



IDS-312(+)/322(+)/342(+)
Industrial Device Server

User Manual

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www.oring-networking.com



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Getting Started

1.1 About IDS-312/322/342(+)

The IDS-312(+)/322(+)/342(+) are industrial device servers with one, two, or four RS-232/422/485 ports and two LAN ports designed for converting signals between serial and Ethernet networks. It provides standard features of device servers such as TCP/IP interfaces and versatile operation modes including Virtual Com, Serial Tunnel, TCP Server, TCP Client, UDP. The device also supports Windows utility DS-Tool which allows you to configure multiple devices and set up the mappings of Virtual Com. The device can transfer data to five host PCs simultaneously for redundancy in case of Ethernet connection breakdown or host PC failure. Further, the device supports HTTPS, SSH, and SSL encryption to assure the security of critical data transmission. One of the Ethernet port on the IDS-312+/322+/342+ supports IEEE802.3af-compliant PoE PD (Power Device) function, making the device ideal for environment where cabling or power supply is difficult.

1.2 Software Features

- Supports five host devices including Virtual COM, TCP Server, TCP Client modes and four IP ranges
- Supports operating modes such as Virtual Com, Serial Tunnel, TCP Server, TCP Client, UDP
- Supports application-based QoS management
- NAT-pass through support for users to manage IDS-342+ through NAT router
- Ensure high levels of security with SSL data encryption, HTTPS/SSH, IP access control and IP white list
- Event warning by Syslog, Email, and SNMP trap
- Configurable by Web Interface and Windows utility
- Various Windows O.S. supported: Windows NT/2000/ XP/ 2003/VISTA(32/64bit)/
 Windows 7(32/64bit)

1.3 Hardware Specifications

- 1, 2, or 4 x RS-232/422/485 serial ports
- 2 x 10/100Base-T(X) Ethernet ports (one PoE port provided by IDS-312+/342+)
- DIN-rail and wall-mount (IDS-312/322 models only) enabled
- Redundant DC power inputs
- Operating Temperature: -40 to 70°C
- Storage Temperature: -40 to 85°C



- Operating Humidity: 5% to 95%, non-condensing
- Casing: IP-30
- Dimensions: IDS-342(+): 66 (W) x 81 (D) x 95 (H) mm / IDS-312/322(+): 45 (W) x 81 (D) x 95 (H) mm



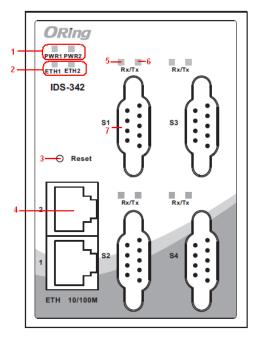
Hardware Overview

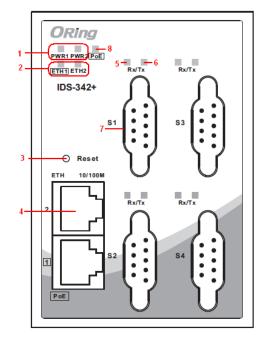
2.1 Front Panel

2.1.1 Ports and Connectors

The device provides the following ports on the top panel. The Ethernet port on the device use RJ-45 connectors

Port	Description
Copper port	2 x 10/100Base-T(X) port (one is PoE-enabled)
Serial port	4 x DB9 serial ports

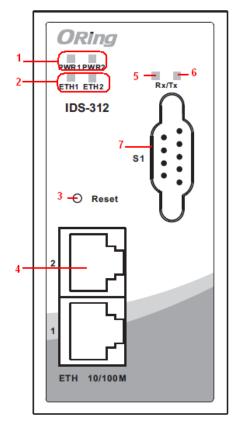


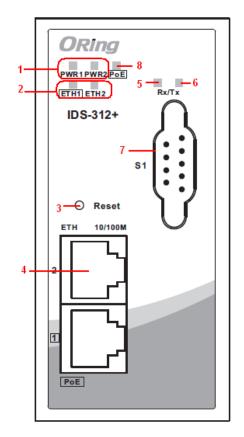


IDS-342

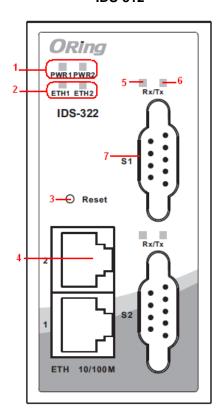
IDS-342+



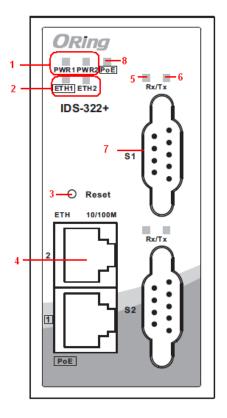




IDS-312



IDS-312+



IDS-322+



- 1. Power status indicators
- 2. LAN port connection indicators
- 3. Reset button
- 4. Ethernet port (ETH 2 of IDS-312+/322+/342+ is PoE-enabled)

- 5. Serial signal transmission status
- indicator
- 6. Serial signal reception status indicator
- 7. Serial port
- 8. PoE status indicator

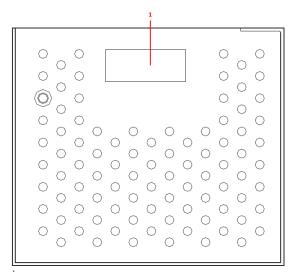
2.1.2 LED

LED	Color	Status	Description	
PW1/2	Green	On	Power is on and function normally	
ETH 1/2	Green	On	Port is connected and running at 100Mbps	
TX / RX	Red	On	Receiving data	
	Green	On	Transmitting data	
PoE	Green	On	Power is supplied over Ethernet cable	

2.2 Top Panel

Below are the top panel components of the device:

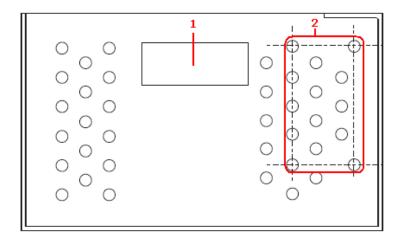
- 1. Terminal blocks: PWR1, PWR2, Relay
- 2. Ground wire. For more information on how to ground the switch, please refer to <u>3.3.1</u> <u>Grounding</u>.



IDS-342

Terminal block for power connectors

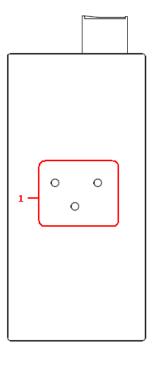




- 3. Terminal block
- 4. Wall-mount screw holes

IDS-312/322

2.3 Rear Panel



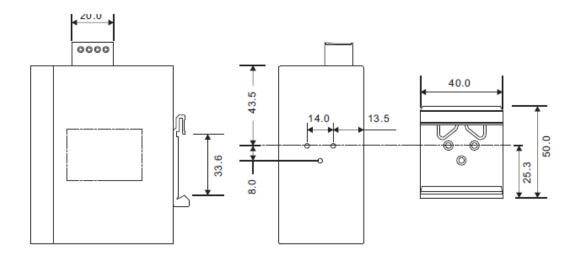
1. DIN-rail screw holes



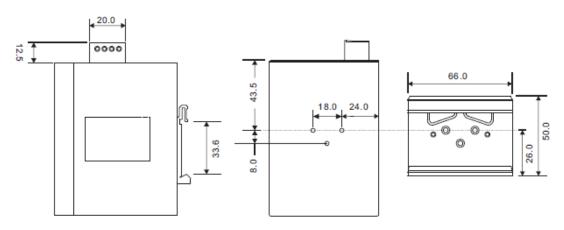
Hardware Installation

3.1 DIN-rail Installation

The devices come with a DIN-rail kit to allow you to fasten the device to a DIN-rail in any environments.



IDS3-312/322

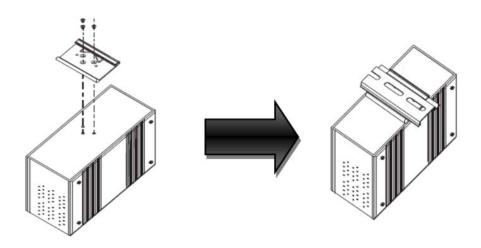


IDS-342

DIN-rail Kit Measurement (unit = mm)

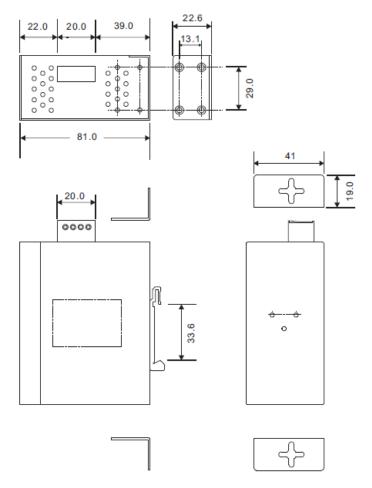
Installing the device on the DIN-rail is easy. First, screw the Din-rail kit onto the back of the device, right in the middle of the back panel. Then slide the device onto a DIN-rail from the Din-rail kit and make sure the device clicks into the rail firmly.





3.2 Wall Mounting

The IDS-312/322(+) support wall mounting, so they can be fixed to the wall via wall mount kits, which can be found in the package.



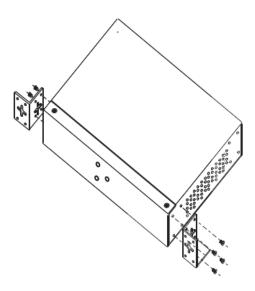
Wall-mount Kit Measurement (unit = mm)



Follow the steps below to install the device to a rack.

Step 1: Install the L-shape mounting kits provided in the package to the left and right of the device.

Step 2: With front brackets orientated in front of the rack, mount the device in the rack with four rack-mounting screws.



3.2 Wiring



WARNING

Do not disconnect modules or wires unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous. The devices may only be connected to the supply voltage shown on the type plate.



ATTENTION

- Be sure to disconnect the power cord before installing and/or wiring your devices.
- Calculate the maximum possible current in each power wire and common wire. Observe all electrical codes dictating the maximum current allowable for each wire size.
- 3. If the current goes above the maximum ratings, the wiring could overheat, causing serious damage to your equipment.
- 4. Use separate paths to route wiring for power and devices. If power wiring and device wiring paths must cross, make sure the wires are perpendicular at the intersection point.
- 5. Do not run signal or communications wiring and power wiring through the same wire conduit. To avoid interference, wires with different signal characteristics should be routed separately.
- You can use the type of signal transmitted through a wire to determine which wires should be kept separate. The rule of thumb is that wiring sharing similar electrical characteristics can be bundled together
- 7. You should separate input wiring from output wiring
- 8. It is advised to label the wiring to all devices in the system



3.2.1 Grounding

Grounding and wire routing help limit the effects of noise due to electromagnetic interference (EMI). Run the ground connection from the ground pin on the power module to the grounding surface prior to connecting devices.

3.2.2 Redundant Power Inputs

The device has two sets of DC power inputs on a 6-pin terminal block located on top of the device. Follow the steps below to wire the power input on the terminal block.

Step 1: insert the negative/positive wires into the V-/V+ terminals, respectively.

Step 2: to keep the wires from pulling loose, use a small flat-blade screwdriver to tighten the wire-clamp screws on the front of the terminal block connector.

3.3 Connection

3.3.1 **Cables**

10/100BASE-T(X) Pin Assignments

The device has a standard Ethernet port. According to the link type, the device uses CAT 3, 4, 5,5e UTP cables to connect to any other network devices (PCs, servers, switches, routers, or hubs). Please refer to the following table for cable specifications.

Cable Types and Specifications:

Cable	Туре	Max. Length	Connect or
10BASE-T	Cat. 3, 4, 5 100-ohm	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	RJ-45
100BASE-TX	Cat. 5 100-ohm UTP	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	RJ-45

With 10/100Base-T(X) cables, pins 1 and 2 are used for transmitting data, and pins 3 and 6 are used for receiving data.

10/100 Base-T(X) RJ-45 Pin Assignments :

Pin Number	Assignment
1	TD+
2	TD-
3	RD+
4	Not used
5	Not used



6	RD-
7	Not used
8	Not used

The device also supports auto MDI/MDI-X operation. You can use a cable to connect the device to a PC. The table below shows the 10/100Base-T(X) MDI and MDI-X port pin outs.

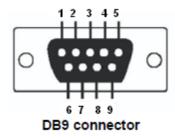
10/100 Base-T(X) MDI/MDI-X Pin Assignments:

Pin Number	MDI port	MDI-X port
1	TD+(transmit)	RD+(receive)
2	TD-(transmit)	RD-(receive)
3	RD+(receive)	TD+(transmit)
4	Not used	Not used
5	Not used	Not used
6	RD-(receive)	TD-(transmit)
7	Not used	Not used
8	Not used	Not used

Note: "+" and "-" signs represent the polarity of the wires that make up each wire pair.

DB9 console port wiring

The serial ports can be connected using a DB9 cable. The DB9 connector supports RS232 / RS422 / RS485 operation modes. Please refer to the following table for the pin assignments of the DB9 connector.



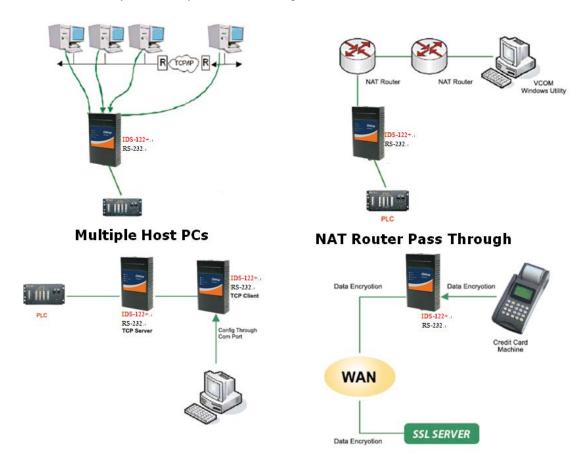
Pin #	RS 232	RS 422	RS 485 (4 wire)	RS 485 (2 wire)
1	DCD	RXD -	RXD -	
2	RXD	RXD+	RXD+	
3	TXD	TXD +	TXD +	DATA +
4	DTR	TXD -	TXD -	DATA -
5	GND	GND	GND	GND
6	DSR			
7	RTS			
8	CTS			
9	RI			
RS 232 mod	RS 232 mod act as DTE			



Management

4.1 DS-Tool

The Windows utility DS-Tool is a powerful Windows utility for DS series. It supports device discovery, device configuration, group setup, group firmware update, and monitoring functions. The tool enables you to easily install and configure devices on the network.

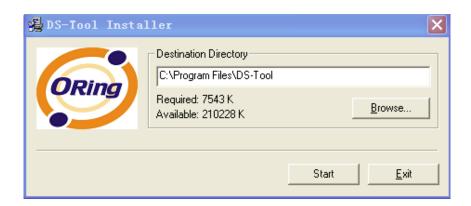


4.1.1 Install DS-Tool

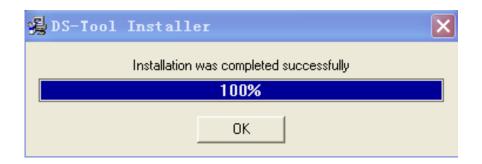
Follow the steps below to install the tool.

Step 1: Run the Setup program by clicking Start after selecting the folder for DS-Tool.





Step 2: When installation completes successfully, click **OK**.



Step 3: You can launch the tool right immediately by checking **Launch DS-Tool Now** or launch it later by checking **Launch DS-Tool Later**.

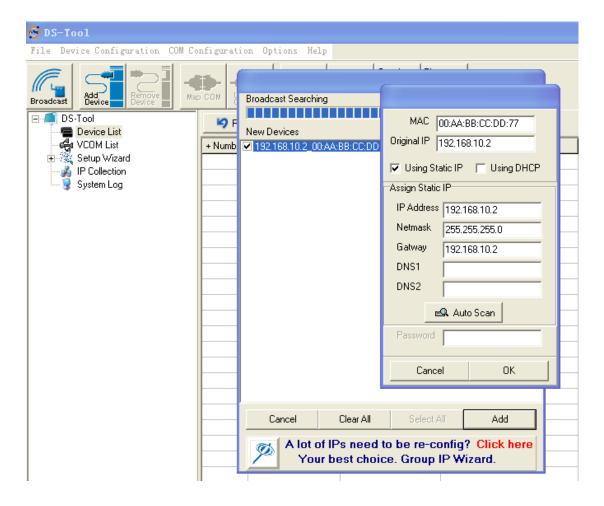


4.1.2 Using DS-Tool Explore device servers

DS-Tool will broadcast to the network and search all available DS devices in the network automatically. The default IP address of the device is "192.168.10.2". Select the device you wish to use and press Add button.

You can set a static IP address or use the DHCP client mode to acquire an IP address automatically. Click **OK** and the device will be added.

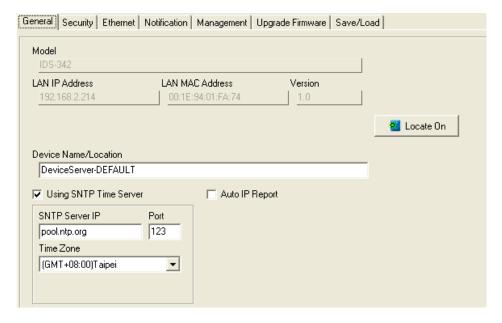




4.1.3 Configure Device Servers

General

This page enables you to perform general configuration for the device, includes the device name, SNTP server, and auto IP report.

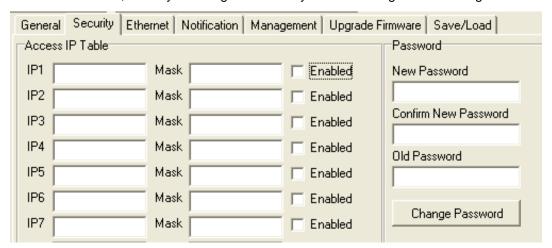




Label	Description
	You can input the device name or related information in this
Device Name/Location	field. By clicking Locate On , you can locate the serial server's
	position.
	If you want to set the time via a SNTP time server, check the
Hoing CNTD Time Conver	box and input related information such as the SNTP server
Using SNTP Time Server	domain name or IP address and the port number, and select a
	time zone.
	Check the Auto IP Report box if you want to receive IP report
	regularly. By Clicking the Get Current Host , you will get your
Auto IP Report	local IP address. Input a value in the Report Interval time
	based on how often you want the device server to report its
	status.

Security

This page allows you to set up access IP tables for your device to allow authorized and deny unauthorized access, thereby ensuring data security and facilitating device management.



Label	Description
A ID Table	You can input the host IP addresses and network masks to prevent
Access IP Table	unauthorized access.
Password	You can set the password to prevent unauthorized access from your
	server. Factory default is no password.

Ethernet

You must assign a valid IP address for DS before attached in your network environment. Your network administrator should provide you the IP address and related settings. The IP address



must be unique within the network (otherwise, DS will not have a valid connection to the network). You can choose from three possible "IP configuration" modes: Static, DHCP/BOOTP. The Factory Default IP address is "192.168.10.2"

General Securit	y Ethernet Notification Management Upgrade Firmware Save/Load
Wire	
✓ Using Static	IP Using DHCP/BOOTP
Static IP Setting	J\$
IP Address	192.168.2.214
Netmask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.2.214
DNS1	
DNS2	

Label	Description
Using Static IP	Manually assign an IP address to the device.
Using DHCP/BOOTP	Check this box to have the IP address automatically assigned by a DHCP server in your network.
Netmask	All devices on the network must have the same subnet mask to communicate on the network.
Gateway	Enter the IP address of the router in you network.
DNS1/2	Enter the IP addresses of the primary and secondary DNS servers, The DNS server translates domain names into IP address.

Notification

Specify the events that should be notified to the administrator. The events can be alarmed by E-mail, SNMP trap, or Syslog.





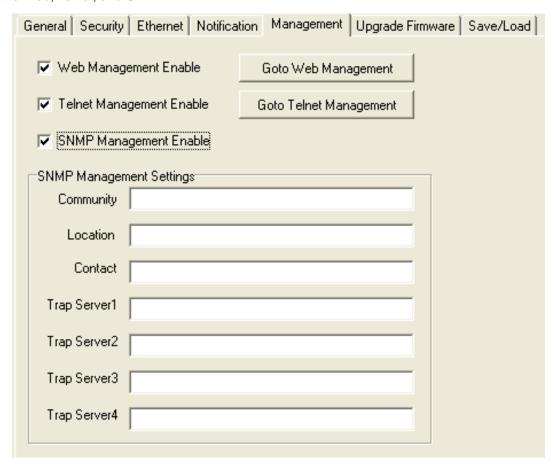
Label	Description
SNMP Trap	Check the box to allow the system to send SNMP traps when an event occurs. SNMP traps are data packages sent from the SNMP client to the server without being explicitly requested. You need to set up trap servers that will receive these messages if the box is checked. Trap Server1 Trap Server3 Trap Server4
Email Notification	Check the box to allow the system to send e-mails when an event occurs. You need to specify the SMTP Server and the email address to use for sending emails if the box is checked. SMTP Settings SMTP Server Port 25 Authentication Required Email List Email Address 1 Email Address 3 Sender Email Address 2 Email Address 4
Syslog Notification	Check the box to allow the system to send a detailed log to an external Syslog server when an event occurs. The syslog will capture all log activity and includes every connection source and destination IP address, IP service, and number of bytes transferred to facilitate troubleshooting. You need to enter Server IP address and Server Port of the syslog server. System Log Settings Server IP Port Using Current Host's Log Server
Notified items	Select the corresponding check box to send an event alert to a remote syslog sever



	·Hardware Reset (Cold Start): Rebooting the device from power
	plug will trigger the event
	·Software Reset (Warm Start): Rebooting the device from
	Reboot Device function from Save/Load menu will trigger the
	event.
	·Login Failed: Using wrong password in console will trigger the
	event
	·IP Changed: Changing network setting will trigger the event
	·Password Changed: Changing the password will trigger the
	event.
	·Access IP Blocked: Report blocked IP addresses
	You can specify the server IP address and port or click Using
System Log Settings	Current Host's Log Server to specify current host as the log
	server.

Management

This section enables you to perform management functions using different interfaces including the Web, Telnet, and SNMP.





Label	Description
Web Management Engblo	Check the box to enable management from Web. Click
Web Management Enable	Goto Web Management button to access the Web.
Telnet Management Enable	Check the box to enable management by Telnet. Click
	Goto Telnet Management button to execute Telnet
	command.
SNMP Management Enable	Check the box to enable management by SNMP.
CNIND Monogoment	If SNMP Management Enable is checked, you need to fill
SNMP Management Settings	in the SNMP settings in these fields by assigning the
	Community, Location, Contact, and Trap Server.

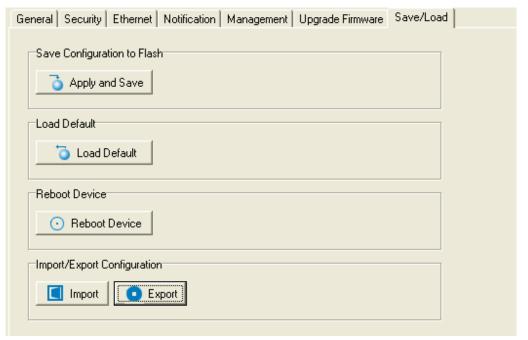
Upgrade Firmware

You can find up-to-date firmware from ORing's website. To update firmware for the device, save the firmware file in your host PC, and then specify the file location by clicking on the **Browsing** button and continue operation by pressing **Update**.



Save/Load

This page allows you to save the current configuration file to any local drive or any network drive to which your management computer can connect.

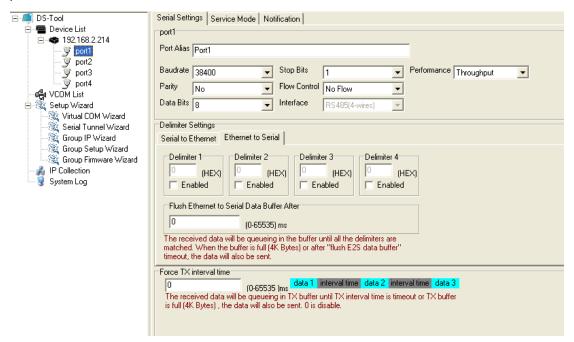




Label	Description
Apply and Save	Click this button will save all applied settings into the flash of the
	appliance
	All parameters changes to factory's default except network
Load Default	settings. If you want to load all factory default, you need to press
	Reset button on the device (Hardware restore).
Reboot Device	Click this button will reboot device and need to broadcast again
	in order to search the device (warm start).
Import Configuration	Click this button will retrieve saved configuration file and apply it
	to in current device
Export Configuration	Saving the current parameters to a file and export it to a current
	host.

4.1.4 Configure Serial Port

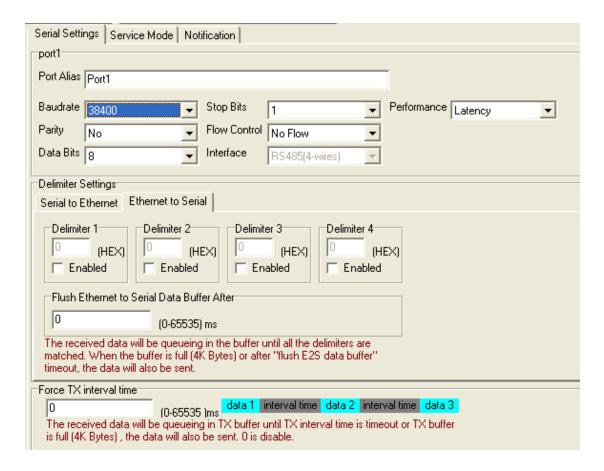
You can configure the settings for each serial port by clicking on the port number in the left panel of the window. Once you click on a port, the following screen will show up in the right panel.



Serial Settings

The page allows you to configure serial parameters, serial communication modes, data packing options, and event notifications.





Label	Description
	Port alias enables the device server to easily identify the
Port Alias	serial devices connected to it. Enter an identifying name to
	be identified by the connected device.
	Baud rate is the rate at which data is transferred over a serial
	link. When setting the baud rate to 9600bps, the serial port
Baud rate	will transfer a maximum of 9600 bits per second. You can
	select a baud rate from the drop-down list which ranges from
	110bps to 460800bps
	Parity is a simple form of error detection which guards data
	on the cable between the connected devices and the serial
	port. Available options include:
Parity	None: parity checking is not performed and the parity bit is
	not transmitted.
	Odd : the number of mark bits in the data is counted, and the
	parity bit is asserted or unasserted to obtain an odd number



	of mark bits.
	Even : the number of mark bits in the data is counted, and the
	parity bit is asserted or unasserted to obtain an even number
	of mark bits.
	of mark bits.
	Mark: the parity bit is always set to the mark signal condition (logical 1)
	Space: the last transmitted data bit will always be a logical 0
	Choose the number of data bits to transmit. You can
	configure data bits to be 5, 6, 7, or 8. Data is transmitted as a
Data Bits	series of five, six, seven, or eight bits (five and six bit data
Data Dits	formats are used rarely for specialized communications
	equipment).
	Choose the number of bits used to indicate the end of a byte.
	You can configure stop bits to be 1 or 2(1.5). If Stop Bits is
Stop Bits	1.5, the stop bit is transferred for 150% of the normal time
	used to transfer one bit. Both the computer and the
	peripheral device must be configured to transmit the same
	number of stop bits.
	Serial communication consists of hardware flow control and
	software flow control, so called as the control is handled by
	software or hardware. XOFF and OXN is software flow
	control while RTS/CTS or DTR/DSR is hardware flow
	control.
	Choose XOFF to tell the computer to stop sending data; then
	the receiving side will send an XOFF character over its Tx
	line to tell the transmitting side to stop transmitting. Choose
Flow Control	XON to tell the computer to begin sending data again; then
	the receiving side will send an XON character over its Tx line
	to tell the transmitting side to resume transmitting. In
	hardware flow control mode, when the device is ready to
	receive data, it sends a CTS (Clear To Send) signal to the
	device on the other end. When a device has something it
	wants to send, it will send a RTS (Ready To Send) signal and
	waits for a CTS signal to come back its way. These signals
	are sent apart from the data itself on separate wires.



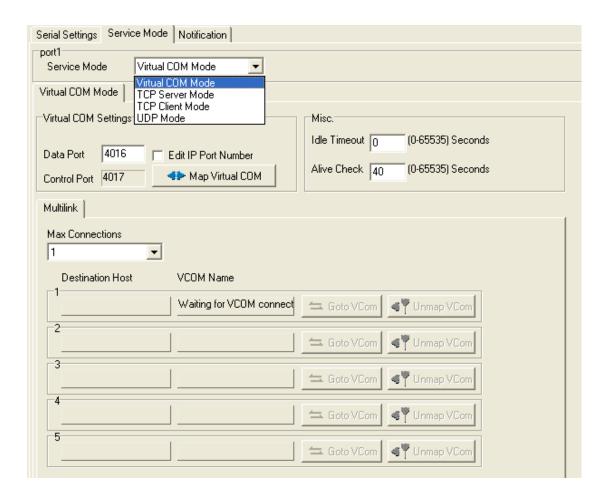
Choose an interface for your serial device. Available interfaces include RS-232, RS-422, RS-485(2-wires), and RS-485(4-wires), Throughput: guarantees highest transmission speed. Latency: guarantees shortest response time. Serial to Ethernet / Ethernet to Serial For advanced data packing options, you can specify delimiters for Serial to Ethernet and / or Ethernet to Serial communications. You can define max. 4 delimiters (00~FF, Hex) for each way. The data will be hold until the delimiters are received or the option. Flush Serial to Ethernet data buffer times out. 0 means disable. Factory default is 0. Flush Data Buffer After: The received data will be queuing in the buffer until all the delimiters are matched. When the buffer is full (4K Bytes) or after "flush S2E data buffer" timeout the data will also be sent. You can set the time from 0 to 65535 seconds. Force TX Interval Time Force TX Interval Time is to specify the timeout when no data has been transmitted. When the timeout is reached or TX buffer is full (4K Bytes), the queued data will be sent. 0 means disable. Factory default value is 0.		
RS-485(4-wires), Throughput: guarantees highest transmission speed. Latency: guarantees shortest response time. Serial to Ethernet / Ethernet to Serial For advanced data packing options, you can specify delimiters for Serial to Ethernet and / or Ethernet to Serial communications. You can define max. 4 delimiters (00~FF, Hex) for each way. The data will be hold until the delimiters are received or the option. Flush Serial to Ethernet data buffer times out. 0 means disable. Factory default is 0. Flush Data Buffer After: The received data will be queuing in the buffer until all the delimiters are matched. When the buffer is full (4K Bytes) or after "flush S2E data buffer" timeout the data will also be sent. You can set the time from 0 to 65535 seconds. Force TX Interval Time Force TX Interval Time buffer is full (4K Bytes), the queued data will be sent. 0	Interface	Choose an interface for your serial device. Available
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Flush Data Buffer After: The received data will be queuing in the buffer until all the delimiters are matched. When the buffer is full (4K Bytes) or after "flush S2E data buffer" timeout the data will also be sent. You can set the time from 0 to 65535 seconds. Force TX interval time is to specify the timeout when no data has been transmitted. When the timeout is reached or TX buffer is full (4K Bytes), the queued data will be sent. 0	Delimiter Settings	Flush Serial to Ethernet data buffer times out. 0
The received data will be queuing in the buffer until all the delimiters are matched. When the buffer is full (4K Bytes) or after "flush S2E data buffer" timeout the data will also be sent. You can set the time from 0 to 65535 seconds. Force TX interval time is to specify the timeout when no data has been transmitted. When the timeout is reached or TX buffer is full (4K Bytes), the queued data will be sent. 0		means disable. Factory default is 0 .
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Force TX Interval Time sent. You can set the time from 0 to 65535 seconds. Force TX interval time is to specify the timeout when no data has been transmitted. When the timeout is reached or TX buffer is full (4K Bytes), the queued data will be sent. 0		delimiters are matched. When the buffer is full (4K Bytes) or
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has been transmitted. When the timeout is reached or TX buffer is full (4K Bytes), the queued data will be sent. 0		sent. You can set the time from 0 to 65535 seconds.
Force TX Interval Time buffer is full (4K Bytes), the queued data will be sent. 0	Force TX Interval Time	Force TX interval time is to specify the timeout when no data
buffer is full (4K Bytes), the queued data will be sent. 0		has been transmitted. When the timeout is reached or TX
means disable. Factory default value is 0 .		buffer is full (4K Bytes), the queued data will be sent. 0
		means disable. Factory default value is 0 .

Service Mode

Virtual COM Mode

In Virtual COM Mode, the driver establishes a transparent connection between host and serial device by mapping the port of the serial server serial port to a local COM port on the host computer. Virtual COM Mode also supports up to 5 simultaneous connections, so that multiple hosts can send or receive data by the same serial device at the same time.



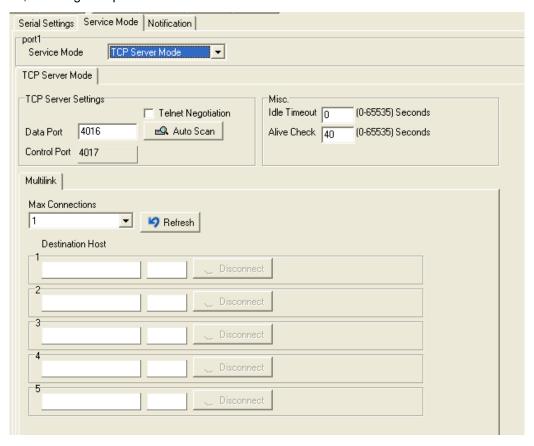


Label	Description
Data Port	Set the port number for data transmission.
	When a serial port stops data transmission for a defined
	period of time (Idle Timeout), the connection will be closed
Idle Timeout	and the port will be freed and try to connect with other hosts.
idle Tillleout	0 means the function is disabled which is also the factory
	default value. If multilink is configured, only the first host
	connection is effective for this setting.
	The serial device will send a TCP alive-check package in
	each defined time interval (Alive Check) to remote host to
Alive Check	check the the status of TCP connections. If the TCP
Alive Check	connection is not alive, the connection will be closed and the
	port will be freed. 0 means the function is disabled which is
	also the factory default value.
Max Connection □	The number of max connections can be supported
	simultaneously is 5 ; default values is 1 .
Map Virtual COM	Select a Virtual COM name to map on.



TCP Server Mode

In TCP Server mode, the serial port on the device server is assigned a unique port number. The host computer initiates contact with the device server, establishes the connection, and receives data from the serial device. Five simultaneous connections are supported in this mode, enabling multiple hosts to collect data from the same serial device at the same time.



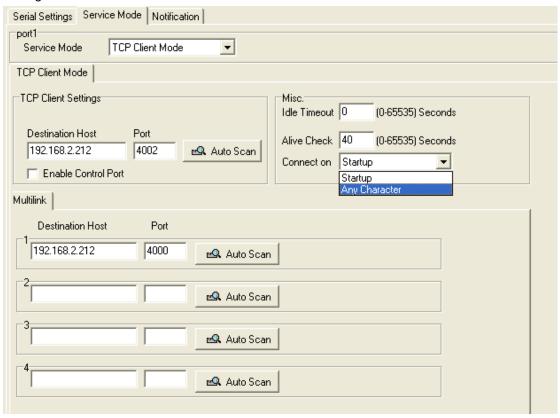
Label	Description
Data Port	Set the port number for data transmission.
Auto Scan	Scan the data port automatically.
	When a serial port stops data transmission for a defined period
	of time (Idle Timeout), the connection will be closed and the port
Idla Timaqut	will be freed and try to connect with other hosts. 0 means the
Idle Timeout	function is disabled which is the factory default value. If multilink
	is configured, only the first host connection is effective for this
	setting.
Alive Check	The serial device will send a TCP alive-check package in each
	defined time interval (Alive Check) to remote host to check the
	TCP connection. If the TCP connection is not alive, the
	connection will be closed and the port will be freed. 0 means the



	function is disabled which is the factory default value.
Max Connection	The number of maximum connections can be support
	simultaneously is 5; default values is 1.
Destination Host	Input the IP address of the host.

TCP Client Mode

In TCP Client mode, the device can establish a TCP connection with the server by the method you have settled (Startup or any character). After the data has been transferred, the device can disconnect automatically from the server by using the TCP alive check time or idle time settings.



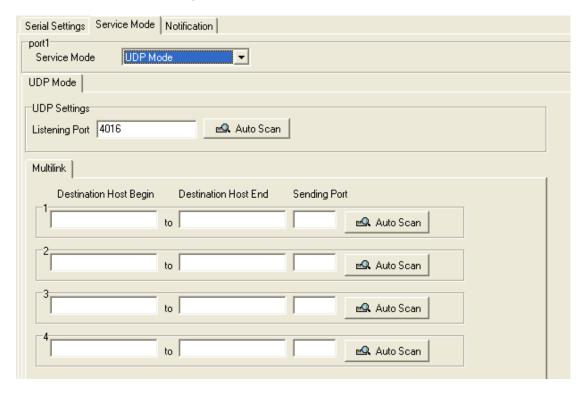
Label	Description
Destination Host	Input the IP address of the host.
Port	Set the port number of data port.
	When a serial port stops data transmission for a defined period of
	time (Idle Timeout), the connection will be closed and the port will
Idle Timeout	be freed and try to connect with other hosts. 0 means the function
	is disabled which is the factory default value. If multilink is
	configured, only the first host connection is effective for this setting.
Alive Check	The serial device will send a TCP alive-check package in each



	defined time interval (Alive Check) to remote host to check the	
	connection. If the TCP connection is not alive, the connection will	
be closed and the port will be freed. 0 means the function is		
disabled which is the factory default value.		
Connect on Startum	The TCP Client will build a TCP connection once the connected	
Connect on Startup	serial device is started.	
Connect on Any	The TCP Client will build a TCP connection once the connected	
Character	serial device starts to send data.	

UDP Mode

Compared to TCP communication, UDP is faster and more efficient as you can unicast or multicast data from the serial device server to host computers, and the serial device can also receive data from one or multiple host.



Label		Description	
Listening Port		IP port for listening incoming messages	
		If there are more than one destination hosts, specify the IP	
Destination	Host	address range by inputting a value in destination host IP begin /	
Begin / End		end fields. You can also auto scan the sending port number of	
		the device	
Sending Port		IP port for sending outgoing messages	



Notification

Port status can be notified to administrator by means of Email, SNMP trap, or System Log. You can specify the events that should be noticed and the notification methods in this page.

Serial Settings Service Mode Notific	cation
SNMP Trap	ail Notification Syslog Notification
SNMP Settings Email Settings Sys	log Settings
Notified Items	
CDCD Changed	CTS Changed
☐ DSR Changed	Port Connected
	Port Disconnected
Trap Server1	
Trap Server2	
Trap Server3	
Trap Server4	

Label	Description		
	When DCD (Data Carrier Detect) signal changes, it indicates that		
DCD changed	the modem connection status has changed. A notification will be		
	sent if the box is checked.		
	When DSR (Data Set Ready) signal changes, it indicates that the		
DSR changed	data communication equipment is powered off. A notification will		
	be sent if the box is checked.		
	When RI (Ring Indicator) signal changes, it indicates that the		
RI changed	incoming of a call. A notification will be sent if the box is		
	checked.		
	When CTS (Clear To Send) signal changes, it indicates that the		
CTS changed	transmission between computer and DCE can proceed. A		
	notification will be sent if the box is checked.		



	In TCP Server Mode, when the device accepts an incoming TCP	
Port connected	connection, this event will be triggered. In TCP Client Mode, when	
	the device has connected to the remote host, this event will be	
	triggered. In Virtual COM Mode, Virtual COM is ready to use. A	
	notification will be sent if the box is checked.	
	In TCP Server/Client Mode, when the device loses the TCP link,	
Port disconnected	this event will be triggered. In Virtual COM Mode, when Virtual	
	COM is not available, this event will be triggered. A notification will	
	be sent if the box is checked.	

4.2 Web Management

The device can be managed via a built-in web server which supports Internet Explorer (Internet Explorer 5.0 or above versions) and other Web browsers such as Chrome. Therefore, you can manage and configure the device easily and remotely. You can also upgrade firmware via a Web browser. The Web management function not only reduces network bandwidth consumption, but also enhances access speed and provides a user-friendly viewing screen.

Note: By default, IE5.0 or later version do not allow Java applets to open sockets. You need to modify the browser setting separately in order to enable Java applets for network ports.

Management via Web Browser

Follow the steps below to manage your device via a Web browser

System Login

- 1. Launch an Internet Explorer.
- 2. Type http:// and the IP address of the device. Press **Enter**.



- 3. A login screen appears.
- 4. Type in the username **admin**. By default, no password is required; however, you can set up a password later in the management page.
- 5. Press **Enter** or click **OK**, the management page appears.





Note: you can use the following default values:

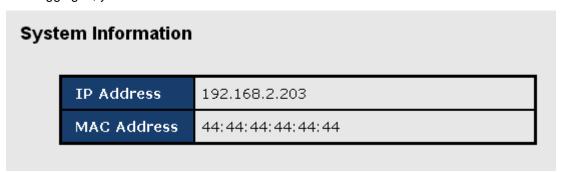
IP Address: 192.168.10.1

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway: 192.168.10.254

User Name: admin
Password: admin

After logging in, you will see the information of the device as below.



On the left hand side of the management interface shows links to various settings. Clicking on the links will bring you to individual configuration pages.

4.2.1 System

4.2.1.1 Time (SNTP)

SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol) is a protocol able to synchronize the time on your system to the clock on the Internet. It will synchronize your computer system time with a server that has already been synchronized by a source such as a radio, satellite receiver or modem.



Name	DeviceServer-DEFAULT
Time	
SNTP	⊕Enable ⊙Disable
Time Zone	(GMT+08:00)Taipei ▼
Local Time	Thu May 21 2015 13:53:10 GM
Time Server	pool.ntp.org Port 123
Console	
Telnet Console	

Label	Description	
Name	Enter the model name of the device	
SNTP	Enable or disable SNTP function	
Time Zone	Choose the time zone according to the location of the device	
Local Time	Set up the local time	
Time Server	Enter the address of the time server	
Telnet Console	Click to enable or disable Telnet console function.	

The following table lists different location time zones for your reference.

Local Time Zone	Conversion from UTC	Time at 12:00 UTC
November Time Zone	- 1 hour	11 am
Oscar Time Zone	-2 hours	10 am
ADT - Atlantic Daylight	-3 hours	9 am
AST - Atlantic Standard EDT - Eastern	-4 hours	8 am
Daylight		
EST - Eastern Standard CDT - Central	-5 hours	7 am
Daylight		
CST - Central Standard MDT - Mountain	-6 hours	6 am
Daylight		
MST - Mountain Standard PDT - Pacific	-7 hours	5 am
Daylight		
PST - Pacific Standard ADT - Alaskan	-8 hours	4 am
Daylight		
ALA - Alaskan Standard	-9 hours	3 am
HAW - Hawaiian Standard	-10 hours	2 am
Nome, Alaska	-11 hours	1 am
CET - Central European FWT - French	+1 hour	1 pm



	I	
Winter MET - Middle European MEWT -		
Middle European Winter SWT - Swedish		
Winter		
EET - Eastern European, USSR Zone 1	+2 hours	2 pm
BT - Baghdad, USSR Zone 2	+3 hours	3 pm
ZP4 - USSR Zone 3	+4 hours	4 pm
ZP5 - USSR Zone 4	+5 hours	5 pm
ZP6 - USSR Zone 5	+6 hours	6 pm
WAST - West Australian Standard	+7 hours	7 pm
CCT - China Coast, USSR Zone 7	+8 hours	8 pm
JST - Japan Standard, USSR Zone 8	+9 hours	9 pm
EAST - East Australian	+10 hours	10 pm
Standard GST Guam Standard, USSR		
Zone 9		
IDLE - International Date Line NZST -	+12 hours	Midnight
New Zealand Standard NZT - New		
Zealand		

4.2.1.2 IP Configuration

This page allows you to configure IP settings for the device. You can assign an IP address manually or leave it to DHCP/BOOTP servers which will reply with an automatically generated IP address and subnet mask for the device when they receive the request. The IP address must be unique and within the network, otherwise the device will not have a valid connection to the network. Select **Static IP** if you are using a fixed IP address. Click **Apply** after you complete configuration.



IP Configuration

IP Configuration	Static •
IP Address	Static DHCP/BOOTP
Netmask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.10.1
DNS Server 1	192.168.10.1
DNS Server 2	
Auto IP Report	
Auto Report to IP	
Auto Report to TCP Port	0
Auto Report Interval	0 seconds

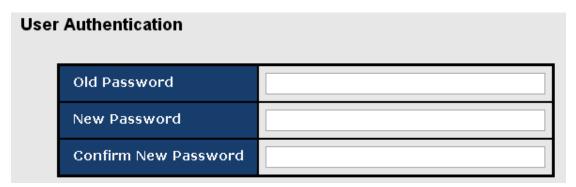
Label	Description
	Choose to use a static or DHCP-assigned IP. If you choose
	DHCP, the following fields will gray out.
IP Configuration	Static: Input an IP address for the device.
	DHCP/BOOTP: allows the IP address of the device to be
	automatically assigned by a configuration server.
IP Address	Enter the IP address that identifies the server on the TCP/IP
IP Address	network
Netmask	Enter a subnet mask for the device.
Gateway	Enter the IP address of the router that provides network access
	outside the server's LAN
DNS Server 1/2	Enter the IP address of the primary and secondary domain
	name server
Auto Report to IP	Specify an IP address for reports generated by the Auto report function
	to be automatically sent to.
Auto Report to TCP Port	Specify a TCP Port for reports generated by the Auto report function to
	be automatically sent to.



Auto Report Interval	Specify a time interval for which reports will be delivered.
----------------------	--

4.2.1.3 User Authentication

This page allows you to set up login account and password. You can also change your password in this page.



Label	Description	
Old Password	Enter the existing password that is used to log in	
New Password	Enter a new password that will be used to log in	
Confirm New Password	Retype the new password to confirm	

4.2.2 Port Serial Setting

4.2.2.1 Serial Configuration

This page allows you to configure serial port parameters.



Serial Configuration

	Port1 ▼
Port Alias	Port1
Interface	RS485(4-wires) ▼
Baud Rate	38400 ▼
Data Bits	8 🔻
Stop Bits	1
Parity	None ▼
Flow Control	None ▼
Force TX Interval Time	0 ms
Performance	Throughput Latency

Label	Description
Port Alias	Enter the COM port number that modem is connected to
Interface	Choose an interface for your serial device. Available interfaces
	include RS-232, RS-422, RS-485(2-wires), and
	RS-485(4-wires),
Baud Rate	Choose a baud rate in the range between 110 bps and 460800
	bps.
Data Bits	Choose the number of data bits to transmit. You can
	configure data bits to be 5, 6, 7, or 8. Data is transmitted as a
	series of five, six, seven, or eight bits (five and six bit data
	formats are used rarely for specialized communications
	equipment).
Stop Bits	Choose the number of bits used to indicate the end of a byte.
	You can configure stop bits to be 1 or 2(1.5). If Stop Bits is 1.5,
	the stop bit is transferred for 150% of the normal time used to
	transfer one bit. Both the computer and the peripheral device
	must be configured to transmit the same number of stop bits.
Parity	Chose the method of detecting errors in transmission. Parity



	control bit modes include None, Odd, Even, Mark, and Space.
	None: parity checking is not performed and the parity bit is not
	transmitted.
	Odd: the number of mark bits in the data is counted, and the
	parity bit is asserted or unasserted to obtain an odd number of
	mark bits.
	Even : the number of mark bits in the data is counted, and the
	parity bit is asserted or unasserted to obtain an even number of
	mark bits.
	Mark: the parity bit is always set to the mark signal condition
	(logical 1)
	Space: the last transmitted data bit will always be a logical 0
Flow Control	Serial communication consists of hardware flow control and
	software flow control, so called as the control is handled by
	software or hardware. XOFF and OXN is software flow control
	while RTS/CTS or DTR/DSR is hardware flow control.
	Choose XOFF to tell the computer to stop sending data; then
	the receiving side will send an XOFF character over its Tx line to
	tell the transmitting side to stop transmitting. Choose XON to tell
	the computer to begin sending data again; then the receiving
	side will send an XON character over its Tx line to tell the
	transmitting side to resume transmitting. In hardware flow
	control mode, when the device is ready to receive data, it sends
	a CTS (Clear To Send) signal to the device on the other end.
	When a device has something it wants to send, it will send a
	RTS (Ready To Send) signal and waits for a CTS signal to come
	back its way. These signals are sent apart from the data itself on
	separate wires.
FaceTX Interval Time	Force TX interval time is to specify the timeout when no data
	has been transmitted. When the timeout is reached or TX buffer
	is full (4K Bytes), the queued data will be sent. 0 means disable.
	Factory default value is 0 .
Performance	Throughput: This mode optimized for highest transmission
	speed.
	Latency: This mode optimized for shortest response time.



4.2.2.2 Port Profile

Port Profile

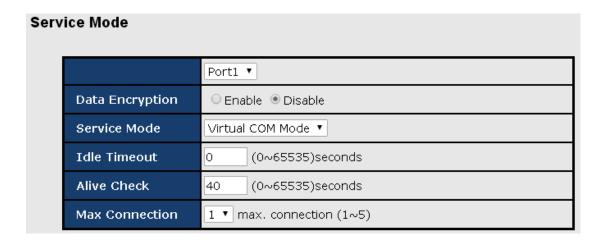
	Port1 ▼
Local TCP Port	4016
Mode	Serial to Ethernet
Flush Data Buffer After	0 ms
Delimiter(Hex 0∼ff)	1: 00 2: 00 3: 00 4: 00
Mode	Ethernet to Serial
Flush Data Buffer After	0 ms
Delimiter(Hex 0∼ff)	1: 00 2: 00 3: 00 4: 00

Label	Description
	The TCP port the device uses to listen to connections, and that
Local TCP Port	other devices must use to contact the device. To avoid conflicts
	with well known TCP ports, the default is set to 4000.
	The received data will be queuing in the buffer until all the
Flush Data Buffer After	delimiters are matched. When the buffer is full (4K Bytes) or
	after "flush S2E data buffer" timeout the data will also be
	sent. You can set the time from 0 to 65535 seconds.
	For advanced data packing options, you can specify
	delimiters for Serial to Ethernet and / or Ethernet to Serial
Delimiter	communications. You can define max. 4 delimiters (00~FF,
	Hex) for each way. The data will be hold until the delimiters
	are received or the option Flush Serial to Ethernet data
	buffer times out. 0 means disable. Factory default is 0.

4.2.2.3 Service Mode Virtual COM Mode

In Virtual COM Mode, the driver establishes a transparent connection between the host and the serial device by mapping the port of the serial server to a local COM port on the host computer. Virtual COM Mode also supports up to 5 simultaneous connections, so that multiple hosts can send or receive data by the same serial device at the same time.





Label	Description
Data Encryption	Click on the radio button to enable or disable data encryption
	When serial port stops data transmission for a defined period of
	time, the connection will be closed and the port will be freed and
Idle Timeout	try to connect with other hosts. 0 indicate disable this function.
	Factory default value is 0 . If Multilink is configured, only the first
	host connection is effective for this setting.
Alive Check	The serial device will send TCP alive-check packages in each
	defined time interval to remote host to check the TCP
	connection. If the TCP connection is not alive, the connection
	will be closed and the port will be freed. 0 indicate disable this
	function. Factory default is 0 .
Max Connection	The number of Max connection can support simultaneous
	connections are 5, default values is 1.

^{*}Not allowed to mapping Virtual COM from web

TCP Server Mode

In TCP Server Mode, DS is configured with a unique port combination on a TCP/IP network. In this case, DS waits passively to be contacted by the device. After the device establishes a connection with the serial device, it can then proceed with data transmission. TCP Server mode also supports up to 5 simultaneous connections, so that multiple device can receive data from the same serial device at the same time.



Service Mode Port1 ▼ Data Encryption ○ Enable ● Disable Service Mode TCP Server Mode ▼ Telnet Negotiation O Enable O Disable **TCP Server Port** 4016 **Idle Timeout** 0 (0~65535)seconds Alive Check 40 (0~65535)seconds Max Connection 1 ▼ max. connection(1~5)

Label	Description
Data Encryption	Click on the radio button to enable or disable data encryption
TCP Server Port	Enter the TCP server port number
	When serial port stops data transmission for a defined period
	of time, the connection will be closed and the port will be freed
Idle Timeout	and try to connect with other hosts. 0 indicate disable this
	function. Factory default value is 0 . If Multilink is configured,
	only the first host connection is effective for this setting.
	The serial device will send TCP alive-check package in each
	defined time interval (Alive Check) to remote host to check the
Alive Check	TCP connection. If the TCP connection is not alive, the
	connection will be closed and the port will be freed. 0 indicate
	disable this function. Factory default is 0 .
	The serial device will send TCP alive-check packages in each
	defined time interval to remote host to check the TCP
Max Connection	connection. If the TCP connection is not alive, the connection
	will be closed and the port will be freed. 0 indicate disable this
	function. Factory default is 0.

TCP Client Mode

In TCP Client Mode, the device can establish a TCP connection with the server by the method you set (Startup or any character). After the data has been transferred, the device can disconnect automatically from the server by using the TCP alive check time or idle timeout settings.



Service Mode Port1 ▼ Data Encryption ○ Enable ● Disable Service Mode TCP Client Mode **Destination Host** : 4016 Idle Timeout 0 (0~65535)seconds Alive Check 40 (0~65535)seconds ● Startup ○ Any Character Connect on **Destination Host** Port 65535 2. 65535 3. 65535 65535

Label	Description
Data Encryption	Click on the radio button to enable or disable data encryption
Destination Host	Set the IP address of host and the port number of data port
	When serial port stops data transmission for a defined period of
	time, the connection will be closed and the port will be freed and
Idle Timeout	try to connect with other hosts. 0 indicate disable this function.
	Factory default value is 0 . If Multilink is configured, only the first
	host connection is effective for this setting.
	The serial device will send TCP alive-check packages in each
	defined time interval to remote host to check the TCP connection.
Alive Check	If the TCP connection is not alive, the connection will be closed
	and the port will be freed. 0 indicate disable this function. Factory
	default is 0 .
Connect on Startup	The TCP Client will build TCP connection once the connected
	serial device is started.
Connect on Any	The TCP Client will build TCP connection once the connected
Character	serial device starts to send data.

UDP Mode

Compared to TCP communications, UDP is faster and more efficient. In UDP mode, you can



uni-cast or multi-cast data from the serial device server to host computers, and the serial device can also receive data from one or multiple host.

Label	Description	
Liotan Davi	Allows the user to set a new TCP port number to listen on rather	
Listen Port	than the default value of the device	
	If there are more than one destination hosts, specify the IP	
Host Start/End IP	address range by inputting a value in Host Start / End IP. You can	
	also auto scan the sending port number of the device	
Send Port	Set the send port number.	

4.2.3 Management

4.2.3.1 Access IP Control

Access IP Control List allows you to add or block remote host IP addresses to prevent unauthorized access. If a host's IP address is in the accessible IP table, the host will be allowed to access the DS. You can check



Acce	cess IP Control List			
	☐ Enable	IP Filtering (Not chec	k this option will allow any IF	to have assessibility)
	No.	Activate the IP	IP Address	Netmask
	1			
	2			
	3			
	4			
	5			
	6			
	7			
	8			

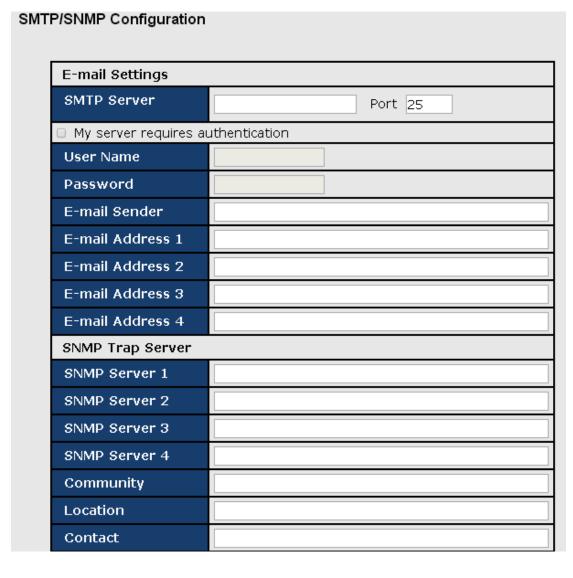
Label	Description	
Enghlo ID Filtering	Leaving the box unchecked means any host can access the	
Enable IP Filtering	device server.	
Activate the IP	Check the box to activate the IP address	
	Only the host with the specified IP address can access the	
IP Address	device server. The format should be IP address	
	/255.255.255.255 (e.g., "192.168.0.1/255.255.255.255").	
	Only the host on the specified subnet can access the device	
Netmask	server. The format should be IP address /255.255.255.0 (e.g.,	
	"192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0").	

4.2.3.2 SMTP/SNMP Conf

Email server configurations include the mail server's IP address or domain. If authentication is required, you need to specify your username and password. You can set up to four email addresses for receiving notifications.

SNMP server configurations include the SNMP trap server IP address, community, location and contact. You can set up to four SNMP addresses you for receiving notifications.





Syslog Server	
Syslog Server IP	
Syslog Server Port	0
Apply	

4.2.3.3 System Event Conf.

Specify the events that will be reported to the administrator. The notifications of the events can be done via e-mail, SNMP trap, or system log.



System Event Configuration Device Event Notification Hardware Reset (Cold Start) SMTP Mail SNMP Trap ■ Syslog Software Reset (Warm Start) ☐ SMTP Mail Syslog SNMP Trap Login Failed ☐ SMTP Mail SNMP Trap ■ Syslog **IP Address Changed** SMTP Mail SNMP Trap ■ Syslog Password Changed SMTP Mail SNMP Trap Syslog Access IP Blocked ☐ SMTP Mail SNMP Trap Syslog Port Event Notification Port1 ▼ SNMP Trap DCD Changed Syslog SMTP Mail DSR Changed ☐ SMTP Mail SNMP Trap Syslog **RI** Changed SMTP Mail SNMP Trap ■ Syslog CTS Changed SMTP Mail SNMP Trap Syslog SNMP Trap Port Connected SMTP Mail Syslog

Label	Description	
	This refers to starting the system from power off (in contrast	
Hardware Reset (Cold	with warm start). When performing a cold start, DS will	
Start)	automatically issue an auto warning message via e-mail, logs,	
	or SNMP trap after booting.	
Software Poset (Warm	This refers to restarting the computer without turning the power	
Software Reset (Warm	off. When performing a warm start, DS will automatically send	
Start)	an e-mail, log or SNMP trap after rebooting.	
Login Failed	When unauthorized access from the console or Web interface	
Login Failed	occurs, a notification will be sent.	
ID Address Changed	When the IP address of the device is changed, a notification	
IP Address Changed	will be sent.	
Password Changed	When the password of the device is changed, a notification will	
	be sent.	

SMTP Mail

Port Disconnected

Syslog

SNMP Trap



Access IP Blocked	When the host accesses the device with a blocked IP address,	
	a notification will be sent.	
DCD Changed	When a DCD (Data Carrier Detect) signal changes, indicating	
	modem connection status has been changed, a notification will	
	be sent.	
DSR Changed	When a DSR (Data Set Ready) signal changes, indicating data	
	communication equipment is powered off, a notification will be	
	sent.	
RI Changed	When a RI (Ring Indicator) signal changes, indicating there is	
	an incoming call, a notification will be sent.	
CTS Changed	When a CTS (Clear To Send) signal changes, indicating	
	transmission between computer and DCE can proceed, a	
	notification will be sent.	
Port Connected	In TCP Server Mode, when the device accepts an incoming	
	TCP connection, this event will be triggered. In TCP Client	
	Mode, when the device has connected to the remote host, the	
	event will be triggered. In Virtual COM Mode, when Virtual	
	COM is ready to use, this event will be triggered. A notification	
	will be sent when an event is triggered.	
Port Disconnected	In TCP Server/Client Mode, when the device loses the TCP	
	link, this event will be triggered. In Virtual COM Mode, when	
	Virtual COM is not available, this event will be triggered. A	
	notification will be sent when an event is triggered.	

4.2.4 Save/Reboot

You can save current values from the device as a backup file or restore the device to previous settings by downloading a configuration file. Simply browse to the configuration file you want to use and click **Restore**.

Factory Default

Reset to default configuration.

Click Reset button to reset all configurations to the default value.

Reset

Restore Configuration

You can restore the previous saved configuration to Device Server.

File to restore: 選擇檔案 未選擇任何檔案

Restore

Backup Configuration

You can save current EEPROM value from the Device Server as a backup file of configuration.

Backup



Upgrade Firmware
Specify the firmware image to upgrade.
Note: Please DO NOT power off this device while upgrading firmware.
Firmware: 選擇僅案 未選擇任何檔案
Upgrade

Reboot Device
Please click [Reboot] button to restart device.
Reboot

Label	Description		
Factory Default	Press Reset for five seconds (Hardware restore) and it will load		
Factory Default	default configurations to the system except the network settings		
Restore	Restore to previous settings using previously exported		
Configuration	configurations.		
Backup	Export the current configuration to a file.		
Configuration			
Upgrade Firmware	Upgrade to a new firmware by browsing to a specific folder.		
Reboot Device	Reboot the device server (warm start).		

4.3 Configuration by SSH Console

4.3.1 Connect to DS

You can use SSH Tool (e.g., PUTTY) to access the SSH console of the device. The SSH console interface is shown below.



Technical Specifications

ORing Device Server Model	IDS-312	IDS-312+
Physical Ports		
10/100 Base-T(X) Ports in RJ45	-	2
Auto MDI/MDIX P.O.E.	P.O.E.Present at ETH1	
1.0.2.	Power Device (IEEE 802.3af):	
		IEEE 802.3af compliant input interface
		Over load & short circuit protection Isolation Voltage: 1000 VDC min.
		Isolation Resistance : 10.8 ohms min
Serial Ports		
Connector	DB9 x 1	
Operation Mode	RS-232/422/485	
Serial Baud Rate	110 bps to 460.8 Kbps	
Data Bits	7, 8	
Parity	odd, even, none, mark, space	
Stop Bits	1, 1.5, 2	
RS-232	TxD, RxD, RTS, CTS, DTR, DSR, DCD, RI, GND	
Flow Control	XON/XOFF, RTS/CTS, DTR/DSR	
Network Protocol		
Protocol	ICMP, IP, TCP, UDP, DHCP, BOOTP, SSH, DNS, SNMP V1/V2c, HTTPS, SMTP	
LED indicators		
Power indicator	3 x LEDs, PWR 1(2)(PoE) / Ready: Green On: Power is on	
10/100TX RJ45 port indicator	Green for port Link/Act at 100Mbps.	
Serial TX / RX LEDs:	Red: Serial port is receiving data	
Power	Green: Serial port is transmitting data	
Fowei		Dual DC inputs. 12-48VDC on 6-pin terminal block
Redundant Input power	Dual DC inputs. 12-48VDC on 6-pin terminal block	IEEE 802.3af PoE PD (Eth 1)
Power consumption (Typ.)	3.36W	
Overload current protection	Present	
Reverse polarity protection	Present on terminal block	
Physical Characteristic		
Enclosure	IP-30	
Dimension (W x D x H)	45 (W) x 81 (D) x 95 (H) mm	
Weight (g)	304g	313g
Environmental		
Storage Temperature	-40 to 85°C (-40 to 185°F)	
Operating Temperature	-40 to 70°C (14 to 140°F)	
Operating Humidity	5% to 95% Non-condensing	
Regulatory approvals		
EMI	FCC Part 15, CISPR (EN55022) class A	
EMS	EN61000-4-2 (ESD), EN61000-4-3 (RS), EN61000-4-4 (EFT), EN61000-4-5 (Surge), EN61000-4-6 (CS), EN61000-4-8, EN61000-4-11	
Shock	IEC60068-2-27	



Free Fall	IEC60068-2-32
Vibration	IEC60068-2-6
Safety	EN60950-1
Warranty	5 years

ORing Device Server Model	IDS-322	IDS-322+	
Physical Ports			
10/100 Base-T(X) Ports in RJ45 Auto MDI/MDIX	2		
P.O.E.		P.O.E.Present at ETH1 Power Device (IEEE 802.3af): IEEE 802.3af compliant input interface Over load & short circuit protection Isolation Voltage: 1000 VDC min. Isolation Resistance: 10 ⁸ ohms min	
Serial Ports			
Connector	DB9 x 2		
Operation Mode	RS-232/422/485		
Serial Baud Rate	110 bps to 460.8 Kbps		
Data Bits	7, 8		
Parity	odd, even, none, mark, space		
Stop Bits	1, 1.5, 2		
RS-232	TxD, RxD, RTS, CTS, DTR, DSR, DCD, RI, GND		
Flow Control	XON/XOFF, RTS/CTS, DTR/DSR		
Network Protocol			
Protocol	ICMP, IP, TCP, UDP, DHCP, BOOTP, SSH, DNS, SNMF	P V1/V2c, HTTPS, SMTP	
LED indicators			
Power indicator	3 x LEDs, PWR 1(2)(PoE) / Ready:		
10/100TX RJ45 port indicator	Green On: Power is on Green for port Link/Act at 100Mbps.	Green On: Power is on	
Serial TX / RX LEDs:	Red: Serial port is receiving data Green: Serial port is transmitting data		
Power			
Redundant Input power	Dual DC inputs. 12-48VDC on 6-pin terminal block	Dual DC inputs. 12-48VDC on 6-pin terminal block IEEE 802.3af PoE PD (Eth 1)	
Power consumption (Typ.)	3.84W		
Overload current protection	Present		
Reverse polarity protection	Present on terminal block		
Physical Characteristic			
Enclosure	IP-30		
Dimension (W x D x H)	45 (W) x 81 (D) x 95 (H) mm		
Weight (g)	316g 325g		
Environmental			
Storage Temperature	-40 to 85°C (-40 to 185°F)		
Operating Temperature	-40 to 70°C (14 to 140°F)		
Operating Humidity	5% to 95% Non-condensing		
Regulatory approvals			
EMI	FCC Part 15, CISPR (EN55022) class A		



EMS	EN61000-4-2 (ESD), EN61000-4-3 (RS), EN61000-4-4 (EFT), EN61000-4-5 (Surge), EN61000-4-6 (CS), EN61000-4-8, EN61000-4-11	
Shock	IEC60068-2-27	
Free Fall	IEC60068-2-32	
Vibration	IEC60068-2-6	
Safety	EN60950-1	
Warranty	5 years	

ORing Device Server Model	IDS-342	IDS-342+
Physical Ports		
10/100 Base-T(X) Ports in RJ45 Auto MDI/MDIX	2	2
P.O.E.		P.O.E.Present at ETH1 Power Device (IEEE 802.3af): IEEE 802.3af compliant input interface Over load & short circuit protection Isolation Voltage: 1000 VDC min. Isolation Resistance: 108 ohms min
Serial Ports		
Connector	DB9 x 4	
Operation Mode	RS-232/422/485	
Serial Baud Rate	110 bps to 460.8 Kbps	
Data Bits	7, 8	
Parity	odd, even, none, mark, space	
Stop Bits	1, 1.5, 2	
RS-232	TxD, RxD, RTS, CTS, DTR, DSR, DCD, RI, GND	
Flow Control	XON/XOFF, RTS/CTS, DTR/DSR	
Network Protocol		
Protocol	ICMP, IP, TCP, UDP, DHCP, BOOTP, SSH, DNS, SNMP V1/V2c, HTTPS, SMTP	
LED indicators		
Power indicator	3 x LEDs, PWR 1(2)(PoE) / Ready: Green On: Power is on	
10/100TX RJ45 port indicator	Green for port Link/Act at 100Mbps.	
Serial TX / RX LEDs:	Red: Serial port is receiving data Green: Serial port is transmitting data	
Power Redundant Input power	Dual DC inputs. 12-48VDC on 6-pin terminal block	Dual DC inputs. 12-48VDC on 6-pin terminal block IEEE 802.3af PoE PD (Eth 1)
Power consumption (Typ.)	4.32W	
Overload current protection	Present	
Reverse polarity protection	Present on terminal block	
Physical Characteristic		
Enclosure	IP-30	
Dimension (W x D x H)	66 (W) x 81 (D) x 95 (H) mm	
Weight (g)	375g	384g
Environmental		
Storage Temperature	-40 to 85°C (-40 to 185°F)	
Operating Temperature	-40 to 70°C (14 to 140°F)	
Operating Humidity	5% to 95% Non-condensing	



Regulatory approvals	
EMI	FCC Part 15, CISPR (EN55022) class A
EMS	EN61000-4-2 (ESD), EN61000-4-3 (RS), EN61000-4-4 (EFT), EN61000-4-5 (Surge), EN61000-4-6 (CS), EN61000-4-8, EN61000-4-11
Shock	IEC60068-2-27
Free Fall	IEC60068-2-32
Vibration	IEC60068-2-6
Safety	EN60950-1
Warranty	5 years