controller Interface.)

### RAID Mode

This option allows the Serial ATA devices to use RAID 0/1/5/10/Recovery (Redundant Array of Independent Disks.)

### Port 0/1/2

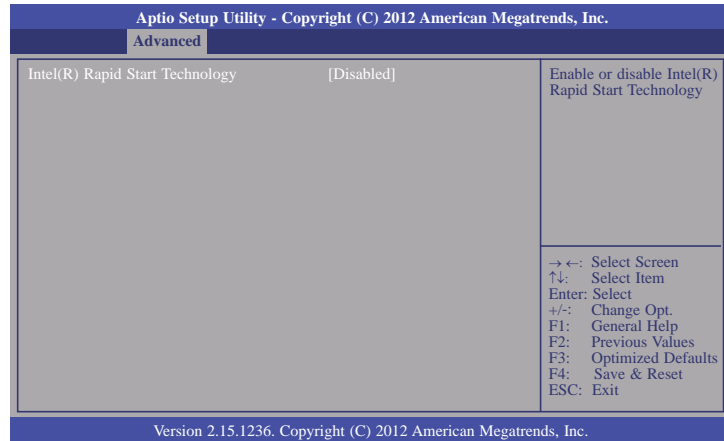
Enable or disable the Serial ATA port.

### SATA Device Type

Identify the Serial ATA port which is connected to the Solid State Drive or the Hard Disk Drive.

## Intel(R) Rapid Start Technology

This section is used to enable or disable the Intel Rapid Start Technology.

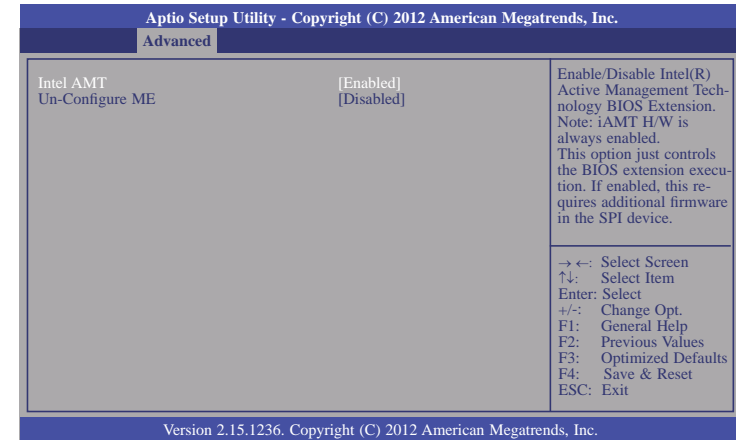


### Important:

When using the Intel® Rapid Start Technology, make sure that the power setting of USB ports is +5V\_standby.

## AMT Configuration

This section configures parameters of Active Management Technology.



### Intel AMT

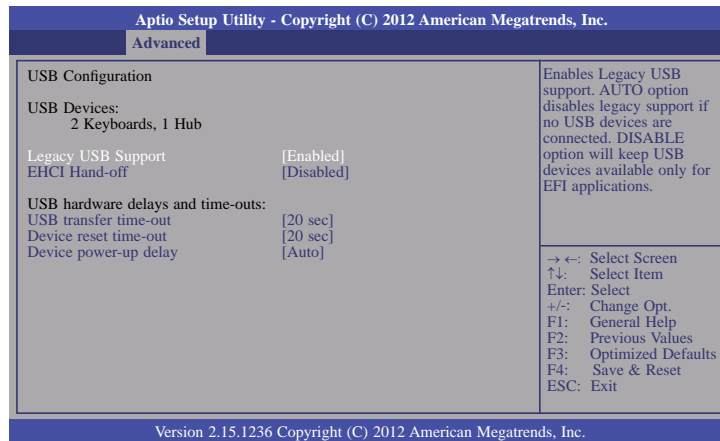
Enable or disable the AMT function.

### Un-Configure ME

Select Enabled to unconfigure the ME function without the need for a password.

## USB Configuration

This section is used to configure parameters of the USB device.



### Legacy USB Support

#### Enabled

Enable legacy USB.

#### Disabled

Keep USB devices available only for EFI applications.

#### Auto

Disable support for legacy when no USB devices are connected.

### EHCI Hand-off

This is a workaround for OSes without the EHCI hand-off support. The change of EHCI ownership should be claimed by the EHCI driver.

### USB transfer time-out

Select the time-out value for Control, Bulk and Interrupt transfers.

### Device reset time-out

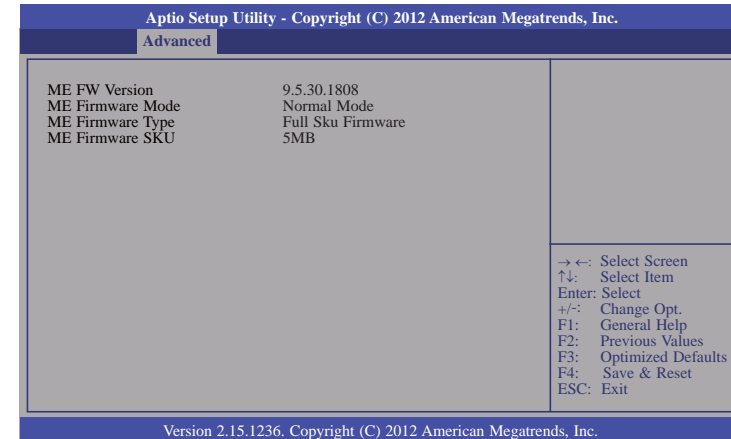
Select the commanded time-out value for the USB mass storage device to start.

### Device power-up delay

Maximum time the device will take before it properly reports itself to the Host Controller. "Auto" is the default value. It is 100 ms for a Root port. For a Hub port, the delay is taken from the Hub descriptor.

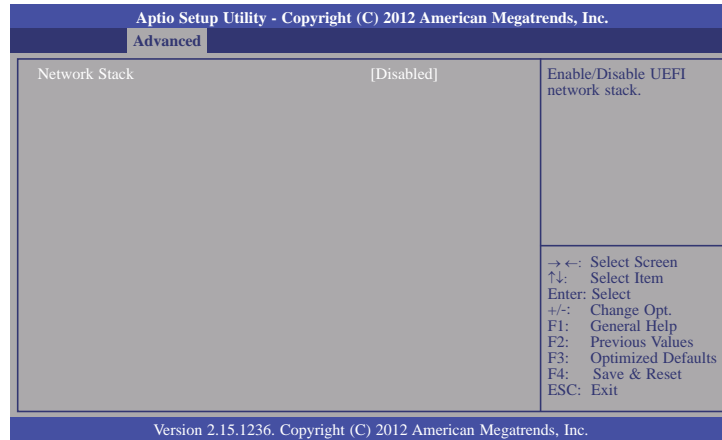
## PCH-FW Configuration

This section is used to configure parameters of the Management Engine Technology.

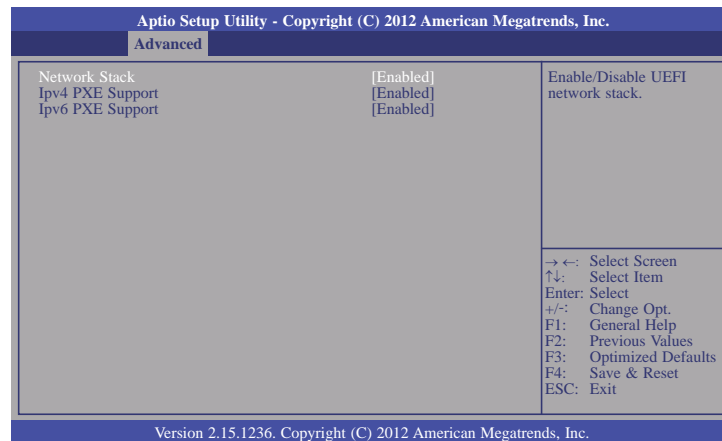


## Network Stack

This section is used to enable or disable UEFI network stack.



When Network Stack is set to enabled, it will display the following information:



## Ipv4 PXE Support

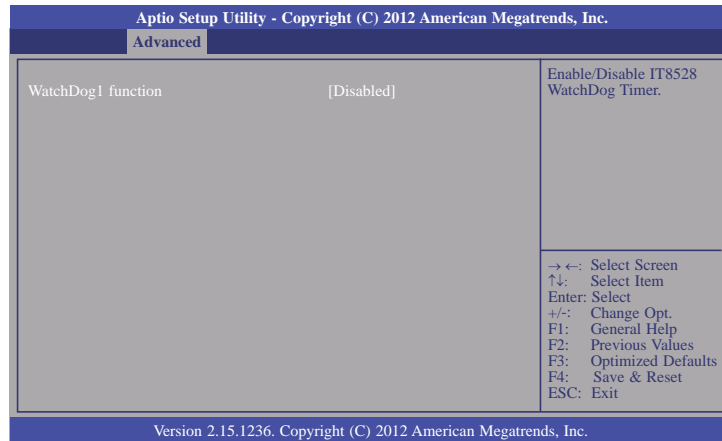
When enabled, Ipv4 PXE boot supports. When disabled, Ipv4 PXE boot option will not be created.

## Ipv6 PXE Support

When enabled, Ipv6 PXE boot supports. When disabled, Ipv6 PXE boot option will not be created.

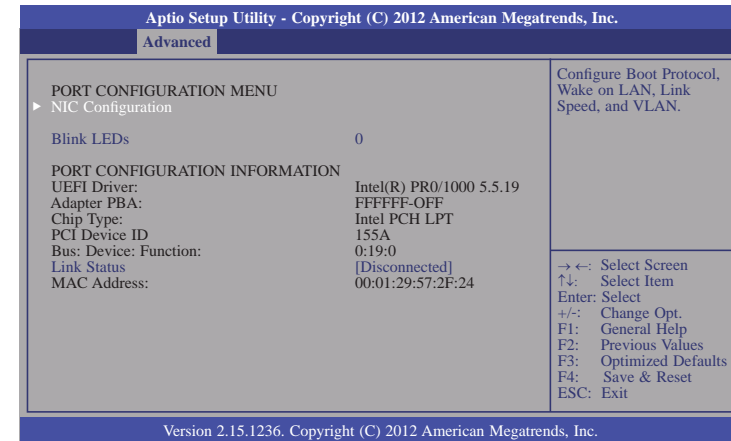
### WatchDog Configuration

This field is used to enable or disable the IT8528 Watchdog timer parameters.



### Intel(R) Ethernet Connection I218-LM - 00:01:29:57:2F:24

This section is used to configure parameters of Gigabit Ethernet device.



#### Blink LEDs

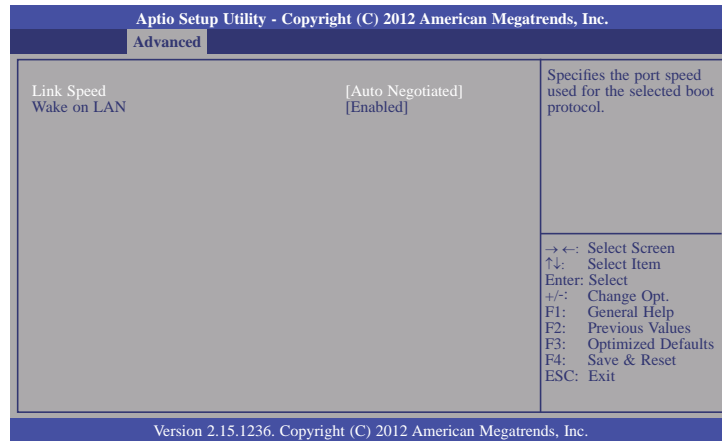
Identify the physical network port by blinking the associated LED.

#### Link Status

This field indicates the link status of the network device.

## NIC Configuration

This field is used to configure the Boot Protocol, Wake on LAN, link speed and VLAN.



### Link Speed

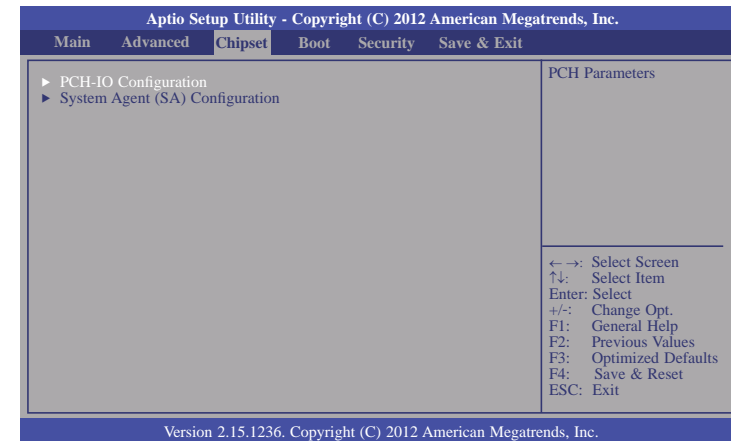
Specify the port speed which is used for the selected boot protocol.

### Wake on LAN

Enable the server to be powered on using an in-band magic packet.

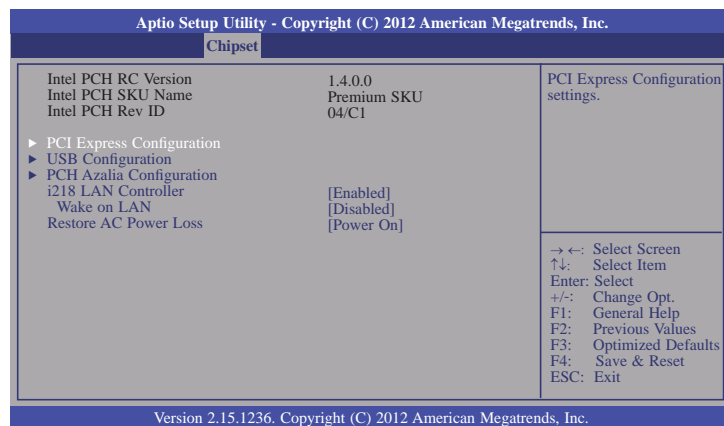
## Chipset

The section configures the relevant functions of chipset.



## PCH-IO Configuration

This section configures PCH parameters.



### i218 LAN Controller

Enable or disable onboard NIC.

### Wake on LAN

Set this field to enable to wake up the system via the onboard LAN or via a LAN card that supports the remote wake up function.

### Restore AC Power Loss

#### Power-off

When power returns after an AC power failure, the system's power is off. You must press the Power button to power-on the system.

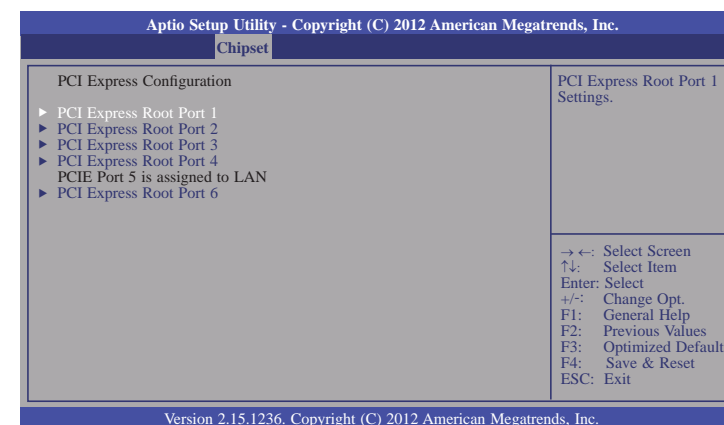
#### Power-on

When power returns after an AC power failure, the system will automatically power-on.

#### Last State

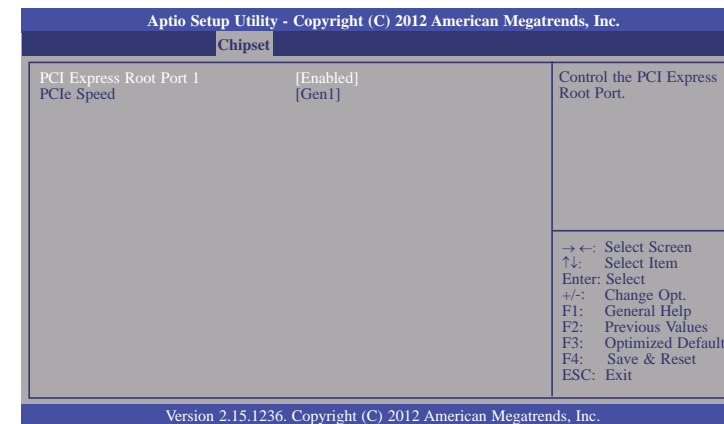
When power returns after an AC power failure, the system will return to the state where you left off before power failure occurs. If the system's power is off when AC power failure occurs, it will remain off when power returns. If the system's power is on when AC power failure occurs, the system will power-on when power returns.

## PCI Express Configuration



### PCI Express Root Port 1 to PCI Express Root Port 6

Control the PCI Express Root Port.



### PCIe Speed

Select the speed for the PCI Express Port: Gen1 or Gen 2.

## USB Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.	
Chipset	
USB Configuration XHCI Mode [Auto]	Mode of operation of XHCI Controller.  → ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Reset ESC: Exit
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.	

### XHCI Mode

Select the operation mode of the XHCI controller. These options are Smart Auto, Auto, Enabled, Disabled and Manual.

When **Disabled** is selected.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.	
Chipset	
USB Configuration XHCI Mode [Disabled] EHCI1 [Enabled]	Mode of operation of XHCI Controller.  → ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Reset ESC: Exit
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.	

### EHCI1

Control the USB EHCI (USB 2.0) functions. One EHCI controller must always be enabled.

When **Manual mode** is selected.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.	
Chipset	
USB Configuration XHCI Mode [Manual] XHCI Pre-Boot Driver [Enabled] Route USB 2.0 pins to which HC? [Route all Pins to EHCI] Enable USB 3.0 pins [Disable all Pins]	Mode of operation of XHCI Controller.  → ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Reset ESC: Exit
Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.	

### XHCI Pre-Boot Driver

Enable or disable the XHCI pre-boot driver support.

### Route USB 2.0 pins to which HC

Route USB 2.0 pins to EHCI or XHCI.

### Enable USB 3.0 pins

Enable or disable the XHCI superspeed support.



### PCH Azalia Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Chipset		
PCH Azalia Configuration		Control Detection of the Azalia device. Disabled= Azalia will be unconditionally disabled Enabled= Azalia will be unconditionally enabled Auto= Azalia will be enabled if present, disabled otherwise.  → ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Reset ESC: Exit
Azalia	[Enabled]	

Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.

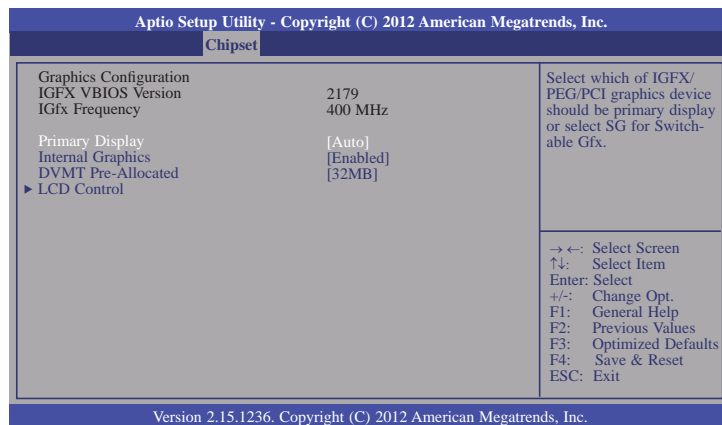
### System Agent (SA) Configuration

This section configures System Agent (SA) parameters.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.		
Chipset		
System Agent Bridge Name	Haswell	Config Graphics Settings.
System Agent RC Version	1.4.0.0	
VT-d Capability	Unsupported	
► Graphics Configuration ► Memory Configuration		
		→ ←: Select Screen ↑ ↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Reset ESC: Exit

Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.

## Graphics Configuration



### Primary Display

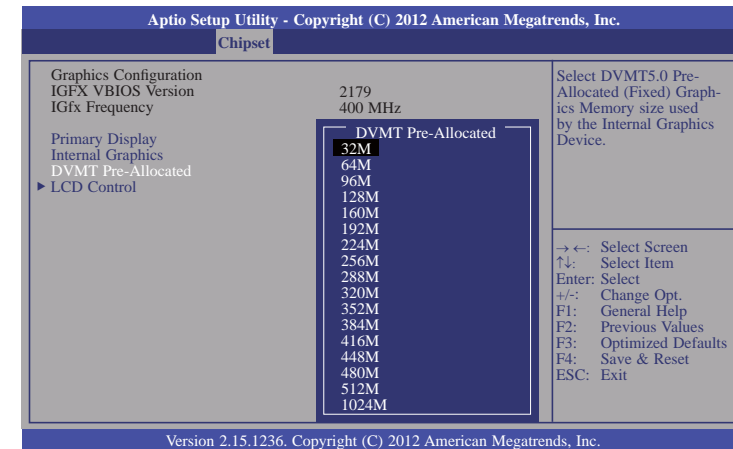
- Auto** When the system boots, it will auto detects the display device.  
**IGFX** When the system boots, it will first initialize the onboard VGA.  
**PCIE** When the system boots, it will first initialize the PCI Express graphics card.

### Internal Graphics

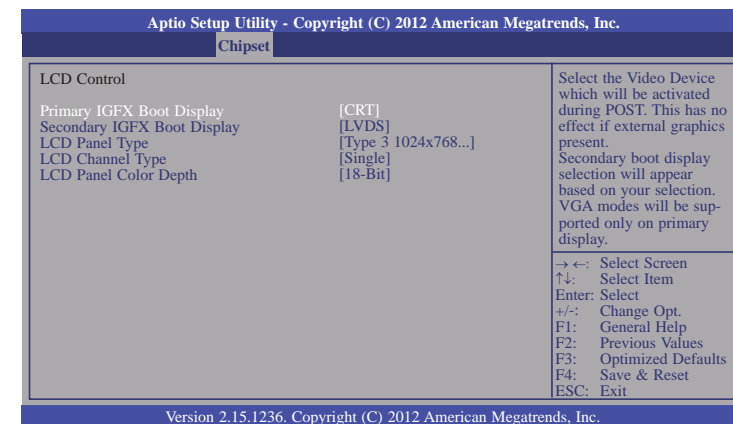
Keep IGD enabled based on setup options.

## DVMT Pre-Allocated

Select DVMT 5.0 Pre-Allocated (Fixed) Graphics Memory size used by the Internal Graphics Device. Please refer to the screen shown below.



## LCD Control



### Primary IGFX Boot Display

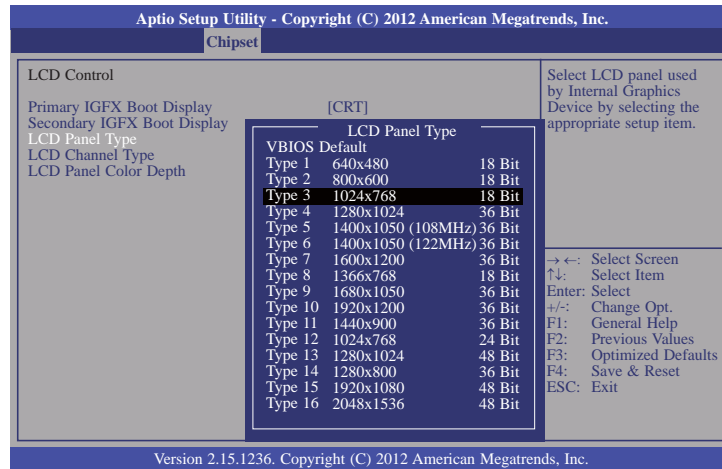
Select the Video Device which will be activated during POST. This has no effect if the external graphics presents. The selection of secondary boot display will appear based on your selection. VGA modes will be supported only on the primary display.

## Secondary IGFX Boot Display

Select secondary display device.

## LCD Panel Type

Select LCD panel used by Internal Graphics Device by selecting the appropriate setup item. Please refer to the screen shown below.



## LCD Channel Type

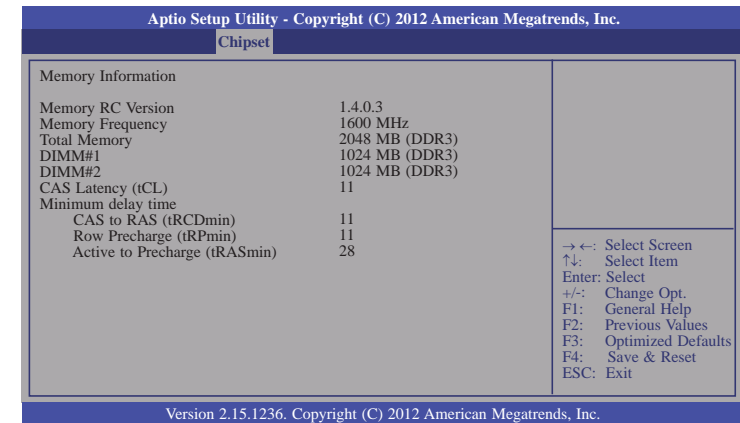
Select the LCD Channel Type. The option is dual or single.

## LCD Panel Color Depth

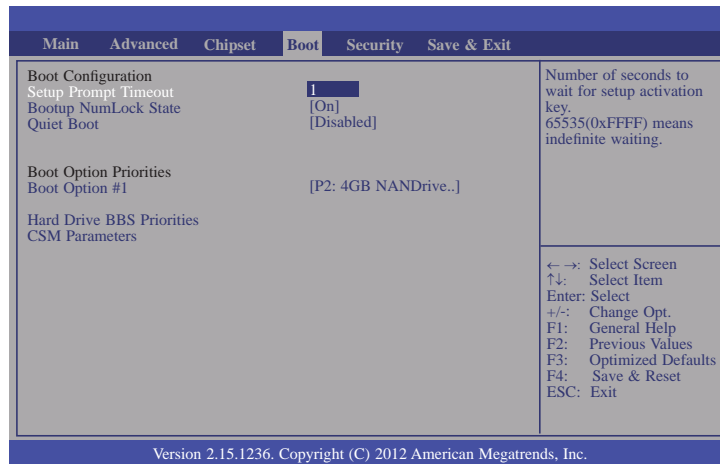
Select the color mode of the LCD display. The option is 24-bit or 18-bit.

## Memory Configuration

This section only display the parameters of memory configuration.



## Boot



### Setup Prompt Timeout

Select the number of seconds to wait for the setup activation key. 65535(0xFFFF) denotes indefinite waiting.

### Bootup NumLock State

This allows you to determine the default state of the numeric keypad. By default, the system boots up with NumLock on wherein the function of the numeric keypad is the number keys. When set to Off, the function of the numeric keypad is the arrow keys.

### Quiet Boot

Enable or disable the quiet boot function.

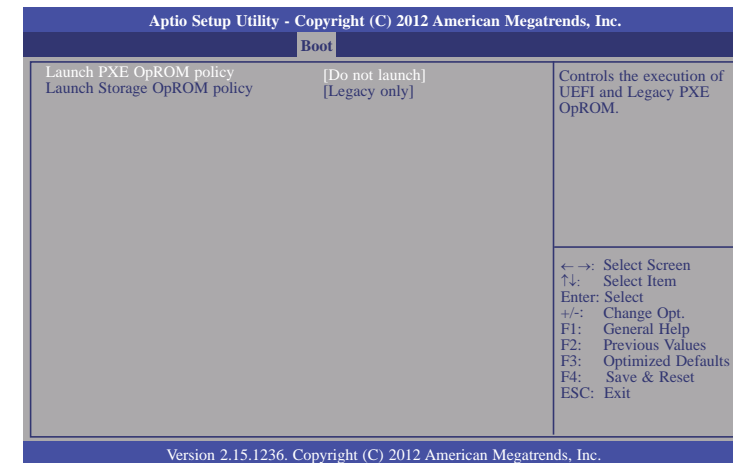
### Boot Option #1

Set the system boot order.

### Hard Driver BBS Priorities

Set the order of the legacy devices in this group.

## CSM Parameters



### Launch PXE OpROM policy

Control the execution of UEFI and legacy PXE OpROM.

### Launch Storage OpROM policy

Control the execution of UEFI and legacy storage OpROM.

## Security

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.					
Main	Advanced	Chipset	Boot	Security	Save & Exit
<b>Password Description</b> If ONLY the Administrator's password is set, then this only limits access to Setup and is only asked for when entering Setup. If ONLY the User's password is set, then this is a power on password and must be entered to boot or enter Setup. In Setup the User will have Administrator rights. The password length must be in the following range: Minimum length 3 Maximum length 20				Set Administrator Password.  → ←: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save and Reset ESC: Exit	
Administrator Password User Password					

Version 2.15.1236. Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.

### Administrator Password

Set the administrator password.

### User Password

Set the user password.

## Save & Exit

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2012 American Megatrends, Inc.					
Main	Advanced	Chipset	Boot	Security	Save & Exit
Save Changes and Reset Discard Changes and Reset  Restore Defaults Save as User Defaults Restore User Defaults  Boot Override P2: 4G NANDrive				Reset the system after saving the changes.  ← →: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save and Reset ESC: Exit	

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### Save Changes and Reset

To save the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system after saving all changes made.

### Discard Changes and Reset

To discard the changes, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to reset the system setup without saving any changes.

### Restore Defaults

To restore and load the optimized default values, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to restore the default values of all the setup options.

### Save as User Defaults

To save changes done so far as user default, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to save values as user default.

### Restore User Defaults

To restore user default to all the setup options, select this field and then press <Enter>. A dialog box will appear. Select Yes to restore user default.

## Updating the BIOS

To update the BIOS, you will need the new BIOS file and a flash utility, AFUDOS.EXE. Please contact technical support or your sales representative for the files.

To execute the utility, type:

A:> AFUDOS BIOS\_File\_Name /b /p /n  
then press <Enter>.

```
C:\AFU\AFUDOS>afudos filename /B /P /N

+-----+
|              AMI Firmware Update Utility(APTIO) v2.25              |
|              Copyright (C)2008 American Megatrends Inc. All Rights Reserved.              |
+-----+

Reading file ..... done
Erasing flash ..... done
Writing flash ..... done
Verifying flash ..... done
Erasing BootBlock ..... done
Writing BootBlock ..... done
Verifying BootBlock ..... done

C:\AFU\AFUDOS>
```

After finishing BIOS update, please turn off the AC power. Wait about 10 seconds and then turn on the AC power again.

## Notice: BIOS SPI ROM

1. The Intel® Management Engine has already been integrated into this system board. Due to the safety concerns, the BIOS (SPI ROM) chip cannot be removed from this system board and used on another system board of the same model.
2. The BIOS (SPI ROM) on this system board must be the original equipment from the factory and cannot be used to replace one which has been utilized on other system boards.
3. If you do not follow the methods above, the Intel® Management Engine will not be updated and will cease to be effective.



### Note:

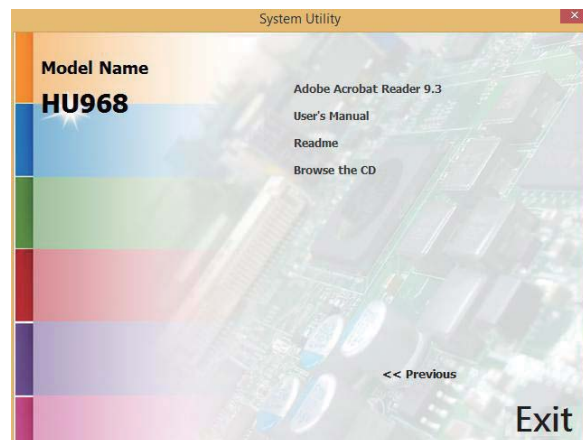
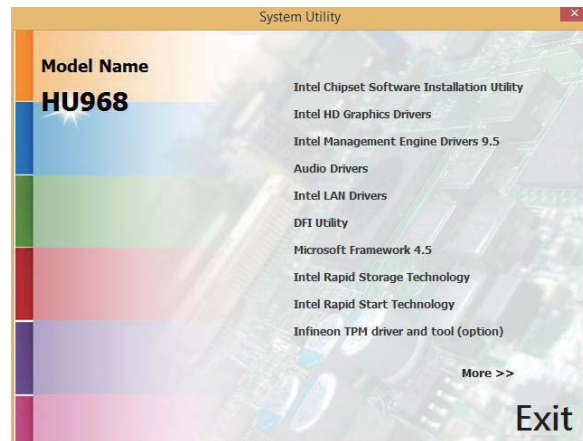
- a. You can take advantage of flash tools to update the default configuration of the BIOS (SPI ROM) to the latest version anytime.
- b. When the BIOS IC needs to be replaced, you have to populate it properly onto the system board after the EEPROM programmer has been burned and follow the technical person's instructions to confirm that the MAC address should be burned or not.

## Chapter 5 - Supported Software

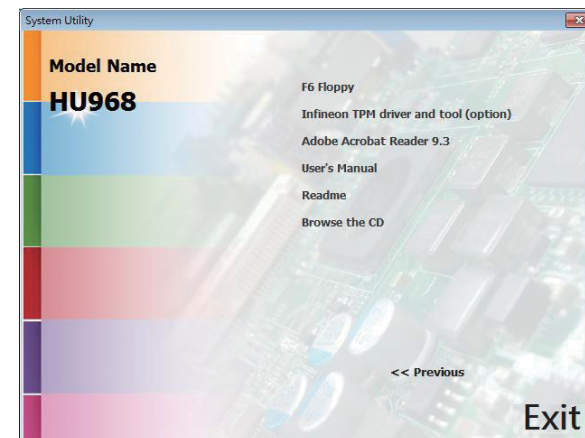
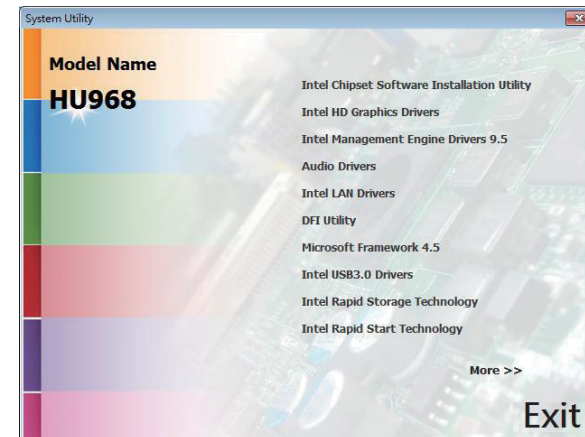
The CD that came with the system board contains drivers, utilities and software applications required to enhance the performance of the system board.

Insert the CD into a CD-ROM drive. The autorun screen (Mainboard Utility CD) will appear. If after inserting the CD, "Autorun" did not automatically start (which is, the Mainboard Utility CD screen did not appear), please go directly to the root directory of the CD and double-click "Setup".

### Auto Run Page (For Windows 8)



### Auto Run Page (For Windows 7)



## Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility

The Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility is used for updating Windows INF files so that the Intel chipset can be recognized and configured properly in the system.

To install the utility, click “Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility” on the main menu.

1. Setup is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.



2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



3. Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips then click Next.



4. After completing installation, click Finish to exit setup.

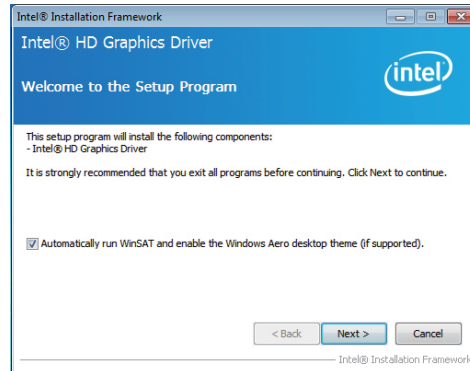




## Intel HD Graphics Drivers

To install the driver, click “Intel HD Graphics Drivers” on the main menu.

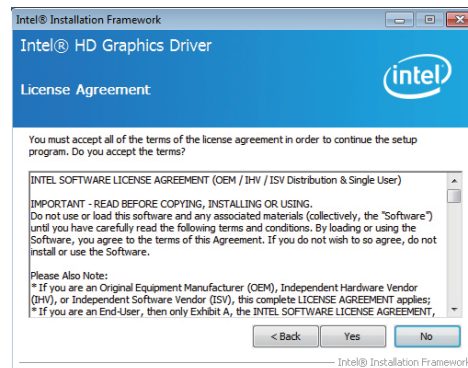
1. Setup is now ready to install the graphics driver. Click Next.



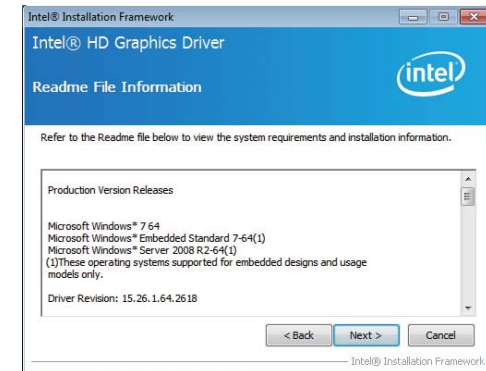
By default, the “Automatically run WinSAT and enable the Windows Aero desktop theme” is enabled. With this enabled, after installing the graphics driver and the system rebooted, the screen will turn blank for 1 to 2 minutes (while WinSAT is running) before the Windows 7/Windows 8 desktop appears. The “blank screen” period is the time Windows is testing the graphics performance.

We recommend that you skip this process by disabling this function then click Next.

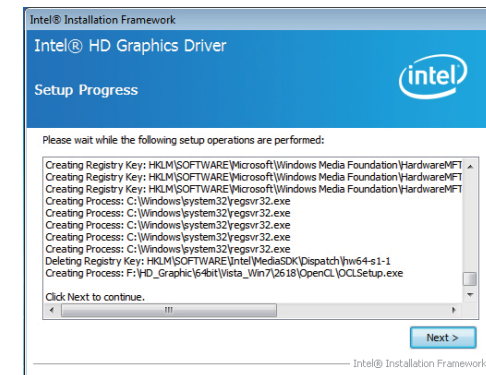
2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



3. Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips then click Next.

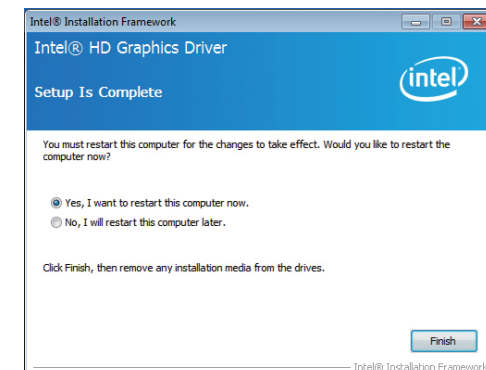


4. Setup is now installing the driver. Click Next to continue.



5. Click “Yes, I want to restart this computer now” then click Finish.

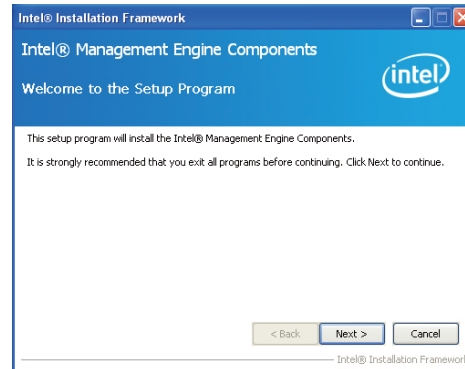
Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



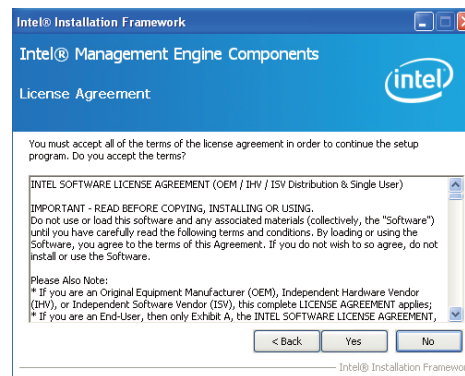
## Intel Management Engine Drivers

To install the driver, click "Intel Management Engine Drivers" on the main menu.

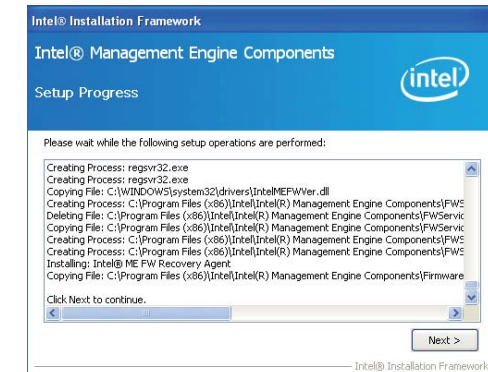
1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Next.



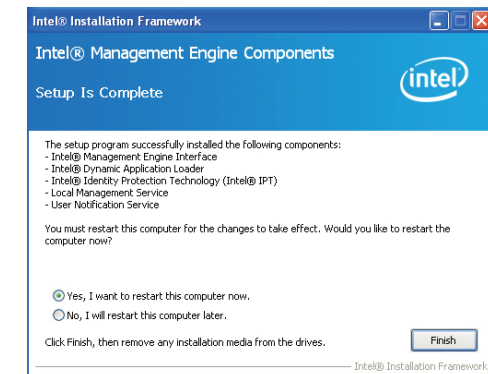
2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



3. Setup is currently installing the driver. After installation has completed, click Next.



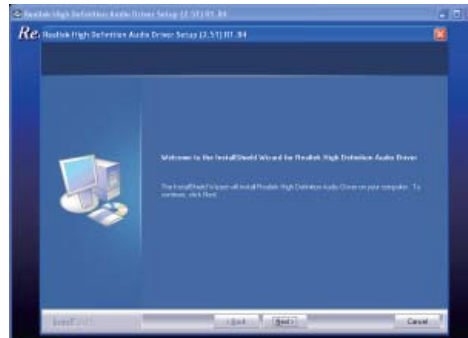
4. After completing installation, click Finish.



## Audio Drivers

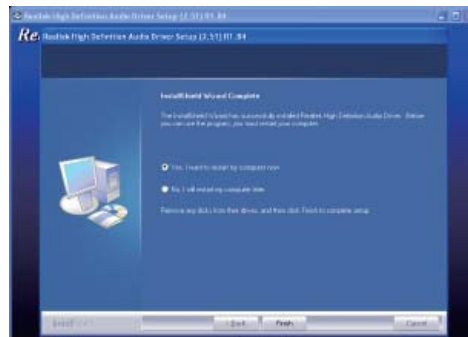
To install the driver, click “Audio Drivers” on the main menu.

1. Setup is now ready to install the audio driver. Click Next.
2. Follow the remainder of the steps on the screen; clicking “Next” each time you finish a step.



3. Click “Yes, I want to restart my computer now” then click Finish.

Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



## Intel LAN Drivers

To install the driver, click “Intel LAN Drivers” on the main menu.

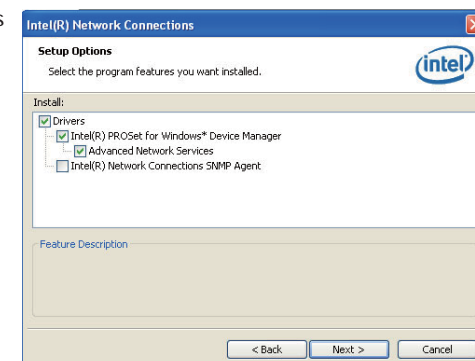
1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Next.



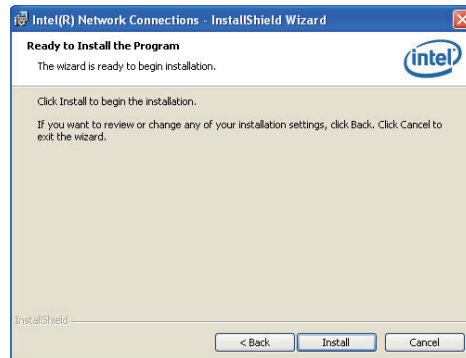
2. Click “I accept the terms in the license agreement” then click “Next”.



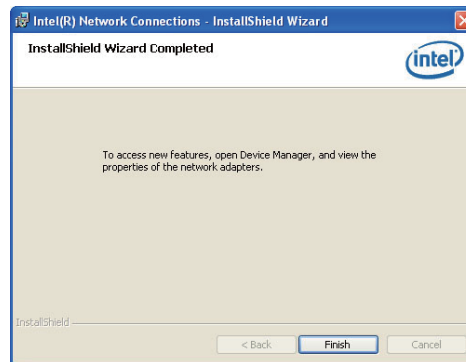
3. Select the program features you want installed then click Next.



- Click Install to begin the installation.



- After completing installation, click Finish.



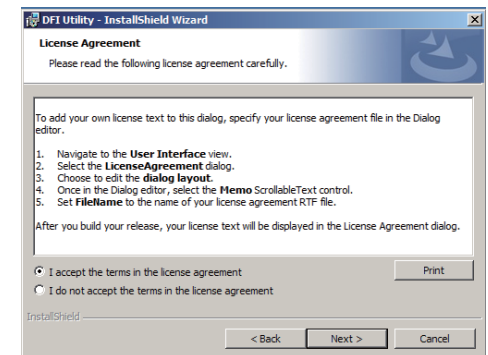
## DFI Utility

DFI Utility provides information about the board, HW Health, Watchdog and DIO. To access the utility, click "DFI Utility" on the main menu.

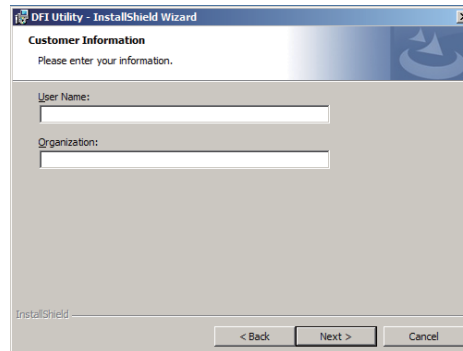
- Setup is ready to install the DFI Utility driver. Click Next.



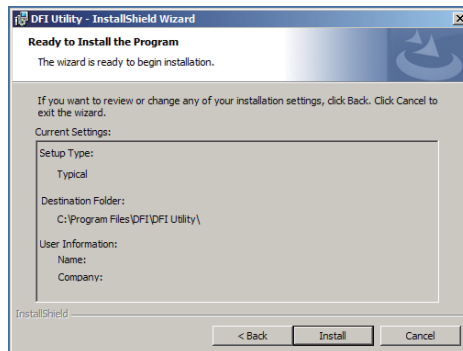
- Click "I accept the terms in the license agreement" and then click Next.



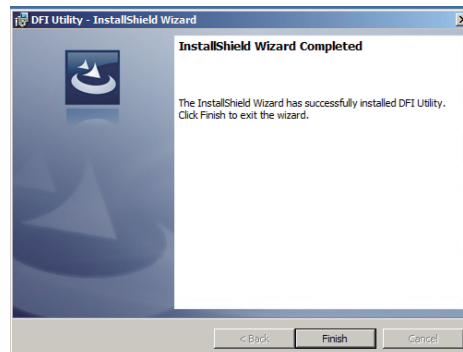
3. Enter "User Name" and "Organization" information and then click Next.



4. Click Install to begin the installation.



5. After completing installation, click Finish.



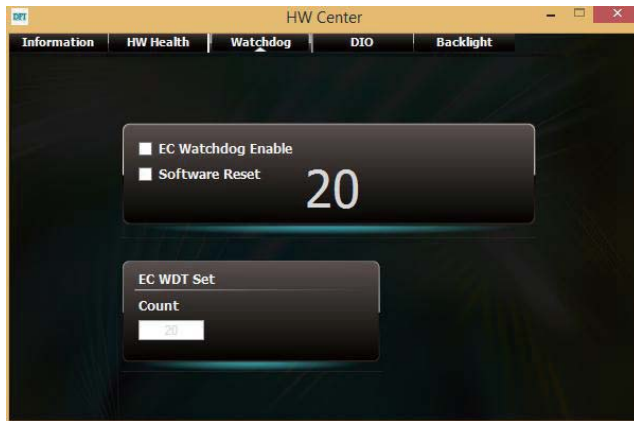
The DFI Utility icon will appear on the desktop. Double-click the icon to open the utility.



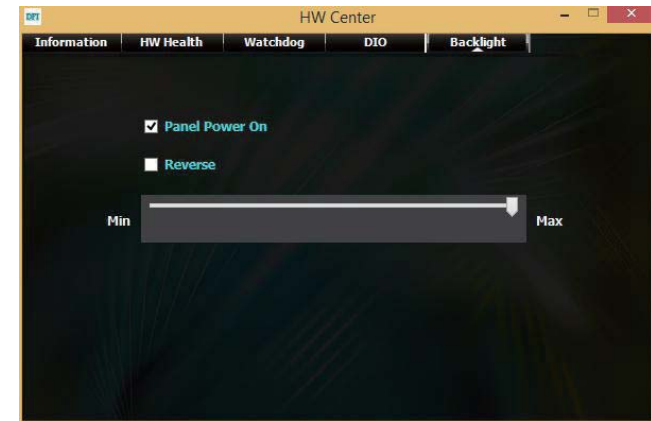
Information



HW Health



WatchDog



Backlight

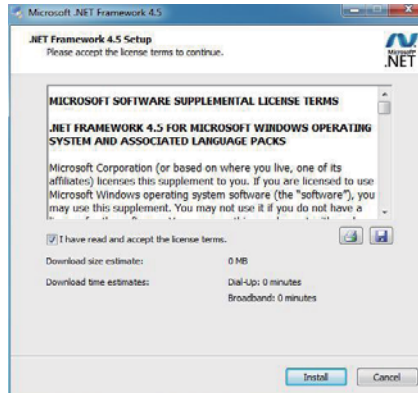


DIO

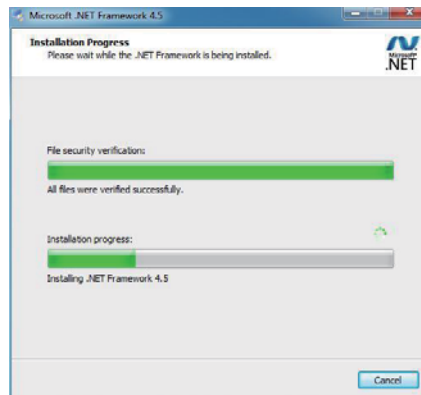
## Microsoft Framework 4.5

To install the utility, click “Microsoft Framework 4.5” on the main menu.

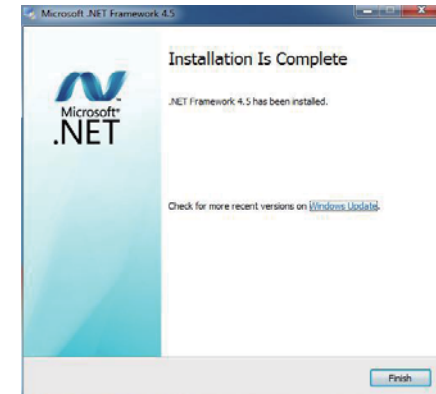
1. Read and accept the license agreement. Then, click “Installation”.



2. Setup is installing the driver.



3. After completing installation, click Finish.

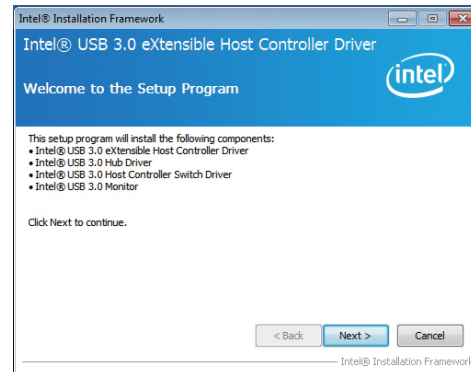




## Intel USB 3.0 Drivers (For Windows 7 only)

To install the driver, click "Intel USB 3.0 Driver" on the main menu.

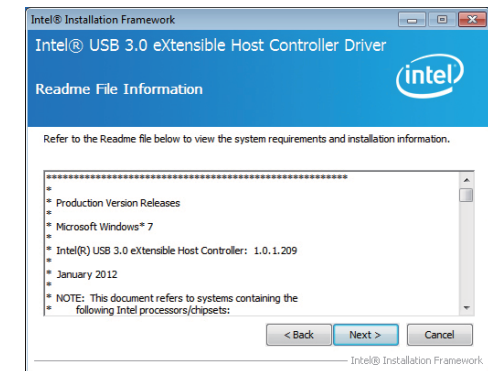
1. Setup is ready to install the driver. Click Next.



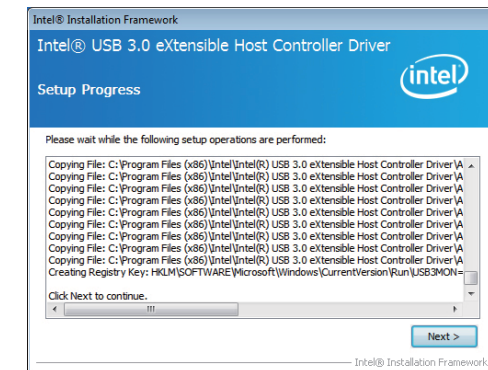
2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



3. Go through the readme document for more installation tips then click Next.



4. Setup is currently installing the driver. After installation has completed, click Next.



5. After completing installation, click Finish.



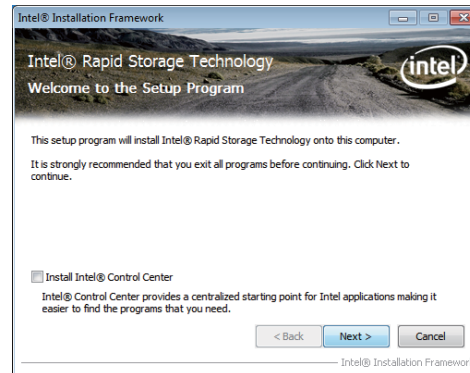


## Intel Rapid Storage Technology

The Intel Rapid Storage Technology is a utility that allows you to monitor the current status of the SATA drives. It enables enhanced performance and power management for the storage subsystem.

To install the driver, click “Intel Rapid Storage Technology” on the main menu.

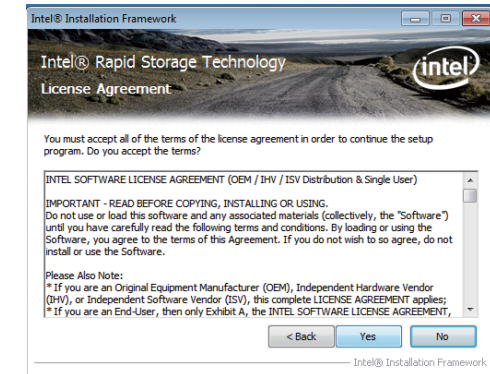
1. Setup is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.



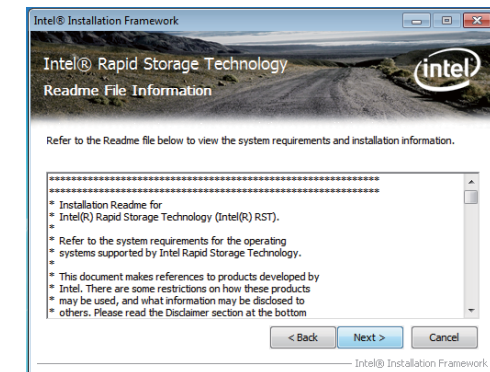
2. Read the warning then click Yes.



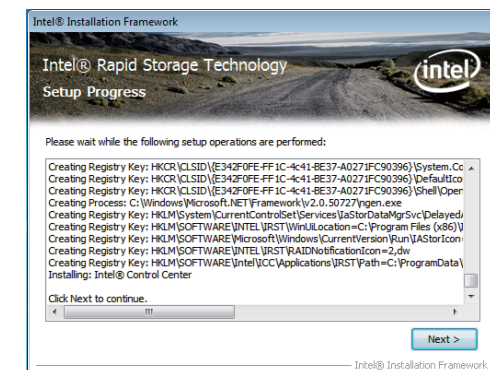
3. Read the license agreement then click Yes.



4. Go through the readme document for system requirements and installation tips then click Next.



5. Setup is now installing the utility. Click Next to continue.



6. Click “Yes, I want to restart my computer now” then click Finish.

Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.



## Intel Rapid Start Technology

The Intel Rapid Start Technology is a utility that allows your system to wake up and run faster.

To install the driver, click “Intel Rapid Start Technology” on the main menu.



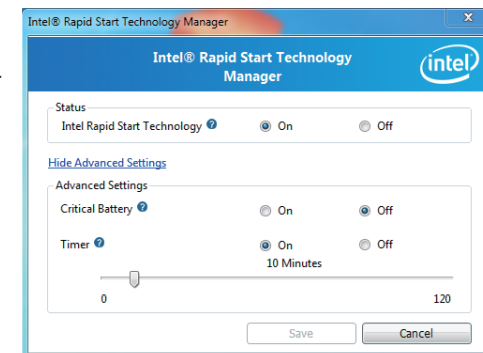
### Important:

When using the Intel® Rapid Start Technology, make sure that the power setting of USB ports is +5V\_standby.

1. Setup is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.



2. Click ON and select the Advanced Settings to enable the Intel Rapid Start Technology. Then, click Save.



## F6 Floppy (For Windows 7 only)

This is used to create a floppy driver diskette needed when you install Windows® XP using the F6 installation method. This will allow you to install the operating system onto a hard drive when in AHCI mode.

1. Insert a blank floppy diskette.
2. Locate for the drivers in the CD then copy them to the floppy diskette. The CD includes drivers for both 32-bit and 64-bit operating systems. The path to the drivers are shown below.

32-bit

CD Drive:\AHCI\_RAID\F6FLOPPY\f6flpy32

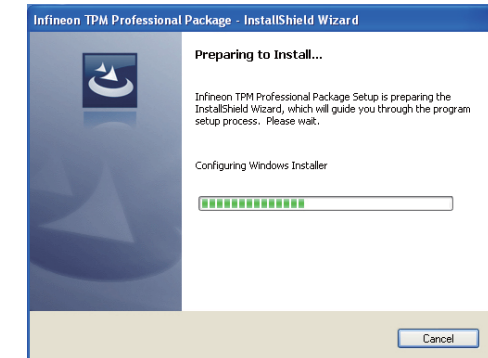
64-bit

CD Drive:\AHCI\_RAID\F6FLOPPY\f6flpy64

## Infineon TPM Driver and Tool (option)

To install the driver, click “Infineon TPM driver and tool (option)” on the main menu.

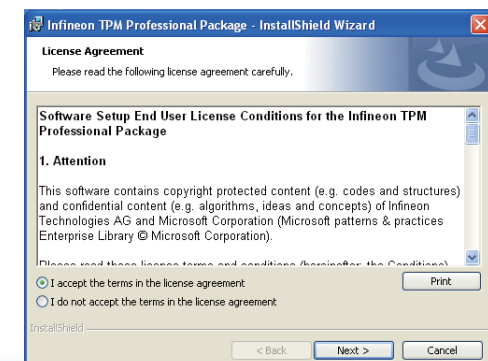
1. The setup program is preparing to install the driver.



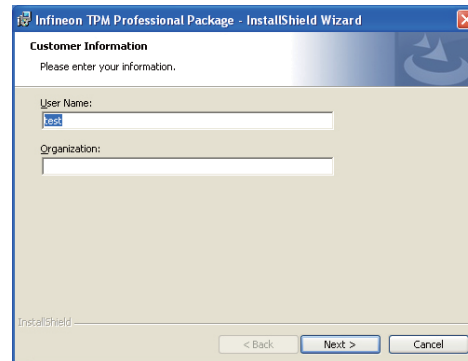
2. The setup program is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.



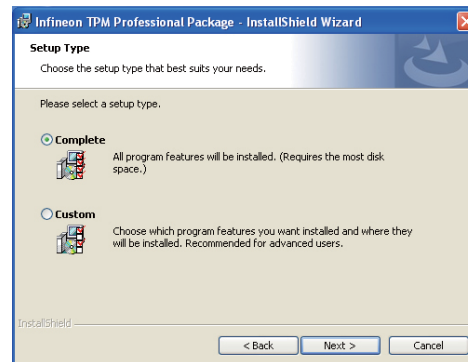
3. Click “I accept the terms in the license agreement” and then click “Next”.



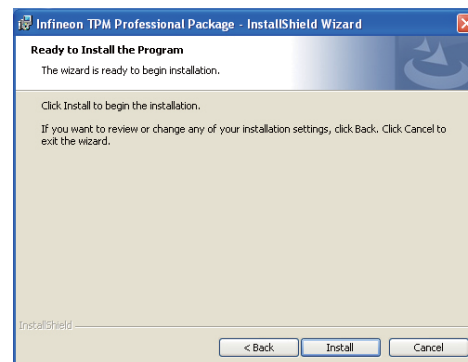
4. Enter the necessary information and then click Next.



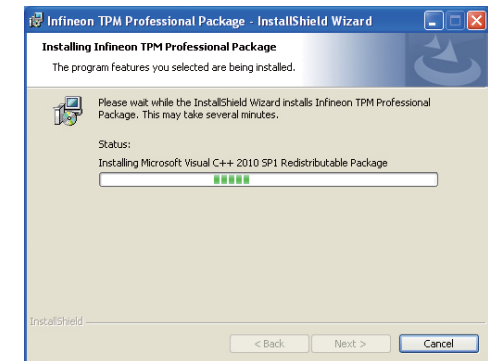
5. Select a setup type and then click Next.



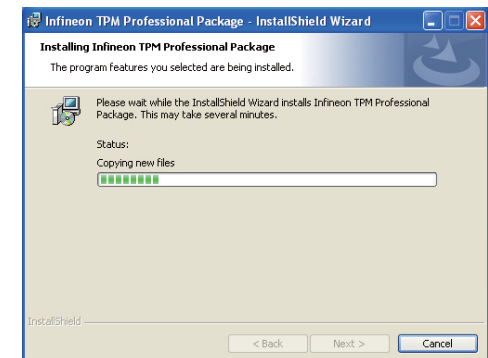
6. Click Install.



7. TPM requires installing the Microsoft Visual C++ package prior to installing the utility. Click Install.



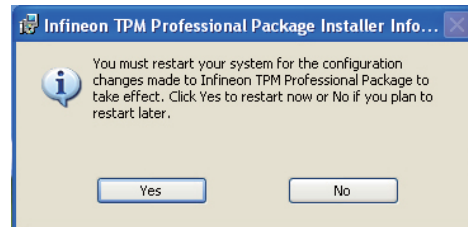
8. The setup program is currently installing the Microsoft Visual C++ package.



9. Click Finish.



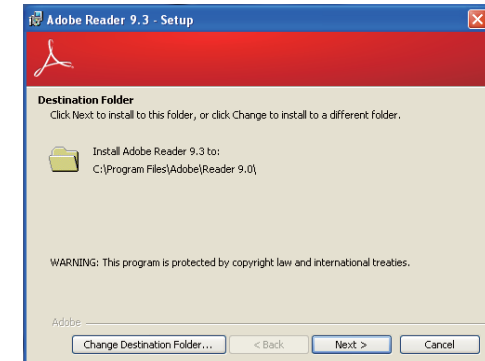
10. Click “Yes” to restart your system.



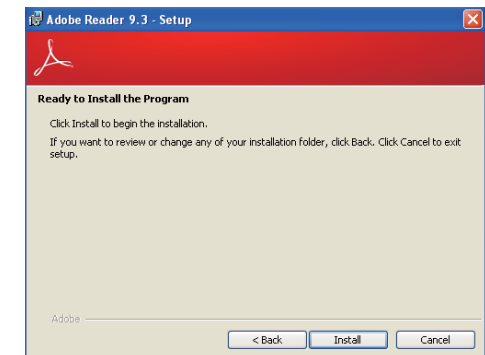
## Adobe Acrobat Reader 9.3

To install the reader, click “Adobe Acrobat Reader 9.3” on the main menu.

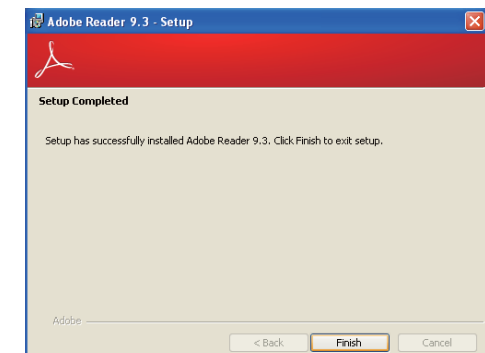
1. Click Next to install or click Change Destination Folder to select another folder.



2. Click Install to begin installation.



3. Click Finish to exit installation.



## Chapter 6 - GPIO Programming Guide

### Function Description

Get\_EC\_Data (unsigned char ucData): Read a Byte data from EC.

Write\_EC\_Data (unsigned char ucData, unsigned char Data): Write a Byte data to EC.

### Sample Code

#### GPIO Input Process

```
EC_DIO_Read_Input()
{
    BYTE Data;

    //Pin0-3 Input Mode
    Data = Get_EC_Data(0xBA);
    Data |= 0x80;
    Write_EC_Data(0xBA, Data);
    while(((Get_EC_Data(0xBA) >> 7)&0x01))
    {
        Data = Get_EC_Data(0xBA);
    }

    Return Data ;
}
```

#### GPIO Output Process

```
EC_DIO_Write_Output(unsigned char udata)
{
    //Pin4-7 Output Mode
    udata <= 4;
    udata |= 0x01;
    Write_EC_Data(0xBB, udata);

    return 0;
}

EC_DIO_Read_Output()
{
    BYTE Data;

    //Pin4-7 Output Mode
    Write_EC_Data(0xBB, 0x02);
    Delay;
    Data = Get_EC_Data(0xBB);
    Data >= 4;
    Return Data ;
}
```

## Chapter 7 - RAID

The system board allows configuring RAID on Serial ATA drives. It supports RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5 and RAID 10.

### RAID Levels

#### RAID 0 (Striped Disk Array without Fault Tolerance)

RAID 0 uses two new identical hard disk drives to read and write data in parallel, interleaved stacks. Data is divided into stripes and each stripe is written alternately between two disk drives. This improves the I/O performance of the drives at different channel; however it is not fault tolerant. A failed disk will result in data loss in the disk array.

#### RAID 1 (Mirroring Disk Array with Fault Tolerance)

RAID 1 copies and maintains an identical image of the data from one drive to the other drive. If a drive fails to function, the disk array management software directs all applications to the other drive since it contains a complete copy of the drive's data. This enhances data protection and increases fault tolerance to the entire system. Use two new drives or an existing drive and a new drive but the size of the new drive must be the same or larger than the existing drive.

#### RAID 5

RAID 5 stripes data and parity information across hard drives. It is fault tolerant and provides better hard drive performance and more storage capacity.

## Settings

To enable the RAID function, the following settings are required.

1. Connect the Serial ATA drives.
2. Configure Serial ATA in the AMI BIOS.
3. Configure RAID in the RAID BIOS.
4. Install the RAID driver during OS installation.
5. Install the Intel Rapid Storage Drivers.

### Step 1: Connect the Serial ATA Drives

Refer to chapter 2 for details on connecting the Serial ATA drives.



**Important:**

1. Make sure you have installed the Serial ATA drives and connected the data cables otherwise you won't be able to enter the RAID BIOS utility.
2. Treat the cables with extreme caution especially while creating RAID. A damaged cable will ruin the entire installation process and operating system. The system will not boot and you will lost all data in the hard drives. Please give special attention to this warning because there is no way of recovering back the data.

### Step 2: Configure Serial ATA in the AMI BIOS

1. Power-on the system then press <Del> to enter the main menu of the AMI BIOS.
2. Configure Serial ATA in the appropriate fields.
3. Save the changes in the Save & Exit menu.
4. Reboot the system.

### Step 3: Configure RAID in the RAID BIOS

When the system powers-up and all drives have been detected, the Intel RAID BIOS status message screen will appear. Press the <Ctrl> and <I> keys simultaneously to enter the utility. The utility allows you to build a RAID system on Serial ATA drives.

## Step 4: Install the RAID Driver During OS Installation

The RAID driver must be installed during the Windows® XP or Windows® 2000 installation using the F6 installation method. This is required in order to install the operating system onto a hard drive or RAID volume when in RAID mode or onto a hard drive when in AHCI mode.

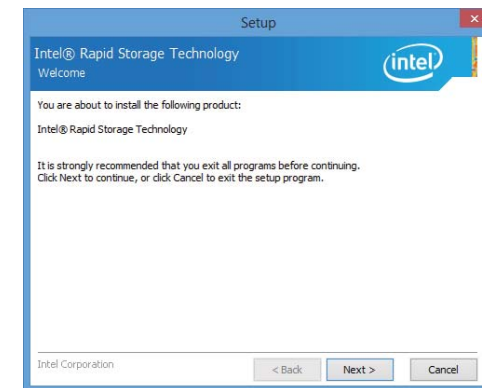
1. Start Windows Setup by booting from the installation CD.
2. Press <F6> when prompted in the status line with the 'Press F6 if you need to install a third party SCSI or RAID driver' message.
3. Press <S> to "Specify Additional Device".
4. At this point you will be prompted to insert a floppy disk containing the RAID driver. Insert the RAID driver diskette.
5. Locate for the drive where you inserted the diskette then select RAID or AHCI controller that corresponds to your BIOS setup. Press <Enter> to confirm.

You have successfully installed the driver. However you must continue installing the OS. Leave the floppy disk in the floppy drive until the system reboots itself because Windows setup will need to copy the files again from the floppy disk to the Windows installation folders. After Windows setup has copied these files again, remove the floppy diskette so that Windows setup can reboot as needed.

## Step 5: Install the Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility

The Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility can be installed from within Windows. It allows RAID volume management (create, delete, migrate) from within the operating system. It will also display useful SATA device and RAID volume information. The user interface, tray icon service and monitor service allow you to monitor the current status of the RAID volume and/or SATA drives. It enables enhanced performance and power management for the storage subsystem.

1. Insert the provided CD into an optical drive.
2. Click "Intel Rapid Storage Technology Utility" on the main menu.
3. Setup is ready to install the utility. Click Next.

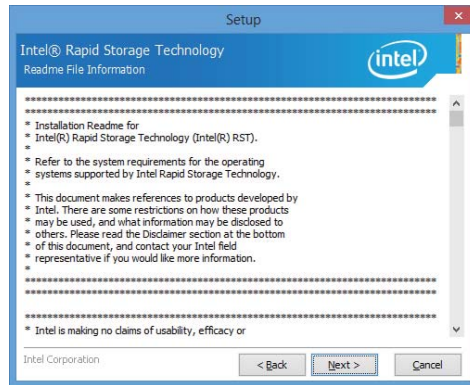


4. Read the license agreement and click "I accept the terms in the License Agreement." Then, click Next.

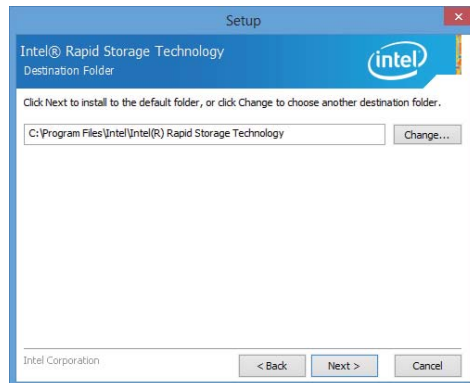




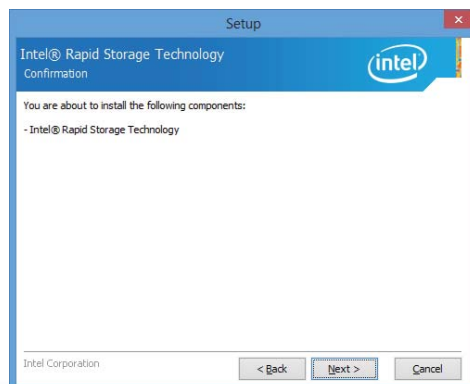
5. Go through the readme document to view system requirements and installation information then click Next.



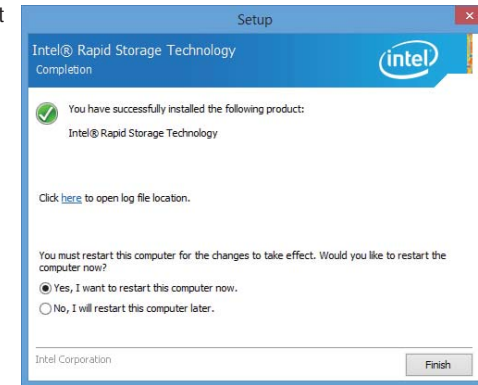
6. Click Next to install to the default folder or click change to choose another destination folder.



7. Confirm the installation and click Next.



8. Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now" to complete the installation and then click Finish.



## Chapter 8 - Intel AMT Settings

### Overview

Intel Active Management Technology (Intel® AMT) combines hardware and software solution to provide maximum system defense and protection to networked systems.

The hardware and software information are stored in non-volatile memory. With its built-in manageability and latest security applications, Intel® AMT provides the following functions.

#### • Discover

Allows remote access and management of networked systems even while PCs are powered off; significantly reducing desk-side visits.

#### • Repair

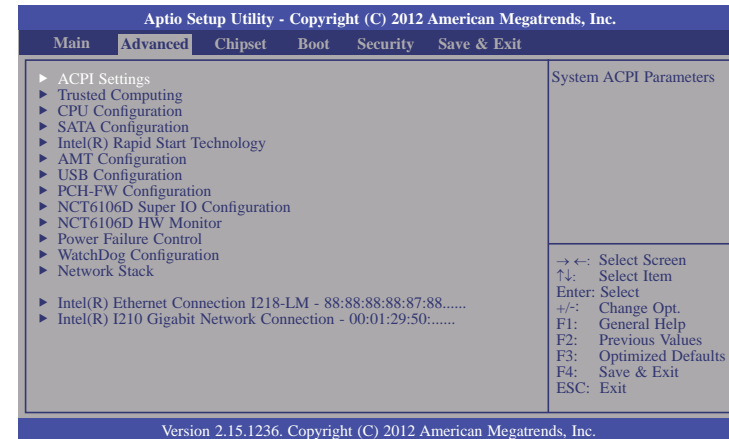
Remotely repair systems after OS failures. Alerting and event logging help detect problems quickly to reduce downtime.

#### • Protect

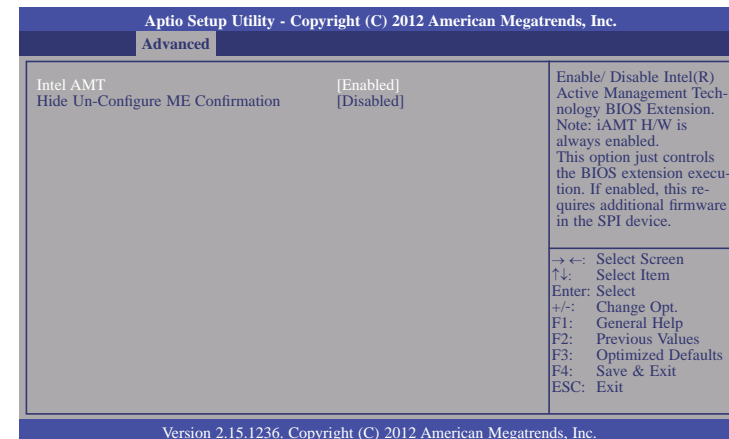
Intel AMT's System Defense capability remotely updates all systems with the latest security software. It protects the network from threats at the source by proactively blocking incoming threats, reactively containing infected clients before they impact the network, and proactively alerting when critical software agents are removed.

### Enable Intel® AMT in the AMI BIOS

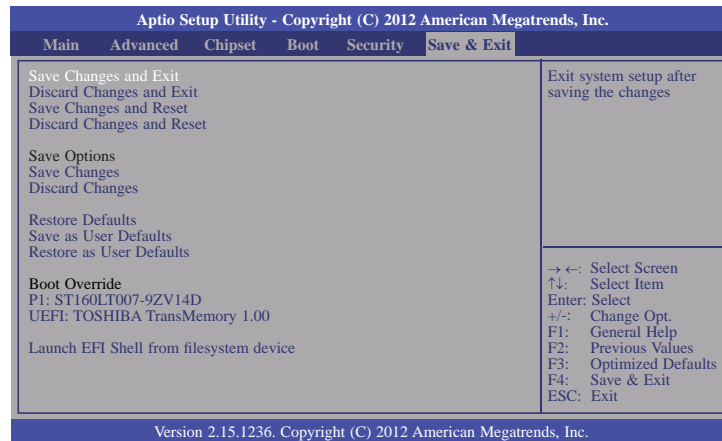
1. Power-on the system then press <Del> to enter the main menu of the AMI BIOS.
2. In the **Advanced** menu, select **AMT Configuration**.



3. In the **Advanced** menu, select **Enable** in the **AMT** field.



4. In the **Save & Exit** menu, select **Save Changes and Reset** then select **OK**.

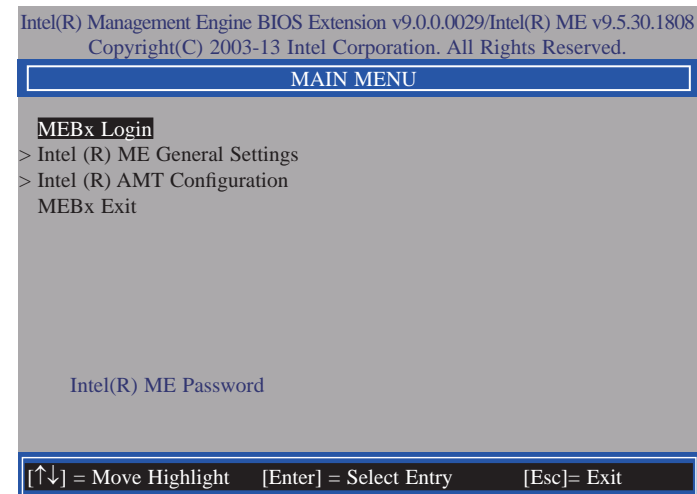


## Enable Intel® AMT in the Intel® Management Engine BIOS Extension (MEBX) Screen

1. When the system reboots, the following message will be displayed. Press **<Ctrl-P>** as soon as the message is displayed; as this message will be displayed for only a few seconds.

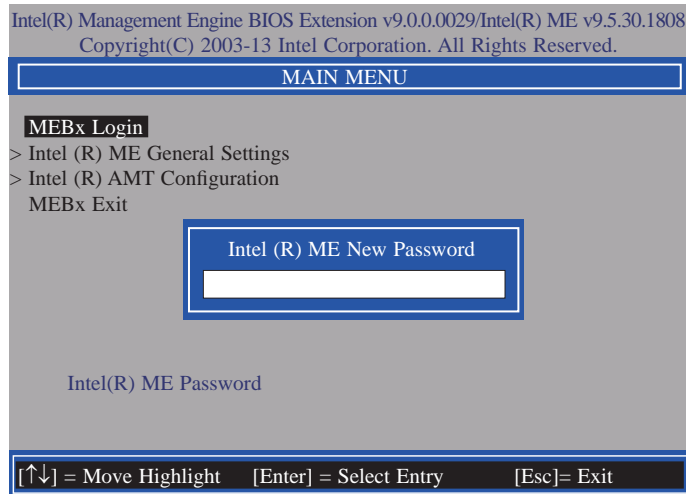


2. You will be prompted for a password. The default password is "**admin**". Enter the default password in the space provided under Intel(R) ME Password then press Enter.

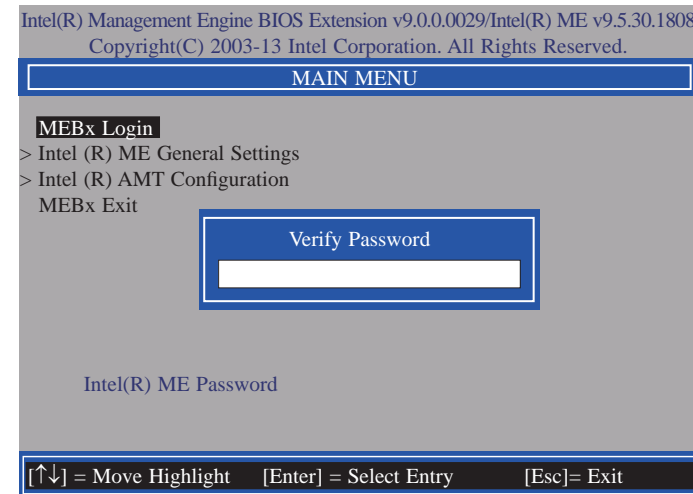


3. Enter a new password in the space provided under Intel(R) ME New Password then press Enter. The password must include:

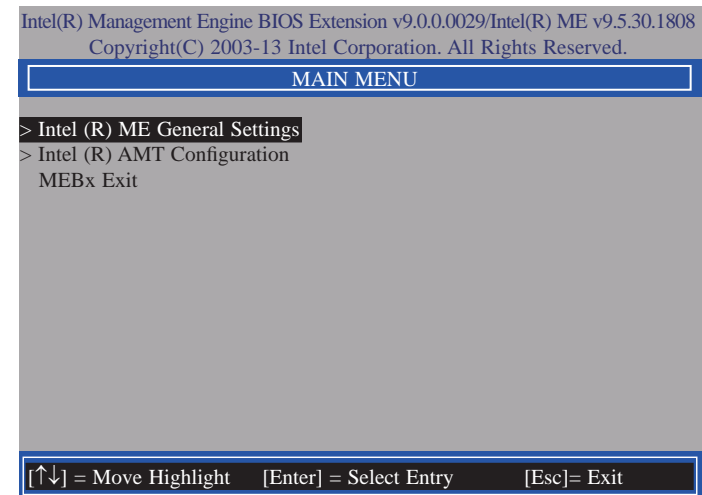
- 8-32 characters
- Strong 7-bit ASCII characters excluding : , and " characters
- At least one digit character (0, 1, ...9)
- At least one 7-bit ASCII non alpha-numeric character, above 0x20, (e.g. !, \$, ;)
- Both lower case and upper case characters



4. You will be asked to verify the password. Enter the same new password in the space provided under Verify Password then press Enter.



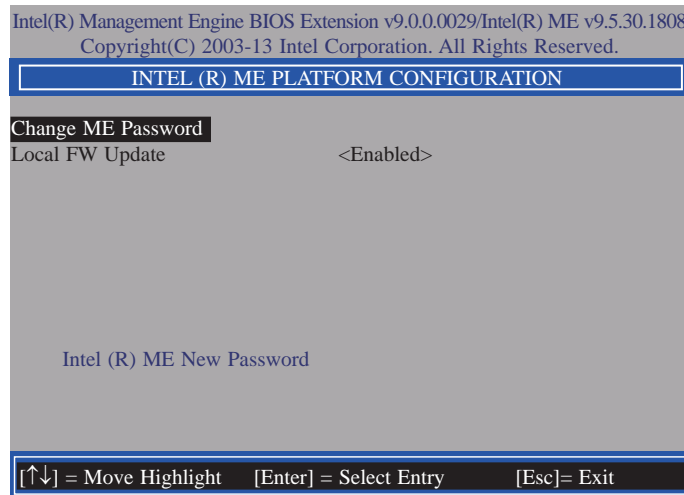
5. Select **Intel(R) ME General Settings** then press Enter.



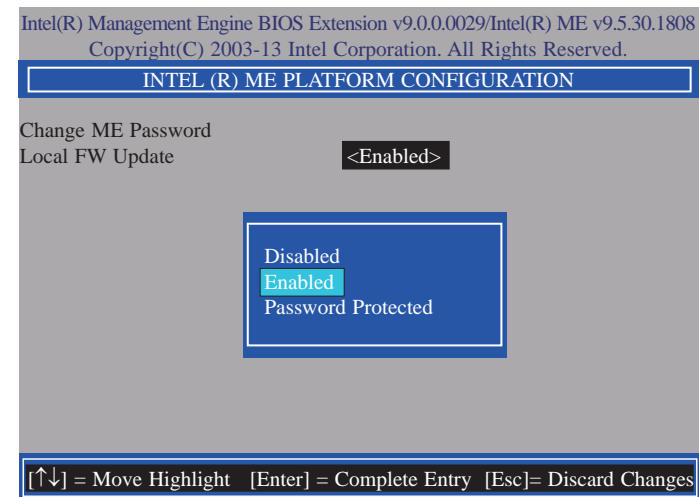
6. Select **Change Intel(R) ME Password** then press Enter.

You will be prompted for a password. The default password is "**admin**". Enter the default password in the space provided under Intel(R) ME New Password then press Enter.

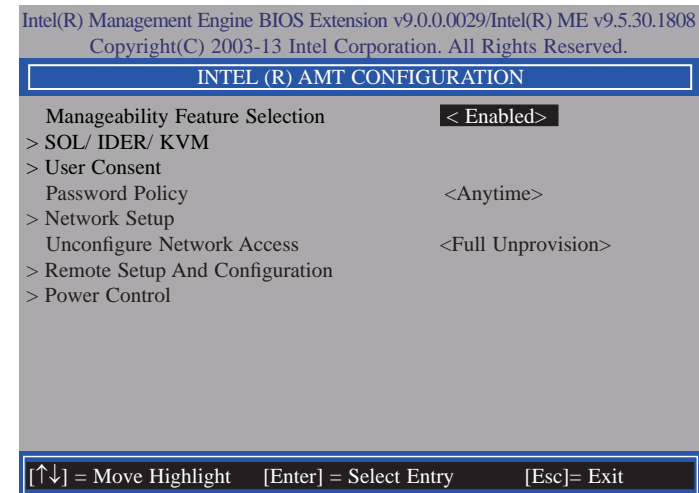
- 8-32 characters
- Strong 7-bit ASCII characters excluding : , and " characters
- At least one digit character (0, 1, ...9)
- At least one 7-bit ASCII non alpha-numeric character, above 0x20, (e.g. !, \$, ;)
- Both lower case and upper case characters



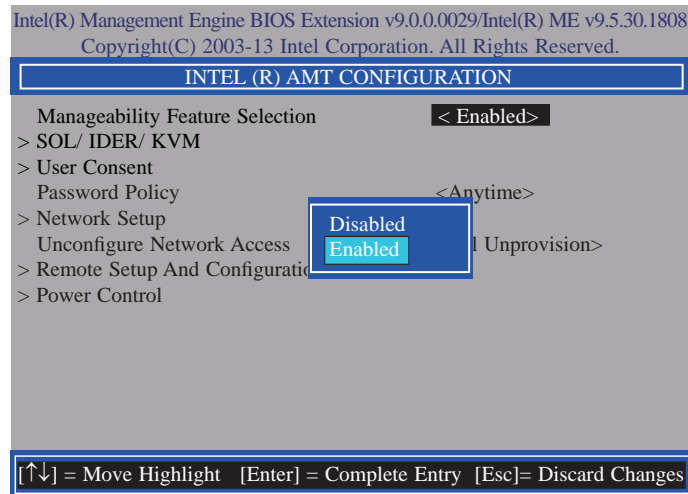
7. Select **Local FW Update** then press Enter. Select **Enabled** then press Enter.



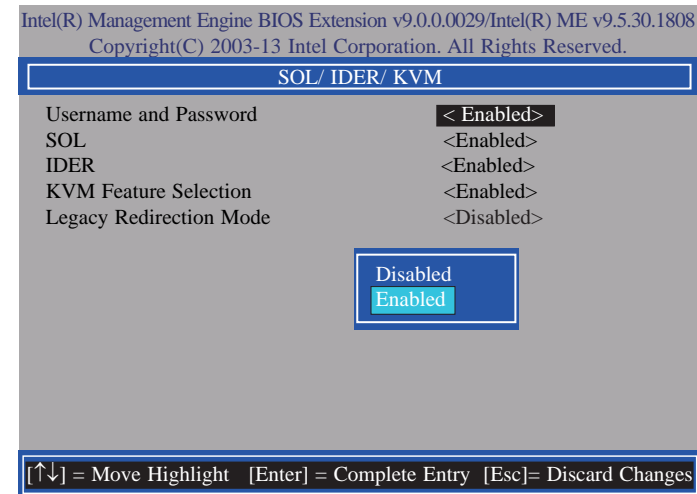
8. Select Previous Menu until you return to the **Main Menu**. Select **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** then press Enter.



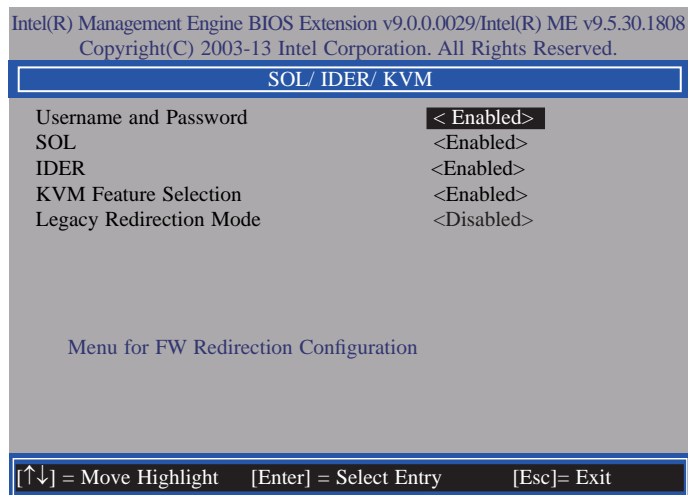
9. In the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu, select **Manageability Feature Selection** then press Enter. Select **Disabled** then press Enter.



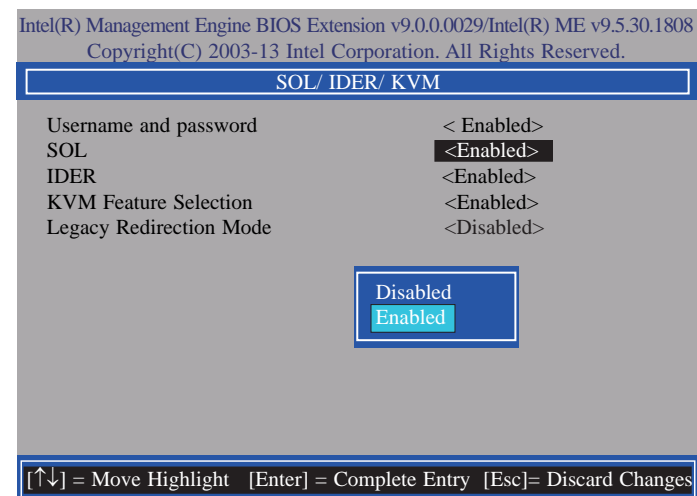
11. In the **SOL/IDER/KVM** menu, select **Username and Password** then press Enter. Select **Disabled** then press Enter.



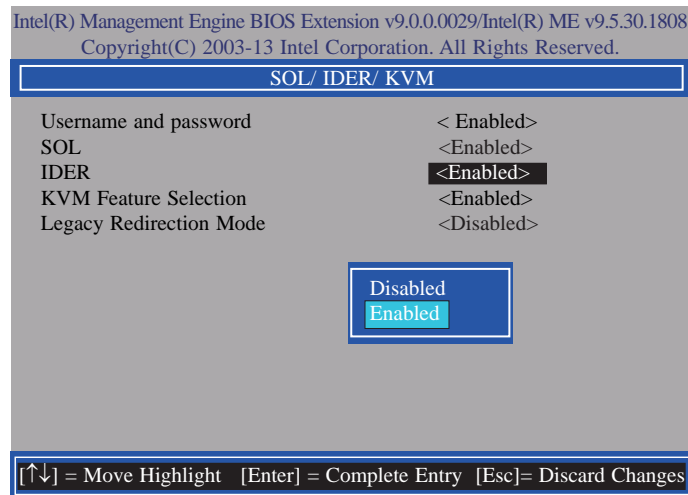
10. In the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu, select **SOL/IDER/KVM** then press Enter.



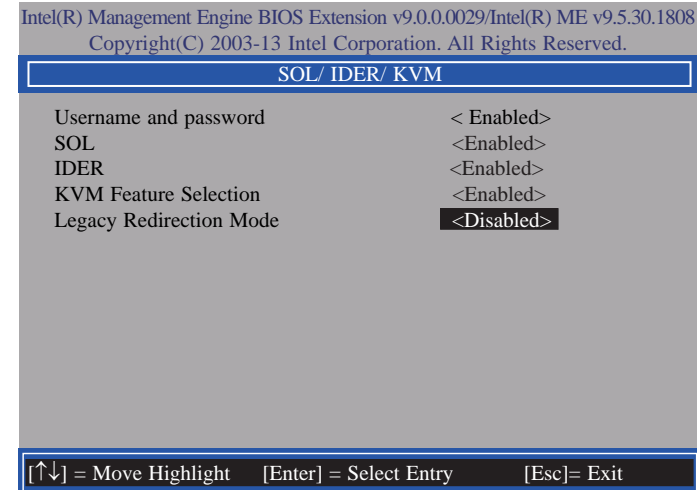
12. In the **SOL/IDER/KVM** menu, select **SOL** then press Enter. Select **Disabled** then press Enter.



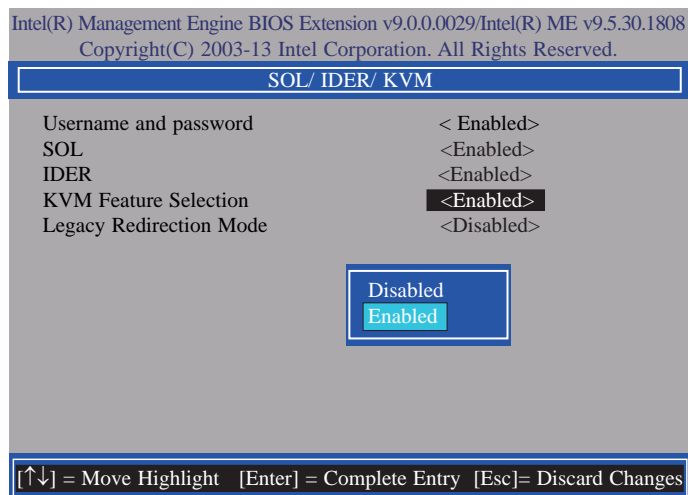
13. In the **SOL/IDER/KVM** menu, select **IDER** then press Enter. Select **Disabled** then press Enter.



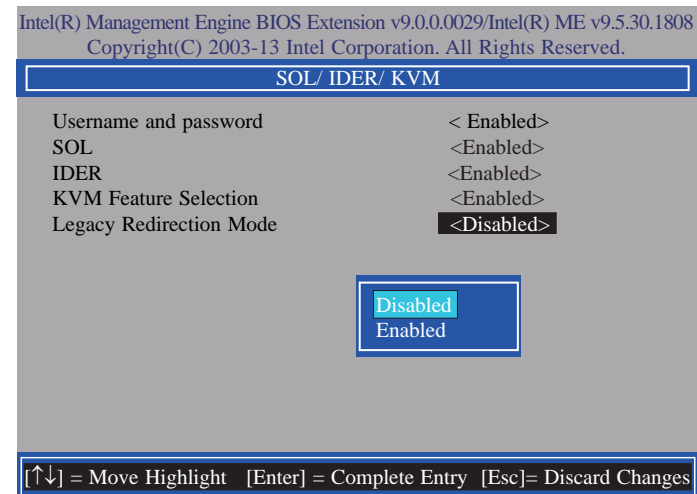
15. In the **SOL/IDER/KVM** menu, select **Legacy Redirection Mode** then press Enter.



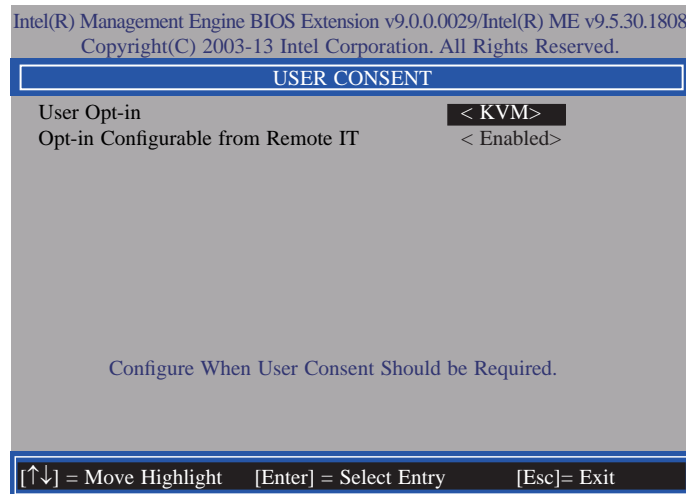
14. In the **SOL/IDER/KVM** menu, select **KVM Feature Selection** then press Enter. Select **Disabled** then press Enter.



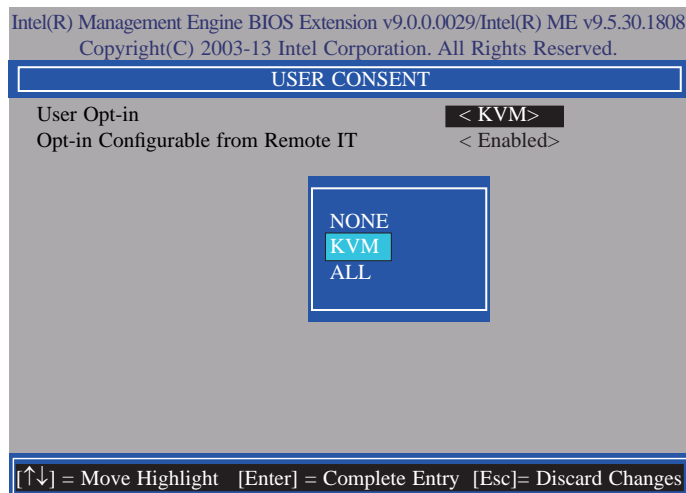
16. Select **Enabled** then press Enter.



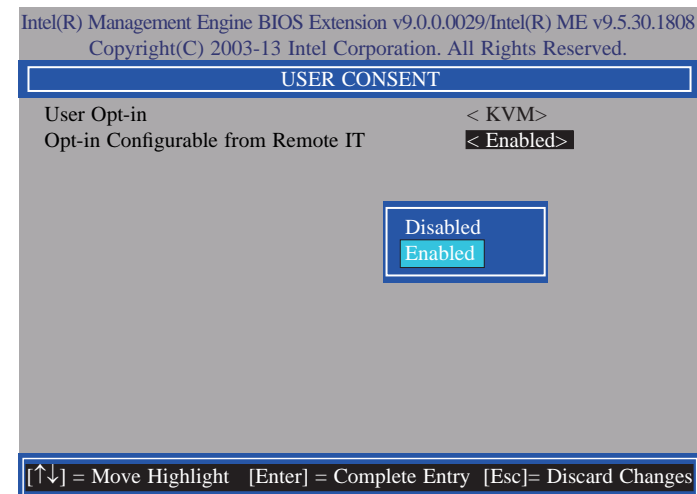
17. Select Previous Menu until you return to the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu. Select **User Consent** then press Enter.



18. In the **User Consent** menu, select **User Opt-in** then press Enter. Select **None** then press Enter.

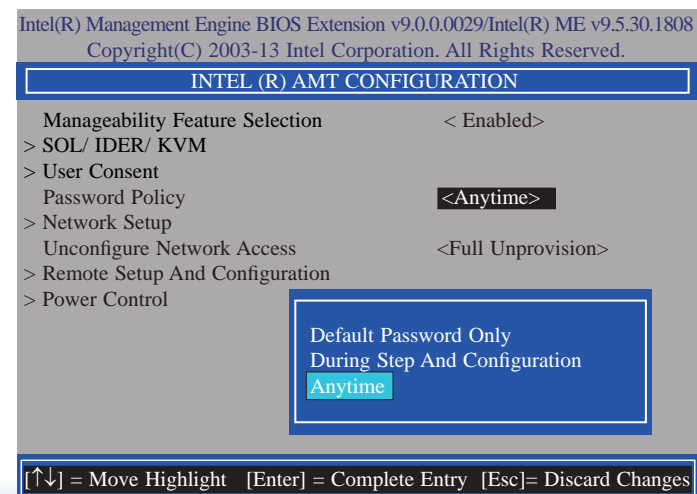


19. In the **User Consent** menu, select **Opt-in Configurable from Remote IT** then press Enter. Select **Disable Remote Control of KVM Opt-in Policy** then press Enter.



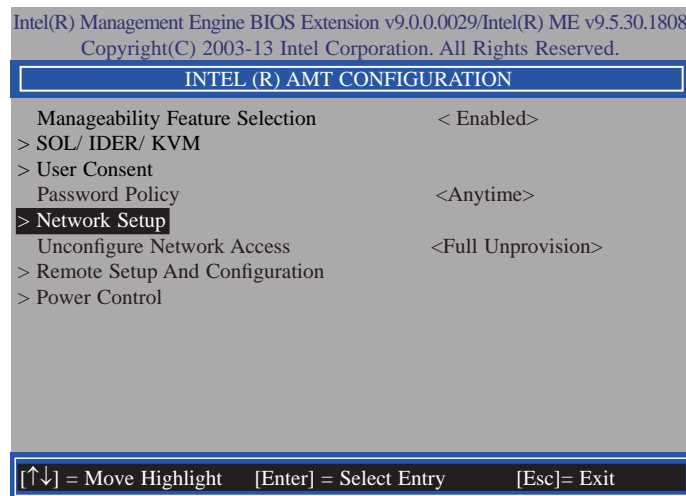
20. Select Previous Menu until you return to the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu. Select **Password Policy** then press Enter.

You may choose to use a password only during setup and configuration or to use a password anytime the system is being accessed.

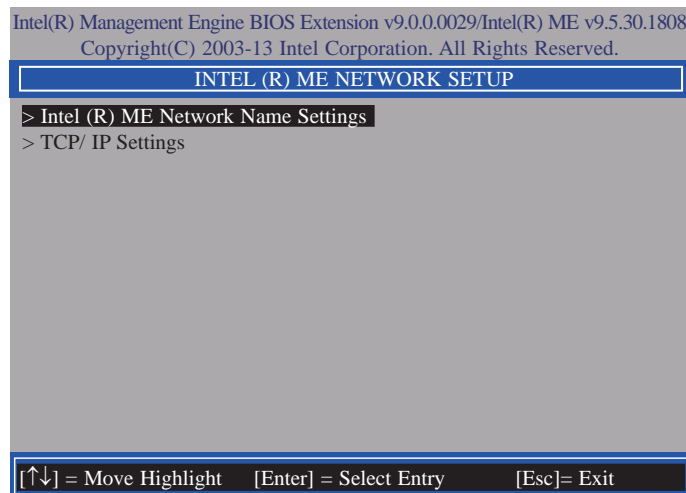




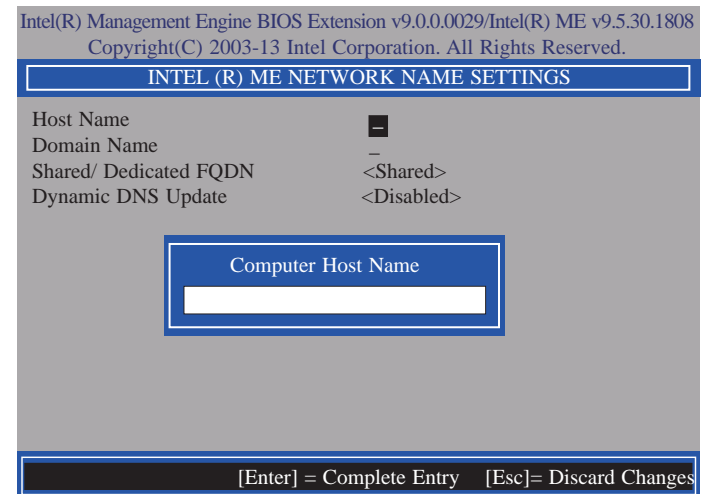
21. In the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu, select **Network Setup** then press Enter.



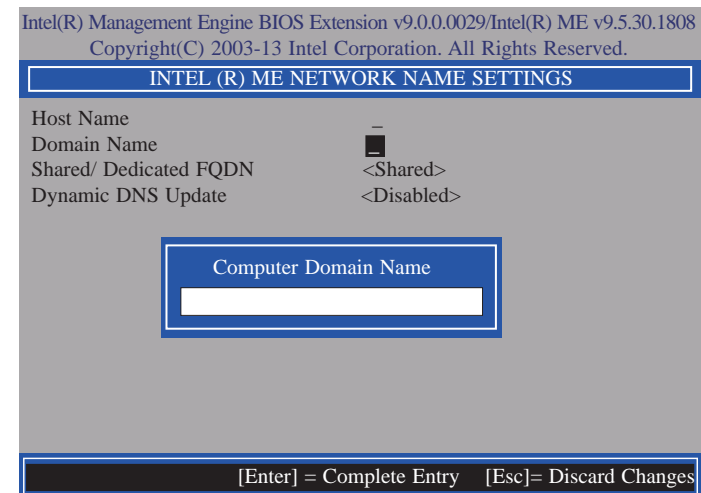
22. In the **Intel(R) ME Network Setup** menu, select **Intel(R) ME Network Name Settings** then press Enter.



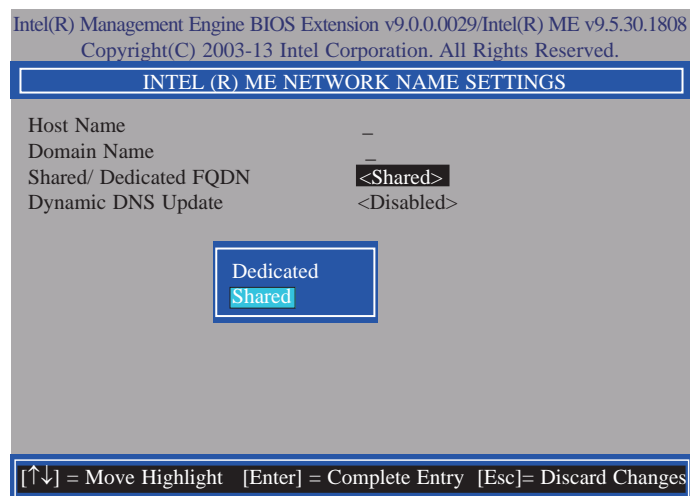
23. In the **Intel(R) ME Network Name Settings** menu, select **Host Name** then press Enter. Enter the computer's host name then press Enter.



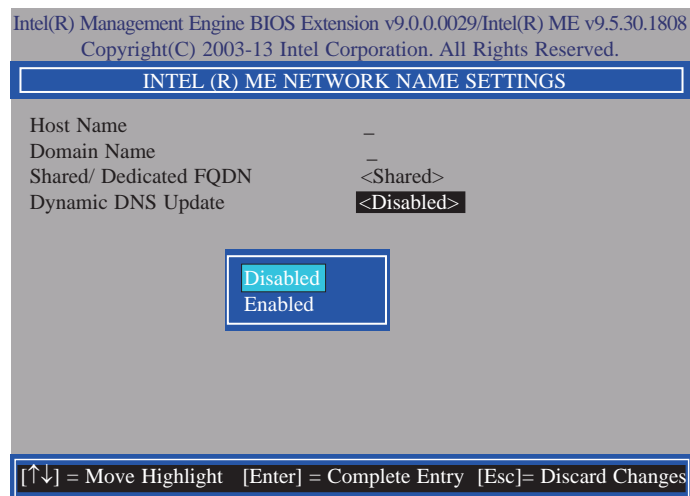
24. Select **Domain Name** then press Enter. Enter the computer's domain name then press Enter.



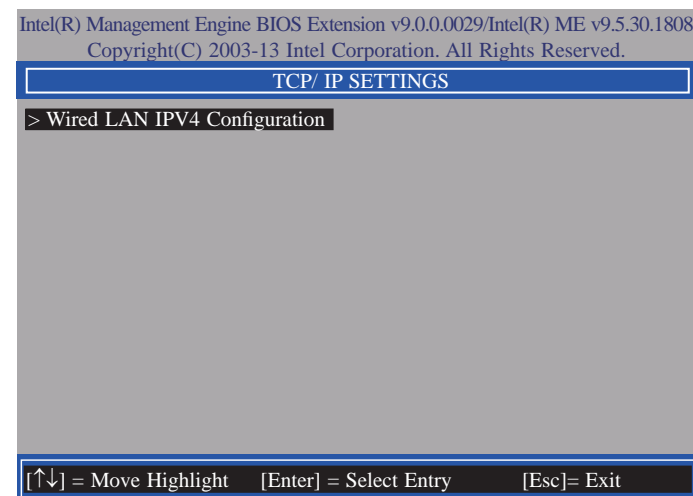
25. Select **Shared/Dedicated FQDN** then press Enter. Select **Shared** or **Dedicated** then press Enter.



26. Select **Dynamic DNS Update** then press Enter. Select **Enabled** or **Disabled** then press Enter.



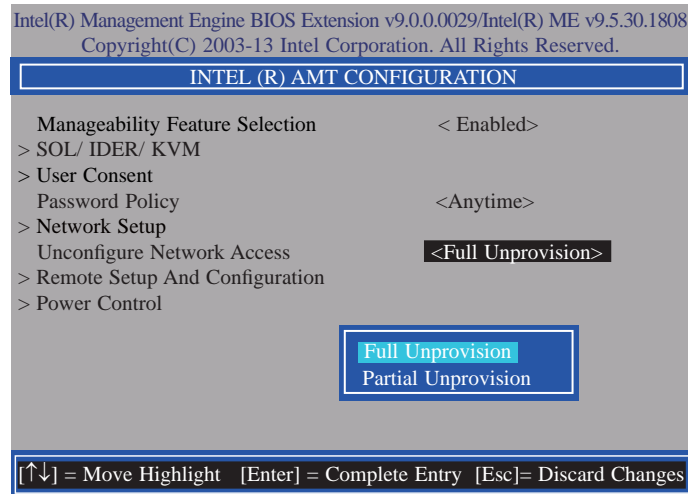
27. Select Previous Menu until you return to the **Intel(R) ME Network Setup** menu. Select **TCP/IP Settings** then press Enter.



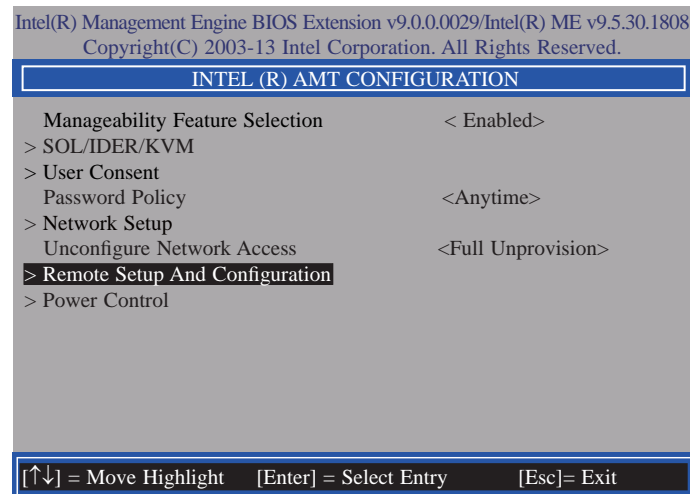
28. In the **TCP/IP Settings** menu, select **Wired LAN IPV4 Configuration** then press Enter.



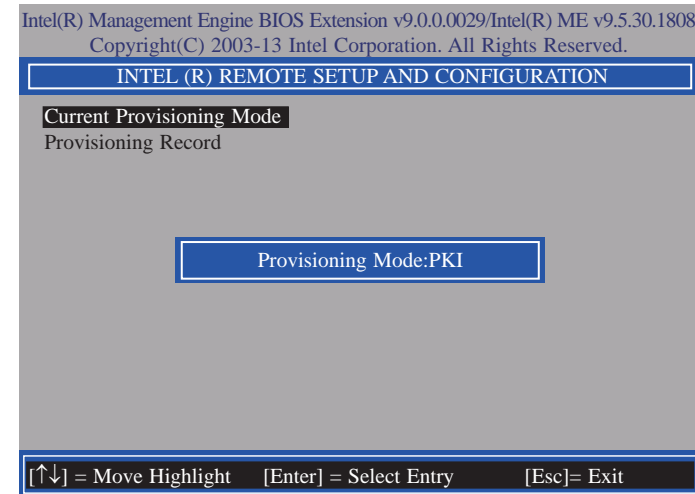
29. In the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu, select **Unconfigure Network Access** then press Enter.



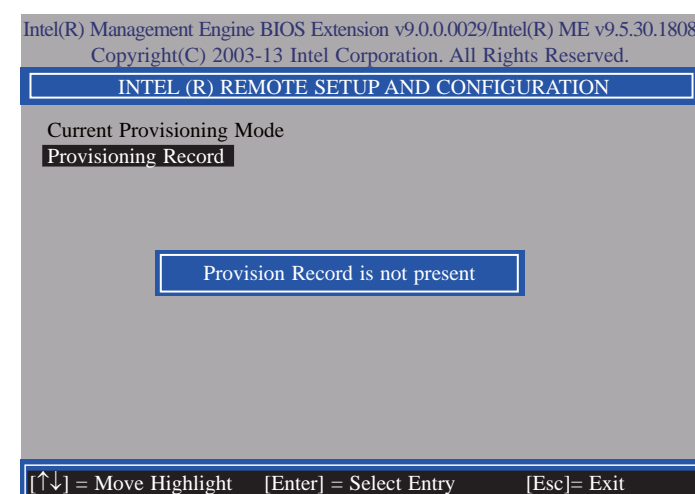
30. In the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu, select **Remote Setup And Configuration** then press Enter.



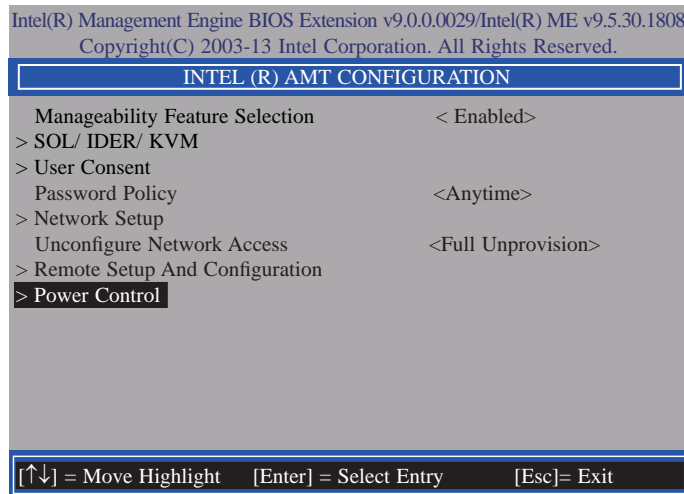
31. In the **Intel(R) Remote Setup And Configuration** menu, select **Current Provisioning Mode** then press Enter.



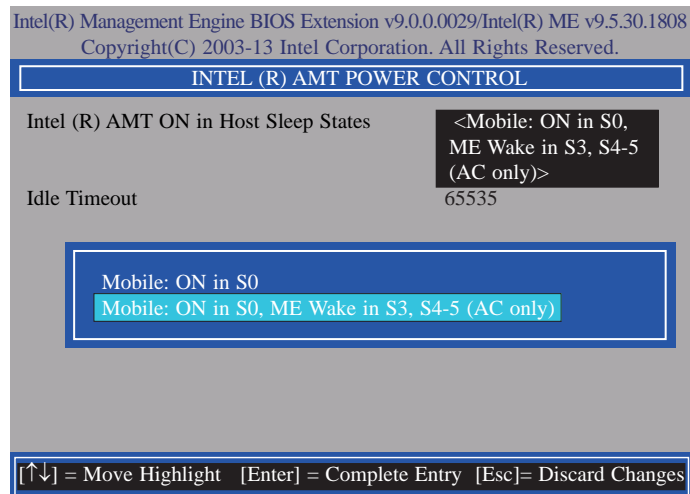
32. In the **Intel(R) Remote Setup And Configuration** menu, select **Provisioning Record** then press Enter.



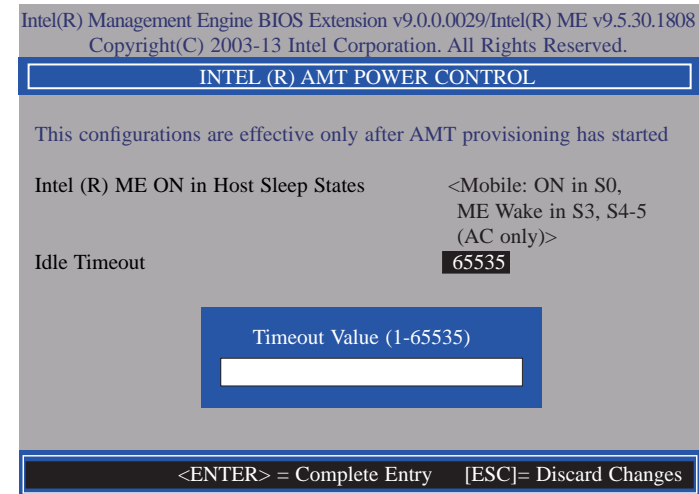
33. In the **Intel(R) AMT Configuration** menu, select **Power Control** then press Enter.



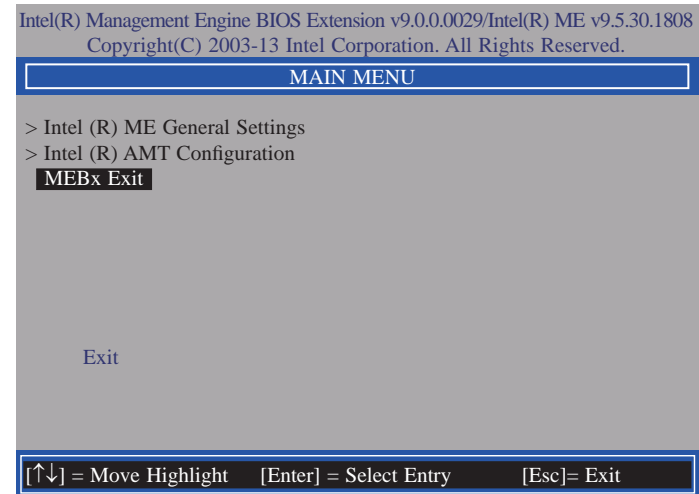
34. In the **Intel(R) AMT Power Control** menu, select **Intel(R) AMT ON in Host Sleep States** then press Enter. Select an option then press Enter.



35. In the **Intel(R) AMT Power Control** menu, select **Idle Timeout** then press Enter. Enter the timeout value (1-65535).



36. Select Previous Menu until you return to the **Main Menu**. Select **Exit** then press Enter. Type **Y** then press Enter.



## Appendix A - NLITE and AHCI Installation Guide

### nLite

nLite is an application program that allows you to customize your XP installation disc by integrating the RAID/AHCI drivers into the disc. By using nLite, the F6 function key usually required during installation is no longer needed.


**Note:**

The installation steps below are based on nLite version 1.4.9. Installation procedures may slightly vary if you're using another version of the program.

1. Download the program from nLite's official website.

<http://www.nliteos.com/download.html>

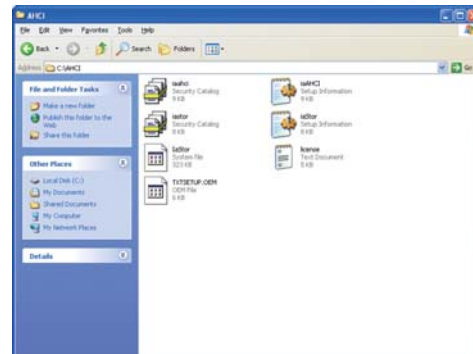
2. Install nLite.


**Important:**

Due to it's coding with Visual.Net, you may need to first install .NET Framework prior to installing nLite.

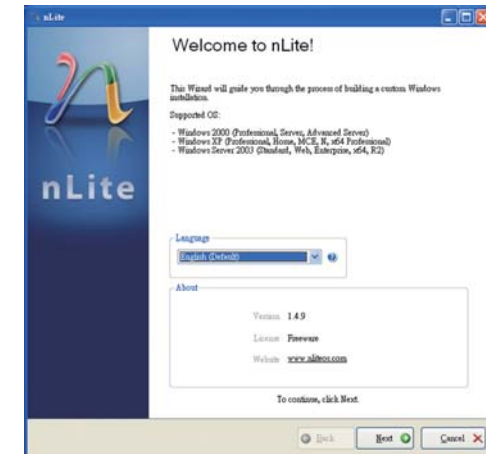
3. Download relevant RAID/AHCI driver files from Intel's website. The drivers you choose will depend on the operating system and chipset used by your computer.

The downloaded driver files should include iaahci.cat, iaAHCI.inf, iastor.cat, iaStor.inf, iaStor.sys, license.txt and TXTSETUP.OEM.



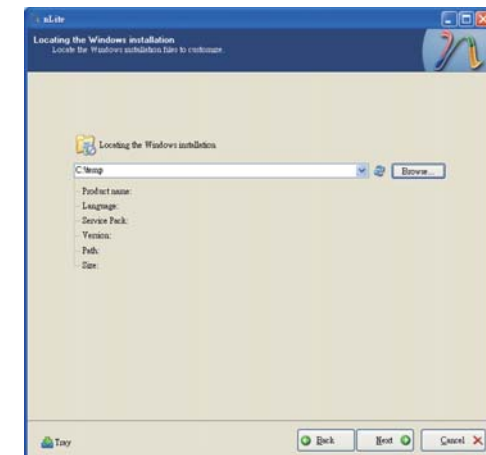
4. Insert the XP installation disc into an optical drive.

5. Launch nLite. The Welcome screen will appear. Click Next.

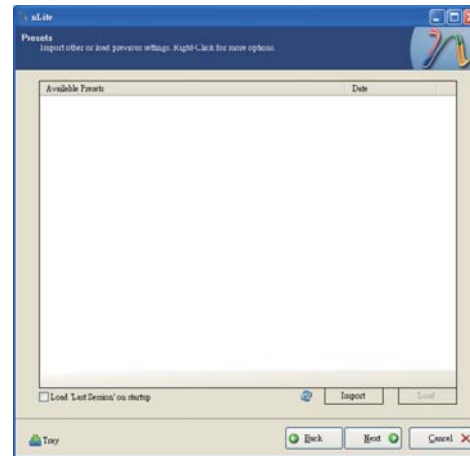


6. Click Next to temporarily save the Windows installation files to the designated default folder.

If you want to save them in another folder, click Browse, select the folder and then click Next.



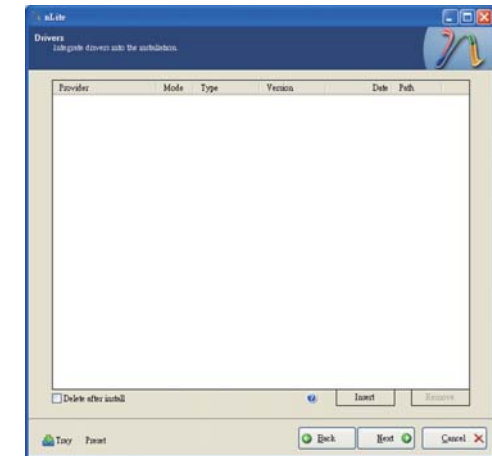
7. Click Next.



8. In the Task Selection dialog box, click Drivers and Bootable ISO. Click Next.



9. Click Insert and then select Multiple driver folder to select the drivers you will integrate. Click Next.



10. Select only the drivers appropriate for the Windows version that you are using and then click OK.

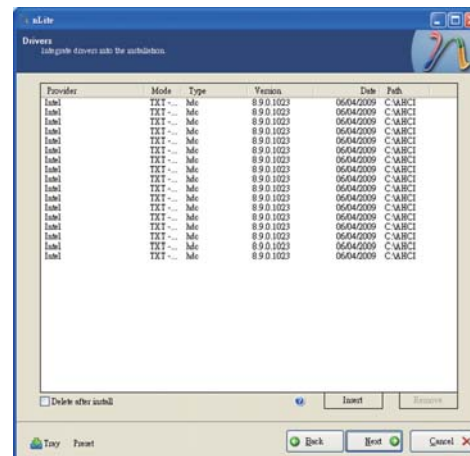
Integrating 64-bit drivers into 32-bit Windows or vice versa will cause file load errors and failed installation.



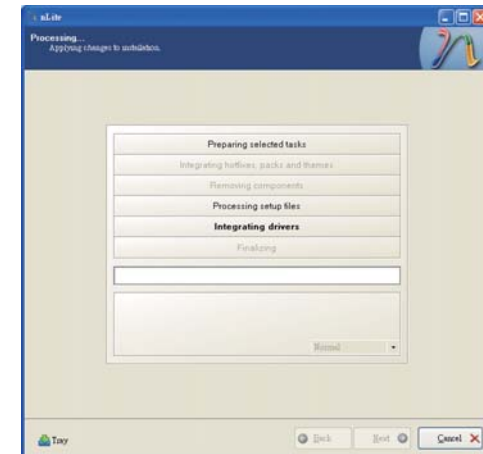
11. If you are uncertain of the southbridge chip used on your motherboard, select all RAID/AHCI controllers and then click OK.



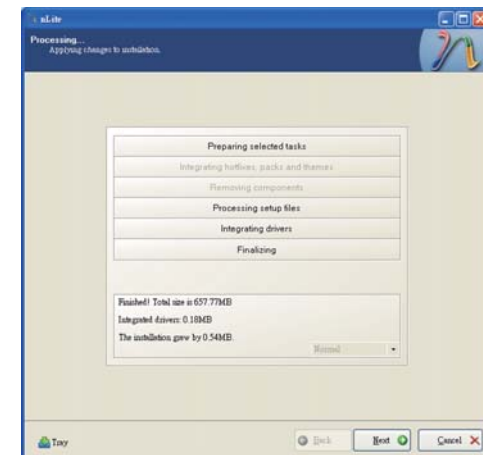
12. Click Next.



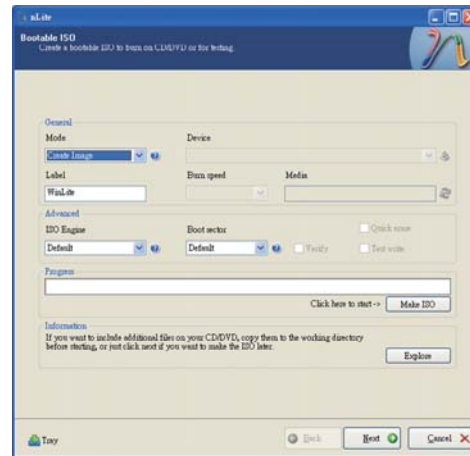
13. The program is currently integrating the drivers and applying changes to the installation.



14. When the program is finished applying the changes, click Next.

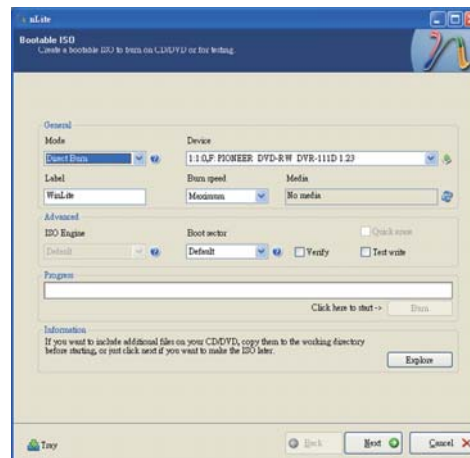


15. To create an image, select the Create Image mode under the General section and then click Next.



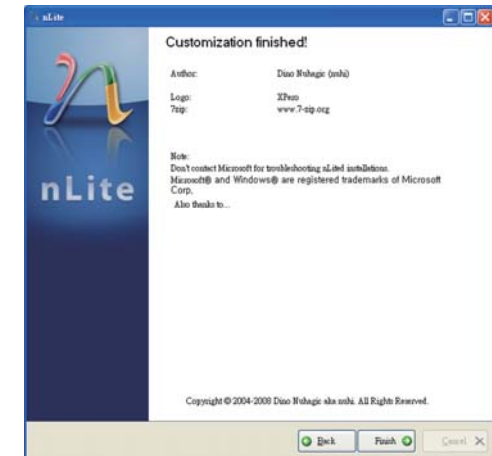
16. Or you can choose to burn it directly to a disc by selecting the Direct Burn mode under the General section and then click Next.

Select the optical device and all other necessary settings and then click Next.



17. You have finished customizing the Windows XP installation disc. Click Finish.

Enter the BIOS utility to configure the SATA controller to RAID/AHCI. You can now install Windows XP.



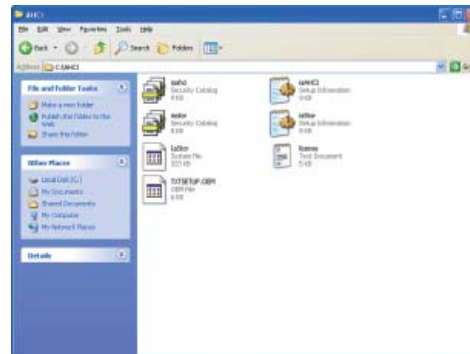


**AHCI**

The installation steps below will guide you in configuring your SATA drive to AHCI mode.

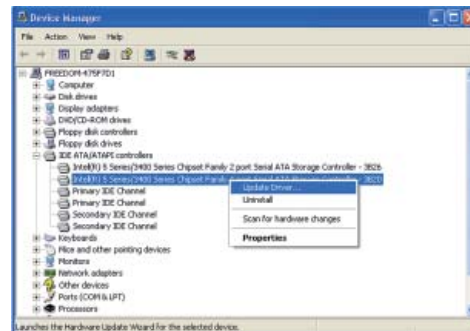
1. Enter the BIOS utility and configure the SATA controller to IDE mode.
2. Install Windows XP but do not press F6.
3. Download relevant RAID/AHCI driver files supported by the motherboard chipset from Intel's website.

Transfer the downloaded driver files to C:\AHCI.



4. Open Device Manager and right click on one of the Intel Serial ATA Storage Controllers, then select Update Driver.

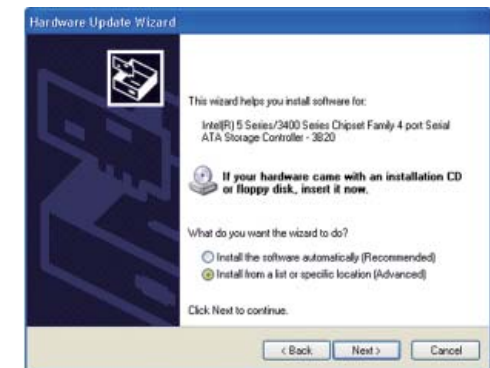
If the controller you selected did not work, try selecting another one.



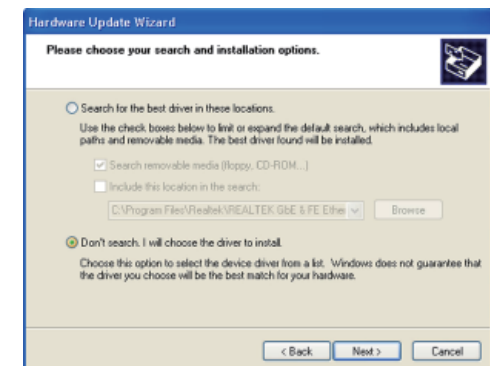
5. In the Hardware Update Wizard dialog box, select "No, not this time" then click Next.



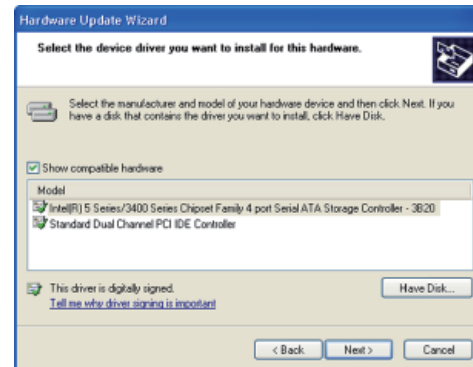
6. Select "Install from a list or specific location (Advanced)" and then click Next.



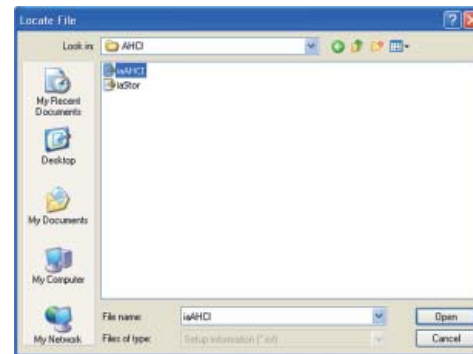
7. Select "Don't search. I will choose the driver to install" and then click Next.



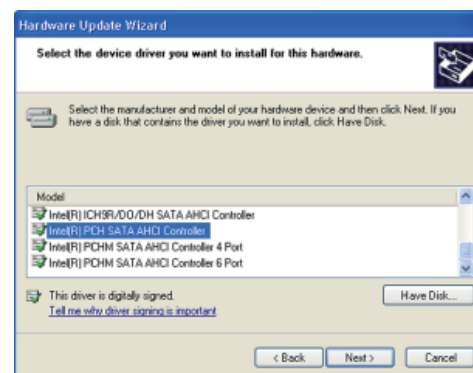
8. Click "Have Disk".



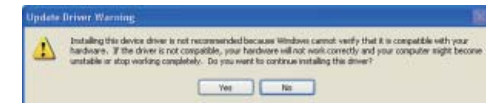
9. Select C:\AHCI\iaAHCI.inf and then click Open.



10. Select the appropriate AHCI Controller of your hardware device and then click Next.

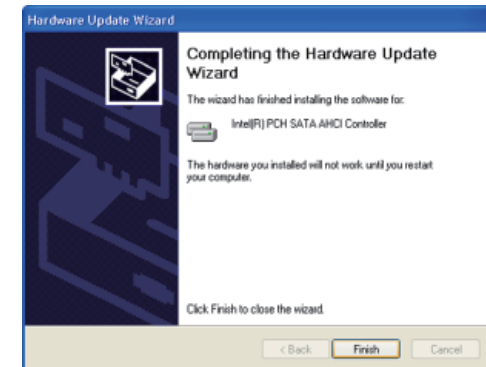


11. A warning message appeared because the selected SATA controller did not match your hardware device.



Ignore the warning and click Yes to proceed.

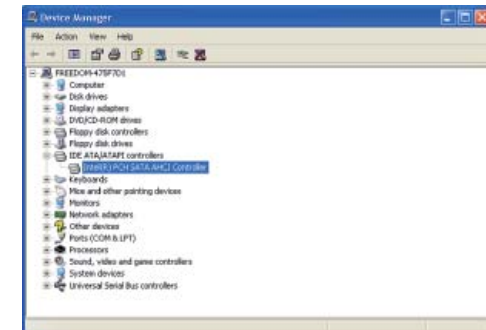
12. Click Finish.



13. The system's settings have been changed. Windows XP requires that you restart the computer. Click Yes.



14. Enter the BIOS utility and modify the SATA controller from IDE to AHCI. By doing so, Windows will work normally with the SATA controller that is in AHCI mode.



## Appendix B - Watchdog Sample Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
//-----
#define EC_EnablePort 0x66
#define EC_DataPort 0x62
//-----
void WriteEC(char,int);
void SetWDTime(int,int);
int GetWDTime(void);
//-----
main()
{
    unsigned int countdown;
    unsigned int input,count_h,count_l;

    printf("Input WD Time: ");
    scanf("%d",&input);
    printf("\n");
    count_h=input>>8;
    count_l=input&0x00FF;
    SetWDTime(count_h,count_l);

    while(1)
    {
        countdown = GetWDTime();
        delay(100);
        printf("\rTime Remaining: %d ",countdown);
    }
}
//-----
void SetWDTime(int count_H,int count_L)
{
    //Set Count
    WriteEC(0xB5,count_H); //High Byte
    WriteEC(0xB6,count_L); //Low Byte
    //Enable Watch Dog Timer
    WriteEC(0xB4,0x01);
}
//-----
```

```
int GetWDTime(void)
{
    int sum,data_h,data_l;
    //Select EC Read Type
    outportb(EC_EnablePort,0x80);
    delay(5);
    //Get Remaining Count High Byte
    outportb(EC_DataPort,0xF4);
    delay(5);
    data_h=inportb(EC_DataPort);
    delay(5);
    //Select EC Read Type
    outportb(EC_EnablePort,0x80);
    delay(5);
    //Get Remaining Count Low Byte
    outportb(EC_DataPort,0xF5);
    delay(5);
    data_l=inportb(EC_DataPort);
    delay(5);

    data_h<=8;
    data_h&=0xFF00;
    sum=data_h|data_l;
    return sum;
}
//-----
void WriteEC(char EC_Addr, int data)
{
    //Select EC Write Type
    outportb(EC_EnablePort,0x81);
    delay(5);
    outportb(EC_DataPort,EC_Addr);
    delay(5);
    outportb(EC_DataPort,data);
    delay(5);
}
//-----
```

## Appendix C - System Error Message

When the BIOS encounters an error that requires the user to correct something, either a beep code will sound or a message will be displayed in a box in the middle of the screen and the message, PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, CTRL-ALT-ESC or DEL TO ENTER SETUP, will be shown in the information box at the bottom. Enter Setup to correct the error.

### Error Messages

One or more of the following messages may be displayed if the BIOS detects an error during the POST. This list indicates the error messages for all Awards BIOSes:

#### CMOS BATTERY HAS FAILED

The CMOS battery is no longer functional. It should be replaced.

**Important:**

Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the battery manufacturer's instructions.

#### CMOS CHECKSUM ERROR

Checksum of CMOS is incorrect. This can indicate that CMOS has become corrupt. This error may have been caused by a weak battery. Check the battery and replace if necessary.

#### DISPLAY SWITCH IS SET INCORRECTLY

The display switch on the motherboard can be set to either monochrome or color. This indicates the switch is set to a different setting than indicated in Setup. Determine which setting is correct, either turn off the system and change the jumper or enter Setup and change the VIDEO selection.

## Appendix D - Troubleshooting

### Troubleshooting Checklist

This chapter of the manual is designed to help you with problems that you may encounter with your personal computer. To efficiently troubleshoot your system, treat each problem individually. This is to ensure an accurate diagnosis of the problem in case a problem has multiple causes.

Some of the most common things to check when you encounter problems while using your system are listed below.

1. The power switch of each peripheral device is turned on.
2. All cables and power cords are tightly connected.
3. The electrical outlet to which your peripheral devices are connected is working. Test the outlet by plugging in a lamp or other electrical device.
4. The monitor is turned on.
5. The display's brightness and contrast controls are adjusted properly.
6. All add-in boards in the expansion slots are seated securely.
7. Any add-in board you have installed is designed for your system and is set up correctly.

### Monitor/Display

#### If the display screen remains dark after the system is turned on:

1. Make sure that the monitor's power switch is on.
2. Check that one end of the monitor's power cord is properly attached to the monitor and the other end is plugged into a working AC outlet. If necessary, try another outlet.
3. Check that the video input cable is properly attached to the monitor and the system's display adapter.
4. Adjust the brightness of the display by turning the monitor's brightness control knob.

#### The picture seems to be constantly moving.

1. The monitor has lost its vertical sync. Adjust the monitor's vertical sync.
2. Move away any objects, such as another monitor or fan, that may be creating a magnetic field around the display.
3. Make sure your video card's output frequencies are supported by this monitor.

#### The screen seems to be constantly wavering.

1. If the monitor is close to another monitor, the adjacent monitor may need to be turned off. Fluorescent lights adjacent to the monitor may also cause screen wavering.

### Power Supply

#### When the computer is turned on, nothing happens.

1. Check that one end of the AC power cord is plugged into a live outlet and the other end properly plugged into the back of the system.
2. Make sure that the voltage selection switch on the back panel is set for the correct type of voltage you are using.
3. The power cord may have a "short" or "open". Inspect the cord and install a new one if necessary.

## Hard Drive

### Hard disk failure.

1. Make sure the correct drive type for the hard disk drive has been entered in the BIOS.
2. If the system is configured with two hard drives, make sure the bootable (first) hard drive is configured as Master and the second hard drive is configured as Slave. The master hard drive must have an active/bootable partition.

### Excessively long formatting period.

If your hard drive takes an excessively long period of time to format, it is likely a cable connection problem. However, if your hard drive has a large capacity, it will take a longer time to format.

## Serial Port

### The serial device (modem, printer) doesn't output anything or is outputting garbled characters.

1. Make sure that the serial device's power is turned on and that the device is on-line.
2. Verify that the device is plugged into the correct serial port on the rear of the computer.
3. Verify that the attached serial device works by attaching it to a serial port that is working and configured correctly. If the serial device does not work, either the cable or the serial device has a problem. If the serial device works, the problem may be due to the onboard I/O or the address setting.
4. Make sure the COM settings and I/O address are configured correctly.

## Keyboard

### Nothing happens when a key on the keyboard was pressed.

1. Make sure the keyboard is properly connected.
2. Make sure there are no objects resting on the keyboard and that no keys are pressed during the booting process.

## System Board

1. Make sure the add-in card is seated securely in the expansion slot. If the add-in card is loose, power off the system, re-install the card and power up the system.
2. Check the jumper settings to ensure that the jumpers are properly set.
3. Verify that all memory modules are seated securely into the memory sockets.
4. Make sure the memory modules are in the correct locations.
5. If the board fails to function, place the board on a flat surface and seat all socketed components. Gently press each component into the socket.
6. If you made changes to the BIOS settings, re-enter setup and load the BIOS defaults.